



ShoreTel 6.1

Administration Guide



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Preface

This preface provides information about the objectives, organization, and conventions of the *ShoreTel 6.1™ Administration Guide*.

Objectives

This guide explains how to use ShoreWare Director to configure, administer, and maintain the Shoreline Communications System.

The planning and installation procedures are covered in the *ShoreTel 6.1 Planning and Installation Guide*.

Audience

This guide is written for the person who uses ShoreWare Director to administer and maintain the Shoreline Communications System.

Organization

This guide is organized to reflect the order in which you initially configure the Shoreline Communications System.

The “Getting Started” section in the next chapter provides an ordered checklist to be used the first time you configure your system.

Documentation Overview

The ShoreTel system is documented as described in the following sections.

System Documentation

The following system documents are in the documentation folder on the ShoreWare Server CD and the ShoreWare Call Manager CD, and can also be accessed from ShoreWare Director:

- *ShoreTel 6.1 Planning and Installation Guide* provides information on how to plan the implementation of the ShoreTel system, as well as how to install the necessary hardware, data communications, and telecommunications elements. The *ShoreTel 6.1 Planning and Installation Guide* can be used in conjunction with the ShoreCare ControlPoint project management tool.
- *System Administrator's Guide* (this guide) provides detailed information on how to administer and maintain the ShoreTel system using ShoreWare Director. This includes task-based information, as well as screen-by-screen information regarding ShoreWare Director.

Hardware Documentation

The following hardware installation documents are packaged with their associated ShoreGear voice switch or ShoreTel IP phone:

- *ShoreGear-120/24 Quick Install Guide*
- *ShoreGear-60/12 Quick Install Guide*
- *ShoreGear-40/8 Quick Install Guide*
- *ShoreGear-Teleworker Quick Install Guide*
- *ShoreGear-T1 Quick Install Guide*
- *ShoreGear-E1 Quick Install Guide*
- *ShoreTel IP Phone User Interface Guide*

If you have also purchased one or more ShoreTel Converged Conference Bridges, please refer to the *ShoreTel Conference Bridge Quick Install Guide* and the *ShoreTel Converged Conference Solution Administration Guide*.

If you have purchased the ShoreTel Contact Center Solution, please refer to the *ShoreTel Contact Center Solution Administration Guide* and the *ShoreTel Contact Center Solution Planning and Installation Guide*.

User Documentation

End-user documentation is installed during the ShoreWare Call Manager installation. To access it, choose the **Help > Contents and Index** menu item within the ShoreWare Call Manager application.

The Telephone User Interface Analog Quick Reference and the Telephone User Interface IP Phone Quick Reference are available from the ShoreTel web site at www.shoretel.com, as well as from ShoreWare Director.

Release Notes

The release notes listed below provide information about new releases and new features as well as installation and upgrade information. They can be found in the documentation folder on the associated CD, and can also be accessed from ShoreWare Director.

- *ShoreWare Server Release Notes*
- *ShoreWare Call Manager Release Notes*

Online Knowledge Base

To access additional information about the release or to resolve issues with the product, use the ShoreTel Communications Online Knowledge Base, accessible from the ShoreTel web site at www.shoretel.com.

Document Conventions

The following conventions are used in this guide:

- Data-entry fields, hypertext links, control buttons, keywords, and other items within the system management interface are in a **boldface** font.
- Information that you enter in data fields are in a `data_entry` font.
- **NOTE** indicates notes to the reader that contain useful information or references.

C H A P T E R 1

Using ShoreWare Director

This chapter provides information about using ShoreWare Director. Sections in this chapter include:

- Overview of ShoreWare Director
- Login
- Product Registration
- Navigation Frame
- Data-Entry Frame
- Getting Started

Overview of ShoreWare Director

ShoreWare Director is a web-based administration and maintenance tool that lets you manage your ShoreTel 6.1™ system from anywhere on your IP network. The ShoreTel 6.1 system has a unique distributed call control architecture as well as a suite of voice applications that provides a single image system for all users across all sites. Gone are the days of having PBXs, voice mail systems, automated attendants, or ACD systems, each with their own dedicated management interface. ShoreWare Director lets you manage, from a single web management interface, all your users and trunks, including the call control features, and all the voice applications (voice mail, automated attendant, workgroups, call detail recording, unified messaging, and desktop call control).

Multi-user Management

ShoreWare Director allows simultaneous access to ShoreWare Director by multiple users. To ensure data integrity, the database is locked during save transactions in ShoreWare Director. If another user tries to save changes while the database is locked, ShoreWare Director advises the user that the changes were not saved; the user simply needs to save the changes again.

Most changes to the database are completed within one second, so the probability of attempting to save while the database is locked is low.

If two users open the same record at the same time, the user who saves last “wins,” since changes are processed in serial order. If two users open the same record at the same time and the first user deletes the record, the second user receives an error message upon trying to save.

External Telephone Number Formatting

Unlike the Personal Call Manager, which has a location as a reference point, ShoreWare Director is global and has no inherent location; it has no inherent relationship to local exchanges or countries. As a result, all external numbers in ShoreWare Director must be entered in canonical format, as follows:

- +C... (A...) S...

“+” = International designation

“C” = Country code

“A” = Area code (also known as a city code)

“S” = Subscriber number

DID Numbers—Must be entered in canonical format.

- +1 (408) 331-3300 (U.S., Canada)

Message Notification Destinations—Must be entered in canonical format and *must not* include a trunk access code. The number is presented back to the user in canonical format.

- +1 (408) 331-3300 (U.S., Canada)

System Directory Entries—Must be entered in canonical format. The number is presented back to the user in canonical format.

- +1 (408) 331-3300 (U.S., Canada)

Call Forward Destinations—Must be entered in canonical format and *must* include a trunk access code. The number is presented back to the user in canonical format with the trunk access code in front of the number.

- 9+1 (408) 331-3300 (U.S., Canada)

NOTE Off-system extensions can be used as call forward destinations. You must enter the off-system extension without a trunk access code (for example, 8 or 9) for proper operation.

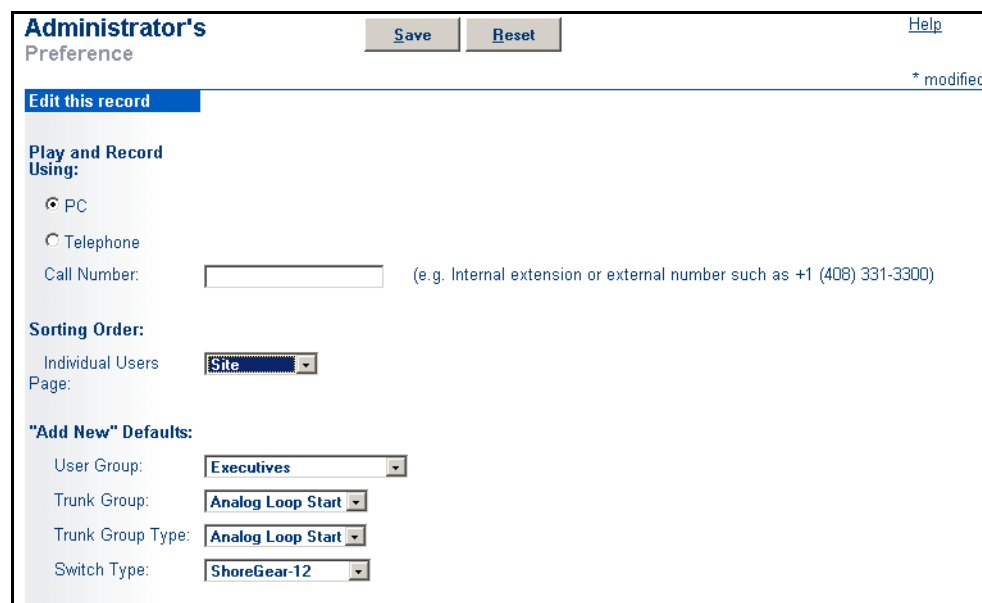
Table 1-1 on page 1-4 gives example phone numbers for all the countries supported by ShoreWare Director.

Table 1-1 International Phone Number Examples

Phone Number	Country
+1(408) 331-3300	U.S., Canada
+31 70 348 6486	Netherlands
+33 8 36 68 31 12	France
+34 91 845 6078	Spain
+44 20 7634 8700	UK
+49 69 571903	Germany
+55 61 429 7777	Brazil
+60 3 2693 5188	Malaysia
+61 2 9360 1111	Australia
+65 736 6622	Singapore
+852 2508 1234	Hong Kong

Preferences

ShoreWare Director saves certain preferences in “cookies” on the client PC for ease of use. The page shown in Figure 1-2 lets you configure some of these preferences, including how you record auto-attendant prompts and exposes some defaults. To view this page, click **Preferences** under the **Administration** link in the navigation frame (described later in this chapter).



Administrator's Preference [Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) * modified

Play and Record Using:

☒ PC

☐ Telephone

Call Number: (e.g. Internal extension or external number such as +1 (408) 331-3300)

Sorting Order:

Individual Users Page:

"Add New" Defaults:

User Group:

Trunk Group:

Trunk Group Type:

Switch Type:

Figure 1-2 Preference Edit Page

The parameters that you can set on the page shown in Figure 1-2 are described here:

Play and Record Using	<p>This controls how you play and record an auto-attendant prompt.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PC—Click this button if you will play and record via your PC's speakers and microphone. This requires that you have a sound card installed in your computer. • Telephone—Click this button if you will play and record via your telephone handset. In the Call Number field, you must enter a telephone number or the extension at which the system will call you.
Sorting Order	<p>This controls the sort order of the users on the Individual User List page. The column name you select from the Individual Users page drop-down list defines the column that is used to sort the user list in ascending order.</p>
“Add New” Defaults	<p>This defines the default when adding new records. It includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User Group • Trunk Group • Trunk Group Type • Switch Type

In addition to the preferences that are exposed explicitly, ShoreWare Director will remember other preferences as cookies and leverage them to predict good defaults when adding new records. The following information is also stored locally in cookies:

- Extension numbers
- DID numbers
- Sort order for every list page

Prompts

Prompts on the ShoreTel system can be imported into the system using μ -law, WAV file format (CCITT μ -law, 8KHz, 8 bit, mono). If you want your prompts to match the voice of the ShoreTel system, contact Worldly Voices at the web site www.worldlyvoices.com. Request that “Connie” record your prompts. Worldly Voices provides this service for a nominal fee and provides rapid turnaround.

Login

To access ShoreWare Director, you must enter its Uniform Resource Locator (URL) in your web browser's address field. Typically, this has the form:

`http://<shoreware_server_name>/ShoreWareDirector`

After entering the URL, click **Go** or press the **Enter** key, and the login page appears as shown in Figure 1-3.¹

NOTE You can use the name of your ShoreWare server if you have a name resolution service available; otherwise, use the IP address of the server.



Figure 1-3 Login Page

To log in to ShoreWare Director:

- Step 1** Enter your user ID and password in the **User ID** and **Password** fields. The default user ID and password for the system are `admin` and `changeme`.

The `admin` and `changeme` defaults must be changed once you assign full System Administrator permission to a user. See the “Administrative Permissions” on page 2-20 for information.

1. Notice in Figure 1-3 that the build number for the ShoreWare software appears above the copyright number. In previous releases, this information only appeared when the user hovered the cursor over the ShoreTel link.

Step 2 Click **Login** to log in or click **Cancel** to re-enter your user ID and password.

NOTE You can find the current build number associated with the installed software in the lower left corner of the Login Page.

Product Registration

After you have logged into the system, the product registration page, shown in Figure 1-4, appears, providing you with the following registration options:

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| Now | Takes you to the System Parameters Edit Contacts page, which is described in the “Contact Information” section in Chapter 2, “Setting Up System Parameters.” |
| Later | By-passes registration, taking you directly to the Quick Look page. You can register at a later date. Refer to the section called “Quick Look” on page 16-2. |
| Never | Takes you directly to the Quick Look page without ever registering the product. |

ShoreTel encourages you to register ShoreWare Director so that we have the most up-to-date information concerning your ShoreTel products and installation.

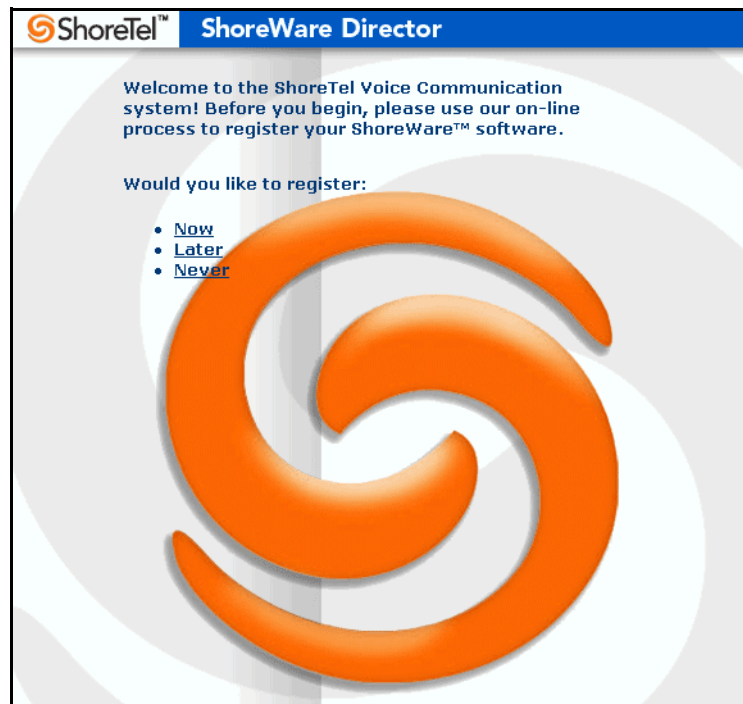


Figure 1-4 Product Registration Page

NOTE If your installation does not have adequate or current licenses, the **License Requirements** page appears when you have completed or skipped registration. See “Languages” on page 2-13.

After you have registered ShoreWare Director, the Quick Look page (shown in Figure 1-5) appears in the browser window.

Quick Look

on localhost

Last updated: 8/13/2004 3:15:59 PM (GMT -07:00) [refresh](#)

Local time: 8/13/2004 3:16:06 PM (GMT -07:00)

[Help](#)

Switches				Servers						
Site	TMS	Comm	Usage	Service	Server	Status	Services	Today's Events		
♦ Headquarters	3/6		Idle	Lost Communications	♦ Contact Center	In Service	Running	87	5	62
♦ El Dorado	0/0				♦ ShoreDoc-HQ	In Service	Running	24	82	101
♦ Remote-Site	0/0									
♦ Bonn	0/1		Unknown	Lost Communications						

Restart All Switches

Restart All Switches When Idle

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Figure 1-5 Quick Look Page

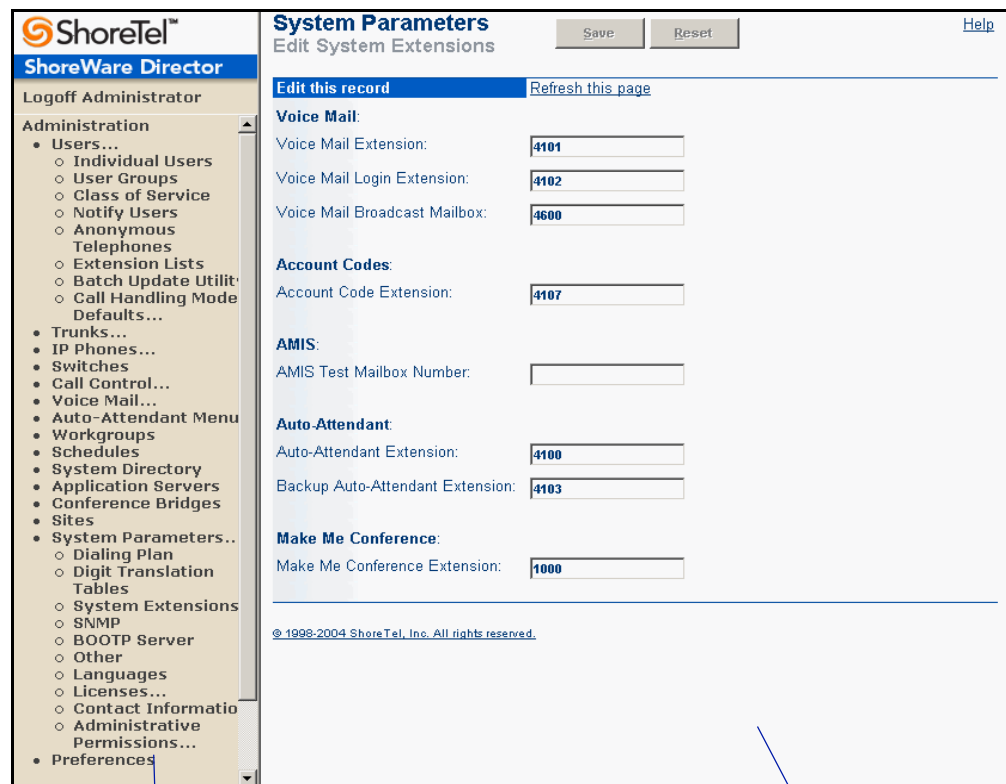
Navigation Frame

The navigation frame on the left (see Figure 1-6) provides access to the following:

- List, edit, and maintenance pages that appear in the data-entry frame on the right, as discussed in the next section
- Links to the system documentation
- A link for logging off from the system

NOTE It is more convenient to use the navigation frame links to navigate between pages appearing in the data-entry frame than to use your web browser navigation buttons.

Clicking the **Administration** link expands and contracts the administration links shown in Figure 1-6. Likewise, clicking the **Maintenance** or **Documentation** link expands and contracts their associated links.



Navigation frame

Data-entry

Figure 1-6 ShoreWare Director Layout

Clicking a link further expands the list or takes you directly to a page that appears in the data-entry frame. For example, clicking **System Parameters** expands the list; clicking **System Extensions** under the **System Parameters** link takes you to the **System Extensions** edit page; and clicking **Switches** under the **System Parameters** link takes you to the **Switches** list page.

Getting Help

To get help that pertains to the page you are working on, you can press the **F1** key or click the **Help** link in the data-entry frame, which provides access to the relevant chapter from this guide. From the navigation frame, you can access this complete guide, or other system documentation, by clicking the **Documentation** link to expand the list of guides. The following documentation is provided:

- *System Administrator's Guide*
- *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*
- *Telephone User Interface Guide IP Phone*
- *Telephone User Interface Guide Analog Phone*
- *Server Release Notes*
- *Client Release Notes*

Clicking any of the titles invokes a Portable Document Format (PDF) copy of the corresponding document.

Logging Off

To log off from ShoreWare Director, click the **Logoff <user_name>** link in the navigation frame.

NOTE You are automatically logged off after 60 minutes of inactivity unless you are viewing the **Quick Look** page or a **Switch** maintenance page.

Data-Entry Frame

The data-entry frame provides a way to add, delete, or edit the system configuration, as well as to view status and issue commands to ShoreWare Director. These pages are referred to as list pages, edit pages, and maintenance pages.

List Pages

List pages provide tabular information about the current configuration and links for adding to or editing the configuration.

Adding

A **New** or **Add new** control at the top of most list pages allows you to make additions to the system configuration. Depending upon what is being added, you may have to select a site, trunk group, trunk type, switch type, or country. For example, the **Users** list page shown in Figure 1-7 allows you to add a new user at a site by selecting the desired site and clicking **Go**. This brings you to the **Individual Users** edit page to complete the configuration.

Individual Users Help									
Add new user at site: Headquarters Go									
Show page: 1 : Adam - Yourst 15 Records 25 per page									
First Name	Last Name	Site	User Group	Client Type	Extension	Mailbox	Switch	Port	Status
Adam	Ant	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4509	4509	Doc-24	ShoreDoc IP Phone	Home
Betty	Boop	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4510	4510	Doc-24	10	Home
Carl	Castle	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4511	4511	Doc-24	11	Home
Donald	Duck	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4512	4512	ShoreDoc-HQ	Any IP Phone	Home
Ernie	Els	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4513	4513	Doc-24	13	Home
Fred	Flintstone	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4514	4514	Doc-24	14	Home
Greta	Garbo	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4515	4515	Doc-24	15	Home
Howard	Hughes	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4516	4516	Doc-24	16	Home
Johnathan	Seagull	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4805	4805	Doc-24	1	Home
Tim	Toolman	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4904	4904	Bedrock	10	Home
Ursula	Urp	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4907	4907	Bedrock	13	Home
Vince	Vinceble	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4906	4906	Bedrock	12	Home
Wanda	Wenderly	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4908	4908	Bedrock	14	Home
Wendy	Williams	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4905	4905	Bedrock	11	Home
Yourst	Yumbal	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4903	4903	Bedrock	9	Home

Figure 1-7 Individual Users List Page

Linking to Edit Pages

List pages provide a way to navigate to individual records for the purpose of viewing, changing, or deleting information. For example, clicking a bold user name in the first column in Figure 1-7 takes you to the **Edit User** page, where you can view and change the configuration of that user.

The items in bold on list pages link to the most common record to be changed. In addition, other items are underlined to allow fast navigation to related edit pages.

Sorting

The records on each list page are presented in a default sort order and most pages allow you to change the sort order by clicking an associated column heading (ascending order only). For instance, clicking the **Extension column heading on the Individual Users** list page sorts all users in ascending order by extension.

The column you click for sorting is the primary sort order. If you clicked a column other than the **First Name** column, the First Name column is the secondary sort order.

List Paging

To assist enterprises with large amounts of data, several configuration screens offer searching and sorting of the data used in a pertinent field. For example, when selecting members of a hunt group, you can search for last names, extensions, and more. If more data is returned than fits the window, you can page up and down through the results. Hunt groups, extension lists, workgroup agents, and call handing delegation offer paging.

Edit Pages

Edit pages include user interface controls that let you view and change individual system parameters. They also include command buttons that let you perform functions such as save and delete.

Users

Edit User

New

Copy

Save

Delete

Reset

Help

General

Personal Options

Distribution Lists

Workgroups

Refresh this page

First Name:

Adam

Last Name:

Ant

Number:

4509

License Type:

Extension and Mailbox

Caller ID:

(e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

☒ DID:

+1213333

0001

(DID Range: +12133330000 - 0099)

PSTN Failover:

None

User Group:

Executives

Go to this User Group

Site:

Headquarters

Language:

English

Home Port:

☒ IP Phones

ShoreDoc IP Phone

☐ Ports

Bedrock - 8

☐ SoftSwitch

Contact Center

Current Port:

ShoreDoc IP Phone

Go Home

Jack #

Mailbox on Server:

ShoreDoc-HQ

Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications

☒ Accept Broadcast Messages

☒ Include in System Dial By Name Directory

☐ Make Number Private

☒ Enable Fax Redirection

☐ Enable Fax Server Integration

☒ Allow Use of Soft Phone

Client Type:

Operator

Client User ID:

AAnt

Client Password:

Voice Mail Password:

Email Address:

AAnt@yourcompany.com

Conference Bridge:

Server:

Collab

User ID:

aaant

Password:

[Edit System Directory Record](#)

Figure 1-8 Edit User Page

Control Buttons

This section describes the functions of the five control buttons that appear on most edit pages.

NOTE Individual data-entry fields, drop-down lists, and option buttons are described in the appropriate sections throughout each chapter.

New Click to create a new record based on default values.

NOTE This does not overwrite the values of the original record.

Copy Click to create a new record based on the relevant values of the current record.

NOTE This does not overwrite the values of the original record.

Save Click to save the record that you added or edited.

NOTE You receive a warning if you try to navigate to another page before saving your changes.

Delete Click to delete the current record from the system.

Reset Click to reset the current record to the values previously saved.

NOTE ShoreWare Director saves certain parameters on your computer locally (using cookies) to help present the most relevant default configuration when you click **New** or **Copy**. This includes extension numbers and DID numbers.

Getting Started

This section lists a summary of tasks to perform to configure your ShoreTel 6.1 system for the first time. This ordered list also follows the order in which this guide is organized. Before you begin configuring the system, make sure it has been properly installed as described in the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

- ☐ Launch ShoreWare Director and log in using the default user ID (admin) and password (changeme).

- ☐ Register ShoreWare Director from the registration page. You can by-pass registration using the **Never** option.

NOTE ShoreTel encourages you to register ShoreWare Director so that we have the most up-to-date information concerning your ShoreTel products and installation.

- ☐ If required, update your ShoreTel 6.1 licenses from the **License Requirements** page. If you have not previously updated your licenses, you will be directed to the **License Requirements** page after you have registered ShoreWare Director.

NOTE Until you have updated all required licenses, ShoreWare Director will continue to open to the **License Requirements** page after login.

- ❑ Configure system parameters from the **System Parameters** link:
 - Install any new licenses your installation requires from the **Licenses** page.
 - Configure the system's dialing plan from the **Dialing Plan** page. Review the extension length as well as the dialing plan reservations for extensions and trunk access codes.
 - Configure the system's extensions from the **System Extensions** page. Review the default system extensions and change the defaults if you need to use these extensions for other purposes.
 - Review password and log file settings on the **Other** page. You should be able to accept all the defaults.
 - Review **Administrative Permissions**. People who will have permission to change Director settings can be entered here.

NOTE After you have created users, you can return to this page and give them administrative permissions.

NOTE You can typically by-pass the **Contact Information**, **SNMP**, and **BOOTP Server** pages.

- ❑ Configure sites by clicking the **Sites** navigation link:
 - Review the default Headquarters site information by clicking the **Headquarters** link on the **Site** list page:
 - Country location for the site
 - Local area codes for 7- and 10-digit dialing
 - Emergency call back number (if using ISDN PRI)
 - Time zone (for correct date and time for caller ID telephones)
 - Admission control bandwidth (for multiple-site configurations)

NOTE You cannot configure **Night Bell Switch** or **Paging Extension** until the proper switch is configured, nor can you configure **Operator Extension** or **Fax Redirect Extension** until the proper users are configured. You will need to return to this page later.

- Set the IP address range for the IP phones at any remote sites. You define IP address ranges so that IP phones are assigned to the correct site. IP phones not assigned to a remote site are associated with Headquarters.
 - Configure additional sites if desired.
- ❑ Configure additional ShoreWare servers from the **Application Servers** page:
 - Add each ShoreWare server.
 - Name each server and assign it to a site.
 - Set the voice mail and auto-attendant extensions.
 - Assign a user group to the server.

- ❑ Configure any ShoreTel Converged Conference Bridges in your system from the **Conference Bridges** page. For more information, see the *ShoreWare Converged Conference Administration Guide*. Then configure the Conference Bridge server settings to enable document sharing and Make Me conferencing (see “Adding a Conference Bridge Server” on page 5-1).
- ❑ Configure the ShoreTel Contact Center Solution in your system. For more information, see the *ShoreTel Contact Center Solution Administration Guide* and the *ShoreTel Contact Center Planning and Installation Guide*.
- ❑ Configure ShoreGear voice switches from the **Switches** page:
 - Add each ShoreGear-120/24, ShoreGear-60/12, ShoreGear-40/8, ShoreGear-T1, ShoreGear-E1, and ShoreGear-Teleworker voice switch.
 - Provide a name and description and use the **Find Switches** button to discover each voice switch on the network.
 - Assign each switch to the proper site.
 - Assign the configuration switches that manage the configuration downloads to the IP phones. If you do not assign configuration switches, the first two ShoreGear-120/24, ShoreGear-60/12, or ShoreGear-40/8 switches you configure are automatically set as configuration switches.

NOTE Your ShoreGear voice switches must have a valid IP address from a DHCP server or from the BOOTP server on the ShoreWare server, or an address statically configured from the maintenance port (24, T1, and E1 only).

- ❑ Configure IP phones from the **IP Phones** link:
 - Add IP phone ports to ShoreGear-120/24, ShoreGear-60/12, or ShoreGear-40/8 voice switches supporting IP phones. For each port you assign to IP phones, the switch supports five IP phones for a total of up to 120 IP phones per ShoreGear-120/24 switch, 60 phones per ShoreGear 60/12, or 40 IP phones for the ShoreGear-40/8. For more information, see Chapter 8, “Configuring IP Phones.”
 - Set the boot parameters of the IP phones. ShoreTel IP phones are set to find boot information from a DHCP server. If your installation has other requirements, use the IP phone set-up menu to set server and boot configuration parameters. For more information, see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

NOTE You can speed up the installation process by using the Office Anywhere feature. For more information, see Chapter 8, “Configuring IP Phones” as well as Appendix A, “Using Office Anywhere.”

- ❑ Configure the following users before you add general users to the system:
 - During installation, a system administrator is set up. Assign a person at your site to this role. When you assign a system administrator, the default user ID and password must be changed. *Make a note of the new user ID and password, since the defaults (admin and changeme) will no longer be available.*
 - Configure an **Operator** for each site.
This is the extension reached when 0 is dialed from the telephone.
Note that operators can span sites.
 - Configure a “user” as the **Fax Redirect** extension for each site.
 - Configure a user as the default **Personal Assistant** for all other users.
This is the user that calling parties are routed to when they dial “0” in a user’s mailbox. It is important that you configure the default Personal Assistant before adding the bulk of the users so that appropriate defaults can be assigned. If you omit this step, you may have to spend time reconfiguring the users later.
 - Configure the **Call Handling Modes Defaults** and assign the **Personal Assistant**.
- ❑ Complete configuration of sites:
 - Return to each site and complete the configuration for **Night Bell**, **Paging**, **Operator**, and **Fax Redirect**.
 - If you have added additional servers, return to each **Site** edit page and reconfigure as appropriate.
- ❑ Configure all trunk groups and trunks:
 - Configure trunk groups from the **Trunk Groups** page. You can modify the default trunk groups, add new trunk groups, and assign individual trunks for Make Me conferencing.
 - Configure the trunks from the **Individual Trunks** page. For the ShoreGear-T1, return to the **Switch** edit page and assign all the channels on the T1 to the proper trunk group.
- ❑ Configure the users from the **Users** pages:
 - Configure the user groups, including all the Class of Service (CoS) permissions from the **User Group** edit page. You can modify the default user groups or add new trunk groups. Be sure to grant access to any new trunk groups you have added.
 - Configure all the users from the **Individual Users** edit page.
 - Configure any anonymous telephones from the **Anonymous Telephone** edit page.
- ❑ Configure call control parameters from the **Call Control** link. Set up hunt groups and paging groups, as needed.
- ❑ Configure voice mail parameters and system distribution lists from the **Voice Mail Options** and **System Distribution Lists** pages.

- ❑ Configure the auto-attendant parameters from the **Auto-Attendant** edit pages:
 - Configure each auto-attendant menu from the **Menus** page.
- ❑ Set schedules from the **Schedules** link. These may be used by the auto-attendant or paging groups.
- ❑ Configure the workgroups from the **Workgroups** edit page:
 - Configure the workgroup.
 - Configure the call handling modes.
 - Configure the queue, including prompts.
- ❑ Configure the system directory from the **System Directory** edit page:

NOTE If you use Microsoft Exchange and Microsoft Outlook, you can leverage Contacts on the Exchange Server for common contact information.

C H A P T E R 2

Setting Up System Parameters

This chapter explains how to set up system-wide parameters from the **System Parameters** link. Click the **System Parameters** link in the navigation frame to display additional links, as shown in Figure 2-1.

The screenshot shows the ShoreTel System Parameters web interface. The left sidebar contains the navigation menu with the following items:

- ShoreTel™
- ShoreWare Director
- Logoff Administrator
- Administration
 - Users...
 - Individual Users
 - User Groups
 - Class of Service
 - Notify Users
 - Anonymous Telephones
 - Extension Lists
 - Batch Update Utility
 - Call Handling Mode Defaults...
 - Trunks...
 - IP Phones...
 - Switches
 - Call Control...
 - Voice Mail...
 - Auto-Attendant Menu
 - Workgroups
 - Schedules
 - System Directory
 - Application Servers
 - Conference Bridges
 - Sites
 - System Parameters...
 - Dialing Plan
 - Digit Translation Tables
 - System Extensions
 - SNMP
 - BOOTP Server
 - Other
 - Languages
 - Licenses...
 - Contact Information
 - Administrative Permissions...
 - Preferences

The main content area is titled **System Parameters** and includes the following sections:

- System Parameters** (with **Edit System Extensions** and **Save** **Reset** buttons)
- Edit this record** (with **Refresh this page** link)
- Voice Mail:**
 - Voice Mail Extension:
 - Voice Mail Login Extension:
 - Voice Mail Broadcast Mailbox:
- Account Codes:**
 - Account Code Extension:
- AMIS:**
 - AMIS Test Mailbox Number:
- Auto-Attendant:**
 - Auto-Attendant Extension:
 - Backup Auto-Attendant Extension:
- Make Me Conference:**
 - Make Me Conference Extension:

At the bottom of the main content area, there is a copyright notice: © 1998-2004 ShoreTel, Inc. All rights reserved.

Figure 2-1 System Parameters Navigation Links

System parameters are grouped into categories corresponding to the sections in this chapter:

- Dialing Plan
- Digit Translation Tables
- System Extensions
- SNMP
- BOOTP Server
- Other Parameters
- Languages
- Licenses
- Contact Information
- Administrative Permissions

Dialing Plan

The **Edit Dialing Plan** page (Figure 2-2) lets you define the conventions for how extensions, trunk access codes, menu numbers, and distribution list numbers are managed by the system.

System Parameters [Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

Edit Dialing Plan

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

Number of Extension Digits: 4 [Increase Extension Length](#)

Dialing Plan:

Digit:	Reservation:
0:	Operator
1:	Extensions
2:	Extensions
3:	Extensions
4:	Extensions
5:	Extensions
6:	Extensions
7:	Extensions
8:	Extensions
9:	Trunk Access Codes (1 Digit)
#:	Voice Mail Login
*	Feature Activation

First System Distribution List: 4600

Last System Distribution List: 4699

First Menu Number: 4700

Last Menu Number: 4799

Figure 2-2 Edit Dialing Plan Page

To reach the Edit Dialing Plan page, click the **Dialing Plan** link under **System Parameters** in the navigation frame.

Parameters

The parameters on the **Edit Dialing Plan** page are as follows:

Number of Extension Digits

This parameter tells you the current number of extension digits on the system. The ShoreTel 6.1 system supports extension lengths of 3, 4, or 5 digits. The default is 3 digits.

To increase the extension length, click the **Increase Extension Length** link. Due to the scope of the change, this procedure requires you to stop and start the ShoreWare voice services as well as the ShoreGear voice switches. Also see “Increasing Extension Length” on page 2-5.

Dialing Plan

These parameters let you reserve digit ranges for the configuration of trunk access codes and dialed numbers.

The **Reservation** list lets you select one of the following:

- **Extension Prefix (n digits)** — For use with the On Net Dialing feature. Click on the drop-down menu to the right of the desired digit and select the number of digits you would like the extension prefix (i.e. site code) to contain. Extension prefixes can range from 1 to 7 digits in length. The leading digit determines the length of the prefix. Extension prefixes with different leading digits do not have to contain the same number of digits.
Note: The Configure Extension Prefix Warning window appears with a list of each of the sites in your system. Next to the list of sites you will find a blank field that requires you to enter the desired extension prefix. This prefix will be applied to every dialed number at that particular site. Make sure to back up the system before clicking **Save**.
- **Extensions**—Reserves this range for use by extensions, mailboxes, distribution lists, and menus. Note that the digit “0” cannot be reserved for extensions.
- **Not Used**—Does not allow this range to be used.
- **Operator**—Defines the digit as a shortcut for reaching the site operator with the telephone. By default, the system is programmed with “0” as the operator digit.
- **Trunk Access Codes [1 Digit]**—Defines the range solely for 1-digit trunk access codes.

Dialing Plan (cont.)

- **Trunk Access Codes [2 Digit]**—Defines the range solely for 2-digit trunk access codes.
- **Trunk Access Codes [3 Digit]**—Defines the range solely for 3-digit trunk access codes.

The ShoreTel system provides a single, global image across sites and this needs to be considered in the dialing plan. Extensions, trunk access codes, operator digits, and emergency numbers for your various sites must not overlap.

- The operator digit defaults to “0”, but often the digit “0” is used as a trunk access code internationally. If you want to use it as a trunk access code, you will not be able to dial the operator with this digit. ShoreTel recommends that international customers standardize globally on a single trunk access code for the purposes of network call routing (for example, use “9” for all trunk groups).
- Extensions must not conflict with the leading digits of emergency telephone numbers, since the ShoreTel system allows users to dial emergency numbers with or without a trunk access code. If you are deploying a global voice network, this must be considered for all emergency numbers. For instance, extensions should not include the following, since they relate to international emergency codes:
 - 112, 112x, 112xx (Parts of Europe)
 - 911, 911x, 911xx (U.S., Canada)
 - 999, 999x, 999xx (Parts of Europe and Asia/Pacific)

First System Distribution List
Last System Distribution List

These parameters define the lower and upper boundaries, respectively, for the numbers reserved for system distribution lists. These values must be consistent with digit reservations for extensions.

When sending a voice mail message to a group of users who belong to a particular system distribution list, you enter the number of the distribution list. These lists are created under **System Distribution Lists** from the **Voice Mail** navigation link. See “System Distribution Lists” on page 11-1 also.

First Menu Number**Last Menu Number**

These parameters define the lower and upper boundaries, respectively, for the numbers reserved for menu numbers. These values must be consistent with digit reservations for extensions.

The auto-attendant, in general, has an extension number defined on the **System Extensions** edit page. Menu numbers define the specific menu number on the system, since the system supports a total of 256 menus. See “Adding and Editing an Auto-Attendant Menu” on page 12-3 also.

Increasing Extension Length

You can increase the length of the your phone extension digits. Due to the scope of this change, you are prompted to stop all ShoreWare voice services as well as restart the ShoreGear voice switches following the changes.

You can increase the extension length from:

- 3 to 4 digits
- 3 to 5 digits
- 4 to 5 digits

This is done by pre-pending one or two digits to all existing extensions, mailboxes, menus, and distribution lists.

To increase the extension length:

Step 1 Click **Increase Extension Length**. A warning dialog appears as shown in Figure 2-3.

Step 2 Click **Yes** to increase the extension length.

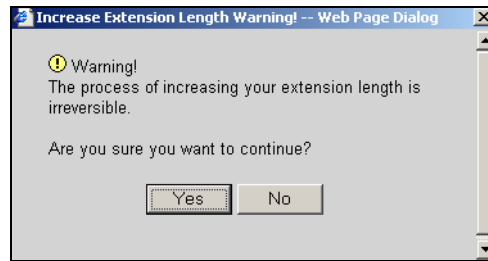


Figure 2-3 Warning Dialog Box

Step 3 Specify the new digit or digits to be added in *front* of all existing and future extension numbers (see Figure 2-7). Click **OK** to apply the change.

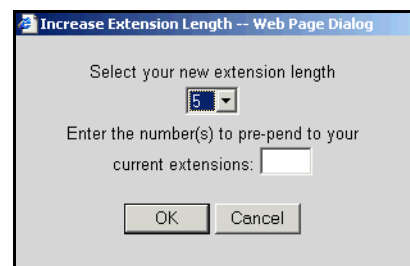


Figure 2-4 Specifying New Extension Digits

Digit Translation Tables

Selecting **Digit Translation Tables** link from Parameters takes you to the Digit Translation List page shown in Figure 2-5. Select the list you wish to view or edit or click **New** to add a new table. An edit page, as shown in Figure 2-6 displays.

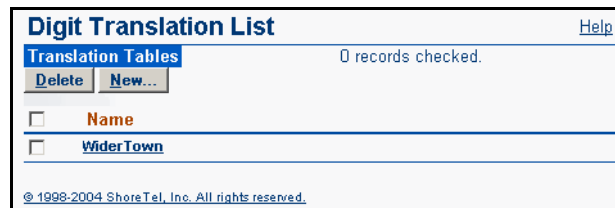


Figure 2-5 Digit Translation List Page

You can select an existing translation item for deletion by clicking the **Delete** button.

If you are using the ShoreTel application server as a PBX for a legacy voice mail system, you may have, for example, 4-digit extensions on the voice mail system and 3-digit extensions on the ShoreTel system. To translate from one to the other, use the **Digit Translation Table**, as shown in Figure 2-4. Also refer to “Legacy Voice Mail Integration” on page 4-3.

When using the ShoreTel application server as a PBX, set up the Digit Translation Table in the following way:

Actual Extensions		Digit Translation Table	
ShoreTel	Legacy VM	Original Digits	Replacement Digits
5xx	65xx	5	65
3xx	73xx	3	73
2xx	83xx	2	83
65xx	5xx	65	5
66xx	6xx	66	6
75xx	3xx	75	3

To create a digit translation table:

Step 1 Click New and the Digit Translation page appears as shown in

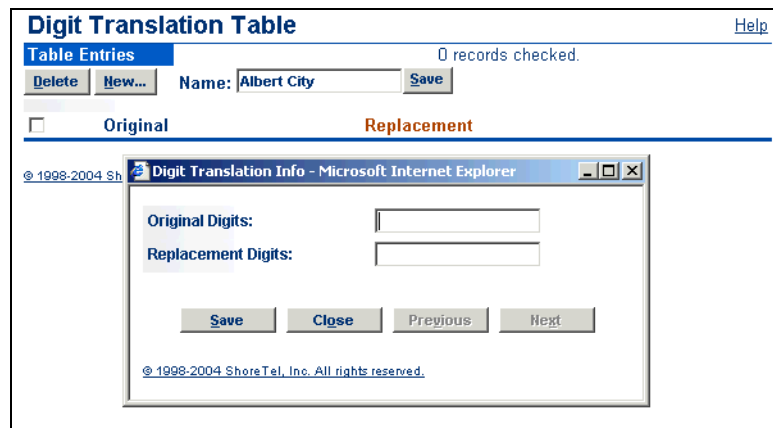


Figure 2-6 Digit Translation Page and Entry Dialog Box

Step 2 Enter a name for the translation table and click Save.

Step 3 Click New to add a translation rule in the Entry Dialog Box.

Step 4 Click Save to save the rule.

System Extensions

The page is divided into five areas—Voice Mail, Account Codes, AMIS, Auto-Attendant and Make Me Conference—in which you configure the ShoreTel 6.1 system extensions. To invoke the Systems Extensions edit page (shown in Figure 2-7), click the System Extensions link under System Parameters in the navigation frame.

System Parameters
 Edit System Extensions

Save
 Reset

Edit this record

Refresh this page

Voice Mail:
 Voice Mail Extension:
 Voice Mail Login Extension:
 Voice Mail Broadcast Mailbox:

Account Codes:
 Account Code Extension:

Auto-Attendant:
 Auto-Attendant Extension:
 Backup Auto-Attendant Extension:

Make Me Conference:
 Make Me Conference Extension:

Figure 2-7 System Extensions Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters on the **System Extensions** edit page are described below.

Voice Mail Extension

This is the extension that is used for forwarding calls to voice mail. The value must be a valid, unused extension.

For example, if User A is configured to have calls forwarded to voice mail on ring no-answer, and User B calls User A, the call is routed to this extension after the no-answer number of rings.

Also see Chapter 11 “Configuring Voice Mail.”

Voice Mail Login Extension

This is the extension that individual users call to log into their voice mailbox. For example, a user who wants to check voice messages can simply dial “#” (pound sign) or dial the voice mail login extension.

It is recommended that users be allowed to dial in from outside the company to retrieve their voice mail. Typically, you direct this number to an auto-attendant menu and configure the menu with a single-digit action of “Transfer to Extension” using the **Voice Mail Login Extension** parameter.

Voice Mail Broadcast Mailbox

This is the mailbox number that is used for broadcasting a voice mail message to all users. It is similar to a system distribution list.

Account Code Extension	<p>This is the extension on the headquarters SoftSwitch associated with the account codes application. When account code collection is optional or forced, calls are routed to this extension for an account code prompt.</p> <p>See also “Account Codes” on page 9-3.</p>
Auto-Attendant Extension	<p>This is the extension associated with the auto-attendant. If you want to dial the auto-attendant, this is the extension you would use. Note that there is only one auto-attendant extension, but there can be multiple auto-attendant menu numbers.</p>
Backup Auto-Attendant Extension	<p>This is the extension associated with the backup auto-attendant that is located in every ShoreGear voice switch.</p> <p>The backup auto-attendant provides basic inbound call routing in case the auto-attendant on the ShoreWare server is unavailable. In addition, it answers calls routed to voice mail in case voice mail on the ShoreWare server is unavailable.</p> <p>The backup auto-attendant is also used when extensions are not reachable during a network or switch outage and the Admissions Control Bandwidth is exceeded.</p> <p>Note: Callers who are accessing the ShoreTel system over a SIP trunk can access to the Backup Auto-Attendant in the same manner as users who are accessing the system via all other trunk types. ShoreTel 6.1 supports RFC2833 (DTMF), so if the voicemail server is down external callers can enter an extension using DTMF to ring the extension of the user they are trying to reach.</p>
Make Me Conference Extension	<p>This is the extension associated with the conference system. An available extension is configured at the time of installation and upgrade.</p>

SNMP

The ShoreGear voice switches support Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) agents for the Ethernet interface. These agents provide MIB-II (Management Information Base) statistics and allow the ShoreGear voice switches to be integrated into standard network management applications. ShoreTel has tested and supports the HP OpenView network management console.

ShoreTel recommends that you configure your SNMP Management station to launch ShoreWare Director automatically when you click a ShoreGear device.

Clicking the **SNMP** link under **System Parameters** in the navigation frame invokes the SNMP edit page (shown in Figure 2-8).

Figure 2-8 SNMP Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters that appear on the **SNMP edit** page are as follows:

Community Strings

This parameter lets you set the password for the Read-Only (Get) and Read/Write (Get/Set) strings.

NOTE When no community string is enabled, the SNMP agent is disabled.

- **Read-Only (Get)**—Set this string to enable read-only SNMP access.
- **Read/Write (Get/Set)**—Set this string to enable read-write SNMP access.

Trap Receivers

This parameter lets you define up to five trap receivers to receive traps from your ShoreGear voice switches. You must specify an IP address for each trap. You can use any IP address that has an SNMP trap listener (UDP Port 162) installed.

BOOTP Server

If your site uses a fixed IP address scheme, you can use the BOOTP server feature to assign IP addresses to voice switches. This is accomplished from the **BOOTP Server** edit page (Figure 2-9), which is invoked by clicking the **BOOTP Server** link from under **System Parameters** in the navigation frame. Please refer to the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide* for more information on assigning IP addresses.

Ethernet Address	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway
00-10-49-00-00-10	10.0.0.2	255.255.255.0	
<input type="text" value="00-10-49-"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	<input type="text"/>

Figure 2-9 BOOTP Server Edit Page

NOTE The BOOTP server sends an IP address when requested by a ShoreGear voice switch whose MAC address is defined in the server's table. When setting up the BOOTP server's table, you enter each voice switch's MAC address and associate it with an IP address.

NOTE The subnet mask and default gateway addresses may change for ShoreGear voice switches on other subnets in WAN environments.

The columns in the table on the **BOOTP Server** edit page are as follows:

Ethernet Address	This is a list of MAC addresses that are available for configuring your ShoreGear voice switches.
IP Address	This is a list of IP addresses that are available for configuring your ShoreGear voice switches.
Subnet Mask	This is your network's subnet mask.
Default Gateway	This is typically set to the IP address of the nearest router that is configured to other configured switches and the ShoreWare server.

Other Parameters

A number of system-wide site parameters can be configured from the **Other Parameters** edit page (shown in Figure 2-10). To display this page, click the **Other** link under **System Parameters** in the navigation frame.

System Parameters
Edit Other Parameters

[Save](#) [Reset](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

Passwords:

Max Voice Mail Errors (2-50):

Min Voice Mail Password Length (4-26):

Min Client Password Length (4-26):

Max Client Password Length (4-26):

Log File Storage:

Max Days (1-30):

Max Size (10-30000): MB

General:

☒ Prevent Users from Initiating Client Upgrades

Figure 2-10 Other Parameters Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters grouped under **Passwords** are defined as follows:

Max Voice Mail Errors (2-50)	This parameter specifies how many times a caller can make an error when using the telephone to log into voice mail. When the user exceeds the number of errors specified by this parameter, the system informs the user of the error and hangs up.
Min Voice Mail Password Length (4-26)	This parameter specifies the minimum number of digits for the voice mail password needed to log into voice mail over the telephone.
Min Client Password Length Max Client Password Length (4-26)	These parameters specify the minimum and maximum number of characters for the client password needed to log into the ShoreTel Call Manager applications and ShoreWare Director.

The parameters grouped under **Log File Storage** are defined as follows:

Max Days (1–30)	This parameter specifies the number of days information will be stored in the log files on the ShoreWare server. Each evening, information older than the maximum days specified here is automatically deleted from the log files to help manage the amount of hard disk space used.
Max Size (10–30000) MB	This parameter specifies the maximum size (in MB) of all log files on the ShoreWare server. This sets an upper bound on the amount of hard disk space used on the ShoreWare server for all log files.

The parameter under **General** is defined as follows:

Prevent Users from Initiating Client Upgrades (check box)	ShoreTel recommends selecting this check box to prevent the client machines in a ShoreTel system from initiating an upgrade on their own. This should be selected if you will be using the Silent Client Upgrade feature (in tandem with Microsoft Active Directory) to install client software on remote machines. This approach allows an administrator to upgrade client software regardless of the permissions associated with the client machines (or the users logged into those machines).
--	---

Languages

ShoreTel 6.1 supports multiple languages. You can choose the languages that will be available in the system from the Language page, as shown in Figure 2-11, by checking the Enable box.

Enable	Name	Locale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	German	de-DE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	English	en-US
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Spanish	es-ES

Figure 2-11 Languages List Page

If licensed, other languages can be selected from the following pages in Director:

- Site Edit
- Auto-Attendant Menu Edit
- User Edit
- Workgroup Edit
- Rout Point Edit

- Trunk Group Edit.

English is enabled by default, but it may be disabled and another language selected. If you try to disable a language already in use in the system, Director will display a warning before disabling the language.

Licenses

Clicking **Licenses** in the navigation frame shows two license page links: **Requirements** and **Keys**. The **License Requirements** page (shown in Figure 2-12) displays the keyed licenses and the self-audited licenses.

License Requirements Your system configuration exceeds your purchased licenses, please obtain additional licenses for items marked with warning ! [Help](#)

License Requirement List

[Send/Print](#)

Name	Required	Purchased
Keyed Licenses:		
ShoreWare Extension License	20	50
ShoreWare Mailbox License	18	50
! ShoreWare SoftPhone License	3	2
ShoreWare Additional Language License	0	0
Self-audited Licenses:		
! ShoreWare Personal Call Manager Software	14	10
ShoreWare Advanced Call Manager Software	0	0
! ShoreWare Operator Call Manager Software	4	2
ShoreWare Workgroup Agent Call Manager Software	0	4
ShoreWare Workgroup Supervisor Call Manager Software	0	5
! ShoreWare Application Access Licenses	1	0
ShoreWare Remote Server Software	1	1

Figure 2-12 License Requirements Page

The **License Requirements** page shows the licenses required for your ShoreTel 6.1 system and allows you to track and manage all licenses. The licenses are divided into keyed and self-audited licenses.

Self-audited licenses do not have a key associated with them, but rather the license page acts as a tool to assist administrators in tracking the number required based on the current configuration versus the number that have been purchased, which they enter manually.

Keyed License Types

With ShoreTel 6.1 there are five types of keyed licenses:

- Extension only
- Mailbox only
- Extension and Mailbox
- SoftPhone
- Multi-language

Keyed licenses are added by entering a license key string obtained from the reseller or vendor. Embedded in the license key are the type and number of licenses associated with that key. Once a valid key is entered, the system decodes it and details the type and number of licenses added. Keyed licenses are additive and more than one can be entered into ShoreWare Director over time.

These licenses are counted on the License Requirements page in Director, the Keyed Licenses section. The licenses are grouped according to four categories:

Keyed Licenses Count

ShoreWare Extension License	The licenses counted here include all extensions licensed by both Extension Only and Extension and Mailbox licenses.
ShoreWare Mailbox License	The licenses counted here include all mailboxes licensed by both Mailbox Only and Extension and Mailbox licenses.
ShoreWare SoftPhone License	The SoftPhone licenses are issued on a per-user basis. Obtain and install SoftPhone licenses for each SoftPhone user.
ShoreWare Multi-Language Licenses	A multi-language license is required if more than one language is enabled.

Extension Licenses

Extension licenses required or purchased is sum of all Extension and Mailbox and Extension-only users. If more than one key is installed, the number purchased is the sum of valid keys.

Extension-only users are all users that have an extension but no ShoreTel mailbox. They may have external mailboxes using SMDI.

Mailbox Licenses

Mailbox licenses required or purchased is the sum of Extension and Mailbox, and Mailbox-only users. If more than one key is installed, the number purchased is the sum of valid keys.

Mailbox-only users are only those users with ShoreTel mailboxes using SMDI.

Multi-Language Licenses

ShoreTel 6.1 offers multiple languages as a licensed option. Each available language may be enabled from the Language edit page. For more informations, see “Languages” on page 2-13.

To view the details of a keyed license, click **Keys** under the **Licenses** link in the navigation frame. The **License Keys** page appears as shown in Figure 2-13. From the License Keys page you can add new licenses, delete old licenses, and e-mail or print license information.

License Keys			Help
License Key List			0 records checked.
Delete	New...	Send/Print	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Key	Comment	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	6DUL-VXWN-ONJD-3Q7Y:SPH-2	Two soft phones for Uplift	2 Soft Phone Licenses
<input type="checkbox"/>	Z4MR-H4QH-EQEU-KJN6:MSE-50	Key for 50 Multi-site users for the Documentation system	50 Multi-Site Enterprise Licenses

Figure 2-13 License Keys Page

To edit comments for a key, click the license key link. A dialog box with the key, comments, and description appears as shown in Figure 2-14. You can enter comments about the license in the comment text box.

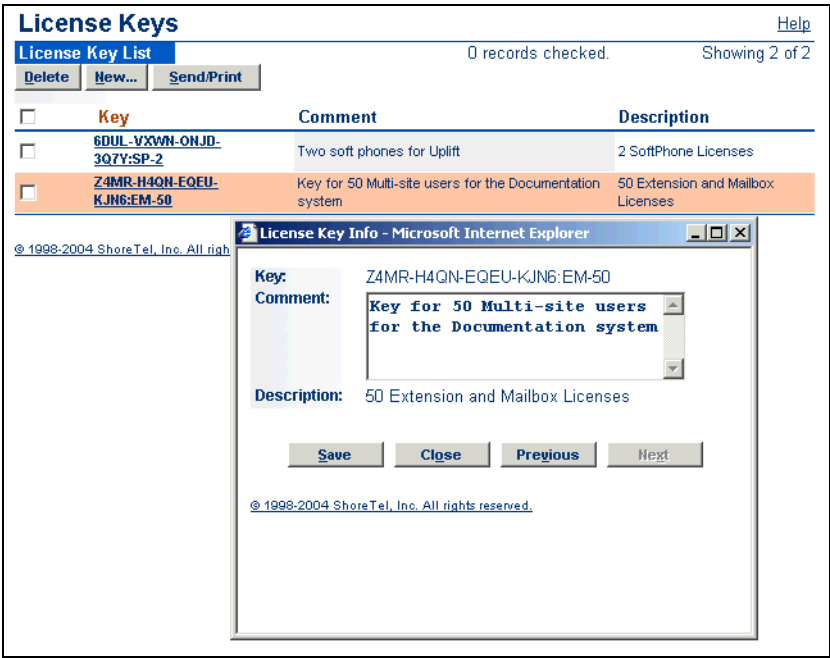


Figure 2-14 License Key Info Dialog Box

Self-Audited Licenses

The licenses listed below are self-audited. If the usage exceeds the current licences, you will be notified until licensed capacities meet or exceed usage.

Self-audited Licenses

ShoreWare Operator Call Manager Software	The number of ShoreWare Operator Call Manager licenses.
ShoreWare Workgroup Agent Call Manager Software	The number of ShoreWare Workgroup Agent Call Manager licenses.
ShoreWare Workgroup Supervisor Call Manager Software	The number of ShoreWare Workgroup Supervisor Call Manager licenses.
ShoreWare Application Access Licenses	These licenses correspond to the configuration of route points for use with third-party, value-added applications. A license is required for the sum of all route point call stacks. For example, if there is one route point configured to have a call stack up to three and another with a maximum of five, eight ShoreWare Application Access Licenses are required.
ShoreWare Remote Server Software	These licenses correspond to additional ShoreWare servers, defined in Director, that correspond to additional voice mail servers. Up to 20 additional ShoreWare remote servers can be configured beyond the initial or headquarters server.

The license status page has been enhanced to easily be printed or sent via e-mail for purposes of license compliance verification. No license status will be transmitted without explicit action on the part of the administrator.

Contact Information

The **System Parameters Edit Contacts** page (shown in Figure 2-15) lets you provide contact information that is used for registering your ShoreTel system with ShoreTel, Inc. It includes the software's serial number and VAR identification number, as well as the names and phone numbers of people who are administering and maintaining the system. This information is entered the first time ShoreWare Director is started, and is sent via email to ShoreTel, Inc.

System Parameters [Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

Edit Contacts [Refresh this page](#) * modified

Edit this record [Send](#) [Print](#)

Registration Update: [Send](#) [Print](#)

Serial Number:

VAR ID Number:

Company:

Address:

City:

State/Province:

Postal Code:

Country:

Main Phone:

Main E-mail:

Primary Contact

Name:

Title:

Phone: (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

Pager:

E-mail:

Secondary Contact

Name:

Title:

Phone: (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

Pager:

E-mail:

Figure 2-15 System Parameters Edit Contacts Page

Parameters

The parameters that appear on the **System Parameters Edit Contacts** page are as follows:

Serial #	This required field is the serial number of the ShoreTel 6.1 software.
VAR ID #	This required field is the identification number of the Value Added Reseller (the company that installed the system).
Company	This required field is the customer's company name.
Address	This required field is the customer's address.
City	This required field is the customer's city.
State/Province	This required field is the customer's state.
Postal Code	This required field is the customer's zip code.
Country	This required field is the customer's country.
Main Phone #	This optional field is the customer's main telephone number.
Main E-mail	This optional field is the customer's main e-mail address.
Primary Contact	<p>These required fields include information about the person or entity that administers and maintains the system. Information must be provided for the following fields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name • Title • Phone # • E-mail
Secondary Contact	These fields provide information for a secondary contact and are optional.

Sending Contact Information

After providing the required information on the **System Parameters Edit Contacts** page, you can send it to ShoreTel, Inc. in one of two ways—by e-mail or by regular mail.

- To send the registration information via e-mail, click **Send**. This generates an e-mail message to registration@shoretel.com. This requires that the SMTP service on the server be properly configured and that the server be connected to e-mail. You can re-send the contact information at any time by updating the page and clicking **Send**.

NOTE The MAC address for each ShoreGear voice switch will also be included in the registration e-mail.

- To print the registration information for mailing via regular mail, click **Print**. Mail the registration information to the following address:


Customer Advocacy — Product Registration
ShoreTel, Inc.
960 Stewart Drive
Sunnyvale, CA 94085

Administrative Permissions

The Administrator Permissions pages allow the System Administrator to assign and delegate administrative roles to users at one or more sites. Expand the Administrative Permissions link to see all the administrative links. They include:

- Roles
- Administrators

Click the **Roles** link to see the **Administrative Roles** list page. This page shows each Administrative Roles that have been created and summarize their permissions.



ShoreWare Director

Logoff Administrator

Administration

- Users...
- Trunks...
- IP Phones...
- Switches
- Call Control
- Voice Mail...
- Auto-Attendant...
- Workgroups
- System Directory
- Application Servers
- Conference Bridges
- Sites
- System Parameters...
 - Account Codes
 - Administrative Permissions...
 - Administrators
 - Roles

Administrative Roles

Administrative Role List

0 records checked.

Delete

New...

<input type="checkbox"/> Role	Administrative Permission	Account Code	System Directory	Other System	User	User Group	Distribution List	Workgroup	Site
<input type="checkbox"/> Accounts and Directories	No	Yes	Yes	No	None	None	All	None	None
<input type="checkbox"/> Call Center	No	Yes	Yes	No	None	None	None	All	None
<input type="checkbox"/> Everything Except Roles	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	All	All	All	All	All
<input type="checkbox"/> HQ Site	No	No	No	No	Selected	None	None	None	Selected
<input type="checkbox"/> System Administrator	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	All	All	All	All	All
<input type="checkbox"/> Technical Support	No	No	No	No	None	None	None	None	None

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Figure 2-16 The Administrative Roles List Page

Clicking the **New** button or an administrative title from the Role column invokes the **Edit Administrative Roles** page (see Figure 2-17). From here, you can define a new administrative role or change the permissions for an existing role.

To delete a role, select the check box to the left of the entry and then click **Delete**. Note that if the last role with Administrative Permissions Management enabled is removed, then the default **admin** account (as created during initial installation) is re-activated and given complete administrative permissions.

Administrative Roles
[New](#)
[Copy](#)
[Save](#)
[Delete](#)
[Reset](#)
[Help](#)

Edit Administrative Role

[Edit this record](#)
[Refresh this page](#)

Name:

☒ Administrative Permissions Management
☒ Account Code Management
☒ System Directory Management
☒ All Other System Management

User Management:

- ☐ None
- ☒ All Sites
- ☐ Selected Sites

El Dorado
Headquarters
Remote-Site

Add >>
<< Remove

User Group Assignment:

- ☐ None
- ☒ All User Groups
- ☐ Selected User Groups

Account Code Service
Anonymous Telephones
Executives
House Telephones
IP Telephones
Managers
Staff

Add >>
<< Remove

Distribution List Membership Assignment:

- ☐ None
- ☒ All Distribution Lists
- ☐ Selected Distribution Lists

Broadcast
Executives
Managers
Staff

Add >>
<< Remove

Basic Workgroup Management:

- ☐ None
- ☒ All Workgroups
- ☐ Selected Workgroups

Sales
Special Promotions
Support Center

Add >>
<< Remove

Site (Switches, Trunks, IP Phones, Servers) Management:

- ☐ None
- ☒ All Sites
- ☐ Selected Sites

El Dorado
Headquarters
Remote-Site

Add >>
<< Remove

Figure 2-17 Adding or Editing Administrative Roles

Parameters

Click parameters to enable permissions. Permissions are additive; that is, the more selections, the greater the permissions. Select as many or as few as are needed for the administrative role being defined. As an example, a company with one system administrator might have all parameters turned on. As another example, an administrative assistant may only have permission to change Distribution Lists at one site.

Name	This is the name of the Administrative Role.
Administrative Permissions Management	This check box assigns permission to create new administrative roles and to assign them to any and all levels of user. This is a powerful permission and should be limited to your lead administrator(s).
Account Code Management	This check box assigns permission to add, change, and delete Account Codes for all sites. As an example of specialized use, very often a department other than Information Technology wants to manage account codes and needs no other permissions. This permission is granted for all sites.
System Directory Management	This check box assigns permission to add, change, and delete entries in the System Directory. This permission is granted for all sites.
All Other System Management	This check box controls permission to set dialing plans, system-wide extensions, including route point and workgroup extensions, sites, IP phone options, digit translation tables, voice mail options, auto-attendant options and schedules, user groups, trunk groups, local prefixes, DNIS digit maps, BOOTP server, classes of service, call control, system parameters such as password length, AMIS options, call handling defaults, event filters, licenses, extension lists, hunt groups, paging groups, and contact information. This permission is granted for all sites.
User Management	<p>Permission to add, change, and delete users may be granted for all sites or for a set of selected sites. Click All Sites to grant permission system-wide. Click Selected Sites to limit permissions, then highlight the sites to be permitted, and click Add to move them to the permitted list.</p> <p>Users whose home ports are at the site(s) selected can be managed by an authorized administrator. This permission allows changes only to users who have no administrative role (that is, for whom none of the four administrative check boxes is checked). Also, changes cannot be made to a user's administrative role. Only Administrative Permissions Management grants permission to change administrative roles.</p> <p>Deny permission by clicking None.</p>

User Group Assignment	<p>Permission to add users to or move users between user groups may be granted for all sites or for a set of selected sites. Click All User Groups to grant permission system-wide. Click Selected User Groups to limit permissions, then highlight the user groups to be permitted, and click Add to move them to the permitted list. Be sure to select all groups you may be moving users to or from.</p> <p>Permission is not extended to adding, changing, or deleting User Group options and Class of Service settings (an administrator would need All Other System Management permission).</p> <p>Note that checking the All User Groups includes all user groups currently existing as well as those created after permission is first granted.</p> <p>Deny permission by checking None.</p>
Distribution List Membership Assignment	<p>Permission to add or remove users on existing Distribution Lists may be granted for all lists or for a set of selected lists. Click All Distribution Lists to grant permission system-wide. Click Selected Distribution Lists to limit permissions, then highlight the lists to be permitted, and click Add to move them to the permitted list.</p> <p>Note that permission to create or delete lists is not granted here (an administrator would need All Other System Management permission).</p> <p>Deny permission by checking None.</p>
Basic Workgroup Management	<p>Permission to add or change options for workgroups may be granted for all workgroups or for a set of selected workgroups. Click All Workgroups to grant permission system-wide. Click Selected Workgroups to limit permissions, then highlight the workgroups to be permitted, and click Add to move them to the permitted list.</p> <p>Workgroup attributes <i>not</i> given change permission with this option include workgroup Name, Extension, Backup Extension, DID, DNIS, User Group, Mailbox, Accept Broadcast Messages, Include in Dial By Name, and Make Number Private (an administrator would need All Other System Management permission).</p> <p>Note that checking the All Workgroups includes all workgroups currently existing as well as those created after permission is first granted.</p> <p>Deny permission by checking None.</p>
Site Management	<p>Permission to add and alter sites and their related switches, trunks, IP phones, and servers may be granted for all sites or for a set of selected sites. Permission includes access to Quick Look at permitted sites. Permission includes adding and deleting anonymous phones at permitted sites.</p> <p>Attributes excluded from permission include Trunk Groups (an administrator would need All Other System Management permission).</p> <p>Deny permission by checking None. Click All Sites to enable changes to all sites in the system. Click Selected Sites and Add sites from the list to enable access to less than all sites in the system.</p>

NOTE The initial administrator set up during installation has full permissions. When upgrading the ShoreTel system, current System Administrators are granted full permissions. Current Technical Support users have no permission to change parameters but are allowed to read all pages.

NOTE For some Director pages where read-only permission is given to some parameters because all parameters on the page may not be changed, the read-only fields will be grayed out.

ShoreWare Director is delivered with the following default Administrative Roles:

- System Administrator
- Technical Support
- HQ Site
- Call Center
- Accounts and Directories
- Everything Except

Table 2-1 Administrative Roles

	System Admin	Tech Support	HQ Site	Call Center	Accounts & Direc'y	Everything Except
Administrative Permissions Management	On	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
Account Code Management	On	Off	Off	On	On	On
System Directory Management	On	Off	Off	On	On	On
All Other System Management	On	Off	Off	Off	Off	On
User Management	All	None	HQ	None	None	All
User Group Assignment	All	None	None	None	None	All
Distribution List Membership Assignment	All	None	None	None	All	All
Basic Workgroup Management	All	None	None	All	None	All
Site Management	All	None	HQ	None	None	All

Assigning an Administrative Role to a User

From Administrative Permissions, click the **Administrators** link to reach the Administrator List page.

Administrators					Help
Administrator List					0 records checked.
<input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="New..."/>					
<input type="checkbox"/>	First Name	Last Name	User ID	Administrative Role	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fred	Flintstone	FFlintstone	Technical Support	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Greta	Garbo	GGarbo	Technical Support	

Figure 2-18 The Administrator List Page

The **Administrator List** page (see Figure 2-18) shows the administrative role assigned to each user. A user may have only one administrative role assigned. New users are created with no administrative role assigned to them.

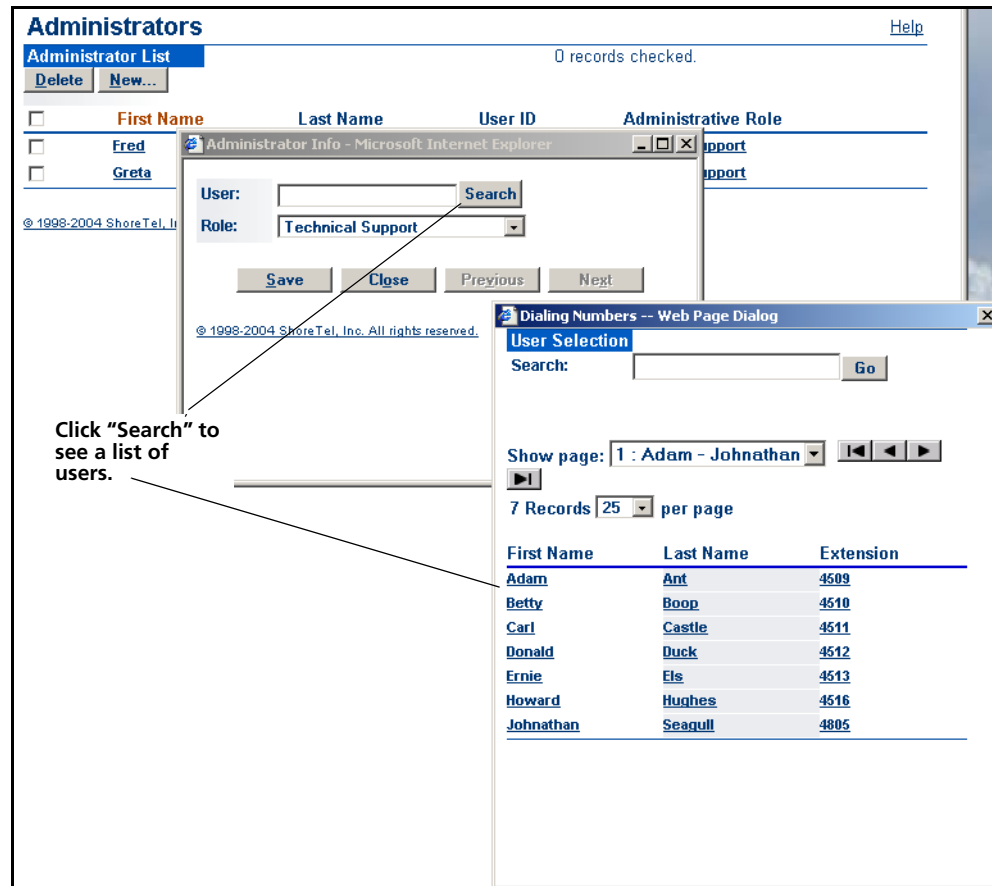


Figure 2-19 Assigning an Administrative Role to a User

After defining the various Administrative Roles, you select which users will be assigned which roles.

To assign an administrative role to a user, click **New** from the **Administrators List** page. The pop-up shown in Figure 2-19 lets you type a **User** name or click **Search** to select from a list of users. Then assign a **Role** from the drop-down list.

NOTE Users with no administrative role may not log in to Director.

Click **Delete** on the Administrator List page to delete users from the list.

NOTE You may delete a user by checking the box to the left of a name and clicking the **Delete** button. Note that you cannot delete all users. At least one user must remain on the list to preclude the occurrence of no one being left to administer the system.

CHAPTER 3

ShoreTel Sites

This chapter explains how sites are implemented and configured in a ShoreTel system. This chapter provides information on the:

- Site concept
- Sites list page
- Site edit page and parameters

Overview

ShoreTel supports the concept of sites. A site is defined as a geographical location that has ShoreGear voice switches. This can be a headquarters site, a regional office, or a user's home office.

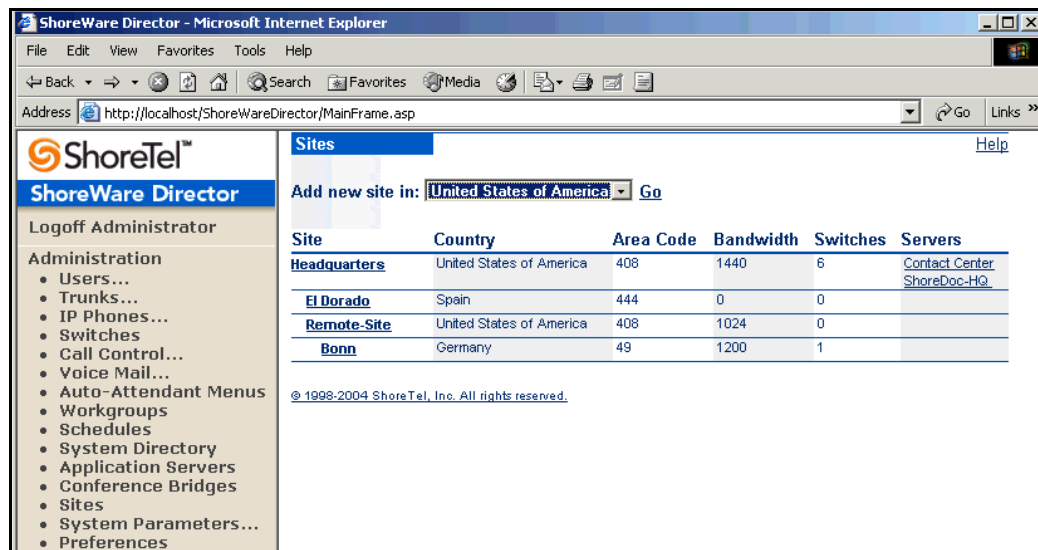


Figure 3-1 Sites List Page

Configuring sites lets you assign features to the associated site. For example, a site has a country, a unique local area code, and a unique site operator, as well as a unique admission control setting.

NOTE ShoreTel, by default, is configured with one site, called “Headquarters.”

Configuring Sites

The **Sites** link in the ShoreWare Director navigation frame gives you access to the **Sites** list page as shown in Figure 3-1.

The **Sites** list page presents sites organized in a hierarchical tree beginning with the Headquarters site. To add a new site, select a country and click **Go**. The **Sites** edit page appears, as shown in Figure 3-2. To edit an existing site, click the site name listed under the **Site** column on the **Sites** list page.

Sites
Edit Site

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

Edit this record [Refresh this page](#)

Name:

Country:

Language:

Parent:

☐ Use Parent As Proxy

Extension Prefix:

Local Area Code:

Additional Local Area Codes: [Edit](#)

Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID): (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

Time Zone:

NightBell Extension:

Night Bell Switch: [Edit Night Bell Call Handling](#)

Paging Extension:

Paging Switch:

Operator Extension: [Search](#)

FAX Redirect Extension: [Search](#)

Emergency Number:

Admission Control Bandwidth: kbps

[Edit IP Phone Address Map](#)

Figure 3-2 Sites Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters on the **Sites** edit page are as follows:

Name	This is the name of a new or existing site. It must be unique.
Country	This is the name of the country in which the site is located.

Language	This is the default language for the site. You must obtain a license to enable more than one language. For more information see “Languages” on page 2-13.
Parent	<p>The default parent site is Headquarters. Headquarters does not display the drop-down list of sites. Sites other than Headquarters must select a parent. This server is used for two purposes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• By ShoreWare Director to provide a default server when new users are added• By the call control software in the ShoreGear voice switches so that it knows where to route calls that request voice mail service <p>NOTE Only valid parent sites appear in the drop-down list. Child sites and the site currently being edited do not appear.</p>
Use Parent As Proxy	This allows descendant sites the use of parent site trunks if no trunks are available at the present site. The proxy site must be in the same country as the site you are presently using.
Extension Prefix	<p>The On-Net Dialing feature enables the division of phone numbers into two separately managed parts, an extension prefix (and similar in concept to a site code) and a user extension. This division offers greater flexibility and facilitates integration with legacy phone systems.</p> <p>Note: The Extension Prefix field will not appear in this window until after you have modified the Dialing Plan window, thus enabling the On Net Dialing feature.</p>
Local Area Code	<p>This defines the local area code of the site so that users can dial local numbers without an area code. In the United States, this is the area code used for 7-digit dialing. For example, when the user dials an access code followed by seven digits at the site, this is the area code they are dialing.</p> <p>This also defines the area code that is considered “local” from a call permissions point of view.</p>
Additional Local Area Codes	<p>In the United States, this defines area codes that can be dialed using 10-digit dialing instead of 1+10-digit dialing. For example, if the site is in an overlay area with multiple local area codes that require 10-digit dialing, you can be consistent with the dialing plan in your region by entering the additional area codes in this parameter.</p> <p>This also defines additional area codes that are considered “local” from a call permissions point of view.</p>

Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID)	The Caller's Emergency Service ID (CESID) is the telephone number sent to the service provider when a user dials an emergency services number (e.g., 911 in the U.S.). This feature is only applicable to T1 PRI trunks. See Appendix B, "Emergency 911 Operations" for more information.
Time Zone	This is the site's time zone that is associated with the ShoreGear switches and is used to deliver the correct time and date to Caller ID telephones.
Night Bell Extension	<p>This is the extension that is used to ring the site's night bell. This extension must be associated with a ShoreGear switch audio output port that you specify as the next parameter. This extension is unique.</p> <p>NOTE You must configure the appropriate switch before assigning the night bell extension.</p>
Night Bell Switch	This is the ShoreGear switch associated with the night bell extension. The night bell extension can share the same switch port as the paging extension.
Paging Extension	<p>This is the extension used for your overhead paging system. This extension must be associated with a ShoreGear switch audio output port that you specify as the next parameter. There is only one paging extension per site.</p> <p>NOTE You must assign switches to the site and select the switch that will support the paging extension before you can save a paging extension.</p>
Paging Switch	This is the ShoreGear switch associated with the paging extension. The paging extension can share the same switch port as the night bell extension.
Operator Extension	<p>This is the extension to which the user is transferred when dialing the operator digit for the site (typically "0").</p> <p>NOTE You must configure the appropriate user before assigning the operator extension.</p> <p>This extension must not be confused with the Personal Assistant extension defined in the user's personal options. The Personal Assistant lets the user define the destination to which the caller is transferred when dialing "0" from the user's voice mail prompt. This might be an administrative assistant or a colleague, rather than the operator.</p>

FAX Redirect Extension

When a fax tone is detected, incoming calls are automatically transferred to this extension. Each site may have its own fax redirection number. Which fax redirection number is used depends on how the call is answered.

- If the user answers the call, the fax redirection extension of the user's site will be used.
- If the call is answered by voice mail, the Auto-Attendant or other menu, or a workgroup's queue step menu, the fax redirection extension at the site where the call originated is used. This is the site with the trunk that handled the inbound external call.

NOTE The fax redirection extension must be an existing user.

Emergency Number

This is the number that can be dialed at the site *without* a trunk access code for emergency services. Note that this number must not conflict with any extensions.

Admission Control Bandwidth

This defines the bandwidth that voice media streams can consume between this site and all other sites. The caller hears a "network busy" prompt if this value is exceeded. To compute the admission control value for the site, see Chapter 9, "Network Requirements and Preparation" in the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

Edit IP Phone Address Map

This link opens the **IP Phone Address Map Info** edit page where you set the IP address range for sites other than Headquarters (see Figure 3-3). All IP phones are assigned to Headquarters by default. If Headquarters is your only site, you do not need to set IP address ranges. If you have more than one site with IP phones, you must set an IP address range for each site (other than Headquarters).

This page is also accessible from the IP Phone Address edit page. For more information, see Chapter 8, "Configuring IP Phones."

IP Phone Address [Help](#)

IP Address Map List 0 records checked. Showing 1 of 3

[Delete](#) [New...](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Site	Low IP Address	High IP Address	Teleworkers
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	El Dorado	145.0.0.0	145.4.5.6	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	Headquarters	10.0.0.0	10.0.0.10	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	Remote-Site	168.0.0.0	168.7.7.7	No

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IP Phone Address Map Info - Microsoft Internet Explorer

Site: [El Dorado](#)

Low IP Address:

High IP Address:

Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID):

☐ Teleworkers

[Save](#) [Close](#) [Previous](#) [Next](#)

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Figure 3-3 IP Phone Address Map Edit Page

- Site** If you are setting the IP address range for a site other than the one shown in the Site drop-down list, select it from the list.
- Low IP Address** This is the lowest IP address of the range of addresses.
- High IP Address** This is the highest IP address of the range of addresses.
- Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID)** Enter the Caller's Emergency Service ID to be used for IP phones in this IP address range. Enter, for example, +1 (408) 555-5555. This is the telephone number sent to the service provider when a user dials an emergency services number (e.g., 911 in the U.S.) and does not have a DID number or is in a user group for which the DID number is not to be used as CESID. This feature is only applicable to ISDN PRI trunks.
- Teleworkers** This check box indicates teleworking IP phones.

Configuring Application Servers

This chapter explains how to set up servers in a ShoreTel system. This chapter provides information on:

- ShoreTel servers
- Distributed voice mail servers
- Legacy voice mail integration
- How to add servers to the system

Overview

The ShoreTel system supports not only distributed call control, but also distributed voice application servers. Distributed servers are extremely valuable for two purposes:

- Reducing WAN bandwidth by providing local voice mail and auto-attendant services
- Increasing the scale of the system

Even though there are multiple servers, the ShoreTel system provides a single image of your entire network. The system is currently certified to support up to 21 servers, one at the main site and up to 20 distributed servers. You should begin to consider adding a server at a site when the site exceeds 100 users. You also need to add a new server for every 1,000 users.

The distributed servers run the following voice applications:

- **Voice Mail**—Each server supports 254 simultaneous voice mail or auto-attendant connections. The voice mail system uses SMTP to transport composed messages between the distributed servers. The ShoreTel system also supports linking to legacy voice mail systems using AMIS protocols.
- **Auto-Attendant**—The system supports up to 256 menus that are hosted on every server, and each server provides 64 voice mail/auto-attendant connections.
- **Configuration**—The system enables users to log in and make configuration changes (call handling modes, etc.) from their ShoreTel Call Managers or from the Web Access call handling mode client.

- **Maintenance**—The system provides a web site accessible through ShoreWare Director for maintenance of all the remote servers.

The distributed voice applications use a Remote TAPI Service Provider that relies on the call control information from the main server. When you want to add reliability to your remote server, consider using redundant network paths to the main server.

Distributed Voice Mail

The ShoreTel system uses Distributed Voice Mail (DVM) to provide greater voice mail availability. Each ShoreWare remote server has an instance of the telephony platform included, allowing voice mail and auto-attendant services to maintain full functionality during WAN short-term outages. The enhanced DVM included with the ShoreWare remote server allows users with mailboxes on the remote server to receive and pickup voice mail messages without depending on WAN connectivity to the headquarters server. The message waiting indicator (MWI) lights will correctly update with or without WAN connectivity.

Additionally, incoming calls can still reach the automated attendant, access the dial-by-name directory, and reach their intended local party during a WAN outage. If a party cannot be reached directly due to a WAN outage and his or her call handling would send unanswered calls to voice mail, the call is handled by the local voice mail server. The caller hears a generic greeting including the intended party's recorded name and can leave a message. This message will be forwarded at a later time to the home voice mail server for the addressee via SMTP.

Similarly, the enhanced DVM provides greater PCM availability during WAN outages. If the WAN loses connectivity, users will retain full PCM functionality as long as there is a DVM server at the same site as the users, the users voice mailboxes are on that server, and the DVM server is managing the switch that manages the users' phones.

Although each voice mail server is autonomous in delivering voice services, it still must have connectivity to the configuration data stored on the headquarters server in order to make configuration changes. Specifically, users on an isolated remote server would not be able to change call handling modes or make other changes that require modification to the configuration data on the headquarters server.

IP Phone Limitations/Requirements

Connectivity is required between the phone and the switch that is controlling the phone (this will be referred to as "basic connectivity"). All aspects of the phone's operation are functional when this basic connectivity exists, with the following exceptions:

- **Directory feature:** In addition to basic connectivity, the directory feature also requires connectivity between the switch and a headquarters (HQ) server or distributed voice mail (DVM) server that controls that switch.
- **Options features, Changes to Call Handling Mode (CHM), Wrap-Up:** In addition to basic connectivity, these features require connectivity between the switch and an HQ server or DVM server that controls that switch. In addition, if the aforementioned switch is a DVM server, connectivity is required between that server and the HQ server. Further, connectivity between the DVM server and the HQ server is required for successful writes to the database.
- **Switch-to-switch extension monitoring:** This condition exists when a programmed button requires monitoring activity on an extension that is serviced by a different switch than the one that controls the phone. In this instance, call the user's switch A, and the monitored extension's switch B. Switch A is controlled by server X, switch B is controlled by server Y. Servers X and Y may each be DVM or

HQ servers, and they may be the same server or different servers. For proper functionality of the switch-to-switch extension monitoring, the following conditions must exist:

- Switch A must be able to talk to server X.
- Server X must be able to talk to server Y.
- Server Y must be able to talk to switch B.
- If X and Y are the same, connectivity is, of course, assumed to exist.
- Auxiliary information on incoming calls, such as trunk information and called workgroup (WG) information, requires connectivity between the switch and a headquarters (HQ) server or distributed voice mail (DVM) server that controls that switch.

PCM Limitations/Requirements

- **Personal Call Manager (PCM):** PCM utilizes two communications channels, TAPI and CSIS. TAPI is used to communicate with the server that manages the switch that manages the user's phone (regardless of whether the phone is an analog or IP phone). CSIS is used to communicate with the user's voice mail server. (These two servers are often the same device.) As long as the client can reach these two servers, PCM is fully functional.
- **First-time PCM users:** When a user logs into PCM for the first time, CSIS and TAPI both communicate with the HQ server in order to find out which server they need to use. Thus, for first-time users, a connection is required between the client and the HQ server regardless of where their VM and extensions are being serviced.
- **Workgroup functionality:** If users are configured to have workgroup functionality, they can access the mailboxes of all workgroups to which they belong. This requires connectivity to the server(s) on which those mailboxes reside.

Legacy Voice Mail Integration

ShoreTel 6.1 seamlessly integrates with legacy phone systems for customers who would like to have the freedom and flexibility to continue to use their legacy systems while migrating toward a newer IP telephony solution. The legacy system must continue to work flawlessly regardless of whether calls are traversing the ShoreTel PBX on their way to the legacy voice mail system or whether they are traversing the legacy PBX on their way to ShoreTel voice mail.

To address these needs, ShoreTel uses the Simplified Message Desk Interface (SMDI) protocol. SMDI allows dissimilar voice mail and PBX systems to work together. The protocol evolved at a time when voice mail services and PBX services were provided by separate physical devices, and enabled the disparate devices to share information over an out-of-band serial cable connection.

There are two modes of operation with respect to integrating a ShoreTel system and a legacy system using SMDI:

- **External voice mail**—In this configuration, the legacy system provides voice mail services while the ShoreTel system acts as the PBX for users.
- **ShoreTel voice mail**—In this configuration, the ShoreTel system provides voice mail services while the legacy system acts as the PBX for users.

Voice mail extension lengths for the legacy voice mail system may be different from the ShoreTel voice mail extension lengths. In this case, digit translation information is required. For more information on digit translation tables, see “Digit Translation Tables” on page 2-6.

For more information about integration to legacy voice mail systems, see the *ShoreTel 6.1 Planning and Installation Guide*.

Adding Application Servers

The **Application Servers** link in the ShoreWare Director navigation frame gives you access to the **Application Servers** list page as shown in Figure 4-1.

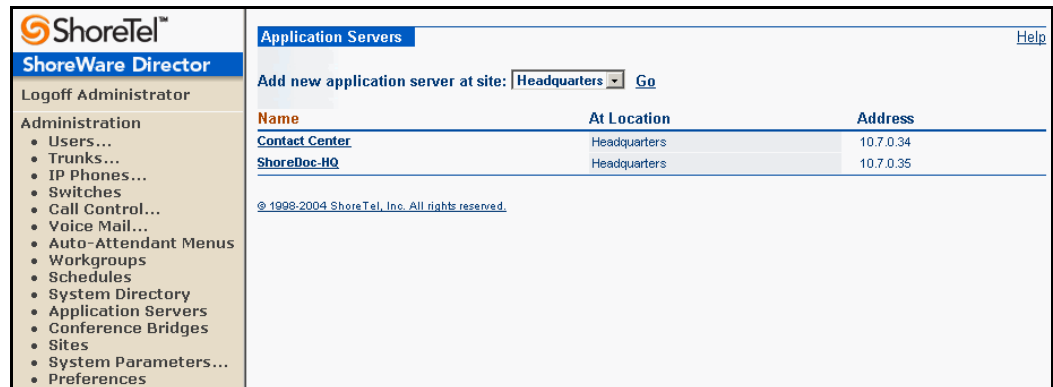


Figure 4-1 Application Servers List Page

The **Application Servers** list page is presented in alphabetical order.

NOTE The ShoreTel system, by default, is configured with one server at the “Headquarters” site. Additional sites must have been configured prior to this step to be available. Refer to Chapter 3 “ShoreTel Sites” for more information about adding remote sites.

To add a new server:

- Step 1** Select the server site from the **Add new application server at site** drop-down list.
- Step 2** Click **Go**. The **Application Servers** edit page appears as shown in Figure 4-2.
- Step 3** Enter parameters for the new server as described below.
- Step 4** Click **Save**.

To edit a server:

- Step 1** Select a server from the list in the **Name** column.
- Step 2** Click one of the servers from the list. The **Application Servers** edit page appears as shown in Figure 4-2.
- Step 3** Change parameters as needed for the new server.
- Step 4** Click **Save**.

Application Servers
Edit Server

New
Copy
Save
Delete
Reset
Help

Edit this record
Refresh this page
* modified

Name:

Host IP Address: Ping this Server

Site:

SoftSwitch Name:

Voice Mail and Auto Attendant:

Voice Mail Extension:

Voice Mail Login Extension:

Auto Attendant Extension:

Assigned User Group:

Default Auto-Attendant Menu:

Simplified Message Desk Interface:

Mode:

COM Port (1 - 10):

Message Desk Number (1 - 999):

Number of Digits (2 - 32):

Translation Table: Edit this translation table

☐ Use for Call Data
☒ Use for MWI Data

Extension List (extension - port - logical terminal number):

4901 ----- Bedrock:4 ----- (321)
4902 ----- Doc-24:7 ----- (4902)

Add
Edit
Remove

Figure 4-2 Application Servers Edit Page, SMDI for External Voice Mail

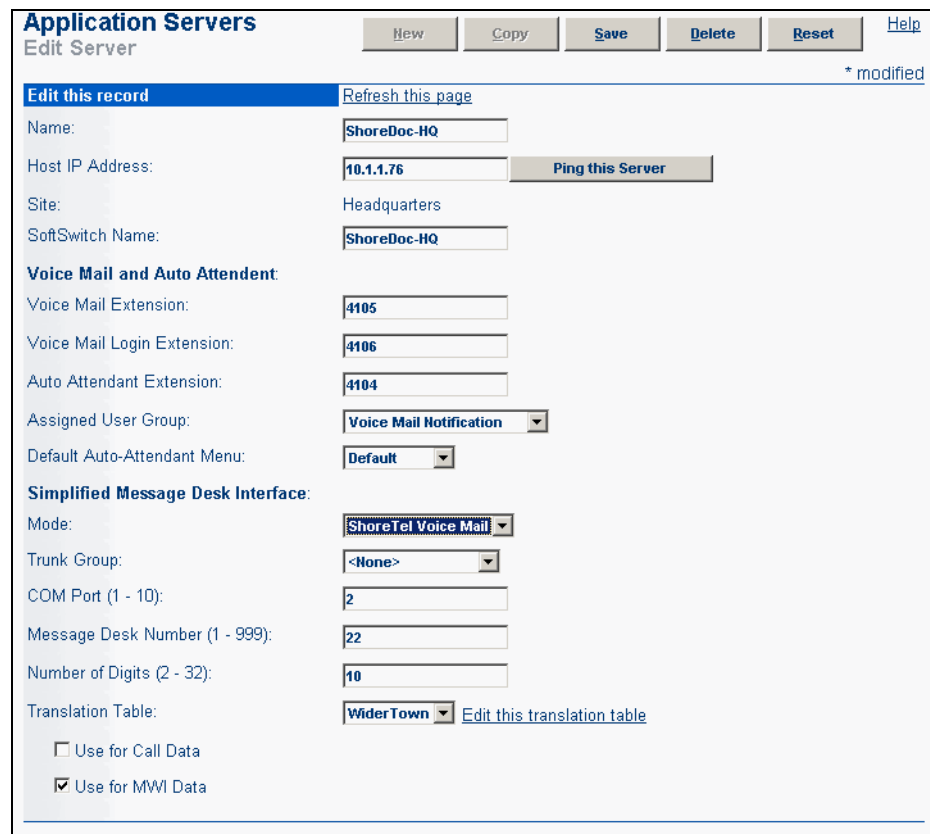


Figure 4-3 Application Servers Edit Page, SMDI for ShoreTel Voice Mail

Parameters

The parameters on the **Application Servers** edit page are as follows:

- | | |
|------------------------|--|
| Name | This is the name of a new or existing server. |
| Host IP Address | <p>This is the IP address of the server.</p> <p>If you enter the server host name, Director resolves the IP address for you when click Ping this Server.</p> <p>You can also use the Ping this Server button to test the connectivity between your client PC and the new server.</p> |
| Site | This is the physical location of the server. The location of the server is used to calculate bandwidth consumption for the purposes of admission control. |
| SoftSwitch Name | This is the name of the SoftSwitch on the server you are editing. ShoreTel automatically creates a SoftSwitch for each server on the system. |

Voice Mail and Auto-Attendant

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Voice Mail Extension | This extension is used by the voice mail server. |
|-----------------------------|--|

Voice Mail Login Extension	This extension is used to log in to the voice mail server.
Auto-Attendant Extension	This extension is used by the auto-attendant server.
Assigned User Group	This is the assigned user group for the server. Because voice mail places outbound calls, the server must have assigned permissions.
Default Auto-Attendant Menu	Each server can have a different default auto-attendant menu. This is the menu reached when none is specified—for instance, when a caller dials “9” to escape from voice mail and return to the auto-attendant.

Simplified Message Desk Interface (SMDI) External Voice Mail

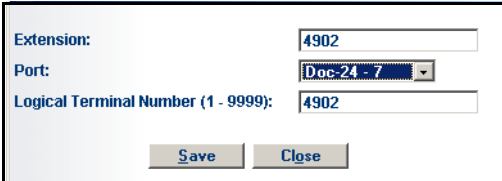
External Voice Mail	If this application server is to function as a PBX for a legacy voice mail system, check this box.
COM Port (1-10)	This is the COM port used by SMDI.
Message Desk Number (1-999)	The Message Desk default is 1. Valid values are 1 through 999. Set the number that the voice mail system expects. This parameter is most often set to one, since only one system will be using the SMDI link. In some configurations, however, a number of SMDI links can be daisy-chained together and the Message Desk Number value is used to allow each system to know which data belongs to it.
Number of Digits (2-32)	This field sets the number of digits the ShoreTel system sends in the SMDI extension fields. Set this number to the value the voice mail system expects, most commonly 7 or 10. If the number of digits and the ShoreTel system extension value differ, the extension number is padded. For example, if ShoreTel needs to send extension 456 and the Number of Digits field is equal to 7, extension 0000456 is sent. If no padding is desired, the Number of Digits field would be set to 2 in this example. Then, only 456 is sent.
Translation Table Use for Call Data	This check box indicates that the digit translation table is to be used for call data, when checked. Both Translation Table boxes may be checked at the same time.
Translation Table Use for MWI Data	This check box indicates that the digit translation table is to be used for Message Waiting Indicator data, when checked. Both Translation Table boxes may be checked at the same time.
Extension List (extension - port - logical terminal number)	The SMDI message must contain the user extension, port number, and logical terminal number (exact trunk number). Note that these extensions forward to the Backup Auto-Attendant on No Answer or Busy.

Simplified Message Desk Interface (SMDI) ShoreTel Voice Mail

ShoreTel Voice Mail	If this application server is to function as a voice mail server for a legacy PBX, check this box.
Trunk Group	Select the trunk group to be used by the legacy PBX for voice mail traffic.
COM Port (1-10)	This is the COM port used by SMDI.
Message Desk Number (1-999)	The Message Desk default is 1. Valid values are 1 through 999. Set the number that the voice mail system expects. This parameter is most often set to one, since only one system will be using the SMDI link. In some configurations, however, a number of SMDI links can be daisy-chained together and the Message Desk Number value is used to allow each system to know which data belongs to it.
Number of Digits (2-32)	This field sets the number of digits the ShoreTel system sends in the SMDI extension fields. Set this number to the value the voice mail system expects, most commonly 7 or 10. If the number of digits and the ShoreTel system extension value differ, the extension number is padded. For example, if ShoreTel needs to send extension 456 and the Number of Digits field is equal to 7, extension 0000456 is sent. If no padding is desired, the Number of Digits field would be set to 2 in this example. Then, only 456 is sent.
Translation Table	Select a translation table from the drop-down list. For information on creating translation tables, see “Digit Translation Tables” on page 2-6.
Use for Call Data	This check box indicates that the digit translation table is to be used for call data, when checked. Both Translation Table boxes may be checked at the same time.
Use for MWI Data	This check box indicates that the digit translation table is to be used for Message Waiting Indicator data, when checked. Both Translation Table boxes may be checked at the same time.

Extension List Mapping

To add extension list mapping to an application server configured for external voice mail, click **Add** found near the bottom of the **Application Servers** edit page. The **External Voice Mail** dialog box appears.



Extension: 4902

Port: Doc-24 - 7

Logical Terminal Number (1 - 9999): 4902

Save Close

Figure 4-4 External Voice Mail Dialog Box

Enter the Extension to be used to access the legacy voice mail system. Also enter the physical Port to be assigned to the extension. And finally, include the Logical Terminal Number for the extension. Trunks in the trunk group that sends calls to external voice mail use a Logical Terminal Number. Make as many entries as are necessary.

For application servers configured for ShoreTel voice mail, select a translation table from the Translation Table drop-down list. For more information on creating a digit translation table, see “Digit Translation Tables” on page 2-6.

Fax Servers

ShoreWare switches support direct connection to fax servers. Users can receive faxes sent to their voice number. When a call is answered (either by targeted user or through call forwarding) it is redirected to the fax redirection extension. The fax redirection extension is the first port allocated to the fax server. With multiple switch ports dedicated to the fax server, fax calls to user voice extensions are redirected to the first port connected to the fax server. If the first port is in a call, the fax is forwarded to the next port

The ShoreGear switch sends original user's extension as DTMF immediately after call is answered. Fax server recognizes call is finished by loop current off. Once the fax call is complete, the fax server looks up user extension in its configuration. Fax server then routes the fax to correct end user. Depending upon the fax server's configuration, fax may be delivered as an email attachment.

For more information on fax server integration, see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

Configuring Conference Bridges

This chapter explains how to set up ShoreWare conferencing servers to support Make Me conferencing and document sharing in a ShoreTel system. This section provides information on:

- How to add a conference bridge, or collaboration server, to the system
- Other parameters impacting the use of conferencing

ShoreTel conferencing handles calls that share both voice and data. Up to 6 participants may share a conference and up to 20 Microsoft Word, Excel, or PowerPoint files. Make Me Conference calls and document sharing are independent of the ShoreTel Converged Conference Bridge.

NOTE Access to Converged Conferencing eDial version 5.6 through Personal Call Manager is not currently working. The feature, which can be accessed by launching PCM and going to **Options > Configure ShoreTel System > Login and Passwords > Converged Conference Login** relies on the SSL protocol and will be fixed in a later release.

Adding a Conference Bridge Server

The **Conference Bridges** link in the ShoreWare Director navigation frame provides access to the **Conference Bridges** list page as shown in Figure 5-1. To add a new conference bridge server, click **New**. To edit an existing server, click a server listed in the **Name** column. The **Conference Bridges** edit page appears as shown in Figure 5-1.

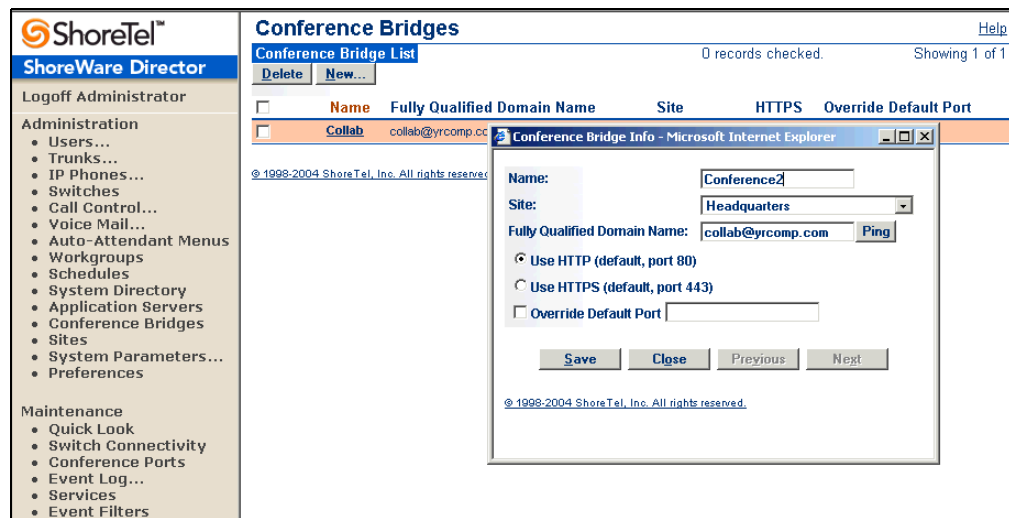


Figure 5-1 Conference Bridges Main and Edit Pages

Enter parameters for the new server as described below and then click **Save**.

Parameters

The parameters on the **Conference Bridges** edit page are as follows:

Name	This is the name of a new or existing server.
Site	This is the physical location of the server.
Fully Qualified Domain Name	<p>This is the server host name. If you enter the server host name, Director resolves the IP address for you when click Ping this Server.</p> <p>You can also use the Ping this Server button to test the connectivity between your client PC and the new server.</p>
Use HTTP (default port 80)	Specify the communication port to be used to talk to the server.
Use HTTPS (default port 443)	
Override Default Port with NNNN	

For other parameters used in setting up conferencing, also see “Individual Users” on page 10-17. For individual users whose Class of Service permits document sharing, parameters need to be set to establish which conference server to use, a conference user ID, and a conference password. The class of service also specifies the maximum number of parties (3-6) that may be in a single Make Me conference. Also see “Setting Call Control Options” on page 9-1 for information about the Make Me conference timeout parameter that is set in case a participant does not end the call correctly.

Note that there may be up to six participants in a Make Me conference. Sufficient conference ports must be reserved on a ShoreTel switch to support the maximum simultaneous conferences you plan to support. For more information, refer to “Configuring Switches” on page 6-1.

Checking Conference Port Status

From the Maintenance link, you can check the status of conference ports. Go to the Switch Maintenance page and select **Conference Ports**.

Conference Ports Last updated: 4/22/2004 9:23:20 AM (GMT -07:00) refresh Help Local time: 4/22/2004 9:24:13 AM (GMT -07:00) Go to Quick Look page				
Site	In-Use		Free	
	Active Calls	Ports	Ports	Percent
Headquarters	0	0	4	100%
El Dorado	0	0	0	0%
Remote-Site	0	0	0	0%
Total	0	0	4	100%

Figure 5-2 Conference Ports List Page

Configuring Switches

This chapter provides a general overview of the ShoreGear voice switches as well as information on how to configure them through ShoreWare Director. This chapter provides information on ShoreGear voice switch:

- Models
- LEDs and LED behavior
- Configuration

Overview

The ShoreGear voice switches provide a highly reliable, highly scalable platform for the distributed call control software. Each ShoreGear voice switch connects to the IP network using a 10/100M Ethernet port.

If more sites or more ports are required, you simply connect additional ShoreGear voice switches to your IP network. The system is inherently scalable, unlike legacy PBX systems that have hardware breakpoints with line cards, shelves, cabinets, and systems.

NOTE For more information about the features supported outside the U.S. and Canada, refer to the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*, Appendix A, “International Planning and Installation.”

Backup Operator

ShoreGear voice switches feature a backup operator in case the site operator is unreachable due to network outages. To use this feature, configure port 9 on ShoreGear-120/24, port 5 on ShoreGear-40/8, port 9 on ShoreGear-60/12 and connect a phone to the port.

Switch Models

The new voice switch, the ShoreGear-60/12 fills the gap between the existing ShoreGear-120/24 and ShoreGear 40/8 by improving system flexibility and lowering costs. These switches are all 1 RU and have an RJ21X connector for connection to analog phones and trunks. They also feature redundant Ethernet LAN connections for greater availability and reliability.

You can locate the model number of your switches, SG or IPBX, on the rear panel as shown in Figure 6-1. This document distinguishes between switches based on the model number and number of RUs the switch occupies.

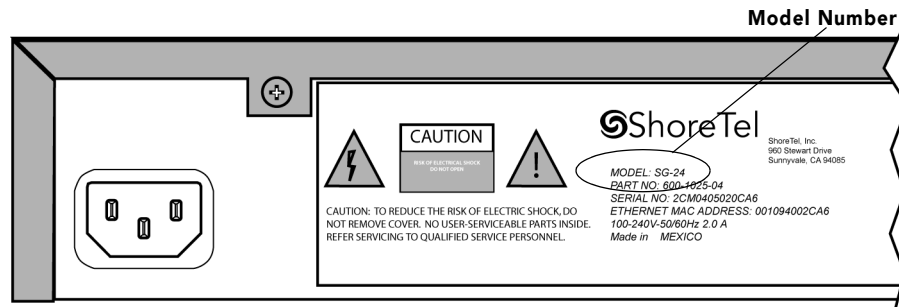


Figure 6-1 IPBX-24 Model Number Label

Your system may include the following second generation switches:

- ShoreGear-120/24 Voice Switch (1 RU)
- ShoreGear-60/12 Voice Switch (1 RU)
- ShoreGear-40/8 Voice Switch (1 RU)
- ShoreGear-T1 (SG-T1) Voice Switch (1 RU)

You may also have the following first generation switches in your system:

- ShoreGear-24 (IPBX-24) Voice Switch (2 RU)
- ShoreGear-12 (IPBX-12) Voice Switch (1.5 RU)
- ShoreGear-Teleworker (IPBX-TW) Voice Switch (1.5 RU)
- ShoreGear-T1 (IPBX-T1) Voice Switch (1.5 RU)
- ShoreGear-E1 (IPBX-E1) Voice Switch (1.5 RU)

SG-120/24, -60/12, -40/8, and -T1 Switches

This section describes the second generation switches supported by ShoreTel 6.1. For information on first generation switches, see “IPBX-24, -12, -Teleworker, -T1, and -E1 Switches” on page 6-13.

ShoreGear-120/24 Voice Switch

The ShoreGear-120/24 (Figure 6-2) supports 24 analog ports: 8 universal telephone/trunk ports and 16 telephone ports. The ShoreGear-120/24 interfaces to standard analog trunks using loop start or wink start signaling, as well as to standard analog telephones, including CLASS feature phones with Caller ID Name and Number, and Message Waiting. When you are connecting to both LAN connectors in a redundant network configuration, one network port will be active and the other will be in standby mode. If one LAN connection fails, the switch automatically changes to the other LAN connection.

The ShoreGear-120/24 can be configured to support up to 120 ShoreTel IP Phones (five IP phones per IP phone port). The ShoreGear-120/24 ports can also be used to support

SIP, with the reservation mechanism the same as that used for IP phones. The ShoreGear-120/24 ports are configured for IP through the **ShoreGear-120/24** edit page.

NOTE If you are installing IP phones in your system, you must assign sufficient ShoreGear-120/24, ShoreGear-60/12, or ShoreGear-40/8 ports to IP phone support before attempting to install and configure IP phones.

NOTE The ShoreGear-120/24, ShoreGear-60/12, and ShoreGear-40/8 are not supported in installations outside the U.S. and Canada.

The ShoreGear-120/24 LEDs are defined below. For information about the connectors, please see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

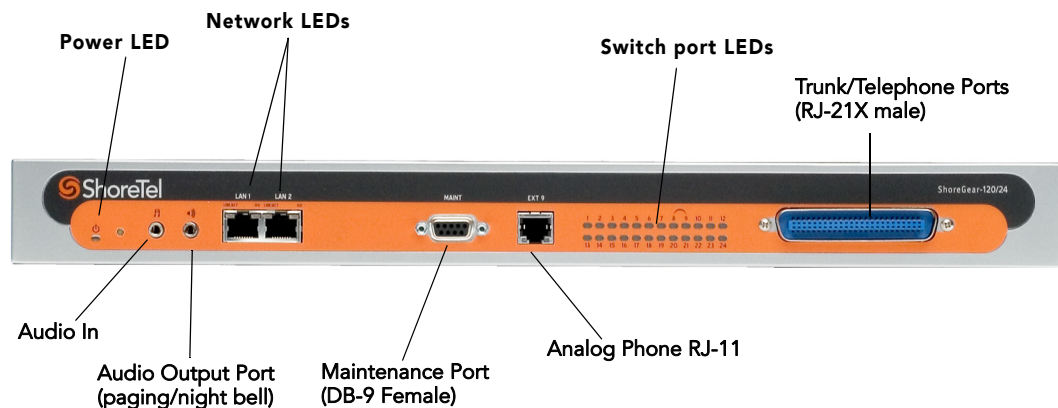


Figure 6-2 ShoreGear-120/24 LEDs

Power LED

The ShoreGear-120/24 has one power LED, which indicates the following:

On	The switch is operating normally.
Off	The switch has no power.
Flashing	<p>2 flashes—The switch failed its internal self-test. This indicates a hardware failure; replace the unit and submit a Return Material Authorization (RMA) to ShoreTel, Inc.</p> <p>3 flashes—Booting via FTP. Flash memory might be corrupted. Go to the Quick Look page to ensure that the system is running properly.</p> <p>4 flashes—The IP address is unavailable. DHCP and BOOTP did not respond to the IP address request, and the IP address is not available in nonvolatile memory to continue boot process. The switch will automatically reboot in five seconds and try again. Check the BOOTP/DHCP server and the network configuration to ensure that the voice switch is receiving a valid IP address.</p>

5 flashes—The operating system is not available. The switch is booting from FTP but cannot find the boot files. It automatically reboots in five seconds. You can use BOOTP or DHCP to tell the switch where the files are. If you are using BOOTP, set the BOOTP server to the IP address of the ShoreWare server, and set the boot file to `/ts24/vxworks`. If you are using a DHCP server that supports options 66 and 67, set option 66 to the ShoreWare server's IP address, and set option 67 to `/ts24/vxworks`.

6 flashes—Using a previously stored IP address. A BOOTP/DHCP transaction was attempted, but the BOOTP/DHCP server did not respond. The switch continues to use the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory until it receives a valid response. If the switch receives a response that provides a different IP address, it reboots using the new IP address. If the switch receives a response that matches the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory, it continues operation, and the power LED stops flashing. If the problem persists, check the BOOTP/DHCP server and network configuration.

Switch Port LEDs

The ShoreGear-120/24 has 24 telephone/trunk port LEDs. The color of the LED indicates the port function:

- **Green** when the port is a telephone port.
- **Yellow** when the port is a trunk port.
- **Off** indicates the port is reserved for IP phones, for conferencing, or is unconfigured.

The following describes the switch port LED behavior and meaning:

Telephone Port LEDs (Green)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When on steady, the port is configured as a telephone port and the telephone is idle. • When flashing with ring cadence, the telephone is ringing. • When flashing slowly, the telephone is off hook. • When flashing fast, the port is in use (call in progress).
Trunk Port LED (Yellow)	<p>When on steady, the port is configured as a trunk port and the trunk is idle.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When flashing slowly, the trunk is off hook. • When flashing fast, the trunk is in use (call in progress).
Port LED Alternating Green/Yellow	<p>The port is out of service. The LED periodically alternates green/yellow or yellow/green. The color of the LED between alternating colors indicates the port type: green for phone and yellow for trunk.</p>
Off (IP phone)	<p>When the LED is off, the port is reserved for IP phones, for conferencing, or is unconfigured.</p>

Network LEDs

The ShoreGear-120/24 network LEDs (LAN1 and LAN2) indicate the speed at which the switch is communicating with the network and whether there is network activity. When you are connecting to both LAN connectors in a redundant network

configuration, one network port will be active and the other will be in standby mode. If one LAN connection fails, the switch automatically changes to the other LAN connection.

The network LED descriptions are as follows:

Link/Activity When lit, this LED indicates that the switch is connected to an Ethernet network.

This LED indicates network activity, as follows:

- When flashing, network activity is detected.
- When on (not flashing), heavy network activity is detected.
- When off, the switch has no power.

NOTE This LED is not directly related to any particular switch's individual network activity. For example, if you have three switches that are connected to the same hub, and one switch's Traffic LED shows activity, the other switches will indicate the same.

100M

- When green, the switch is connected to a 100BaseT network.
- When off, the switch is connected to a 10BaseT network.
- When red, this LAN connection is in standby mode.

ShoreGear-60/12 Voice Switch

The ShoreGear-60/12 supports 12 analog ports: 8 universal telephone/trunk ports and 4 telephony ports. The ShoreGear-60/12 interfaces to standard analog trunks using loop start or wink start signaling, as well as to standard analog telephones, including CLASS feature phones with Caller ID Name and Number, and Message Waiting. When you are connecting to both LAN connectors in a redundant network configuration, one network port will be active and the other will be in standby mode. If one LAN connection fails, the switch automatically changes to the other LAN connection.

The ShoreGear-60/12 can be configured to support up to 60 ShoreTel IP phones (five IP phones per IP phone port). The ShoreGear-60/12 ports can also be used to support SIP, with the reservation mechanism the same as that used for IP phones. The ShoreGear-60/12 ports are configured for IP phone support through the **ShoreGear-60/12** edit page.

NOTE If you are installing IP phones in your system, you must assign sufficient ShoreGear-120/24, ShoreGear-60/12, or ShoreGear-40/8 ports for IP phone support before attempting to install and configure IP phones.

NOTE The ShoreGear-60/12 is not supported in installations outside the U.S. and Canada.

The ShoreGear-60/12 LEDs are defined below. For information about the connectors, please see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

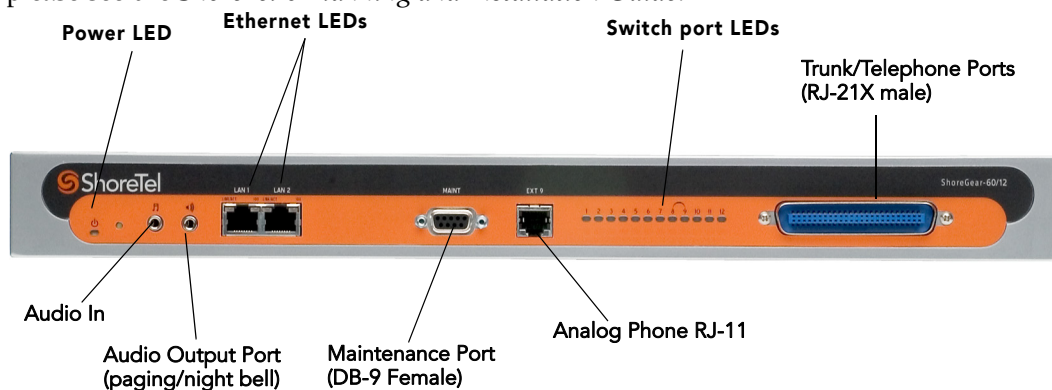


Figure 6-3 ShoreGear-60/12 LEDs

Power LED

The ShoreGear-60/12 has one power LED, which indicates the following:

- | | |
|----------|---|
| On | The switch is operating normally. |
| Off | The switch has no power. |
| Flashing | <p>2 flashes—The switch failed its internal self-test. This indicates a hardware failure; replace the unit and submit a Return Material Authorization (RMA) to ShoreTel, Inc.</p> <p>3 flashes—Bootting via FTP. Flash memory might be corrupted. Go to the Quick Look page to ensure that the system is running properly.</p> <p>4 flashes—The IP address is unavailable. DHCP and BOOTP did not respond to the IP address request, and the IP address is not available in nonvolatile memory to continue boot process. The switch will automatically reboot in five seconds and try again. Check the BOOTP/DHCP server and the network configuration to ensure that the voice switch is receiving a valid IP address.</p> <p>5 flashes—The operating system is not available. The switch is booting from FTP but cannot find the boot files. It automatically reboots in five seconds. You can use BOOTP or DHCP to tell the switch where the files are. If you are using BOOTP, set the BOOTP server to the IP address of the ShoreWare server, and set the boot file to /tsa/vxworks. If you are using a DHCP server that supports options 66 and 67, set option 66 to the ShoreWare server's IP address, and set option 67 to /tsa/vxworks.</p> <p>6 flashes—Using a previously stored IP address. A BOOTP/DHCP transaction was attempted, but the BOOTP/DHCP server did not respond. The switch continues to use the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory until it receives a valid response. If the switch receives a response that provides a different IP address, it reboots using the new IP address. If the switch receives a response that matches the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory, it continues operation, and the power LED stops flashing. If the problem persists, check the BOOTP/DHCP server and network configuration.</p> |

Switch Port LEDs

The ShoreGear-60/12 has 12 telephone/trunk port LEDs. The color of the LED indicates the port function:

- **Green** when the port is a telephone port.
- **Yellow** when the port is a trunk port.
- **Off** indicates the port is reserved for IP phones, for conferencing, or is unconfigured.

The following describes the switch port LED behavior and meaning:

Telephone Port LEDs (Green)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When on steady, the port is configured as a telephone port and the telephone is idle. • When flashing with ring cadence, the telephone is ringing. • When flashing slowly, the telephone is off hook. • When flashing fast, the port is in use (call in progress).
Trunk Port LED (Yellow)	<p>When on steady, the port is configured as a trunk port and the trunk is idle.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When flashing slowly, the trunk is off hook. • When flashing fast, the trunk is in use (call in progress).
Port LED Alternating Green/Yellow	<p>The port is out of service. The LED periodically alternates green/yellow or yellow/green. The color of the LED between alternating colors indicates the port type: green for phone and yellow for trunk.</p>
Off (IP phone)	<p>When the LED is off, the port is reserved for IP phones, for conferencing, or is unconfigured.</p>

Network LEDs

The ShoreGear-60/12 network LEDs (LAN1 and LAN2) indicate the speed at which the switch is communicating with the network and whether there is network activity. When you are connecting to both LAN connectors in a redundant network configuration, one network port will be active and the other will be in standby mode. If one LAN connection fails, the switch automatically changes to the other LAN connection.

The network LED descriptions are as follows:

Link/Activity	When lit, this LED indicates that the switch is connected to an Ethernet network.
----------------------	---

This LED indicates network activity, as follows:

- When flashing, network activity is detected.
- When on (not flashing), heavy network activity is detected.
- When off, the switch has no power.

NOTE This LED is not directly related to any particular switch's individual network activity. For example, if you have three switches that are connected to the same hub, and one switch's Traffic LED shows activity, the other switches will indicate the same.

- 100M
- When green, the switch is connected to a 100BaseT network.
 - When off, the switch is connected to a 10BaseT network.
 - When red, this LAN connection is in standby mode.

ShoreGear-40/8 Voice Switch

The ShoreGear-40/8 (Figure 6-4) supports 8 analog ports: 2 universal telephone/trunk ports, 4 telephone ports, and 2 trunk ports. The ShoreGear-40/8 interfaces to standard analog trunks using loop start or wink start signaling, as well as to standard analog telephones, including CLASS feature phones with Caller ID Name and Number, and Message Waiting. When you are connecting to both LAN connectors in a redundant network configuration, one network port will be active and the other will be in standby mode. If one LAN connection fails, the switch automatically changes to the other LAN connection.

The ShoreGear-40/8 can be configured to support up to 40 ShoreTel IP phones (five IP phones per IP phone port). The ShoreGear-40/8 ports can also be used to support SIP, with the reservation mechanism the same as that used for IP phones. The ShoreGear-40/8 ports are configured for IP phone support through the **ShoreGear-40/8** edit page.

NOTE If you are installing IP phones in your system, you must assign sufficient ShoreGear-120/24 or ShoreGear-40/8 ports to IP phone support before attempting to install and configure IP phones.

NOTE The ShoreGear-40/8 is not supported in installations outside the U.S. and Canada.

The ShoreGear-40/8 LEDs are defined below. For information about the connectors, please see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

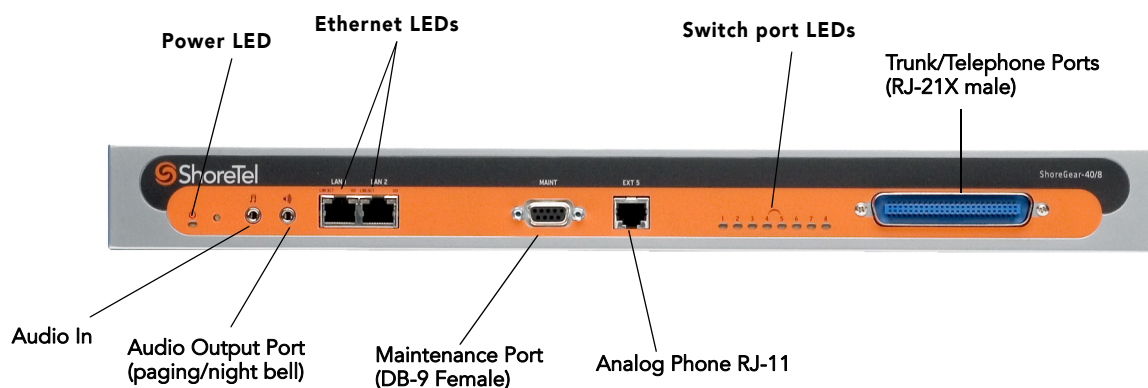


Figure 6-4 ShoreGear-40/8 LEDs

Power LED

The ShoreGear-40/8 has one power LED, which indicates the following:

- | | |
|-----|-----------------------------------|
| On | The switch is operating normally. |
| Off | The switch has no power. |

Flashing	<p>2 flashes—The switch failed its internal self-test. This indicates a hardware failure; replace the unit and submit a Return Material Authorization (RMA) to ShoreTel, Inc.</p> <p>3 flashes—Bootting via FTP. Flash memory might be corrupted. Go to the Quick Look page to ensure that the system is running properly.</p> <p>4 flashes—The IP address is unavailable. DHCP and BOOTP did not respond to the IP address request, and the IP address is not available in nonvolatile memory to continue boot process. The switch will automatically reboot in five seconds and try again. Check the BOOTP/DHCP server and the network configuration to ensure that the voice switch is receiving a valid IP address.</p> <p>5 flashes—The operating system is not available. The switch is booting from FTP but cannot find the boot files. It automatically reboots in five seconds. You can use BOOTP or DHCP to tell the switch where the files are. If you are using BOOTP, set the BOOTP server to the IP address of the ShoreWare server, and set the boot file to <code>/ts24/vxworks</code>. If you are using a DHCP server that supports options 66 and 67, set option 66 to the ShoreWare server's IP address, and set option 67 to <code>/ts24/vxworks</code>.</p> <p>6 flashes—Using a previously stored IP address. A BOOTP/DHCP transaction was attempted, but the BOOTP/DHCP server did not respond. The switch continues to use the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory until it receives a valid response. If the switch receives a response that provides a different IP address, it reboots using the new IP address. If the switch receives a response that matches the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory, it continues operation, and the power LED stops flashing. If the problem persists, check the BOOTP/DHCP server and network configuration.</p>
-----------------	---

Switch Port LEDs

The ShoreGear-40/8 has 8 telephone/trunk port LEDs. The color of the LED indicates the port function:

- **Green** when the port is a telephone port.
- **Yellow** when the port is a trunk port.
- **Off** indicates the port is reserved for IP phones, for conferencing, or is unconfigured.

The following describes the switch port LED behavior and meaning.

Telephone Port LEDs (Green)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When on steady, the port is configured as a telephone port and the telephone is idle. • When flashing with ring cadence, the telephone is ringing. • When flashing slowly, the telephone is off hook. • When flashing fast, the port is in use (call in progress).
Trunk Port LED (Yellow)	<p>When on steady, the port is configured as a trunk port and the trunk is idle.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When flashing slowly, the trunk is off hook. • When flashing fast, the trunk is in use (call in progress).

Port LED Alternating Green/ Yellow	The port is out of service. The LED periodically alternates green/yellow or yellow/green. The color of the LED between alternating colors indicates the port type: green for phone and yellow for trunk.
Off (IP phone)	When the LED is off, the port is reserved for IP phones, for conferencing, or is unconfigured.

Network LEDs

The ShoreGear-40/8 network LEDs (LAN1 and LAN2) indicate the speed at which the switch is communicating with the network and whether there is network activity. When you are connecting to both LAN connectors in a redundant network configuration, one network port will be active and the other will be in standby mode. If one LAN connection fails, the switch automatically changes to the other LAN connection.

The network LED descriptions are as follows:

Link/ Activity	When lit, this LED indicates that the switch is connected to an Ethernet network.
---------------------------	---

This LED indicates network activity, as follows:

- When flashing, network activity is detected.
- When on (not flashing), heavy network activity is detected.
- When off, network activity is not detected.

NOTE This LED is not directly related to any particular switch's individual network activity. For example, if you have three switches that are connected to the same hub, and one switch's Traffic LED shows activity, the other switches will indicate the same.

100M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When green, the switch is connected to a 100BaseT network. • When off, the switch is connected to a 10BaseT network. • When red, this LAN connection is in standby mode.
-------------	--

ShoreGear-T1 Voice Switch

The ShoreGear-T1 (Figure 6-5) provides higher-density trunking to the central office using T1 or PRI signaling. The ShoreGear-T1 can also be used as a gateway to legacy PBX systems. When you are connecting to both LAN connectors in a redundant network configuration, one network port will be active and the other will be in standby mode. If one LAN connection fails, the switch automatically changes to the other LAN connection.

The ShoreGear-T1 LEDs are defined below. For information about the connectors, please see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

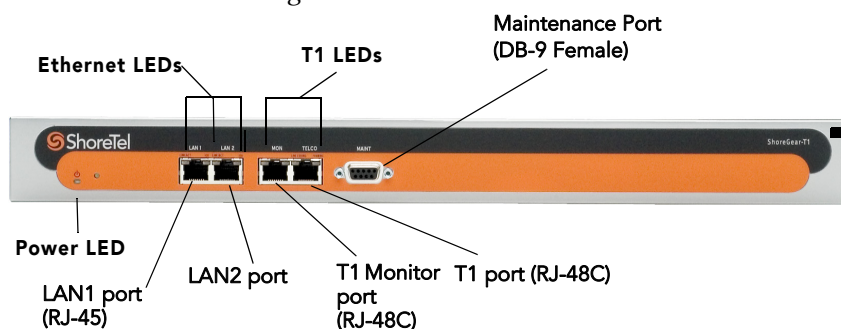


Figure 6-5 ShoreGear-T1 LEDs

Power LED

The ShoreGear-T1 has one power LED, which indicates the following:

On	The switch is operating normally.
Off	The switch has no power.
Flashing	<p>2 flashes—The switch failed its internal self-test. This indicates a hardware failure; replace the unit and submit a Return Material Authorization (RMA) to ShoreTel, Inc.</p> <p>3 flashes—Booting via FTP. Flash memory may be corrupted. Go to the Quick Look page to make sure that the system is running properly.</p> <p>4 flashes—The IP address is unavailable. DHCP and BOOTP did not respond to the IP address request, and the IP address is not available in nonvolatile memory to continue boot process. The switch will automatically reboot in five seconds and try again. Check the BOOTP/DHCP server and the network configuration to ensure that the voice switch is receiving a valid IP address.</p> <p>5 flashes—The operating system is not available. The switch is booting from FTP but cannot find the boot files. It automatically reboots in five seconds.</p>

6 flashes—Using a previously stored IP address. A BOOTP/DHCP transaction was attempted, but the BOOTP/DHCP server did not respond. The switch continues to use the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory until it receives a valid response. If the switch receives a response that provides a different IP address, it reboots using the new IP address. If the switch receives a response that matches the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory, it continues operation, and the power LED stops flashing. If the problem persists, check the BOOTP/DHCP server and network configuration.

Network LEDs

The ShoreGear-T1 network LEDs (LAN1 and LAN2) indicate the speed at which the switch is communicating with the network and whether there is network activity. The network LED descriptions are as follows:

Link/Activity When lit, this LED indicates that the switch is connected to an Ethernet network.

This LED indicates network activity, as follows:

- When flashing, network activity is detected.
- When on (not flashing), heavy network activity is detected.
- When off, network activity is not detected.

NOTE This LED is not directly related to any particular switch's individual network activity. For example, if you have three switches that are connected to the same hub, and one switch's Traffic LED shows activity, the other switches will indicate the same.

100M

- When green, the switch is connected to a 100BaseT network.
- When off, the switch is connected to a 10BaseT network.
- When red, this LAN connection is in standby mode.

Monitor and Telco LEDs

The Monitor and Telco LEDs indicate line coding, network framing, and loopback status. These LEDs are color coded—green, yellow, and red. The Monitor and Telco LED descriptions follow.

NOTE Telco and Monitor LED alarms and errors are logged as switch events in ShoreWare Director's event log.

Line Coding This LED indicates line coding status, as follows:

- When green, the line coding signal is good.
- When yellow, bipolar violations (BPV) are being received at one second intervals.
- When red, a loss of signal (LOS) has occurred.
- When flashing red, loopback is active (local or CO).
- When off, the switch has no power.

Framing This LED indicates network framing status, as follows:

- When green, the T1/E1 signal is *in frame*; the signal is synchronized.
- When yellow, a *yellow alarm* has been received from the Central Office.
- When flashing yellow, the frame-bit error rate has exceeded its limits.
- When flashing slow yellow, a small number of frame-bit errors ($10e^{-6}$) have occurred; this state will take up to 10 minutes to clear.
- When flashing fast yellow, a series of frame-bit errors ($10e^{-3}$) have occurred.
- When red, the T1/E1 signal is out-of-frame (OOF). The received signal cannot be framed to the Extended Superframe (ESF) or D4 format.
- When flashing red, loopback is active (local or CO).
- When off, the switch has no power.

IPBX-24, -12, -Teleworker, -T1, and -E1 Switches

This section describes the connectors and LEDs of the first generation of ShoreGear voice switches. For information on second generation switches, see “SG-120/24, -60/12, -40/8, and -T1 Switches” on page 6-2.

ShoreGear-24 Voice Switch

The ShoreGear-24 (IPBX-24) (Figure 6-6) supports 24 analog ports in a combination of no more than 8 standard trunk ports and 16 analog telephone ports, up to 24. The ShoreGear-24 interfaces to standard analog trunks using loop start or wink start signaling, as well as to standard analog telephones, including CLASS feature phones with Caller ID Name and Number, and Message Waiting.

The ShoreGear-24 can be configured to support up to 120 ShoreTel IP phones (five IP phones per IP phone port). The ShoreGear-24 ports are configured for IP through the **Edit ShoreGear-24** page.

NOTE If you are installing IP phones in your system, you must assign sufficient ShoreGear-24 ports to IP phone support before attempting to install and configure IP phones.

NOTE The ShoreGear-24 does not support analog trunks outside the U.S. and Canada. In addition, the ShoreGear-24 does not support Caller ID, Message Waiting, Fax, and modems outside the U.S. and Canada.

The ShoreGear-24 LEDs are defined below. For information about the connectors, please see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

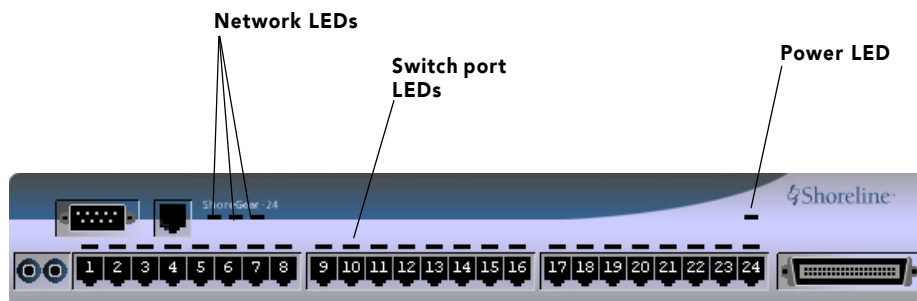


Figure 6-6 ShoreGear-24 LEDs

Power LED

The ShoreGear-24 has one green power LED, which indicates the following:

On	The switch is operating normally.
Off	The switch has no power.
Flashing	<p>2 flashes—The switch failed its internal self-test. This indicates a hardware failure; replace the unit and submit a Return Material Authorization (RMA) to ShoreTel, Inc.</p> <p>3 flashes—Bootting via FTP. Flash memory might be corrupted. Go to the Quick Look page to ensure that the system is running properly.</p> <p>4 flashes—The IP address is unavailable. DHCP and BOOTP did not respond to the IP address request, and the IP address is not available in nonvolatile memory to continue boot process. The switch will automatically reboot in five seconds and try again. Check the BOOTP/DHCP server and the network configuration to ensure that the voice switch is receiving a valid IP address.</p> <p>5 flashes—The operating system is not available. The switch is booting from FTP but cannot find the boot files. It automatically reboots in five seconds. You can use BOOTP or DHCP to tell the switch where the files are. If you are using BOOTP, set the BOOTP server to the IP address of the ShoreWare server, and set the boot file to <code>/ts24/vxworks</code>. If you are using a DHCP server that supports options 66 and 67, set option 66 to the ShoreWare server's IP address, and set option 67 to <code>/ts24/vxworks</code>.</p> <p>6 flashes—Using a previously stored IP address. A BOOTP/DHCP transaction was attempted, but the BOOTP/DHCP server did not respond. The switch continues to use the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory until it receives a valid response. If the switch receives a response that provides a different IP address, it reboots using the new IP address. If the switch receives a response that matches the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory, it continues operation, and the power LED stops flashing. If the problem persists, check the BOOTP/DHCP server and network configuration.</p>

Switch Port LEDs

The ShoreGear-24 has 24 telephone/trunk port LEDs. The color of the LED indicates the port function:

- **Green** when the port is a telephone port.
- **Yellow** when the port is a trunk port.
- **Off** indicates the port is reserved for IP phones, for conferencing, or is unconfigured.

The following describes the switch port LED behavior and meaning:

Telephone Port LEDs (Green)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When on steady, the port is configured as a telephone port and the telephone is idle. • When flashing with ring cadence, the telephone is ringing. • When flashing slowly, the telephone is off hook. • When flashing fast, the port is in use (call in progress).
Trunk Port LED (Yellow)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When on steady, the port is configured as a trunk port and the trunk is idle. • When flashing slowly, the trunk is off hook. • When flashing fast, the trunk is in use (call in progress).
Port LED (Red)	When on, the port is out of service.
Off (IP phone)	When the LED is off, the port is reserved for IP phones, for conferencing, or is unconfigured.

Network LEDs

The ShoreGear-24 network LEDs indicate the speed at which the switch is communicating with the network and whether there is network activity.

The network LED descriptions are as follows:

Link	When lit, the switch is connected to an Ethernet network.
100M	When lit, the switch is connected to a 100BaseT network. When off, the switch is connected to a 10BaseT network.
Traffic	<p>This LED indicates network activity, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When flashing, network activity is detected. • When on (not flashing), heavy network activity is detected. • When off, network activity is not detected.

NOTE This LED is not directly related to any particular switch's individual network activity. For example, if you have three switches that are connected to the same hub, and one switch's Traffic LED shows activity, the other switches will indicate the same.

IPBX-12 Port Voice Switch

The IPBX-12 (Figure 6-7) supports 12 universal analog ports: telephone/trunk ports. The ShoreGear-12 interfaces to standard analog trunks using loop start or wink start signaling, as well as to standard analog telephones, including CLASS feature phones with Caller ID Name and Number, and Message Waiting.

NOTE The ShoreGear-12 is supported only in the United States.

The ShoreGear-12 LEDs are defined below. For information about the connectors, please see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

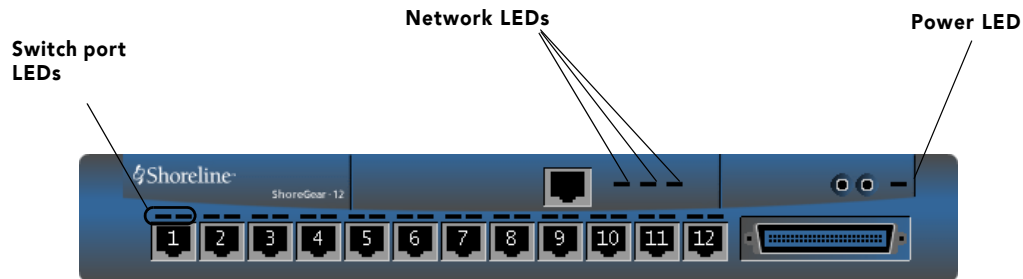


Figure 6-7 IPBX-12 LEDs

Power LED

The IPBX-12 has one green power LED, which indicates the following:

On	The switch is operating normally.
Off	The switch has no power.
Flashing	<p>2 flashes—The switch failed its internal self-test. This indicates a hardware failure; replace the unit and submit a Return Material Authorization (RMA) to ShoreTel, Inc.</p> <p>3 flashes—Bootting via FTP. Flash memory may be corrupted. Go to the Quick Look page to make sure that the system is running properly.</p> <p>4 flashes—The IP address is unavailable. DHCP and BOOTP did not respond to the IP address request, and the IP address is not available in nonvolatile memory to continue boot process. The switch will automatically reboot in five seconds and try again. Check the BOOTP/DHCP server and the network configuration to ensure that the voice switch is receiving a valid IP address.</p>

5 flashes—The operating system is not available. The switch is booting from FTP but cannot find the boot files. It automatically reboots in five seconds. You can use BOOTP or DHCP to tell the switch where the files are. If you are using BOOTP, set the BOOTP server to the IP address of the ShoreWare server, and set the boot file to `/ts12/vxworks`. If you are using a DHCP server that supports options 66 and 67, set option 66 to the ShoreWare server's IP address, and set option 67 to `/ts12/vxworks`.

6 flashes—Using a previously stored IP address. A BOOTP/DHCP transaction was attempted, but the BOOTP/DHCP server did not respond. The switch continues to use the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory until it receives a valid response. If the switch receives a response that provides a different IP address, it reboots using the new IP address. If the switch receives a response that matches the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory, it continues operation, and the power LED stops flashing. If the problem persists, check the BOOTP/DHCP server and network configuration.

Switch Port LEDs

The IPBX-12 has two LEDs for each switch port. The LED on the left indicates trunk activity when the port is configured as a trunk port; the LED on the right indicates telephone activity when the port is configured as a telephone port.

The LEDs are described as follows:

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Both | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When both LEDs are off, the port has not been configured. • When both LEDs are flashing, the port is out of service. |
| Trunk LED (left) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When on, the port is configured as a trunk port. • When flashing fast, the trunk is in use (call in progress). |
| Telephone LED (right) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When on, the port is configured as a telephone port. • When flashing slowly, the telephone is off hook. • When flashing with ring cadence, the telephone is ringing. • When flashing fast, the telephone is in use (call in progress). |

Network LEDs

The IPBX-12 switch's network LEDs indicate the speed at which the switch is communicating with the network and whether there is network activity. The network LED descriptions are as follows:

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| 10M | When lit, this LED indicates that the switch is connected to a 10BaseT network. |
| 100M | When lit, this LED indicates that the switch is connected to a 100BaseT network. |

Traffic This LED indicates total network activity, as follows:

- When flashing, network activity is detected.
- When on (not flashing), heavy network activity is detected.
- When off, no network activity is detected.

NOTE If you have three switches that are connected to the same hub, and one switch's Traffic LED shows activity, the other switches will indicate the same.

ShoreGear-Teleworker (IPBX-TW) Voice Switch

The ShoreGear-Teleworker (IPBX-TW) (Figure 6-8) provides four universal analog ports for remote teleworkers.

NOTE The ShoreGear-Teleworker is supported only in the U.S. and Canada.

The ShoreGear-Teleworker LEDs are defined below. For information about the connectors, please see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

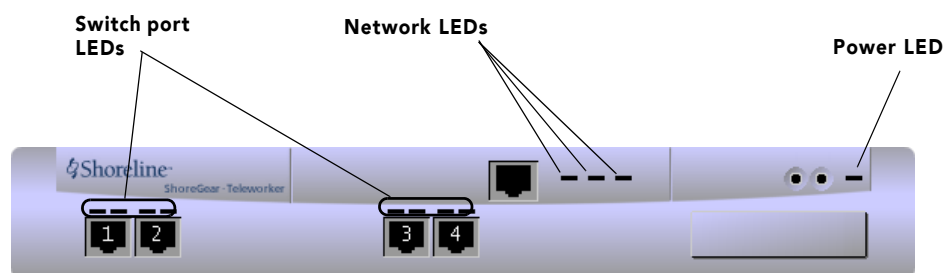


Figure 6-8 ShoreGear-Teleworker LEDs

Power LED

The ShoreGear-Teleworker (IPBX-TW) has one green power LED, which indicates the following:

On	The switch is operating normally.
Off	The switch has no power.
Flashing	<p>2 flashes—The switch failed its internal self-test. This indicates a hardware failure; replace the unit and submit a Return Material Authorization (RMA) to ShoreTel, Inc.</p> <p>3 flashes—Booting via FTP. Flash memory may be corrupted. Go to the Quick Look page to make sure that the system is running properly.</p>

4 flashes—The IP address is unavailable. DHCP and BOOTP did not respond to the IP address request, and the IP address is not available in nonvolatile memory to continue boot process. The switch will automatically reboot in five seconds and try again. Check the BOOTP/DHCP server and the network configuration to ensure that the voice switch is receiving a valid IP address.

5 flashes—The operating system is not available. The switch is booting from FTP but cannot find the boot files. It automatically reboots in five seconds. You can use BOOTP or DHCP to tell the switch where the files are. If you are using BOOTP, set the BOOTP server to the IP address of the ShoreWare server, and set the boot file to `/ts1/vxworks`. If you are using a DHCP server that supports options 66 and 67, set option 66 to the ShoreWare server's IP address, and set option 67 to `/ts1/vxworks`.

6 flashes—Using a previously stored IP address. A BOOTP/DHCP transaction was attempted, but the BOOTP/DHCP server did not respond. The switch continues to use the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory until it receives a valid response. If the switch receives a response that provides a different IP address, it reboots using the new IP address. If the switch receives a response that matches the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory, it continues operation, and the power LED stops flashing. If the problem persists, check the BOOTP/DHCP server and network configuration.

Switch Port LEDs

The ShoreGear-Teleworker (IPBX-TW) has two green LEDs for each switch port. The LED on the left indicates trunk activity when the port is configured as a trunk port; the LED on the right indicates telephone activity when the port is configured as a telephone port.

The LEDs are described as follows:

- | | |
|--|---|
| Both | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When both LEDs are off, the port has not been configured. • When both LEDs are flashing, the port is out of service. |
| Trunk LED
(left/green) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When on, the port is configured as a trunk port. • When flashing fast, the trunk is in use (call in progress). |
| Telephone LED
(right/green) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When on, the port is configured as a telephone port. • When flashing slow, the telephone is off hook. • When flashing with ring cadence, the telephone is ringing. • When flashing fast, the telephone is in use (call in progress). |

Network LEDs

The ShoreGear-Teleworker (IPBX-TW) network LEDs indicate the speed at which the switch is communicating with the network and whether there is network activity.

The network LED descriptions are as follows:

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| 10M | When lit, this LED indicates that the switch is connected to a 10BaseT network. |
| 100M | When lit, this LED indicates that the switch is connected to a 100BaseT network. |
| Traffic | <p>This LED indicates total network activity, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When flashing, network activity is detected. • When on (not flashing), heavy network activity is detected. • When off, no network activity is detected. |

NOTE If you have three switches that are connected to the same hub, and one switch's Traffic LED shows activity, the other switches will indicate the same.

ShoreGear-T1 and ShoreGear-E1 Voice Switch

The ShoreGear-T1 (Figure 6-9) provides higher-density trunking to the central office using T1 or PRI signaling. The ShoreGear-E1 provides higher-density trunking using E1 PRI signaling.

The ShoreGear-T1 and ShoreGear-E1 can also be used as a gateway to legacy PBX systems.

The ShoreGear-T1 and ShoreGear-E1 LEDs are defined below. For information about the connectors, please see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

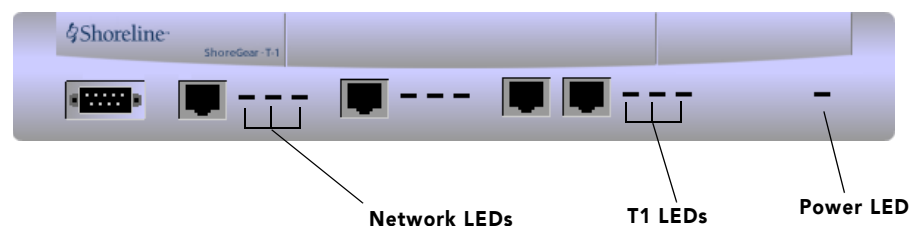


Figure 6-9 ShoreGear-T1 and ShoreGear-E1 LEDs

Power LED

The ShoreGear-T1 and ShoreGear-E1 have one red power LED, which indicates the following:

On	The switch is operating normally.
Off	The switch has no power.
Flashing	<p>2 flashes—The switch failed its internal self-test. This indicates a hardware failure; replace the unit and submit a Return Material Authorization (RMA) to ShoreTel, Inc.</p> <p>3 flashes—Booting via FTP. Flash memory may be corrupted. Go to the Quick Look page to make sure that the system is running properly.</p> <p>4 flashes—The IP address is unavailable. DHCP and BOOTP did not respond to the IP address request, and the IP address is not available in nonvolatile memory to continue boot process. The switch will automatically reboot in five seconds and try again. Check the BOOTP/DHCP server and the network configuration to ensure that the voice switch is receiving a valid IP address.</p> <p>5 flashes—The operating system is not available. The switch is booting from FTP but cannot find the boot files. It automatically reboots in five seconds.</p> <p>6 flashes—Using a previously stored IP address. A BOOTP/DHCP transaction was attempted, but the BOOTP/DHCP server did not respond. The switch continues to use the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory until it receives a valid response. If the switch receives a response that provides a different IP address, it reboots using the new IP address. If the switch receives a response that matches the IP address stored in nonvolatile memory, it continues operation, and the power LED stops flashing. If the problem persists, check the BOOTP/DHCP server and network configuration.</p>

Network LEDs

The network LEDs indicate the speed at which the switch is communicating with the network and whether there is network activity. The network LED descriptions are as follows:

Link	When lit, this LED indicates that the switch is connected to an Ethernet network.
100M	<p>When lit, this LED indicates that the switch is connected to a 100BaseT network.</p> <p>When off, this LED indicates that the switch is connected to a 10BaseT network.</p>

Traffic This LED indicates network activity, as follows:

- When flashing, network activity is detected.
- When on (not flashing), heavy network activity is detected.
- When off, network activity is not detected.

NOTE This LED is not directly related to any particular switch's individual network activity. For example, if you have three switches that are connected to the same hub, and one switch's Traffic LED shows activity, the other switches will indicate the same.

T1 and E1 LEDs

The T1 and E1 LEDs indicate line coding, network framing, and loopback status. These LEDs are color coded—green, yellow, and red. The T1 and E1 LED descriptions follow.

NOTE T1 and E1 LED alarms and errors are logged as switch events in ShoreWare Director's event log.

Line Coding This LED indicates line coding status, as follows:

- When green, the line coding signal is good.
- When yellow, bipolar violations (BPV) are being received at one second intervals.
- When red, a loss of signal (LOS) has occurred.
- When off, the switch has no power.

Framing This LED indicates network framing status, as follows:

- When green, the T1/E1 signal is *in frame*; the signal is synchronized.
- When yellow, a *yellow alarm* has been received from the CO.
- When flashing yellow, the frame-bit error rate has exceeded its limits.
- When flashing slow yellow, a small number of frame-bit errors ($10e^{-6}$) have occurred; this state will take up to 10 minutes to clear.
- When flashing fast yellow, a number of frame-bit errors ($10e^{-3}$) have occurred.
- When red, the T1/E1 signal is out-of-frame (OOF). The received signal cannot be framed to the Extended Superframe (ESF) or D4 format.
- When off, the switch has no power.

Loopback This LED indicates loopback status for testing, as follows:

- When yellow, loopback is enabled. This may be set from within ShoreWare Director or from the CO.
- When off, loopback is disabled.

Before You Begin

Before you begin configuring your switches in ShoreWare Director, you must determine the IP and MAC address assignments for each voice switch. Please refer to the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide* for more information about getting an IP address for each voice switch.

Here are the items that you need before you begin configuring your switches:

- Name of each voice switch you are configuring.
- Internet Protocol (IP) address of each switch.
- Ethernet address (MAC address) of each switch.

NOTE The Ethernet address (MAC address) is printed on the ShoreGear voice switch rear panel.

IP Phone and Make Me Conference Support

If your system is using IP phone or you want to use the Make Me conferencing feature, you must allocate ports on ShoreGear-120/24, -60/12, and -40/8 Switches accordingly. Each switch port allocated to IP phones will support approximately five IP phones.

NOTE Make Me conference is used when a SIP trunk is involved in a conference call with three or more participants. All the Make Me conference settings are valid in this situation. Although only three parties are involved in a conference call involving a SIP trunk, four Make Me conference ports are reserved as this is an enforced rule for all Make Me calls.

NOTE If you do not reserve sufficient ports for IP phones on the switches, some or all IP phones will not be recognized or supported by the ShoreTel 6.1 system. For more information in ShoreTel system requirements, see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

Switches List Page

To invoke the Switches list page (see Figure 6-10), click **Switches** from the navigation frame.

Name	Description	Site	Server	Type	IP Address	MAC Address	IP Phones In Use	IP Phones Capacity	SIP Trunks In Use	SIP Trunks Capacity	Conference Capacity	Hunt Groups	Mus Sou
101 Fuji-24	Top of stack HQ	Headquarters	Headquarters	120/24	10.2.29.20	00-10-49-00-22-A4	45	45	1	10	6	1	Yes
103 Bottom SG-24	Bottom SG-24 HQ	Headquarters	Headquarters	120/24	10.2.29.25	00-10-49-00-0A-14	20	25	0	0	5	0	No
201 Middle SG-24	Middle of stack RM	Remote1	Remote1	120/24	10.2.29.31	00-10-49-00-20-A7	4	65	0	0	5	0	Yes
301 - Top Fuji8 - TW	top Fuji8 TW sw	UK - Teleworker Site	Remote1	40/8	10.2.29.23	00-10-49-00-22-C6	0	5	0	10	4	1	No
ATT PRI1 switch	HQ PRI 10 13	Headquarters	Headquarters	T1	10.2.10.13	00-10-49-BB-1E-D5	0	0	0	0	0	0	No
Att T1	Att T1 - 10 11	Headquarters	Headquarters	T1	10.86.10.11	00-10-49-00-14-B9	0	0	0	0	0	0	No
e911	e911	Headquarters	Headquarters	T1	10.86.29.19	00-10-49-00-11-77	0	0	0	0	0	0	No
HQ softSwitch	HQ svr softSwitch	Headquarters	Headquarters	SW	10.2.29.27		0	0	0	0	0	0	No
husafudge	ATT PRI	Headquarters	Headquarters	T1	10.86.10.14	00-10-49-00-1E-D5	0	0	0	0	0	0	No
OSE T1	Tie line to 10.2.28	Headquarters	Headquarters	T1	10.86.29.17	00-10-49-00-05-18	0	0	0	0	0	0	No
RM ipbx 12	RM ipbx 12 sw 28 11	Remote1	Remote1	12	10.86.28.11	00-10-49-00-03-D0	0	0	0	0	0	0	No
RM1 softSwitch	Remote1 softSwitch	Remote1	Remote1	SW	10.2.29.14		0	0	0	0	0	0	No

Figure 6-10 Switches List Page

The **Switches** list page includes information about the ShoreGear switches that are configured at your site. To add a new voice switch, simply select the associated site and type of voice switch, and then click **Go**. The **Switch** edit page appears.

The table columns on the **Switches** list page are as follows:

Name	This is the name of the switch. Clicking a name takes you to the Switch edit page, where you can modify the switch configuration.
Description	This describes the switch. It is an optional entry that typically tells where the switch is located or describes how it is used. For example, the switch's description might indicate the wiring closet where the switch is located.
Site	This is the name of the site where the switch is located.
Server	This is the name of server configured to manage the switch.
Type	This is the type of switch.
IP Address	This is the switch's IP address.
MAC Address	This is the switch's Ethernet MAC address.
IP Phones In Use	This is the number of IP phones connected through the switch.
IP Phone Capacity	This is the number of IP phones the switch can support based on the number of ports reserved for IP phones.
SIP Trunks In Use	This is the number of SIP trunks connected through the switch.
SIP Trunks Capacity	This is the number of SIP trunks the switch can support based on the number of ports reserved.
Conference Capacity	The number of ports reserved for Make Me conferences.
Hunt Groups	Shows the number of hunt groups the switch is hosting.
Music Source	This indicates whether there is a music source for music-on-hold.

ShoreGear-120/24, 60/12, 40/8 Configuration

This section explains how to add new switches to your ShoreTel system and how to edit existing switch configurations. From the **Switches** list page, click **Go** to add a new voice switch, or click the name of an existing voice switch to change its configuration.

The ShoreGear-120/24 Switch edit page is shown in Figure 6-11.

Switches

Edit ShoreGear-120/24 Switch

New

Copy

Save

Delete

Reset

Help

Edit this record

Refresh this page

Name:

101 Fuji-24

Description:

Top of stack HQ

Site:

Headquarters

IP Address:

10.2.29.20

Find Switches

Ethernet Address:

00-10-49-00-22-A4

Server to Manage Switch:

Headquarters

Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID):

(e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

☒ Music On Hold Source

ShoreTel

LAN 1 LAN 2 MAINT EXT 9

ShoreGear-120/24

101 Fuji-24

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

Port	IP Phones	Conference	SIP Trunks	Description	Jack Number	Location
1 Edit	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SMDI		
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	p02		
3 Edit	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SMDI		

Figure 6-11 ShoreGear-120/24 Edit Page

ShoreGear-120/24, -60/12, -40/8 Parameters

Parameters that appear on the ShoreGear-120/24, -60/12, and -40/8, Switch edit pages are summarized together as follows:

- Name

This is the name of the voice switch.
- Description

This describes the switch. It is an optional entry that typically tells where the switch is located or describes how it is used. For example, the switch's description might indicate the wiring closet where the switch is located.
- Site

This describes the site where the switch is located. This is a read-only parameter. If you want to move the switch to another site, you must move all the associated users and trunks, delete the switch from the current site, and add the switch to the new site.

IP Address	<p>This is the switch's IP address.</p> <p>If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is running, click Find Switches and select an IP address from the Find Switch dialog box. This also adds the switch's MAC address in the Ethernet Address field. If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is not running, you must enter the switch's IP address and MAC address manually in the text-entry field.</p>
Find Switches	<p>This button invokes the Find Switch dialog box. It automatically finds all voice switches of the associated type on the network.</p> <p>This feature works only when the switch is on the same subnet as the ShoreWare server. The server IP address is given to the voice switch via DHCP/ BOOTP or via a serial port command line entry.</p>
Ethernet Address	<p>This is the switch's Ethernet address. It is the MAC address printed on the switch's rear panel.</p> <p>If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is running, and you clicked Find Switches to select an IP address from the Find Switch dialog box, the switch's MAC address was added at the same time in the Ethernet Address field. If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is not running, you must enter the switch's MAC address manually in the text-entry field.</p>
Server to Manage Switch	This is the server that manages this switch. Select from the drop-down list.
Caller's Emergency Service Notification (CESID)	This is the telephone number sent to the service provider when a user dials an emergency services number (e.g., 911 in the U.S.). Refer to Appendix B, "Emergency 911 Operations" for more information.
Music On Hold Source	This enables the music-on-hold port. Check this box to enable or disable this feature.

Details:

- You need to have one music-on-hold source per site.
- To save bandwidth, music is not available between sites across the WAN.
- The Music On Hold Source checkbox enables and disables music on hold for all trunks (including SIP trunks). It acts globally and cannot be applied to one specific type of trunk.
- Enabling or disabling MOH for a switch only affects the local region associated with that switch. If MOH is enabled for a remote site but the headquarters switch has MOH disabled, then people calling into the headquarters switch will not hear music when placed on hold. Callers who dial into the remote site will, of course, hear music when placed on hold.
- Remember to connect a music source (such as a CD player) to the Music On Hold jack on the front panel of the switch.

The switch port graphical view appears at the bottom of the **ShoreGear-120/24**, **-60/12**, and **-40/8** edit pages. The port, IP phone (for ShoreGear-120/24, ShoreGear-60/12, ShoreGear-8, and IPBX-24), Conference, SIP trunks, description, jack number, and location are displayed. Clicking a telephone or trunk port link takes you to the **Port** edit page for the associated port.

TIP You can jump to the **Edit User** page by clicking the **Edit** link in the port column.

On the **ShoreGear-T1** and **ShoreGear-E1 Switch** edit pages, click the channel number to get to the **Port** edit page.

NOTE If your system is using IP phones or SIP trunks, you must allocated switch ports to support these devices/trunks.

Parameters

The parameters that appear on the **Port** edit page are as follows:

Description	This is the descriptive name for the switch port you are viewing.
Type	This shows what type of line is connected to the port: Loop-Start trunk, DID trunk, or telephone.
Jack #	This is the patch-panel jack number that is associated with the trunk's switch port.

In addition, the ShoreGear-T1 and ShoreGear-E1 pages display the transmit and receive gain settings.

Adding a ShoreGear-120/24, -60/12, -40/8

To add a new ShoreGear-120/24, -60/12, or -40/8 switch to the ShoreTel system or to edit an existing switch configuration:

- Step 1** To add a new switch, select the associated site and type of voice switch from the **Switches** list page and click **Go**.
- Step 2** If you are adding a new switch, enter its name in the **Name** field. If you are adding a new switch from a record that you copied, replace the existing name with a new one.
- Step 3** If you are adding a new switch, enter a descriptive name for the switch in the **Description** field. If you are adding a new switch from a record that you copied, replace the existing description with a new one, if applicable.
- Step 4** Select a site name from the **Site** drop-down list.
- Step 5** If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is running, click **Find Switches** and select an IP address from the **Find Switch** dialog box. This also adds the switch's MAC address in the **Ethernet Address** field.

NOTE The Find Switches feature will only find switches on the subnet of the server. You must manually type in the IP and Ethernet address for remote switches.

If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is not running, enter the switch's IP address manually in the **IP Address** field and enter the switch's MAC address in the **Ethernet Address** field.

- Step 6** If the switch will be used to support IP phones, select the ports you want to dedicate to IP support (ShoreGear-120/24, ShoreGear-60/12, ShoreGear-40/8, or IPBX-24 only).

- Step 7** If the switch will be used to support Make Me conferencing, select the ports you want to dedicate to conferencing support. Reserve as many ports as you need to support the maximum number of conferences you will permit to occur simultaneously. For example, if you will allow two three-way calls at the same time, reserve 6 ports. The minimum number of ports that can be reserved for Make Me conferencing is four.
- Step 8** If the switch will be used as a music-on-hold source, enable it by clicking the **Music Source** check box.
- Step 9** Click **Save** to save the configuration. The new switch is added to the table in the **Switches** page. If you modified an existing switch configuration, the table will be updated.

NOTE After you save your configuration, ports are allocated for the switch, and a graphical view of the switch ports appears. When you click a host name from the table in the **Switches** page, this view appears automatically.

ShoreGear-T1 Configuration

The ShoreGear-T1 Switch edit page is shown in Figure 6-12.

Switches
Edit ShoreGear-T1 Switch

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[* modified](#)

Edit this record [Refresh this page](#)

Name:

Description:

Site:

IP Address: [Find Switches](#)

Ethernet Address:

Server to Manage Switch:

Type: ☒ T1
☐ T1 PRI User
☐ T1 PRI Network
☐ T1 QSIG Master
☐ T1 QSIG Slave

Central Office Type:

☐ Enable Outbound Calling Name

Framing Format: ☒ ESF ☐ D4

Line Code: ☒ B8ZS ☐ AMI

Clock Source: ☒ Slave ☐ Master

Line Build Out: dB (feet)

Channel	Trunk Group	Name/Number	Jack #	Tx Gain (dB)	Rx Gain (dB)	
1	Available			0	0	Fill Down
2	Available			0	0	
3	Available			0	0	
4	Available			0	0	
5	Available			0	0	

Figure 6-12 ShoreGear-T1 Switch Edit Page

ShoreGear-T1 Parameters

Descriptions for the parameters that appear on the **ShoreGear-T1 Switch** edit page are as follows:

Name	This is the name of the voice switch.
Description	This describes the switch. It is an optional entry that typically tells where the switch is located or describes how it is used. For example, the switch's description might indicate the wiring closet where the switch is located.
Site	This describes the site where the switch is located. This is a read-only parameter. If you want to move the switch to another site, you must move all the associated trunks, delete the switch from the current site, and add the switch to the new site.
IP Address	<p>This is the switch's IP address.</p> <p>If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is running, click Find Switches and select an IP address from the Find Switch dialog box. This also adds the switch's MAC address in the Ethernet Address field. If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is not running, you must enter the switch's IP address and MAC address manually in the text-entry field.</p>
Find Switches	<p>This button invokes the Find Switch dialog box. It will automatically find all voice switches of the associated type on the network.</p> <p>This feature works only when the switch is on the same subnet as the ShoreWare server. The server IP address is given to the voice switch via DHCP/ BOOTP or via a serial port command line entry.</p>
Ethernet Address	<p>This is the switch's Ethernet address. It is the MAC address printed on the switch's rear panel.</p> <p>If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is running, and you clicked Find Switches to select an IP address from the Find Switch dialog box, the switch's MAC address was added at the same time in the Ethernet Address field. If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is not running, you must enter the switch's MAC address manually in the text-entry field.</p>
Server to Manage Switch	This is the server that manages this switch. Select from the drop-down list.

Type	<p>This determines the type of signaling the ShoreGear-T1 will facilitate: T1, T1 PRI User, T1 PRI Network, T1 QSIG Master or T1 QSIG Slave.</p> <p>T1 uses in-band signaling where a portion of the bearer channel is used for A/B bit signaling, emulating on-hook and off-hook conditions.</p> <p>T1 PRI User and T1 PRI Network (Primary Rate Interface (PRI 23B+D)) is used in conjunction with ISDN signaling configurations. It provides a single D-channel for controlling 23 bearer channels. You can designate the T1 trunk as being User or Network side.</p> <p>The QSIG protocol handles the signaling between digital PBXs for ISDN, handling the basic signaling functions of call setup, handshaking, and call teardown, and thus allowing PBXs from different third-party vendors to communicate and interoperate.</p> <p>Whereas PRI employs the concept of a "user" and a "network" to determine which network entity is controlling the D-link channel, QSIG uses a similar "master" and "slave" concept to determine the relationship between network elements.</p> <p>Select the appropriate T1 QSIG Master or T1 QSIG Slave radio button, depending on which type of signaling the ShoreGear-T1 will facilitate.</p>
Central Office Type	<p>This provides support for the following types of Central Offices (COs):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DMS-100 • 4ESS • 5ESS • National ISDN-2 (NI-2) <p>Select an appropriate CO type from the drop-down list. The default is 4ESS.</p>
Enable Outbound Caller Name	<p>This sends the caller name with the caller ID for outbound calls. The default is disabled.</p>
Framing Format	<p>This is the ShoreGear-T1 switch's framing format. Depending on the type of T1 service provided by your telephone company's CO, select either ESF or D4.</p> <p>The system default is ESF.</p>
Line Code	<p>This is the ShoreGear-T1 switch's line code. Depending on the type of T1 service provided by your telephone company's CO, select either B8ZS or AMI.</p> <p>The system default is B8ZS.</p>

Clock Source	<p>This is the ShoreGear-T1 switch's clock source. Depending on the type of T1 service provided by your telephone company's CO, select either Slave or Master. Typically the ShoreGear-T1 is slave to the central office.</p> <p>The system default is Slave.</p>
Line Build Out	<p>This drop-down list provides a list of T1 trunk line distances, specified in decibels (dB) and in feet. Select the appropriate line code from the drop-down list.</p>
Channel	<p>This lets you configure each of the ShoreGear-T1's channels:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trunk Group—This drop-down list lets you associate the channel to a specific trunk group. The ShoreTel system supports fractional T1 and PRI. You only need to configure the channels you need or have ordered. • Name/Number—This lets you enter the channel's telephone number or extension. • Jack #—This lets you assign a patch panel jack number to the channel. • Tx Gain (db)—This is the amount of gain added to the received digital signal. The default is 0db and may need to be changed based on your service. • Rx Gain (db)—This is the amount of gain added to the transmitted digital signal. The default is 0db and may need to be changed based on your service. <p>The Fill Down button, when clicked, will populate the switch with the same trunk group, the current name with the channel number in parentheses.</p>

Adding a ShoreGear-T1

To add a switch to the ShoreTel system or edit an existing switch configuration:

- Step 1** To add a new switch, select the associated site and pick ShoreGear-T1 from the list and click **Go**.
- Step 2** If you are adding a new switch, enter its name in the **Name** field. If you are adding a new switch from a record that you copied, replace the existing name with a new one.
- Step 3** If you are adding a new switch, enter a descriptive name for the switch in the **Description** field. If you are adding a new switch from a record that you copied, replace the existing description with a new one.
- Step 4** If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is running, click **Find Switches** and select an IP address from the **Find Switch** dialog box. This also adds the switch's MAC address in the **Ethernet Address** field.

If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is not running, enter the switch's IP address manually in the **IP Address** field and enter the switch's MAC address manually in the **Ethernet Address** field.

Step 5 Determine the type of service the ShoreGear-T1 switch will provide by clicking either the **T1**, **T1 PRI User**, or **T1 PRI Network** button in the **Type** parameter.

WARNING If you change the **Type** setting, the switch automatically reboots when you click **Save**.

Step 6 Select the type of CO support that the ShoreGear-T1 switch will support from the **Central Office Type** drop-down list.

Step 7 If you selected T1 PRI in Step 5, select the appropriate signaling rate by clicking either of the D-Channel Rate buttons.

Step 8 Depending on the type of T1 service provided by your telephone company, click either the **ESF** or the **AMI** framing format button.

Step 9 Depending on the type of T1 service provided by your telephone company, click either the **B8ZS** or the **AMI** line code button.

Step 10 Depending on the type of T1 service provided by your telephone company, click either the **Slave** or the **Master Clock Source** button.

Step 11 Select the appropriate **Line Build Out** distance from the drop-down list.

Step 12 Assign a trunk group, name/number, and patch-panel jack number to each T1 channel, or click **Fill Down** to configure all channels with the same trunk group and name.

Step 13 Click **Save** to save the configuration. The new switch is added to the table in the **Switches** page. If you modified an existing switch configuration, the table will be updated.

ShoreGear-E1 Configuration

The ShoreGear-E1 Switch edit page is shown in Figure 6-13.

Switches
[New](#)
[Copy](#)
[Save](#)
[Delete](#)
[Reset](#)
[Help](#)

Edit ShoreGear-E1 Switch
* modified

[Edit this record](#)
[Refresh this page](#)

Name:

Description:

Site:

IP Address: [Find Switches](#)

Ethernet Address:

Server to Manage Switch:

Type:
☒ E1 PRI User
☐ E1 PRI Network

Central Office Type:

Framing Format:
☒ CRC-4 Enabled
☐ CRC-4 Disabled

Line Code: ☒ HDB3

Clock Source:
☒ Slave
☐ Master

Channel	Trunk Group	Name/Number	Jack #	Tx Gain (db)	Rx Gain (db)
1	Framing			2.0	-2.0
2	Primary			2.0	-2.0
3	Available			2.0	-2.0
4	Available			2.0	-2.0
5	Available			2.0	-2.0
6	Available			2.0	-2.0
7	Available			2.0	-2.0
8	Available			2.0	-2.0
9	Available			2.0	-2.0
10	Available			2.0	-2.0
11	Available			2.0	-2.0
12	Available			2.0	-2.0
13	Available			2.0	-2.0
14	Available			2.0	-2.0
15	Available			2.0	-2.0
16	Available			2.0	-2.0
17	D-Channel			2.0	-2.0
18	Available			2.0	-2.0
19	Available			2.0	-2.0
20	Available			2.0	-2.0
21	Available			2.0	-2.0
22	Available			2.0	-2.0
23	Available			2.0	-2.0
24	Available			2.0	-2.0
25	Available			2.0	-2.0
26	Available			2.0	-2.0
27	Available			2.0	-2.0
28	Available			2.0	-2.0
29	Available			2.0	-2.0
30	Available			2.0	-2.0
31	Available			2.0	-2.0
32	Available			2.0	-2.0

[Fill Down](#)

Figure 6-13 ShoreGear-E1 Switch Edit Page

ShoreGear-E1 Parameters

Descriptions for parameters that appear on the **ShoreGear-E1 Switch** edit page follow:

Name	This is the name of the voice switch.
Description	This describes the switch. It is an optional entry that typically tells where the switch is located or describes how it is used. For example, the switch's description might indicate the wiring closet where the switch is located.
Site	This describes the site where the switch is located. This is a read-only parameter. If you want to move the switch to another site, you must move all the trunks, delete the switch from the current site, and add the switch to the new site.
IP Address	<p>This is the switch's IP address.</p> <p>If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is running, click Find Switches and select an IP address from the Find Switch dialog box. This also adds the switch's MAC address in the Ethernet Address field. If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is not running, you must enter the switch's IP address and MAC address manually in the text-entry field.</p>
Find Switches	<p>This button invokes the Find Switch dialog box. It will automatically find all voice switches on the network of the associated type.</p> <p>This feature works only when the switch is on the same subnet as the ShoreWare Server. The server IP address is given to the voice switch via DHCP/ BOOTP or via a serial port command line entry.</p>
Ethernet Address	<p>This is the switch's Ethernet address. It is the MAC address printed on the switch's rear panel.</p> <p>If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is running, and you clicked Find Switches to select an IP address from the Find Switch dialog box, the switch's MAC address was added at the same time in the Ethernet Address field. If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is not running, you must enter the switch's MAC address manually in the text-entry field.</p>
Server to Manage Switch	This is the server that manages this switch. Select from the drop-down list.
Type	<p>This determines the type of signaling the ShoreGear-E1 will facilitate: E1 PRI User or E1 PRI Network.</p> <p>E1 PRI User and E1 PRI Network (Primary Rate Interface (PRI 30B+D)) is used in conjunction with ISDN signaling configurations. It provides a single D-channel for controlling 23 bearer channels. You can designate the E1 trunk as being User or Network side.</p>
Central Office Type	The ShoreGear-E1 supports a single signaling type per country, which is typically Euro-ISDN(TBR4) . This is a read-only parameter.

Framing Format	The ShoreGear-E1 uses CRC-4 framing format. This is a read-only parameter.
Line Code	The ShoreGear-E1 uses HDB3 line code. This is a read-only parameter.
Clock Source	<p>This is the ShoreGear-E1 switch's clock source. Depending on the type of E1 service provided by your telephone company's CO, select either Slave or Master. Typically the ShoreGear-E1 is slave to the central office.</p> <p>The system default is Slave.</p>
Channel	<p>This lets you configure each of the ShoreGear-E1's channels. Note that Channel 1 is reserved for framing and Channel 17 for D-Channel signaling.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trunk Group—This drop-down list lets you associate the channel to a specific trunk group. The ShoreTel system supports fractional E1 PRI. You only need to configure the channels you need or have ordered. • Name/Number—This lets you enter the channel's telephone number or extension. • Jack #—This lets you assign a patch panel jack number to the channel. • Tx Gain (db)—This is the amount of gain added to the received digital signal. The default is +2db and may need to be changed based on your service. • Rx Gain (db)—This is the amount of gain added to the transmitted digital signal. The default is -2db and may need to be changed based on your service. <p>The Fill Down button, when clicked, will populate the switch with the same trunk group, the current name with the channel number in parentheses.</p>

Adding a ShoreGear-E1

To add a switch to the ShoreTel system or edit an existing switch configuration:

- Step 1** To add a new switch, select the associated site and pick ShoreGear-E1 from the list and click **Go**.
- Step 2** If you are adding a new switch, enter its name in the **Name** field. If you are adding a new switch from a record that you copied, replace the existing name with a new one.
- Step 3** If you are adding a new switch, enter a descriptive name for the switch in the **Description** field. If you are adding a new switch from a record that you copied, replace the existing description with a new one.
- Step 4** If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is running, click **Find Switches**, and select an IP address from the **Find Switch** dialog box. This also adds the switch's MAC address in the **Ethernet Address** field.

If your DHCP/ BOOTP server is not running, enter the switch's IP address manually in the **IP Address** field and enter the switch's MAC address manually in the **Ethernet Address** field.

- Step 5** Depending on the type of E1 service provided by your telephone company, click either the **Slave** or the **Master Clock Source** button.
- Step 6** Assign a trunk group, name/number, and patch-panel jack number to each E1 channel, or click **Fill Down** to configure all channels with the same trunk group and name.
- Step 7** Click **Save** to save the configuration. The new switch is added to the table in the **Switches** page. If you modified an existing switch configuration, the table will be updated.

NOTE When adding a ShoreGear voice switch to a network server you may need to manually power-cycle the voice switch to cause a software upgrade.

SoftSwitch

SoftSwitch is used to host virtual users who are not assigned a physical telephone port on any ShoreGear voice switch. The SoftSwitch is used to host all voice mail, auto-attendant, and workgroup extensions as well as route points. A SoftSwitch is automatically created for every server added to the ShoreTel system. The server will be listed as a SoftSwitch on the Switches list page.

To access the **SoftSwitch** edit page (Figure 6-14), click the name of the SoftSwitch from the **Switches** list page.

Switches	
Edit SoftSwitch	
Save Reset Help	
Edit this record	Refresh this page
Name:	ShoreDoc-HQ
Description:	ShoreDoc-HQ
Site:	Headquarters
IP Address:	10.7.0.35
Go to Server page to change IP Address	

Figure 6-14 SoftSwitch Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters that appear on the **SoftSwitch** edit page are as follows:

- Name** This is the name of the SoftSwitch. The default name is SoftSwitch, but you can change the name to suit your system.
- Description** This is a descriptive name of the SoftSwitch.
The description of the SoftSwitch can be changed.

Site	<p>This is the location of the SoftSwitch. This is a read-only parameter, and cannot be changed. The SoftSwitch is always located at the main site.</p> <p>The name of the main site is defaulted to “Headquarters,” but can be changed via the Site edit page.</p>
IP Address	<p>This read-only field is the IP address of the switch supporting the SoftSwitch. Change the IP address from the Server page.</p>

Replacing a ShoreGear Voice Switch

If you need to replace a voice switch, the following procedure is recommended:

- Step 1** Make sure you are ready to deliver an IP address to the new voice switch.

If you are using DHCP, the voice switch will request a new IP address at power up.

If you are using the BOOTP server on the ShoreWare server, create a new entry on the BOOTP server page.

- Step 2** Physically install the new voice switch. Power-on the new voice switch. A new IP address will be requested by the switch.

- Step 3** In ShoreWare Director, open the **Switch** edit page for the existing voice switch that is being replaced. Click **Find Switches** to discover the new voice switch. Select the voice switch and save.

If the switch is on a different subnet of the ShoreWare server, Find Switches will not work and you must manually type in the IP and MAC addresses.

- Step 4** Unplug the port connections (telephones, trunks) from the existing voice switch and plug them into the new voice switch.

- Step 5** In ShoreWare Director, go to the **Quick Look** page to confirm that the voice switch comes back on line. This could take one or two minutes.

Configuring Trunks

This chapter provides instructions for configuring trunk groups and trunks from ShoreWare Director.

The sections included in this chapter are:

- Overview
- Trunks
- Individual Trunks

The expanded **Trunks** link in the navigation frame is shown in Figure 7-1.

Overview

Before you begin, you should understand the different trunk types and trunk features that are supported on the ShoreTel system.

- A very thorough description of the types of trunks and their associated features is included in the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*, Chapter 5, “Trunk Planning and Ordering.”
- A detailed description of how the dialing plan, network call routing, and digit manipulation operates is included in the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*, Chapter 6, “Dialing Plan and Network Call Routing.”

NOTE For more information about the features supported outside the U.S. and Canada, refer to the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*, Appendix A, “International Planning and Installation.”

A very brief summary of the information from the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide* is presented here.

Trunk Types

Trunks provide a connection from the ShoreTel system to a service provider for the purpose of making and taking calls to and from external parties. The ShoreTel system supports ten ShoreGear voice switches and seven trunk types tailored for specific applications. Table 7-1 shows which trunk types are supported on which voice switch.

Table 7-1 Voice Switches and Trunk Types

Voice Switch	Analog Loop Start	Digital Loop Start	Analog Wink Start	Digital Wink Start	T1 PRI	E1 PRI	SIP
ShoreGear-120/24	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
ShoreGear-60/12	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
ShoreGear-40/8	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
ShoreGear-Teleworker	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
ShoreGear-T1	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
ShoreGear-E1	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
IPBX-24	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
IPBX-12	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
IPBX-T1	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
IPBX-E1	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No

Trunk Features

The ShoreTel system supports several trunk types and trunk features. It is very important to understand the features available on these trunks, since some services are mutually exclusive. Table 7-2 shows each trunk type and the associated features.

Table 7-2 Features by Trunk Type

Feature	Analog Loop Start	Digital Loop Start	Analog Wink Start	Digital Wink Start	T1 PRI	E1 PRI	SIP
Inbound:							
Caller ID Number	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Caller ID Name	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes ^a	Yes ^a	Yes
Automatic Number Identification (ANI)	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Direct Inward Dial (DID)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dialed Number Identification Service (DNIS)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Outbound:							
Caller ID Blocked	Yes (CO)	Yes (CO)	N/A	Yes (CO)	Yes	Yes	No
Caller ID Unblocked	Yes (CO)	Yes (CO)	N/A	Yes (CO)	Yes	Yes	No
Caller ID Blocking Override (*67, *82)	Yes	Yes	N/A	No	Yes	No	No

- a. Caller ID Names are only available on T1 PRI and E1 PRI trunks when configured as NI-2. Outbound Caller ID Names are only delivered for calls to off-system extensions.

- Yes (CO)—This feature is provided by the central office (CO) rather than the ShoreTel system.
- N/A—Outbound calls are not supported on Analog Wink Start trunks.

Setting Up Trunks

Click **Trunk Groups** under the **Trunks** link in the navigation frame to invoke the **Trunk Groups** list page, as shown in Figure 7-1.

Trunk Groups Help						
Add new trunk group at site: <input type="text" value="Headquarters"/> of type: <input type="text" value="SIP"/> Go						
Name	Type	Site	Trunks	DID	Destination	Access Code
Analog Loop Start	Analog Loop Start	Headquarters	0	No	818-5777	9
ATT DID Incoming	Digital Wink Start	Headquarters	8	Yes	818-5777	9
ATT Pri1 Trk Grp	PRI	Headquarters	46	Yes	818-5777	9
ATT T1 2way E&M	Digital Wink Start	Headquarters	8	Yes	818-5777	0
ble T1	Digital Wink Start	Headquarters	0	Yes	818-5777	9
Digital Loop Start	Digital Loop Start	Headquarters	0	No	818-5777	9
Digital Wink Start	Digital Wink Start	Headquarters	8	No	818-5777	9

Figure 7-1 Trunk Groups List Page

The columns in the **Trunk Groups** list page follow:

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| Name | This is the name of an existing trunk group. Clicking a name invokes the Trunk Group edit page, where you can edit the trunk group configuration. |
| Type | This is the type of trunk group. |
| Site | This is the site of the trunk group. Note that a trunk group cannot span sites. For information about configuring sites, refer to Chapter 3 “ShoreTel Sites”. |
| Trunks | This is the number of trunks in the trunk group. |
| DID | This column shows whether the trunk supports DID. The trunk group supports at least one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DID • DNIS • Extension |
| Destination | This is the destination where incoming calls are routed. This may be the auto-attendant, the operator, or an individual user’s extension. According to the options you have set, incoming calls are routed, in the order they are listed, to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DNIS • DID • Extension • Destination |

Destination is always available as the last choice for routing.

Access Code This displays the access code for the trunk group.

Add or Edit a Trunk Group

To add a new trunk group, on the **Trunk Groups** list page, specify a site from the **Add new Trunk Group at site** drop-down list, select a trunk group type from the **of type** drop-down list, and click **Go**. To edit an existing trunk group, click a trunk group from the list of trunk groups in the **Name** column on the **Trunk Groups** list page.

When you add a new trunk group or click the name of an existing trunk group from the **Trunk Groups** list page, the appropriate **Trunk Group** edit page appears. Figure 7-2 shows the **T1 PRI Trunk Group** edit page, which is a superset of all the other **Trunk Group** edit pages except the **E1 Trunk Group** edit page and the **SIP Trunk Group** edit page.

Trunk Groups
Edit SIP Trunk Group

New Copy Save Delete Reset Help

Edit this record Refresh this page * modified

Name: New Trunk Group

Site: Headquarters

Language: English(US)

☒ Teleworkers

☒ Enable SIP Info for G.711 DTMF Signaling

☐ Enable Digest Authentication

User ID:

Password:

Inbound:

Number of Digits from CO:

☒ DNIS [Edit DNIS Map](#)

☒ DID [Edit DID Range](#)

☐ Extension

☐ Translation Table: <None>

☐ Prepend Dial In Prefix:

☐ Use Site Extension Prefix

☐ Tandem Trunking

User Group:

Prepend Dial In Prefix:

Destination: 4701 : Default [Search](#)

☒ **Outbound:**

Network Call Routing:

Access Code:

Local Area Code:

Additional Local Area Codes: [Edit](#)

Nearby Area Codes: [Edit](#)

Trunk Services:

☒ Local

☒ Long Distance

☒ International

☒ n11 (e.g. 411, 611, except 911 which is specified below)

☒ 911

☒ Easy Recognizable Codes (ERC) (e.g. 800, 888, 900)

☒ Explicit Carrier Selection (e.g. 1010xxx)

☒ Operator Assisted (e.g. 0+)

☒ Caller ID not blocked by default

Trunk Digit Manipulation:

☐ Remove leading 1 from 1+10D

Hint: Required for some long distance service providers.

☐ Remove leading 1 for Local Area Codes (for all prefixes unless a specific local prefix list is provided below)

Hint: Required for some local service providers with overlay area codes.

☒ Dial 7 digits for Local Area Code (for all prefixes unless a specific local prefix list is provided below)

Hint: Local prefixes required for some local service providers with mixed 7D and 1+10D in the same home area.

Local Prefixes: [Go to Local Prefixes List](#)

Prepend Dial Out Prefix:

Off System Extensions: [Edit](#)

Translation Table: <None>

Figure 7-2 Trunk Group Edit Page

The parameters are defined as follows:

Name	This is the name of the new or existing trunk group.
Site	The Name of the site of the trunk group is displayed.
Language	Select the language for the trunk group from the drop-down list.
Teleworkers	<p>Note: This parameter only appears when editing SIP trunk groups.</p> <p>When this check box is enabled, third-party SIP devices will use the public network for transmitting audio on intersite calls, while the signaling will use intersite bandwidth. If not selected, the call audio will use intersite bandwidth.</p>
Enable SIP Info for G.711 DTMF Signaling	<p>Note: This parameter only appears when editing SIP trunk groups.</p> <p>Enable this check box when using third-party SIP devices that do not support DTMF negotiation via RFC 2833. If the device does not support RFC 2833 and this check box is not enabled, DTMF negotiation will fail.</p>
Enable Digest Authentication	<p>Note: This parameter only appears when editing SIP trunk groups.</p> <p>Enable this check box when using dynamic SIP trunks to provide enhanced security via User ID and Password authentication.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User ID—This is the user ID associated with the third-party SIP device. • Password—This is the password associated with the third-party SIP device.

Inbound Settings

The **Inbound** settings let you route inbound calls to a single destination, or route calls to a specific destination using DID and DNIS digits.

Number of Digits from the CO	<p>This specifies the maximum number of digits expected from the central office (for User PRI configured trunks). Digit collection terminates when the maximum number of digits are received, when the digit collection time-out is reached, or when an exact match is found.</p> <p>Network PRI trunks connected to legacy PBXs collect digits from the legacy PBX side. When the ShoreTel system detects a trunk access code, it ignores the Number of Digits from the CO parameter and routes the call according to the dialing plan.</p>
DNIS	When DNIS is checked, click Edit DNIS Map to add or delete entries in the DNIS Map.

DID	When DID is checked, click Edit DID Range to add or edit the DID Range as well as view the DID Digit Map.
Extension	<p>If you check this option, calls will route directly to the extension based on the digits received from the central office without any additional configuration. This is very useful when configuring a tie trunk connected to a legacy PBX. Note that the extension length must match the number of digits from the CO.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Translation Table—When using the On-Net Dialing feature, this parameter allows you to specify a digit translation table that is used to strip one or more digits from calls between two systems with extensions of different lengths. • Prepend Dial In Prefix—When using the On-Net Dialing feature, this parameter allows you to add one or more digits to calls between two systems with extensions of different lengths. • Use Site Extension Prefix—When using the On-Net Dialing feature, this parameter allows you to specify a site extension prefix that will be added to calls from a system that does not have a prefix to another system that does have a prefix.
Tandem Trunking	<p>Tandem trunking allows legacy voice systems to utilize a ShoreTel system for outbound dialing. The ShoreTel system supports network-side PRI, allowing ShoreTel systems to flexibly support digital tie trunks to other systems.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User Group—Tandem calls are associated with a user group for outbound trunk selection. Inbound calls that are recognized as tandem calls are then redirected to an outbound trunk based on the call permissions and trunk group access associated with the user group set in Director. • Prepend Dial In Prefix—When needed, you can specify a “dial in prefix” which is pre-pended to digits collected on tandem calls. The concatenated set of digits is then be used in outbound trunk selection for the tandem call.
Destination	You must enter a destination. All inbound calls are routed to a specific extension (user, workgroup, route point) or to a specific menu. If you selected other destination options, this is the last choice destination.

NOTE Inbound calls first try to match a DNIS entry, then a DID entry, followed by an Extension entry, and finally Tandem Trunking. If no match is found, the inbound call will be routed to the destination you set. If you create a trunk group, the destination will be the default auto-attendant.

NOTE An individual trunk group cannot have the overlapping DID or DNIS numbers (received digits).

NOTE Users, Menus, Workgroups, and Route Points can have one DID number but multiple DNIS entries.

Outbound Settings

Network Call Routing

When enabled using the **Outbound** check box, this lets you configure the following trunk group **Network Call Routing** options:

- **Access Code**—Enter the appropriate trunk access code for this trunk group. This is typically “9” in the U.S. and Canada.
- **Local Area Code**—Enter the local area code for this trunk group. This area code is used for Network Call Routing as well as Digit Manipulation.
- **Additional Local Area Codes**—Click **Edit** to enter any additional area codes that are typically associated with overlay area codes. These additional local area codes are used for Network Call Routing as well as Digit Manipulation.
- **Nearby Area Codes**—Click **Edit** to enter area codes that are considered nearby, or “free”, for this trunk group. The nearby area codes are used for Network Call Routing.

Trunk Services

This parameter lets you configure the trunk group for the outbound services described below. Unless specified, if an option is not enabled, the trunk group does not provide that service.

- **Local**—Click this check box to enable local calls.
- **Long Distance**—Click this check box to enable long-distance calls.
- **International**—Click this check box to enable international calls.
- **n11** (e.g., 411 or 611, but not 911, which is specified below)—Click this check box to enable telephone service calls, such as directory assistance.
- **911**—Click this check box to enable emergency 911 calls.

NOTE You must have at least one trunk group per site that allows 911 calls.

- **Easy Recognizable Codes (ERC)** (e.g., 800, 888, 900)—Click this check box to enable services such as toll-free dialing.
- **Explicit Carrier Selection** (e.g., 1010xxx)—Click this check box to enable dialing special numbers that let the caller select a long-distance carrier.
- **Operator Assisted** (e.g., 0+)—Click this check box to enable the trunk group to dial the operator.
- **Called ID not blocked by default**—Click this check box to pass Caller ID information by default on outbound calls. To block all calls, clear this option. Note that in the United States, the user can override this option with Vertical Service Codes.

Trunk Digit Manipulation

This parameter lets you control how the trunk group manipulates the telephone number before outputting the digits to the central office.

Remember that all North American numbers are converted into

1+10-digit format internally before being passed to the trunk group for digit manipulation.

- **Remove leading 1 from 1+10D**—Click this check box to drop the leading “1”. Dialing only ten digits is required by some long-distance service providers.
- **Remove leading 1 for Local Area Codes** (for all prefixes unless a specific local prefix list is provided below)—Click this check box to drop the leading “1” for the local area codes (Local and Additional Local). Dialing only ten digits for local area codes, particularly with overlay area codes, is required by some local service providers. If a local prefix list provided, the leading “1” is removed for the all entries in the list.
- **Dial 7 digits for Local Area Code** (for all prefixes unless a specific local prefix list is provided below)—Click this check box to enable the trunk to dial local numbers in the local area code with seven digits. This is required by some local service providers.
If a local prefix list provided, seven digits are dialed for all entries in the list (Local Area Code only, not Additional Local Area Codes).

Local Prefixes

Click the **Go to Local Prefixes List** link to view, add, and edit the local prefixes for your sites. When you are using a local prefix list, all prefixes not listed are considered “long distance” and calls to these numbers require a long distance trunk service.

You can import local prefixes from a CSV file. For more information, see “Importing Local Prefixes” on page 7-10.

Prepend this Dial Out Prefix Select a prefix from the drop-down list. It will be pre-pended to the dial-out string resulting from the other rules. A dial-out prefix is typically required when connecting to, and leveraging the trunks on, a legacy PBX.

NOTE The Dial Out Prefix is not applied to Off-System Extension calls.

Off-System Extensions Click **Edit** to add or edit any ranges of extensions that can be accessed through this trunk group. This is typically used when setting up a tie trunk to a legacy PBX and configuring coordinated extension dialing. See also “Creating AMIS Systems” on page 11-6.

NOTE The Dial Out Prefix and Digit Manipulation rules are not applied to Off-System Extensions.

Translation Table Specify the digit translation table that is used to strip one or more digits from calls between two systems with extensions of different lengths.

NOTE ShoreTel does not apply inbound digit treatment to digit strings beginning with a trunk access code (such as 9) as would occur in tie trunk configurations. Digit strings beginning with a trunk access code are routed according to the dial plan.

NOTE A user group named Account Codes Service is created for use by the Account Codes Service. It is not available for assignment to users but it may be edited.

Importing Local Prefixes

You can import or export local prefixes in CSV format. Local prefix lists can be purchased or obtained free from various web sites.

To import local prefixes from a CSV file:

Step 1 Click **Go to Local Prefixes List** from the Trunk Groups edit page. If no local prefix lists are defined, the **Local Prefixes** edit page appears as shown in Figure 7-3.

The screenshot shows the 'Local Prefixes' configuration page. At the top, there's a title 'Local Prefixes' followed by 'Save', 'Import...', 'Export...', and 'Reset' buttons. Below this is 'Edit Local Prefix'. A blue bar contains 'Edit this record' and 'Refresh this page'. The 'Name:' field is set to 'Nevada County'. Under 'Local prefixes:', there's a large empty box for listing prefixes, with 'New...', 'Edit...', and 'Remove' buttons to its right.

Figure 7-3 Local Prefixes Edit Page

If a local prefix list already exists, the **Local Prefix** list page appears as shown in Figure 7-4. Click **Add New List**.



Figure 7-4 Local Prefixes List Page

Step 2 Click **Import**. The **Local Prefixes Import** dialog box appears as shown in Figure 7-5.



Figure 7-5 Local Prefixes Import Dialog Box

Step 3 Enter the path and name of the file you want to import or click **Browse** to search for the file.

Step 4 Click **Upload**. The **Local Prefixes** edit page appears as shown below.

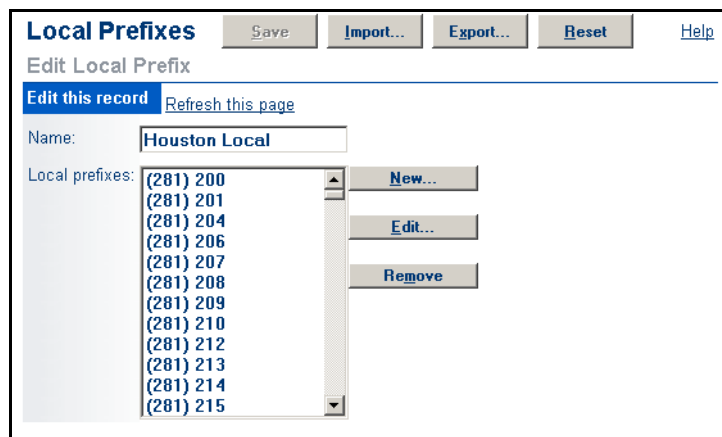


Figure 7-6 Local Prefixes Edit Page, Populated

Step 5 Edit the list as needed. You can re-name the list and add, edit, or remove prefixes.

Step 6 Click **Save**. The list you created is now available from the **Local Prefix** drop-down list.

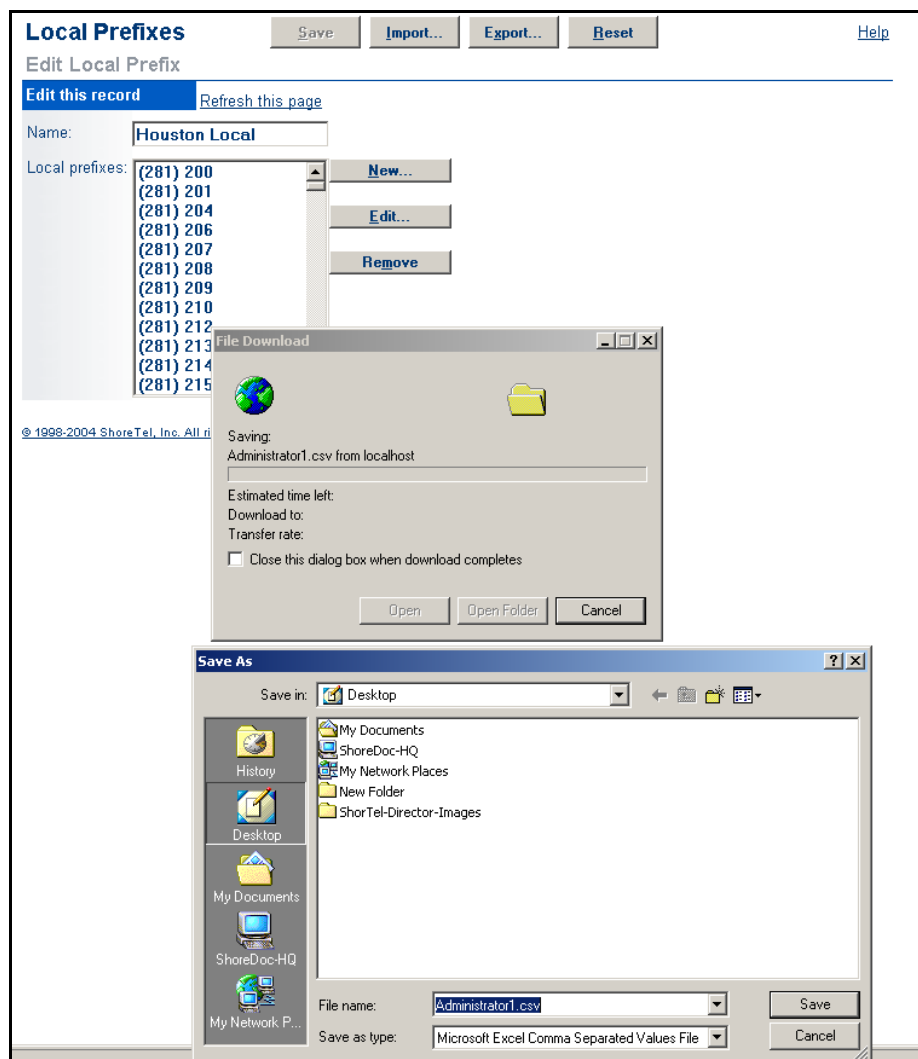


Figure 7-7 Saving the CSV File

To export a prefix list:

- Step 1** Click **Go to Local Prefixes List** from the Trunk edit page. If a local prefix lists already exist, the **Local Prefix** list page appears as shown in Figure 7-3.
- Step 2** Click the list you want to export. The **Local Prefixes** edit page appears as shown in Figure 7-3.
- Step 3** Click **Export**. Your web browser opens the file in a new window. Select **File>Save As** and save the web page as a TXT file (see Figure 7-7).
- Step 4** Click **Save**.

Edit DID Range

To set a DID range, click **Edit DID Range** from the appropriate **Edit Trunk Group** page to invoke the **DID Range** page (Figure 7-8).

DID Range
Analog DID Group

[Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

Base Phone Number	# Phone Numbers
+1 (408) 555-1000	100

[Add this record](#) +1 (408) 444-1000 100 [Delete](#)

[View DID Digit Map](#)

Figure 7-8 DID Range Page

For each block of DID numbers, enter the base phone number and the number of phone numbers supplied by that block in the appropriate fields, and click **Add this record**. When finished, click **Save**. You can configure multiple ranges per trunk group.

To view the currently configured DID Digit Map (Figure 7-9), click **View DID Digit Map**. From here, you can view pertinent information about each DID number in the ShoreTel system.

DID Digit Map
for Analog DID Group

DID Number	Received Digits	Destination
+1 (213) 333-0001	0001	Adam Ant
+1 (213) 333-0002	0002	Donald Duck
+1 (213) 333-0003	0003	Johnathan Seagull
+1 (213) 333-0004	0004	Ernie Els
+1 (213) 333-0005	0005	Greta Garbo

Figure 7-9 DID Digit Map

Edit DNIS Digit Map

To edit the DNIS Digit Map, click **Edit DNIS Map** from the appropriate **Trunk Group** edit page to invoke the **DNIS Digit Map** edit page (Figure 7-10).

DNIS Digit Map
XO PRI

[Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

Received Digits	Dialed Number	Destination
3925	fifirfir	Swarna

[Add this record](#) ☒ Extension [Search](#)

☐ Off System 5000 to 5999

Figure 7-10 DNIS Digit Map Edit Page

For each DNIS entry, enter the digits you expect from the service provider when this number is dialed in the **Received Digits** field. Then, type a meaningful name into the **Dialed Number** field. This can be a mix of digits and alphabetic characters. This friendly description will be presented in the Personal Call Manager and CDR Reports.

Select a **Destination** extension using the **Search** button and then click **Add this record**.

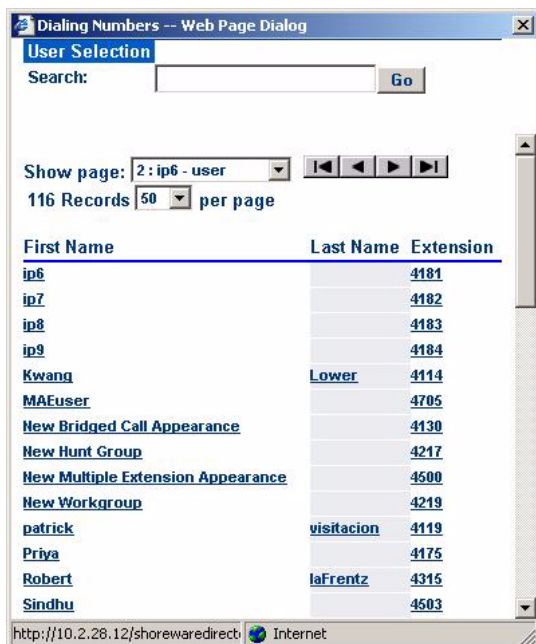


Figure 7-11 Selecting a Destination

You can also select an off-system extension to which calls will be routed. First select an extension range and then enter the extension in the text box.

When finished, click **Save**.

Additional Local Area Codes

To configure additional local area codes, click the associated button on the **Trunk Group** edit page (see Figure 7-2). The **Addition Local Area Codes** dialog box appears (see Figure 7-12).

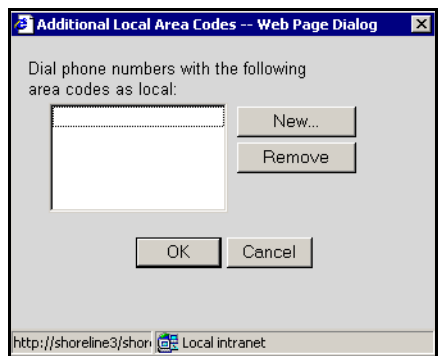


Figure 7-12 Additional Local Area Codes Dialog

Click **New** to add a new additional local area code and **Remove** to delete one.

Nearby Area Codes

To configure nearby area codes, click the associated button on the **Trunk Group** edit page (see Figure 7-2). The **Nearby Area Codes** dialog box appears (see Figure 7-12).

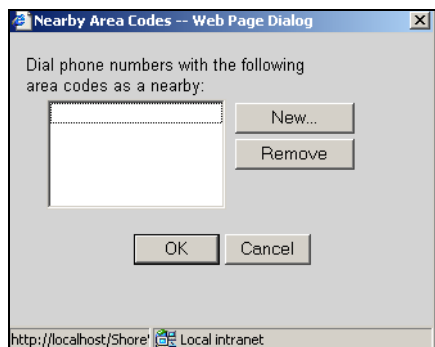


Figure 7-13 Nearby Area Codes Dialog

Click **New** to add a nearby area code and **Remove** to delete one.

Prefix Exceptions

To configure the local prefixes list, click the link **Go to Local Prefixes List** located near the bottom of the **Trunk Group** edit page (see Figure 7-2). The Local Prefixes dialog box is presented.

NOTE If you click **Delete**, changes take place immediately.

To configure local prefixes, click **add new list** or an existing list to bring up the Local Prefixes dialog box (see Figure 7-14).

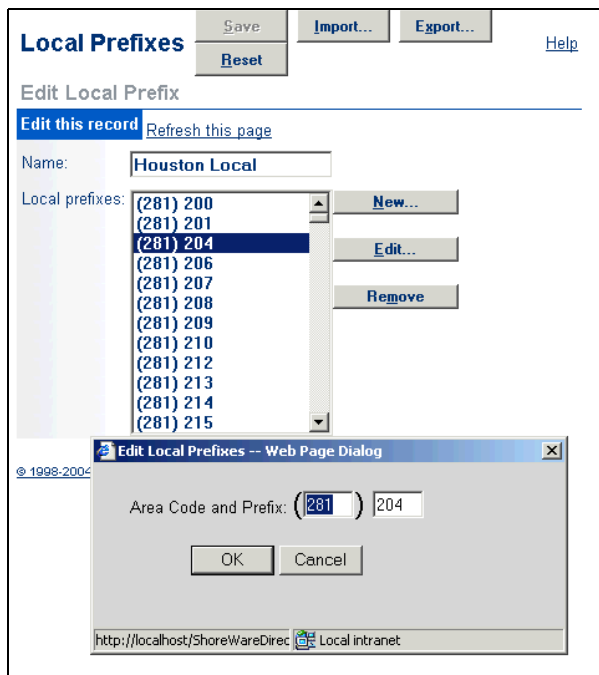


Figure 7-14 Local Prefixes Dialog Box

NOTE Changes take place when you click **OK** within the Local Prefixes dialog.

Off-System Extensions

If you are using off-system extensions, you can list them by clicking the Edit button on the Trunk Group edit page. Off-system extensions are typically used when setting up a tie trunk to a legacy PBX and configuring coordinated extension dialing. Also refer to “Creating AMIS Systems” on page 11-6. Figure 7-15 shows the dialog boxes used to define ranges of extensions.

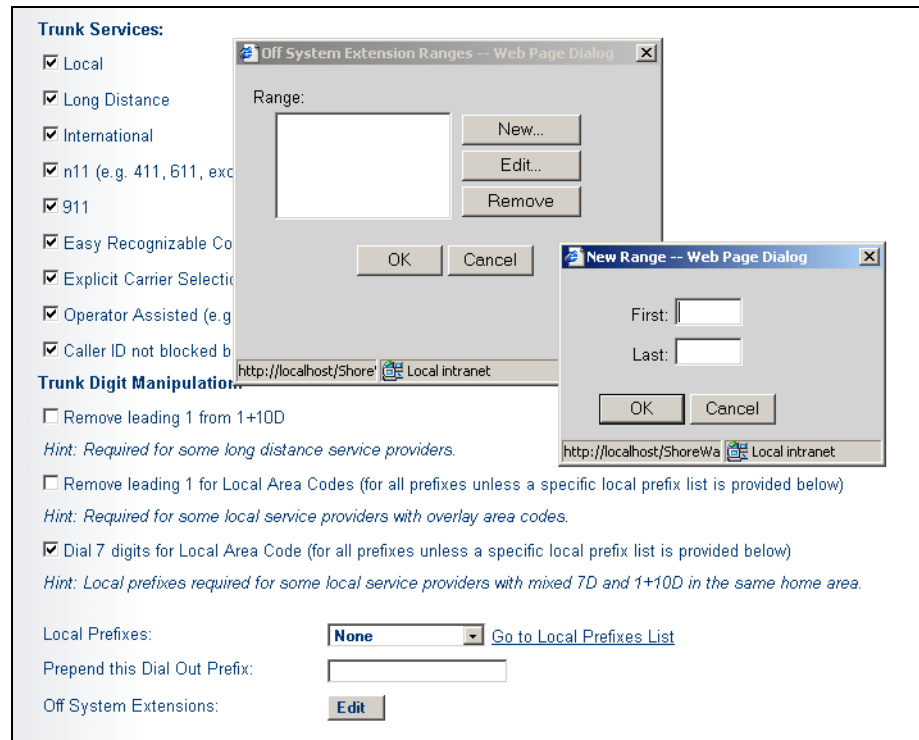


Figure 7-15 Configuring Off-System Extensions

Tandem Trunking

Tandem trunking treats digits on an incoming trunk call as a PSTN number. Received digits are tested against DNIS, DID, Extension, and Tandem Trunking, in that order. When Tandem Trunking is enabled, the number of digits from the CO may have no effect if the first digit(s) matches a Trunk Access Code. To define trunk access and call permissions, associate a user group with the tandem trunk group.

Any Dial In Prefix is pre-pended to each set of inbound digits. You can use DNIS/DID/Extension matching with a Dial In Prefix.

When using NI-2 signaling on PRI trunks—for example in a tie trunk scenario—Caller ID name is also captured, when available, on all inbound calls. For outbound calls, the Caller ID name is delivered for calls that are made to off-system extensions, but not generally for all outbound calls.

Tandem calls are reported in the Trunk Detail and Trunk Summary reports, with incoming and outgoing legs reported according to the reports' formats.

Centrex Flash

Centrex Flash can be programmed on one of the custom buttons, allowing users to transfer the call to another number. When the custom button is pressed, a flash is generated on the current call, dial tone is presented by the central office (CO), and the user can dial any PSTN number. When ring-back is heard, the handset can be hung up to complete the transfer.

Note that the user will be connected directly to the central office, so there will be no access code required, no permissions checking, no account code support, and no CDR logging of the second call.

Centrex Flash is useful in branch offices or small office environments with a limited number of analog Centrex lines. If an external caller needs to be transferred to an external number, the two trunks will be cleared, instead of quickly busying out the trunks after a few transfers. In this manner, the feature reduces the number of physical trunks needed to transfer calls, since no trunks are in use after the transfer is completed.

Details:

- Centrex transfer is supported only on analog loop-start trunks. If the call is not on an analog loop-start trunk, the operation will have no effect.
- The trunk on which the call exists must be configured on one of the following switches:
 - ShoreGear 40/8
 - ShoreGear 60/12
 - ShoreGear 120/24
 - ShoreGear-E1
 - ShoreGear-T1
- The feature replaces a trunk-to-trunk transfer in which two trunks are tied up for the duration of the call.
- The current call must be connected and also must be a two-party call.

For information on configuring Centrex Flash, please see “Programmable Buttons” on page 10-33.

Individual Trunks

This section explains how to configure individual trunks once you have created the associated trunk groups as described in the “Setting Up Trunks” section of this chapter.

To invoke the **Trunks by Group** page, click **Trunks** from the navigation frame, and then click **Individual Trunks**. The **Trunks by Group** page appears, as shown in Figure 7-16.

Trunks by Group Help							
Add new trunk at site: Headquarters in trunk group: Analog Loop Start Go							
Name/Number	Group	Site	Switch	Port/Channel	IsDigital	TrunkTypeID	DeviceIPAddress
1	test group	Headquarters	Fuji24	5	0	1	
408-962-1016	HQ ALS	Headquarters	Fuji24	6	0	1	
s6ch01	ATT PRI	Headquarters	ATT PRI	1	1	5	
s6ch02	ATT PRI	Headquarters	ATT PRI	2	1	5	
s6ch03	ATT PRI	Headquarters	ATT PRI	3	1	5	
s6ch04	ATT PRI	Headquarters	ATT PRI	4	1	5	
s6ch05	ATT PRI	Headquarters	ATT PRI	5	1	5	
s6ch06	ATT PRI	Headquarters	ATT PRI	6	1	5	

Figure 7-16 Trunks by Group Page

To select a trunk group, select a site from the **Add new trunk at site** drop-down list, then select a trunk group from the **In trunk group** drop-down list, and click **Go**. The trunks belonging to the selected trunk group appear. The columns in the **Trunks by Group** page are as follows:

Name/Number	This is the name and number of an individual trunk in the group. Click an entry in the Name/Number column to invoke the Trunks edit page to edit the individual trunk's parameters.
Group	This is the trunk group name. Click a group name to invoke the Trunk Group edit page and edit the trunk group's parameters.
Site	This is the location of the trunk and can be the Headquarters location or one of the remote locations.
Switch	This is the IP host name of the ShoreGear voice switch to which the individual trunk is connected.
Port/Channel	This is the port number or channel to which the individual trunk is connected.
IsDigital	This number corresponds to the trunk type (1 for digital, 0 for analog).
Trunk Type ID	This ID can range from 1 - 6 and corresponds to the trunk type (e.g. analog DID, analog loop start, SIP, etc.)
Device IP Address	This IP address only applies to SIP trunks and corresponds to the SIP end point device.

Add or Edit a Trunk

Whether you choose to add a new trunk or edit an existing trunk, the **Trunks** edit page shown in Figure 7-17 appears.

The screenshot shows the 'Trunks Edit Trunk' page. At the top, there are buttons for 'New', 'Copy', 'Save', 'Delete', 'Reset', and a 'Help' link. Below these is a status bar with 'Edit this record' and 'Refresh this page' links, followed by '* modified'. The main form contains the following fields:

- Site:** Headquarters
- Trunk Group:** Digital Wink Start
- Name:** Test-1
- Switch Channel:** Att T1 - 12 (dropdown menu)
- Jack #:** (empty text field)

Figure 7-17 Trunks Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters on the **Trunks** edit page (for non-SIP trunk types) are as follows:

- | | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Site | This is the name of the site at which the trunk and trunk group are located. |
| Trunk Group | This is the name of the trunk group to which the trunk group belongs. You cannot change the name of the trunk group on this page. |
| Name | This text-entry field lets you enter the name of the individual trunk. |
| Switch Channel | This drop-down list lets you select the channel to which this trunk is connected. |
| Jack # | This is the patch-panel jack number that is associated with the trunk's switch port. This is an optional parameter. |

The screenshot shows the 'Trunks Edit Trunk' page for a SIP trunk. It has the same top navigation and status bar as Figure 7-17. The main form contains the following fields:

- Site:** Headquarters
- Trunk Group:** SIP
- Name:** Test-1
- Switch:** 101 Fuji-24 (dropdown menu)
- SIP Trunk Type:**
 - ☒ Dynamic
 - ☐ Use IP Address (with an empty text field next to it)

Figure 7-18 SIP Trunks Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters on the **Trunks** edit page (for SIP trunks) are as follows:

Site	This is the name of the site at which the trunk and trunk group are located.
Trunk Group	This is the name of the trunk group to which the trunk group belongs. You cannot change the name of the trunk group on this page.
Name	This text-entry field lets you enter the name of the individual trunk.
Switch	This drop-down list lets you select the switch to which this trunk is connected.
SIP Trunk Type	Use the radio button to assign a static IP address or have one dynamically assigned.

Configuring IP Phones

This chapter explains how to:

- Set IP address ranges
- Configure IP phones as teleworkers
- Set IP phone options
- Add an IP phone password
- Assign configuration switches to support the IP phones
- Add IP phone users to the system
- Select a user group for unassigned IP phones
- Manage the IP phones

Overview

ShoreTel supports IP phones connected through ShoreGear-120/24, Shoregear-60/12, and ShoreGear-40/8 voice switches. Each ShoreGear-120/24 voice switch supports up to 120 IP phones, the ShoreGear-60/12 supports up to 60 IP phones, and the ShoreGear-40/8 supports up to 40 IP phones.

Before you can add IP phone users through ShoreWare Director, you must first:

- Set the boot parameters in the individual IP phones if you are using static IP addresses. For more information, see your *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.
- Add and configure all ShoreGear-120/24, ShoreGear-60/12, and ShoreGear-40-8 voice switches that will be supporting IP phones. For information on allocating switch ports to IP phone support, see “Configuring Switches” on page 6-1.

For more information on these steps, see the instructions given in the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*. When you have completed the installation process, the ShoreTel system automatically detects IP phones connected to the network.

Click the **IP Phones** link in the navigation frame to expand and display additional links, as shown in Figure 8-1.

Setting IP Address Ranges

If your system consists of more than one site (Headquarters), you must define an IP address range for IP phones at each site in the system. Setting ranges for each site ensures that new phones added to the system are associated with the correct site.

NOTE The ShoreTel Converged Conference Bridge uses IP phone ports to support conference call ports. Include the capacity of any ShoreTel Converged Conference Bridges in your IP address range calculations.

You can review all the IP phones in the system from the **IP Phone List** page (see “Viewing IP Phones” on page 8-9). You can also view IP phones by the switch supporting them from the **IP Phone Maintenance** page. For more information, see Chapter 16, “Maintenance.”

IP Phone Address Map

To view the IP address range for each site, expand the **IP Phones** link and click **IP Phones Address Map**. The **IP Address Map List** page, shown in Figure 8-1, appears. The page lists the sites and associated IP address ranges.

Site	Low IP Address	High IP Address	Teleworkers
<input type="checkbox"/> El Dorado	145.0.0.0	145.4.5.6	No
<input type="checkbox"/> Headquarters	10.0.0.0	10.0.0.10	No
<input type="checkbox"/> Remote-Site	168.0.0.0	168.7.7.7	No

Figure 8-1 IP Address Map List Page

To add a new range of IP phones, click **New** and enter the information in the **IP Phone Address Map Info** edit page (see Figure 8-1). To delete a range from the list, click the check box to the left of the site and click **Delete**.

Adding Teleworking IP Phones

Improved support for teleworking IP phones no longer requires a dedicated site and ShoreGear switch for the best codec selection and correct bandwidth management. IP phones that fall into the IP address ranges for any teleworking IP phones operate just as other IP phones with a few differences:

- The inter-site voice codec will be used for all calls to and from teleworking IP phones.
- For bandwidth management purposes, the teleworking IP phone is not associated with any site and calls to and from that phone will not deduct from the available bandwidth of the call agent switch for that phone.
- The IP phone will be hosted by an available call agent switch at the site associated with the IP address map. Numbers dialed from teleworking IP phones will be interpreted in the context of the dial plan for the site associated with the IP address map.

To edit the IP address range for a site:

- Step 1** From the **Site** column on the IP Address Map List page, click the site for which you are setting a range. The **Site IP Address Range** edit page appears as shown in Figure 8-2.

IP Phone Address [Help](#)

IP Address Map List 0 records checked. Showing 2 of 3

[Delete](#) [New...](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Site	Low IP Address	High IP Address	Teleworkers
<input type="checkbox"/>	El Dorado	145.0.0.0	145.4.5.6	No
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Headquarters	10.0.0.0	10.0.0.10	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	Remote-Site	168.0.0.0	168.7.7.7	No

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IP Phone Address Map Info - Microsoft Internet Explorer

Site:

Low IP Address:

High IP Address:

Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID): (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

☐ Teleworkers

[Save](#) [Close](#) [Previous](#) [Next](#)

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Figure 8-2 Site IP Address Range Edit Page

- Step 2** If you are setting the IP address range for a site other than the one shown in the **Site** drop-down list, select it from the list.
- Step 3** Enter the lowest IP address in the **Low IP Address** text-entry field.
- Step 4** Enter the highest IP address in the **High IP Address** text-entry field.
- Step 5** Enter the Caller ID number in the Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID) field that you would like to assign to the IP phones within this address range. The CESID number will be sent to the service provider whenever a 911 call is placed from one of these IP phones. See Appendix B, "Emergency 911 Operations" for more information.
- Step 6** If you are setting a range for teleworking IP phones, click the **Teleworkers** check box.
- Step 7** To set the new range, click **Save**. You can set ranges for other sites in the system by clicking **Previous** or **Next**.

Setting IP Phone Options

To set IP phone options such as passwords and configuration switches, click the **Options** link under the IP Phones link in the navigation frame. Figure 8-3 shows the IP Phone Options edit page that appears.

IP Phone Options
Edit

[Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[* modified](#)

Edit this record

[Refresh this page](#)

IP Phone Configuration Switch 1:

SG-24

IP Phone Configuration Switch 2:

02_SG_24

User Group for Unassigned IP Phones:

IP Telephones

IP Phone Announcement:

ShoreTel5

IP Phone Password (except IP-100):

.....

Confirm:

.....

☐ Enable IP Phone Failover

Delay After Collecting Digits (milliseconds):

2000

Figure 8-3 IP Phones Options Edit Page

The parameters on the IP Phone Options edit page are defined as follows:

IP Phone Configuration Switch 1	You need to designate the switch that serves as the phone's Call Manager. The IP addresses of these switches are downloaded to the IP phones whenever the IP phones are booted. These switches communicate with the ShoreTel server to determine which switch manages calls for a particular IP phone. You have the option of assigning two switches to this function, in case one switch fails.
IP Phone Configuration Switch 2	Every installation with IP phones must have at least one configuration switch. To assign configuration switches, simply select an available switch from the drop-down lists for configuration switches 1 and 2. In a new installation, the ShoreTel system automatically assigns the first two ShoreGear-120/24, ShoreGear-60/12, or ShoreGear-40/8 switches you configure as the configuration switches.
User Group for Unassigned Phones	Unassigned IP phones are available for users configured for Any IP Phone. From the drop-down list, select the user group that has the call permissions you want unassigned IP phones to have.
IP Phone Announcement	Enter a message of the day that displays on all IP phones except the ShorePhone-IP210 phones. The text can be up to 19 characters long and appears left-justified on the phone display. If you wish to center the message, add leading spaces.
IP Phone Password	This field is used only with the ShorePhone-IP210/212k/230/530/560/560g phones. It is initially set to "1234". It may be blank or be 1 through 8 digits long. It sets the default password for new IP phones coming online.

Enable IP Phone Failover

When this box is checked, IP phones send a keep-alive message to their Call Manager switch every four minutes. If a response is not received, the IP phone attempts to contact an alternate Call Manager.

NOTE Changing the state of this field requires a reboot of all IP Phones. The process can take several minutes. Phones in the process of rebooting may drop calls.

Delay After Collecting Digits

This field represents the timeout period for transferring calls. Instead of having to press a soft key to initiate a call transfer, the desired operation will occur automatically at the expiration of a configurable timeout period. Once all of the necessary digits have been entered (which could vary based on the site's dialing plan), digit collection stops and the timeout period begins counting down. At the end of the countdown, which can be as short as one second, the call is transferred.

The following features will also be affected by this change:

- Conference
- Dialing from the Directory
- Intercom
- On-hook dialing
- Park
- Pickup
- Redial
- Transfer
- UnPark

NOTE The timeout period can only be set once for the entire system. You cannot configure different timeout periods for different features or for different users. The timeout period cannot be configured via PCM or the IP phone interface.

NOTE Note that this automatic transfer behavior applies only to blind transfers. If a consultative transfer is placed, the call will remain in the call stack until the far end answers.

Adding Individual IP Phones Users

There are two ways to add IP phone users to the system. The first method requires you to assign IP phones to each user, while the second uses the Any IP Phone feature to allow users to assign their own phone from their desktop and voice mail. Using the Any IP Phone method simplifies the setup of multiple new users. You can use either or both methods, depending on your specific installation.

Adding Users with Any IP Phone

To add IP phone users using Any IP Phone:

- Step 1** Click **Users > Individual Users** from the navigation frame.
- Step 2** Click **Go**. The **Edit User** page appears, as shown in Figure 8-4.

Step 3 Enter the information for the first user you wish to add.

For information on user settings, see Chapter 10, “Configuring Users.”

Step 4 From **Home Port**, click **IP Phones** and select **Any IP Phone** from the drop-down list.

Step 5 From **User Group**, select a user group that allows extension reassignment. For more information, see “Telephony Features Permissions” on page 10-3.

Step 6 When you have finished configuring the user, click **Save**.

Step 7 To add more users, click **Copy** and repeat Step 3 through Step 7 until you have added all the new users.

Step 8 Instruct the users to log in to their voice mail from their desktop and follow the prompts. Each user's extension will automatically be assigned to the IP phone he or she is using. Make sure that users know which phone they should initially use so that phones are not accidentally assigned to the wrong users.

NOTE All IP Phones are assigned to the “Headquarters” site. When you assign a specific IP phone, the user belongs to the site where the IP phone is located. Only IP phones associated with the currently selected site appear in the IP phone drop-down list.

After users have logged into voice mail to assign their IP phones, you can view the IP phones and users from the **IP Phone** list page (see Figure 8-5) or the **IP Phone Maintenance** page (see “IP Phones Maintenance Page” on page 16-12). For information about editing user information, see “Individual Users” on page 10-17. For in depth information about Office Anywhere, refer to Appendix A.

Step 9 From Add New User at Site, select the site for the new users.

Users
Edit User

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

General ▶ Personal Options ▶ Distribution Lists ▶ Workgroups [Refresh this page](#)

First Name:
 Last Name:
 Number:
 License Type:
 Caller ID: (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)
☒ DID: (DID Range: +12133330000 - 0099)
 PSTN Failover:
 User Group: [Go to this User Group](#)

Site: **(Circled in Red)**
 Language:
 Home Port: ☒ IP Phones
☐ Ports
☐ SoftSwitch
 Current Port: [Go Home](#)
 Jack #:

Mailbox on Server: [Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications](#)

☒ Accept Broadcast Messages
☒ Include in System Dial By Name Directory
☐ Make Number Private
☒ Enable Fax Redirection
☐ Enable Fax Server Integration
☒ Allow Use of Soft Phone

Client Type:
 Client User ID:
 Client Password:
 Voice Mail Password:
 Email Address:
 Conference Bridge:
 Server:
 User ID:
 Password:
[Edit System Directory Record](#)

Figure 8-4 Edit User Page

Assigning IP Phones by User

You can also assign IP phones through the **Edit User** page, one user at a time. You can assign phones by specific IP addresses or assign users to Any IP Phone according to the user's needs.

To assign an IP phone:

- Step 1** Click **Users > Individual Users** from the navigation frame.
- Step 2** From **Add New User at Site**, select the site for the new user.
- Step 3** Click **Go**. The **Edit User** page appears, as shown in Figure 8-4.
- Step 4** Enter the information for the user you wish to add. For information about user settings, see Chapter 10, "Configuring Users."
- Step 5** From Home Port, click **IP Phones** and either select the IP phone by IP address or select **Any IP Phone**. Only the IP phones in the current site are in the list.
- Step 6** Click **Save**.

Viewing and Editing IP Phones on the System

To help you manage the IP phones, ShoreWare Director allows you to view and edit all IP phones on the system. Figure 8-5 shows the **IP Phones** list and edit pages.

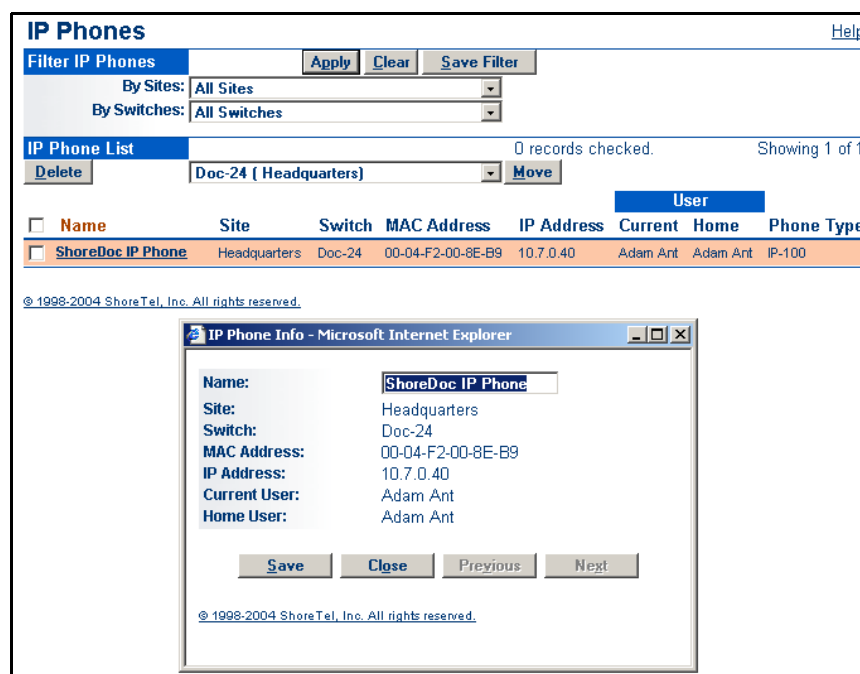


Figure 8-5 IP Phones List and Edit Pages

Viewing IP Phones

To view the IP phones on the system:

- Step 1** Click **IP Phones > Individual IP Phones** from the navigation frame.
- Step 2** From the **By Site** drop-down list, select the site that you want to view (or all sites).
- Step 3** To view the IP phones connected to a specific switch, select the switch you want to view from the **By Switch** drop-down list.

The IP phones for the sites and switches you have selected are displayed.

IP phones can also be viewed from the maintenance pages of ShoreWare Director. For more information, see Chapter 16, "Maintenance."

Renaming IP Phones

You can change the name of an IP phone from the **IP Phone List**. By default, IP phones are listed by MAC address in the **IP Phone List Name** column.

To change the name of an IP phone:

- Step 1** Click **IP Phones > Individual IP Phones** from the navigation frame.
- Step 2** Select your viewing options so that the IP phone or phones you want to re-name are listed in the **IP Phone List**.
- Step 3** From the **Name** column, click the IP phone you want to re-name. A dialog box displays the information for the IP phone you selected.
- Step 4** Enter the new name in the **Name** text-entry field.
- Step 5** Click **Save**.

Deleting and Moving IP Phones

IP phones can be deleted from the system or moved to another site.

To delete an IP phone:

- Step 1** Click **IP Phones > Individual IP Phones** from the navigation frame.
- Step 2** Select your viewing options so that the IP phone or phones you want to delete are listed in the **IP Phone List**.
- Step 3** Click the check box of the IP phone you want to delete.

WARNING Make sure that you have selected the correct phone and that no other phones are selected.

- Step 4** Click **Delete**. A dialog box requests confirmation.
- Step 5** Click **Yes** to delete the phone. Click **Cancel** if you have selected the wrong phone.

NOTE If you wish to add the IP phone back into the system, you must reboot the IP phone. It will be reconfigured during the boot process and become available again. For more information on IP phone configuration, see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

To move an IP phone to a destination switch on a remote site, the remote site must have an IP address range defined. You may not move an IP phone to a switch on a remote site if the IP address of the phone is not within the IP address range of the destination site.

You may move an IP phone across switches at Headquarters without entering an IP address range for the Headquarters site. The IP address range restrictions are only for switches at remote sites.

To move an IP phone:

- Step 1** Select the switch you are moving the IP phone(s) to from the drop-down list.
- Step 2** Click **IP Phones > Individual IP Phones** from the navigation frame.
- Step 3** Select your viewing options so that the IP phone or phones you want to move are listed in the **IP Phone List**.
- Step 4** Click the check box of the IP phone you want to move.
- Step 5** Click **Move**. A dialog box requests confirmation.
- Step 6** Click **Yes** to move the phone. Click **Cancel** if you have selected the wrong phone(s).

IP Phone State Display

The following list explains the states displayed by the IP phones:

Available	Phone has no user assigned to it. Calls can be placed from the phone but it does not receive calls. The Caller ID is "Anonymous".
<User Name> <User Ext>	The phone is assigned to <User Name>.
Anonymous	The assigned user has used the Office Anywhere feature. Calls can be placed from the phone but it does not receive calls. The Caller ID is "Anonymous."
	Note: Another method by which it can become anonymous is if the administrator explicitly configures anonymous phones which do not have assigned users.
Unavailable	The phone was once in the ShoreTel system but has been removed using Director. The phone has no dial tone and is not functional.

Displaying ShorePhone-IP110/210/212k/230/530/560/560g Settings

You can display the phone's current IP parameters setting by entering a key sequence from the phone's keypad.

To display the phone's IP parameter settings:

- Step 1** Press the MUTE key followed by 4636# (INFO#). The phone will display the first two parameters.
- Step 2** Press # to advance the display or * to exit. The phone will resume normal operation after the last parameter has been displayed.

Resetting the ShorePhone-IP110/210/212k/230/530/560/560g

You can reset the phone by entering a key sequence from the phone's keypad.

To reset the phone:

- Step 1** Press the MUTE key followed by 73738# (RESET#). The phone will reboot.

C H A P T E R 9

Setting Call Control Options

This chapter provides information about configuring the system-wide call control features of the ShoreTel system. You can configure:

- Account Codes
- Hunt Groups
- Paging Groups
- Route Points
- General Options

Clicking the **Call Control** link in the navigation frame provides access to other **Call Control** selections, shown in Figure 9-1.

ShoreTel™
ShoreWare Director
 Logoff Administrator

Administration

- Users...
- Trunks...
- IP Phones...
- Switches
- Call Control...
 - Account Codes
 - Hunt Groups
 - Paging Groups
 - Route Points
 - Options
- Voice Mail...
- Auto-Attendant Menus
- Workgroups
- Schedules
- System Directory
- Application Servers
- Conference Bridges
- Sites
- System Parameters...
- Preferences

Maintenance

- Quick Look
- Switch Connectivity
- Conference Ports
- Event Log...
- Services
- Event Filters

Documentation

- Administration Guide
- Planning and Installation Guide
- Telephone User Interface...
- Server...
- Client...

Call Control Options

Edit Save Reset

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

General:

☐ Use Distributed Routing Service for call routing.

☒ Enable Monitor / Record Warning Tone.

☒ Generate an event when a trunk is in-use for minutes.

☒ Park Timeout (1-100000) after seconds.

☒ Hang up Make Me Conference after minutes of silence.

Delay before sending DTMF to Fax Server: msec

☒ Enable SIP Session Timer.

Session Interval (0 - 9999): sec

Refresher: Caller (UAC) ▼

Voice Encoding and Quality of Service:

Intra-Site Calls: 64 Kbps (G.711) ▼

Inter-Site Calls: 64 Kbps (G.711) ▼

FAX and Modem Calls: 64 Kbps (G.711) ▼

Maximum Inter-Site Jitter Buffer: msec

DiffServ / ToS Byte (0-255):

☐ Admission control algorithm assumes RTP header compression is being used.

☒ Enable Media Encryption.

☐ Always Use Port 5004 for RTP.

Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer and Tandem Trunks:

☐ Hang up after minutes of silence.

☐ Hang up after minutes.

Figure 9-1 Call Control Options Edit Page

Account Codes

Account codes are typically used to assist ShoreTel users in the billing of their clients. For example, if a law firm wants to keep track of the length of calls to their clients so that they may later bill those client for services rendered, they can enter an account code that corresponds to that client before dialing the client's phone number. At the end of the call, the call length, time, and date are entered in a record, thus helping the firm to keep track of the calls made to each of their clients.

Account Codes can vary in length and be flexibly formatted. You can configure the system to require users to enter an account code for outbound calls in a mandatory or optional fashion. In this way, the account code can also function to prevent unauthorized employees from dialing long-distance numbers.

ShoreTel 6.1 introduced the concept of wildcard characters in the account codes. This enhancement allows the system to surpass the previous limit of 50,000 account codes so that an almost unlimited number of account codes can be supported. The wildcard character – a question mark – can be entered in place of DTMF digits in the account code.

The use of wildcards introduces less strict validation of the account code entered by the user. Rather than checking each individual code, a length check is performed instead. The introduction of wildcards into the account codes does not impact the ability of the system to assign an account code to individual clients.

You can create account codes with non-numeric characters, but these characters are discarded during code collection. The following table gives example account codes and shows how the Account Codes Service interprets the code.

Sample Account Code	Recorded Code
Sales 200	200
1001-3	10013
1.234A	1234
3000 Exec 2	3002

Account code collection is enabled on the basis of user groups, with the collection of account codes set to be one of three states:

- Disabled
- Optional
- Forced

For information about account codes and User Groups, also refer to “User Groups” on page 10-14 in Chapter 10.

Call Detail Reports include details of account codes associated with outbound calling. Account Codes are associated with a configurable extension and have a dedicated user group that defines ultimate call permissions and trunk group access.

A new user group named “Account Codes Service” is created for use by the Account Codes Service. Since it is only intended for use by the Account Codes Service, this user group does not appear in drop-down lists for the assignment of User Groups to users and other objects such as workgroups. You can, however, change all attributes of the Account Codes Service User Group except the fields indicating whether Account Codes are disabled, optional, or required. Refer to “Add or Edit a Trunk Group” on page 7-4 in Chapter 7.

When account code collection is enabled or required for a user group, calls placed via the telephone or the Call Manager are routed to the account code extension (see “System Parameters Edit Contacts Page” on page 2-18). The Account Codes Service prompts the user to enter an account code followed by the “#” key. If the account code entered does not match the digits in a stored account code, an explanation message is played and the user can enter an account code again. When a matching account code is collected, the call is placed according to the originally dialed number.

The call permissions define which dialed numbers will be directed to the Account Codes Service for user groups configured with account codes. For calls that are redirected to the account codes extension, the call will be completed with the trunk access and call permissions of the Account Codes Service.

This structure imposes two sets of permissions to outbound calls:

- 1 The call permissions for the user group of the user that places the call are used to determine whether an account code must be collected or not.
- 2 The call permissions for the Account Codes Service user group determines whether calls are finally placed or if the intercept tone is played.

NOTE Calls forwarded to external numbers are NOT subjected to account code restrictions. Forwarding calls to external numbers is controlled from the Class of Service settings. For more informations, see “Classes of Service” on page 10-2.

The Account Codes Service is associated with a system extension that is hosted on the SoftSwitch running on the headquarters (HQ) server only. If the HQ SoftSwitch is not reachable by the originating ShoreGear switch, the call will be handled according to the setting on the caller's user group. Specifically, during such a connectivity outage, calls placed by users who have optional account code collection will be automatically placed and calls placed by users who have forced account code collection will be automatically rejected.

If you have a ShoreTel Converged Conference solution installed, Account Codes can be set up for collaborative voice and data conferencing. Document sharing is a feature allowed in a 2-way or Make Me Conference call. Up to 20 documents can be dragged and dropped during the call. You can create associated project codes on the conference bridge for tracking purposes. Bridge project codes are not enforced.

Adding and Editing Account Codes

To configure the account code wildcard feature follow the procedure below:

- Step 1** Launch ShoreWare Director and enter the user ID and password.
- Step 2** Click on the **Administration** link to expand the list (if it has not already been expanded).
- Step 3** Click on the **Call Control** link to display a window similar to the one shown below:

Account Codes		
Filter Account Code		
By Name:		<input type="text"/>
By Account Code:		<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Find Now"/> <input type="button" value="Clear"/>		
Account Code List		0 records checked.
<input type="button" value="Delete"/>	<input type="button" value="New..."/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Account Code
<input type="checkbox"/>	blah	1rob
<input type="checkbox"/>	Marketing	?????
<input type="checkbox"/>	Robert1	1234
<input type="checkbox"/>	robert2	2ab
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sales	????
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sales 2	13256

Figure 9-2 Account Codes Page

The top portion of the Account Codes page offers you two options for filtering the account codes list. When you have defined one or both of these filters, click **Apply**. To save your filter, click **Save Filter**. Clicking **Clear** clears both fields.

The filtering options are:

- By Name** You can filter the list by the name given to the account codes. Enter partial account names to return a list of all accounts beginning with matching characters.
- By Account Code** You can filter the list by account code. Enter partial account codes to return a list of all accounts beginning with matching digits.

The bottom portion of the Account Codes page lists the current account codes and allows you to create and delete account codes. To delete an account code, click the check box to the left of the account code and click **Delete**.

- Step 4** Click on the **New** button. A window appears (as shown below) that will allow you to enter the name of a new account and the new account code.

Figure 9-3 Account Code Info Dialog Box

- Step 5** Enter a name for the account code in the **Name** field.
- Step 6** Enter an account code in the **Account Code** field. Account codes can be any length to a maximum of 15 digits. You can use prefixes to group account codes. For example, the account codes 1234 and 12345 can coexist. If your system will contain more than 50,000 account codes, you can enter a string of wildcard characters (a question mark) in place of the DTMF digits.

Note: Up to 15 wildcard characters can be entered in an account code, but if all of the account codes in your organization have 6 digits, then you should enter 6 wildcards in this field. A single account code cannot contain a mix of digits and wildcard characters.

- Step 7** Click **Save** to create the account. To create another account, click **Next**.
- Step 8** Click **Close** to exit the Account Code Info dialog box.

Account codes are enabled on the basis of user groups. For more information, see “User Groups” on page 10-14.

Hunt Groups

The **Hunt Groups** list page is shown in Figure 9-4. Clicking on a group name shows the details for the hunt group, as shown in Figure 9-5 in the Hunt Groups edit page.

Hunt Groups					
Hunt Group List					
0 records checked.					
<input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="New..."/>					
	Name	Extension	Switch	Members	Schedules
				On-Hours	Holiday
<input type="checkbox"/>	DoctorsGroup	4909	Bedrock		

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Figure 9-4 Hunt Groups List Page

Hunt groups allow a call to be offered to a limited set of user extensions with no reporting, queuing, sophisticated schedules, log-in, log-out, or wrap-up states. Each hunt group is composed of an ordered list of no more than 16 users. A maximum of 8 hunt groups totalling no more than 16 members can be assigned to a single switch. If your requirements more complex, you should use workgroups.

Rather than being reliant on the Headquarters Server, a hunt group can be assigned to the switch closest to the agents and/or trunks associated with it. The switch controls the hunting, with no dependency upon the server. Hunt Groups have an extension number and, optionally, can also have a DID and/or DNIS number. They can be call forward extensions for users, workgroups, route points, personal assistants, site fax redirect extensions, site operator extensions, and the target for trunk groups. They are also allowed as the backup destination for workgroups and route points. This can be useful to allow some basic call handling when the workgroup server is not reachable.

The caller ID displayed for a hunt call is the external caller's ID.

A user may belong to more than one hunt group. In addition, a user assigned to a workgroup may also be assigned to hunt groups. Each call is hunted as a new call; that is, if the hunt mode is top down, each new call begins hunting from the top of the list. In this case, the person at the top of the list will get most of the calls.

Hunt Groups

Edit Hunt Group

New

Copy

Save

Delete

Reset

Help

Edit this record

Refresh this page

Name:

test2

Extension:

2186

Backup Extension:

2117 - ext4 ext4

Search

DID:

☒ +140896

21314

(DID Range: +14089621300 - 21319)

DNIS:

Edit DNIS Map

☒ Include in System Dial By Name Directory

☐ Make Number Private

Switch:

01_Fuji_8_02

Call Stack Depth:

1

Distribution Pattern:

☐ Top Down

☒ Simultaneous

Rings per Member:

3

No Answer Number of Rings:

6

☐ Call Member When Forwarding All Calls

☒ Skip Member If Already On a Call

Call Forward Destinations:

Call Stack Full:

Search

If no destination is specified, busy tone is played

No Answer:

Search

If no destination is specified, hunting continues forever

On-Hours Schedule:

<None>

Holiday Schedule:

<None>

Off-Hours / Holiday Destination:

Search

Current Call Handling Mode:

On-Hours

Filter Users By:

First Name:

Last Name:

Extension:

Sort By:

Extension

Apply

Choose Members:

Show Page:

1 : 2112 - 2857

<

>

>>

2112 - ext1 ext1

2113 - ext2 ext2

2115 - user1 user1

2117 - ext4 ext4

2120 - Robert User2

2121 - Robert User3

2122 - Robert User1

2123 - Robert IP1

2128 - user3 user3

2129 - ext5 ext5

Add >>

<< Remove

Move Up ^

Move Down v

Hunt Group Members:

2114 - ext3 ext3

2116 - user2 user2

Figure 9-5 Configuring Hunt Groups

Fields are defined as follows:

- Name

This is the name of the hunt group. Each hunt group name must be unique.
This is a required field.
- Extension

This is the extension number of the hunt group. Each hunt group extension must be unique.
This is a required field.

Backup Extension	<p>This is the backup extension of the hunt group. If the hunt group is unreachable or the switch is down, calls can be directed to this extension. A backup extension may be another hunt group, a workgroup, a route point, or a user.</p> <p>This is a required field.</p>
DID	<p>You can assign one DID number to a hunt group.</p> <p>Check the first box to select DID. Make a selection from the drop-down list of area codes.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
DNIS	<p>The Edit DNIS Map button invokes the Select DNIS Trunk Group dialog box. This lets you select a trunk group for DNIS routing. Only trunk groups that are configured for DNIS will be presented in the dialog box. You can assign multiple DNIS numbers to a hunt group.</p> <p>DNIS is typically used to route 800-number calls to a workgroup or application.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
Include in System Dial By Name Directory	<p>This check box includes the hunt group in the auto-attendant dial-by-name directory. No name is recorded for a hunt group. When a hunt group is chosen, the extension is announced by a generic message.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
Make Number Private	<p>This check box makes the hunt group extension private. When the hunt group is private, it is not listed in the system directory and does not appear in the Call Manager dialing lists. See also “Individual Users” on page 10-17.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
Switch	<p>Select from the drop-down list of available switches. This is the switch that will host the hunt group and do the hunting of calls</p>
Call Stack Depth	<p>This lets you specify the maximum number of simultaneous calls that can be “stacked” on the hunt group extension. When this number is met, additional inbound calls will be routed to the Busy Destination.</p> <p>Default value is 8. Valid entries are 1 through 16.</p> <p>See also “Telephony Features Permissions” on page 10-3.</p>

Distribution Pattern	<p>Click either Top Down or Simultaneous. Top Down hunts sequentially through the ordered list of group members. Simultaneous rings all group members at the same time. The first to answer is presented with the call. The default is Top Down.</p> <p>This is a required field.</p>
Rings Per Member	<p>The default is 2 rings. All group member extensions ring with the same number of rings. If the phone is not answered, the hunt continues on to the next group member.</p> <p>This is a required field.</p>
No Answer Number of Rings	<p>The default is 6 rings. This value determines the number of ring backs a caller will hear while the call is being hunted. Once this value is exceeded, the call is sent to the No Answer Destination.</p> <p>This is a required field.</p>
Call Member When Forwarding All Calls	<p>Default is disabled. When enabled, even if a group member's call handling mode is Call Forward Always, the call is offered to the member.</p>
Skip Member if Already on a Call	<p>Default is disabled. When enabled, even if a group member's call stack is not full, if the member's phone is busy or currently being offered a call, the new call is not offered to the member.</p>
Busy Destination	<p>An alternate call destination can be specified for calls to be sent when all members of the hunt group are busy and the call stacks are full.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
No Answer Destination	<p>An alternate call destination should be specified for times when no member answers a call. The hunt will continue until the No Answer Number of Rings value is exceeded, after which callers are sent to this No Answer Destination.</p>
On-Hours Schedule	<p>From the drop-down list, select an on-hours schedule or None. Selecting None causes all calls to be treated as if it is on-hours.</p>
Holiday Schedule	<p>From the drop-down list, select a holiday schedule or None. Holidays are handled the same as off-hours.</p>
Off-Hours/Holiday Destination	<p>Each hunt group can have a call forward destination for use during the off-hours state.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>

Current Call Handling Mode	<p>You can configure several call handling modes for the route point: On-Hours, Off-Hours, or Holiday. The default is On-Hours.</p> <p>Consult Chapter 13, Configuring Schedules.</p> <p>This is an informational field.</p>
Choose Members	<p>Click a member name and then click Add to add a member to the Hunt Group. Members can be removed and re-ordered, as well. This is useful since the Hunt Group membership is an ordered list.</p> <p>Note that you can use filters to sort available members into an order that makes your selection process easiest for you.</p>

Setting the Hunt Group to Busy

Users with correct permissions can set the hunt group to a busy state from the Switch Maintenance page or from the telephone user interface by using a star code (*18) followed by the hunt group extension. A confirmation prompt is played to confirm the state of the hunt group following entry of the star code. The *18 code is used to place the hunt group back into service, as well.

You may wish to busy out the hunt group when all members are unavailable. Calls are then forwarded to the Busy Destination. After a switch reboots, the hunt group is available, by default.

Hunt Groups may also be busied out or returned to service from the Switch Maintenance page. From the Maintenance Quick Look page, select the switch that handles the hunt group, select a hunt group, and then change the busy state.

Call Control Options

Set the general call control options from the Call Control Options page, as shown in Figure 9-6.

Call Control Options
Edit

Save
Reset

Edit this record
Refresh this page

General:

☐ Use Distributed Routing Service for call routing.
☒ Enable Monitor / Record Warning Tone.
☒ Generate an event when a trunk is in-use for minutes.
☒ Park Timeout (1-100000) after seconds.
☒ Hang up Make Me Conference after minutes of silence.

Delay before sending DTMF to Fax Server: msec

☒ Enable SIP Session Timer.

Session Interval (90 - 3600): sec

Refresher:

Voice Encoding and Quality of Service:

Intra-Site Calls:

Inter-Site Calls:

FAX and Modem Calls:

Maximum Inter-Site Jitter Buffer: msec

DiffServ / ToS Byte (0-255):

☐ Admission control algorithm assumes RTP header compression is being used.
☒ Enable Media Encryption.
☐ Always Use Port 5004 for RTP.

Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer and Tandem Trunks:

☐ Hang up after minutes of silence.
☐ Hang up after minutes.

Figure 9-6 Call Control Options Edit Page

Distributed Routing Service

Distributed Routing Service (DRS) allows larger systems to scale beyond 60 switches to up to a total of 200 switches (including SoftSwitches). The Distributed Routing Service is optional on systems up to 60 switches, but must be enabled on systems with 60 or more switches.

When Distributed Routing Service is disabled, ShoreGear switches in a system build an internal routing database from the peer-to-peer communication with other switches. Each ShoreGear switch contains routing information for all endpoints in the system including information regarding trunk selection for outbound calls. When calls are

placed from any extension, each switch is able to route the call to the correct ShoreGear switch based on its internal routing database.

When Distributed Routing Service is enabled, ShoreGear switches only exchange routing information with other switches at the same site rather than exchanging routing information with every other switch in a multi-site system. Although each ShoreGear switch only maintains routing information within its site, each ShoreWare server also includes an instance of the Distributed Routing Service which maintains system-wide routing information. When calls are initiated, ShoreGear switches contact the Distributed Routing Service in order to find the ShoreGear switch or switches needed to complete the call.

In a system with more than one ShoreWare server, the ShoreGear switches may contact an alternate instance of the routing service if the primary instance is not reachable. ShoreWare servers have a hierarchical relationship and switches first try to contact the nearest instance of the Distributed Routing Service in the hierarchy. If that instance of DRS is not reachable, the instance of DRS at the parent server in the hierarchy will be contacted as a fallback. If both instances of DRS are not reachable the switch will make a best effort to route the call based on its internal routing tables built from communicating with peer ShoreGear switches at the same site.

Parameters

The parameters on the **Call Control Options** edit page are as follows:

General

Use Distributed Routing Service for call routing	Enables Distributed Routing Service (see preceding explanation.)
Enable Monitor / Record Warning Tone	<p>When a 2-way or Make Me Conference call is monitored or recorded, checking this box causes a tone to be played that warns of monitoring or recording. This option is enabled by default. Also refer to “Telephony Features Permissions” on page 10-3 and “Personal Options” on page 10-25 for information that impacts recording and monitoring.</p> <p>WARNING ShoreTel does not warrant or represent that your use of call monitoring or recording features of the Software will be in compliance with local, state, federal or international laws that you may be subject to. ShoreTel, Inc. is not responsible for ensuring your compliance with all applicable laws.</p> <p>WARNING Before disabling the warning tone, you may wish to consult with legal counsel regarding your intended use.</p>
Generate an event when a trunk is in use for N minutes	You can set this parameter to generate an event log when a trunk has been in use for the specified time period.

Park Timeout after NNNNNN seconds	You can set how long a call will remain on park before the call returns to the party that parked the call. The timeout is in seconds and can have a value from 1 to 100,000 seconds. Unchecking the Park Timeout check box allows calls to be parked indefinitely.
Hang Up Make Me Conference after NN minutes of silence	The default timeout is 20 minutes. If a conference is silent for the set length of time, a hang-up will be forced.
Delay before sending DTMF to Fax Server	Enter the amount of delay (in milliseconds) after which the DTMF information will be sent to the fax server. Consult your fax server documentation to find out how much delay the fax server expects.
Enable SIP Session Timer	Select this check box to have keepalive heartbeats sent to SIP endpoints.
Session Interval (90-3600)	Enter the number of seconds in the Session Interval field to specify the keepalive interval at which heartbeats will be broadcast. The heartbeat will be sent out at the specified period and if no response is received, the session will be dropped. (See RFC 4028 for details on this parameter.)
Refresher	Use the Refresher drop-down menu to specify whether the SIP Session Timer will be applied to the caller or callee. Choices are None, Caller UAC, and Caller UAS. (See RFC 4028 for details on this parameter.)

Voice Encoding and Quality of Service

Intra-Site Calls (calls within a site)	<p>This drop-down list lets you select the type of encoding used when making calls within your site. Choose one of these encodings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Linear Broadband (256 Kbps) • Linear (128 Kbps) • G.711 (64 Kbps)—the default • ADPCM (32 Kbps) • G.729a (8 Kbps)
Inter-Site Calls (calls between sites)	<p>This drop-down list lets you select the type of encoding used when making calls between your sites. Choose one of these encodings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Linear Broadband (256 Kbps) • Linear (128 Kbps) • G.711 (64 Kbps) • ADPCM (32 Kbps)—the default • G.729a (8 Kbps)

FAX and Modem Calls	<p>This drop-down list lets you select the type of encoding used for faxing or when calls are made from a modem. Choose one of these encodings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Linear (128 Kbps) • G.711 (64 Kbps)—the default <p>Maximum Inter-Site Jitter Buffer—This parameter sets the maximum size of the jitter buffer. A larger jitter buffer might result in more delay between calling parties, which might degrade the quality of service. The buffer can be set from 20 to 300 msec. The default is 50 msec.</p>
DiffServ/TOS Byte	<p>Enter a Types of Service (TOS) value or a DiffServ value, whichever your network currently supports. This byte is applied to media originating from all ShoreGear physical switches (SoftSwitches excluded) and IP phones. The value entered in this field must be a decimal number 0 to 255.</p>
Admission control algorithm assumes RTP header compression is being used	<p>To enable this feature, select the check box.</p>
Enable Media Encryption	<p>To enable this feature, select the check box. Note that encryption occurs at the application layer and that only calls inside a ShoreTel network will be encrypted. Once the call passes through TDM filtering the encryption is stripped away and the conversation is no longer encrypted.</p>
Always Use Port 5004 for RTP	<p>By default, this box is checked. You should clear this check box to enable interoperability with third-party SIP devices.</p> <p>Note: All IP Phones and switches must be rebooted for settings to take effect. Failure to reboot may result in one way media.</p>

Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer and Tandem Trunks

This lets you manage trunk-to-trunk transfers when the **Allow Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer** parameter is enabled on the **Telephone Features Permissions** class of service edit page. The field is defined in the section called “Telephony Features Permissions” on page 10-3.

The ShoreTel system supports trunk-to-trunk transfers, which allow a user to transfer an external caller to an external number. Since this feature can lead to unwanted toll charges, the system also supports a class of service permission that only grants this feature to selected user groups. To grant this permission, you enable the **Allow Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer** parameter on the **Telephone Features Permissions** class of service edit page.

Users with trunk-to-trunk transfer permission might accidentally transfer an external caller to an external number without realizing it. This can lead to “hung” trunks, resulting in the inability to make outbound calls or take inbound calls.

The ShoreTel system lets you manage trunk-to-trunk transfers using the **Call Control Options** page. This lets you eliminate unwanted trunk-to-trunk transfers while ensuring that valid trunk-to-trunk transfers are not dropped.

The following are considered trunk-to-trunk transfers:

- A user is talking with an external party and transfers the external party *blindly* or *consultatively* to an external number.
- A three-party conference call is taking place with one user and two external parties, and the user drops from the call.

An external party forwarded to an external number by a user’s call handling mode is not a trunk-to-trunk transfer.

**Hang up after N
minute(s) of silence**

Enabling this parameter automatically drops trunk-to-trunk transfers after both parties have been silent for the defined time period. The default time period is 60 minutes.

**Hang up after N
minutes**

Enabling this parameter automatically hangs up the trunk-to-trunk transfer after the defined time period. *This parameter should be set only as a last resort, and set for a long time period.* The default time period is 480 minutes.

Paging Groups

As an alternative to an in-house paging system, you can designate groups of extensions that can be paged by dialing a single system extension. Pages to on-hook IP phones are automatically announced on the IP phone speaker. Pages to IP phones already on a call or to analog phones are treated as a normal call. Call handling does not apply to paging calls. A maximum of 100 extensions can be paged at one time.

NOTE Due to the time required for call setup, audio may not be synchronized from one phone to the next if more than five or six phones are paged. Call setup time may increase for large groups of phones, introducing substantial delay. While this desynchronization may not be an issue if the phones are in separate rooms, it can be a problem if the phones are within earshot of one another. (Refer to Product Bulletin 0200 on the ShoreCare website for more detailed network configurations.)

To specify who should be paged, create an extension list of paging user numbers. For information about creating extension lists, refer to “Extension Lists” on page 10-49. Users in the extension list used as a paging group must belong to a user group that allows overhead paging. As an alternative to calling the paging number, group paging is available from the auto-attendant (for internal users) and can be used if this fulfills your paging needs. Group paging is not available to external callers.

Paging groups can be viewed, edited, or deleted beginning at the Call Control **Paging Groups** list page.

Paging Groups	
Paging Group List	
0 records checked.	
<input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="New..."/>	
Name	Extension
<input type="checkbox"/> AlternatePaging	4910
<input type="checkbox"/> CentralPaging	4911

Figure 9-7 Paging Groups List Page

Select an existing group for editing or click New to add a new paging group. The **Paging Groups** edit page is shown in Figure 9-8.

Paging Groups	
Edit Paging Group <input type="button" value="New"/> <input type="button" value="Copy"/> <input type="button" value="Save"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>	
Edit this record Refresh this page	
Name:	CentralPaging
Extension:	4911
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in System Dial By Name Directory	
<input type="checkbox"/> Make Number Private	
No Answer Number of Rings:	2
Extension List:	PagingList2 Edit this extension list

Figure 9-8 Edit Paging Groups

The fields on the Paging Groups edit page are:

Name	<p>This is the name of the paging group. Each paging group name must be unique.</p> <p>This is a required field.</p>
Extension	<p>This is the extension number of the paging group. Each paging group extension must be unique.</p> <p>This is a required field.</p>
Include in System Dial By Name Directory	<p>This check box includes the paging group in the auto-attendant dial-by-name directory. No name is recorded for a paging group. When a paging group is chosen, the extension is announced by a generic message.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
Make Number Private	<p>This check box makes the paging group extension private. When the paging group is private, it is not listed in the system directory and does not appear in the Call Manager dialing lists.</p> <p>See also “Individual Users” on page 10-17.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
No Answer Number of Rings	<p>The default is 2 rings. This is always used for analog phones. It is used for IP phones if the phone is busy.</p> <p>This is a required field.</p>
Extension List	<p>Select the name of the extension list to be used as the paging group from the drop-down list.</p>

Route Points

Route points allow third-party applications complete access to call control signalling (using TAPI) and the actual voice media stream (using TAPI and WAV APIs). Configuring a route point enables calls to be terminated and controlled by a server on the network. To configure a route point, click the **Route Points** link under **Call Control** in the navigation frame. The **Route Points** list page is shown in Figure 9-9.

Route Points Help				
Add new				
Name	Extension	Schedules		
		On-Hours	Holiday	Custom
CC-IVR1	4821			
CC-IVR2	4822			
CC-IVR3	4823			
CC-IVR4	4824			
CC-IVR5	4825			
Sales-IRN	4820			
Support-IRN	4900			

Figure 9-9 Route Points List Page

Then click **Add new** to invoke the **Route Point** edit page (shown in Figure 9-10).

Route Points

New
Copy
Save
Delete
Reset
Help

Edit Route Point

modify new

Edit this record
Refresh this page

Name:
New Route Point

Extension:
313-5309

DID:
☐ +1408241

(DID Range: +14082415301 - 5310)

DNIS:
Edit DNIS Map

Language:
English

User Group:
Anonymous Telephones

Route Point Server:

☒ Mailbox (server)
Headquarters
Voice Mail Delivery and Notification

☒ Accept Broadcast Messages

☒ Include in System Dial By Name Directory

☐ Make Number Private

☐ Fax Redirect

Call Stack Depth:
1

Recorded Name:
Record
Play
Erase
Import
no audio input

Voice Mail Password:
.....
Confirm:
.....

On-Hours
Off-Hours
Holiday
Custom

Schedule:
<None>
Edit this schedule

Call Handling:

Call Forward:
☐ Always
☒ No Answer/Busy
☐ Never

Always:
Extension:
5101 : Voice Mail
Search

External:
(e.g. 9+1 (408) 331-3300)

Busy:
Extension:
5101 : Voice Mail
Search

External:
(e.g. 9+1 (408) 331-3300)

No Answer:
Extension:
5101 : Voice Mail
Search

External:
(e.g. 9+1 (408) 331-3300)

No Answer Number of Rings:
4

Mailbox:

Greeting:
Record
Play
Erase
Import
no audio input

Assistant:
Search

☐ Enable Calling Message Notification

Figure 9-10 Route Point Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters that appear on the **Route Point** edit page are as follows:

Name	This is the name of the route point.
Extension	<p>This is the extension number of the route point. Each route point extension must be unique.</p> <p>If you change the existing extension number to a new number and there is an associated mailbox, <i>messages will be retained</i>.</p> <p>This is a required field.</p>
DID	<p>You can assign one DID number to a route point.</p> <p>Check the first box to select DID. Make a selection from the drop-down list of area codes. Finish by specifying a range of DID numbers.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
DNIS	<p>The Edit DNIS Map button invokes the Select DNIS Trunk Group dialog box. This lets you select a trunk group for DNIS routing. Only trunk groups that are configured for DNIS will be presented in the dialog box. You can assign multiple DNIS numbers to a workgroup.</p> <p>DNIS is typically used to route 800-number calls to a workgroup or application.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
Language	Select the route point language from the drop-down list.
User Group	<p>This drop-down list lets you assign a user group to the route point.</p> <p>The route point requires permissions just like a user. For instance, the route point call to external call forwarding needs access to trunk groups and has a mailbox.</p> <p>Consult “User Groups” on page 10-14.</p> <p>This is a required field.</p>
Route Point Server	<p>This selects the server that provides route point services for third-party applications. Third-party applications gain control of calls handled by the ShoreTel 6.1 system through route points.</p> <p>It is recommended that the route point server be a separate server from the headquarters server and not be configured with mailboxes.</p> <p>Consult “Adding Application Servers” on page 4-4.</p> <p>This is a required field.</p>

Mailbox (server)	<p>This provides the route point with a mailbox on the associated server. If you change the server, all messages are automatically moved to the new server. The default mailbox server is the headquarters server.</p> <p>This is a required field.</p>
Accept Broadcast Messages	<p>This check box enables the route point mailbox to receive broadcast messages.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
Include in System Dial by Name Directory	<p>This check box includes the route point in the auto-attendant dial-by-name directory.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
Make Number Private	<p>This check box makes the route point extension private. When the route point is private, it is not listed in the system directory and does not appear in the Call Manager dialing lists.</p> <p>See also “Individual Users” on page 10-17.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
Fax Redirect	<p>This check box enables fax redirection. When the route point answers a call and a fax tone is detected, the fax is redirected away from the route point to the headquarters fax extension.</p> <p>See also “Configuring Sites” on page 3-2.</p> <p>This is an optional field.</p>
Call Stack Depth	<p>This lets you specify the maximum number of simultaneous calls that can be “stacked” on the route point extension. When this number is met, additional inbound calls will be routed to the call forward busy destination.</p> <p>Valid entries are 1 through 200.</p> <p>See also “Telephony Features Permissions” on page 10-3.</p> <p>NOTE Call stack depth is a licensed feature. For more information, see “Languages” on page 2-13.</p>

Recorded Name

The **Record**, **Play**, **Enter**, and **Import** buttons let you record a name for the route point. The **Recorded Name** is used as part of the default mailbox greeting as well as in the dial-by-name directory.

You can use your PC microphone and speakers or a telephone to play and record within ShoreWare Director. Please refer to the auto-attendant options for more information.

You can also import prompts into ShoreWare Director. Prompts must be recorded as μ -law WAV files.

This is an optional field.

Voice Mail Password

This is the password used for accessing a route point voice mailbox over the telephone. Enter a password in the first text-entry field and again in the **Confirm** field.

The default password is “1234”. Passwords may be numeric only.

This is a required field.

Schedule

You can configure schedules for the **On-Hours**, **Holiday**, and **Custom** modes that automatically change the call handling of the route point. The rules for schedules are:

- If it is custom time, use **Custom** mode.
- If it is holiday time, use **Holiday** mode.
- If it is on-hours time, use **On-Hours** mode.
- Otherwise, use **Off-Hours** mode.

NOTE If *no schedules* are specified, **On-Hours** mode is used.

The **Edit this schedule** link provides a quick way to navigate to the associated schedule.

This is an optional field.

**Call Handling
Call Forward**

These buttons let you specify when calls are forwarded. The conditions are **Always**, **No Answer/Busy**, and **Never**.

- **Always**—The Always condition forwards calls to the number specified in the Always Destination parameter immediately when a call is received.
- **Busy**—The Busy condition forwards calls to the Busy Destination immediately if the user’s call stack is full.
- **No Answer**—This condition forwards calls if there is no answer.
- **No Answer Number of Rings**—Sets the number of rings after which a no answer condition is assumed to exist.

This is a required field.

Always Destination—When the **Always** call forward condition is selected, calls are forwarded immediately to this extension. You can also forward calls to an external number (access code required).

Busy Destination—When the **No Answer/Busy** call forward condition is selected, calls are forwarded to this extension immediately if the user's call stack is full. You can also forward calls to an external number (access code required).

No Answer Destination—When the **No Answer/Busy** call forward condition is selected, calls are forwarded to this extension after the specified number of rings. You can also forward calls to an external number (access code required).

**Mailbox
Greeting**

This lets the user record a greeting for his or her mailbox, using the **Record**, **Play**, **Erase**, and **Import** buttons.

This is on by default.

Assistant

Each route point can have a personal assistant, which is the destination a calling party is transferred upon dialing "0" in the route point mailbox.

This is an optional field.

**Enable Calling Message
Notification**

This check box enables message notification for this call handling mode. The manner in which the user is notified is determined by the user's message notification settings.

The recommended default is off.

C H A P T E R 1 0

Configuring Users

This chapter provides information about configuring user parameters. The sections in this chapter are:

- Classes of Service
- User Groups
- Individual Users
- Notify Users
- Anonymous Telephones
- Extension Lists
- Batch Update Utility
- Call Handling

Overview

ShoreTel™
ShoreWare Director
Logoff Administrator

Administration

- Users...
 - Individual Users
 - User Groups
 - Class of Service
 - Notify Users
 - Anonymous Telephones
 - Extension Lists
 - Batch Update Utility
 - Call Handling Mode Defaults...
- Trunks...
- IP Phones...
- Switches
- Call Control...
- Voice Mail...
- Auto-Attendant Menu
- Workgroups
- Schedules
- System Directory
- Application Servers
- Conference Bridges
- Sites
- System Parameters...
- Preferences

Individual Users [Help](#)

Add new user at site: **Headquarters** [Go](#)

Show page: **1 : Adam - Yourst** 15 Records **25** per page

First Name	Last Name	Site	User Group	Client Type	Extension	Mailbox	Switch	Port	Status
Adam	Ant	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4509	4509	Doc-24	ShoreDoc IP Phone	Home
Betty	Boop	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4510	4510	Doc-24	10	Home
Carl	Castle	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4511	4511	Doc-24	11	Home
Donald	Duck	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4512	4512	ShoreDoc-HQ	Any IP Phone	Home
Ernie	Eis	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4513	4513	Doc-24	13	Home
Fred	Flintstone	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4514	4514	Doc-24	14	Home
Greta	Garbo	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4515	4515	Doc-24	15	Home
Howard	Hughes	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4516	4516	Doc-24	16	Home
Johnathan	Seagull	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4805	4805	Doc-24	1	Home
Tim	Toolman	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4904	4904	Bedrock	10	Home
Ursula	Urp	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4907	4907	Bedrock	13	Home
Vince	Vinceble	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4906	4906	Bedrock	12	Home
Wanda	Wenderly	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4908	4908	Bedrock	14	Home
Wendy	Williams	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4905	4905	Bedrock	11	Home
Yourst	Yumbal	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4903	4903	Bedrock	9	Home

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Figure 10-1 Users Navigation Links

The **Users** link in the navigation frame, shown in Figure 10-1, gives you access to the **Individual Users**, **User Groups**, **Class of Service**, **Notify Users**, **Anonymous Telephones**, **Extension Lists**, **Batch Update Utility**, and **Call Handling Mode Defaults** list and edit pages. From these pages, you can add and edit users as well as assign them properties within the ShoreTel system.

Configuring users requires that you configure class of service first, user groups second, and individual users last. Having the following information at hand will expedite the user configuration process:

- A list or outline of the classes of service that will be associated with your user groups
- A list or outline of user groups that will be associated with individual users
- A list of new users who will be added to the system

NOTE The ShoreTel system comes with default classes of service and user groups.

Classes of Service

Configuring classes of service is the first step in configuring users. Expand the **Users** link and click **Class of Service**. From the **Class of Service** page, shown in Figure 10-2, you configure permissions for telephony features, outside calling, and voice mail usage. Descriptions and instructions are provided for these permissions in the following sections:

- Telephony Features Permissions
- Call Permissions
- Voice Mail Permissions

Class of Service		Help
Telephony Features Permissions Add new	Name Fully Featured Minimally Featured Partially Featured Voice Mail Featured	
Call Permissions Add new	Name Internal Only Local Only Long Distance Calling No Restrictions	
Voice Mail Permissions Add new	Name Large Mail Box Medium Mail Box No Mail Box Small Mail Box	

Figure 10-2 Class of Service List Page

Each list on the **Class of Service** page has an **Add new** link and a list of names that are associated with a telephony features permissions CoS (Class of Service), call permissions CoS, or voice mail permissions CoS. To add a new CoS, click **Add new** from the appropriate table. To edit an existing CoS record, click the name of the CoS from the appropriate table. The **Telephony Features** edit page, shown in Figure 10-3, appears.

Telephony Features Permissions

This section describes the classes of service that you configure from the **Telephony Features Permissions** edit page, shown in Figure 10-3. Telephony features permissions are assigned to user groups and define how users can use their telephone features, such as call stack depth, paging, and call forwarding to an external number.

Class of Service
New
Copy
Save
Delete
Reset

Edit Telephony Features Permissions

Edit this record
Refresh this page

Name:

Max. Call Stack Depth:

Max. Parties in Make Me Conference:

☒ Allow Call Pickup

☒ Allow Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer

☒ Allow Overhead and Group Paging

☒ Allow Make Hunt Group Busy

☒ Allow Extension Reassignment

☒ Allow PSTN Failover

☒ Show Caller ID Name and Number on Monitored Extensions

☒ Allow Customization of IP Phone Buttons

☒ Show Extensions with Different Prefixes in Directory

☒ Allow Collaboration Features

☒ Allow Recording of Own Calls

Directed Intercom / Paging:
☒ Allow Initiation
Accept: ☐ None ☒ All ☐ Only From: Search

Barge In:
☒ Allow Initiation
Accept: ☐ None ☒ All ☐ Only From: Search

Record Other's Calls:
☒ Allow Initiation
Accept: ☐ None ☒ All ☐ Only From: Search

Monitor Other's Calls:
☒ Allow Initiation
Accept: ☐ None ☒ All ☐ Only From: Search

Allow Call Handling Changes:
☒ Current Mode ☒ Detailed Settings

☒ Allow External Call Forwarding and Find Me Destinations

☒ Allow External Extension Reassignment

Scope:

☐ Local Only
☐ National Long Distance
☐ International Long Distance
☒ All Calls

Restrictions:
 (e.g. +1900,+1xxx976)

Permissions:
 (e.g. 1/311)

Figure 10-3 Telephony Features Permissions Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters on the **Telephony Features Permissions** edit page are as follows:

Name	This lets you specify a descriptive name of the CoS that you are creating or editing.
Max. Call Stack Depth	<p>This lets you specify the maximum number of simultaneous calls that can be “stacked” on a user’s extension. When this number is met, additional inbound calls are routed to the call forward busy destination.</p> <p>Valid entries are 1 through 16.</p>
Max. Parties in Make Me Conference	This lets you specify the maximum number of parties that can be included in any Make Me Conference call made from your site. Select the number of parties from the drop-down. The default number is 3. Valid values are 3 through 6.
Allow Call Pickup	This check box enables call pickup, which lets users pick up any ringing extension (including the night bell) or pick up any parked call.
Allow Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer	<p>This check box enables trunk-to-trunk call transfers. A trunk-to-trunk transfer is defined as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An internal party is talking with an external party. The internal party transfers the external party <i>blindly</i> or <i>consultatively</i> to an external party via the telephone or a ShoreWare Call Manager application. • A three-party conference call with one internal party and two external parties when the internal party drops from the call via the telephone or a ShoreWare Call Manager application. <p>NOTE A trunk-to-trunk transfer is not an external party forwarded to an external number by a user’s call handling mode. This is not to be confused with Allow External Call-forwarding.</p> <p>NOTE This feature is automatic and by-passes toll-related call permissions. If there is the potential for toll fraud by employees who might abuse this feature, limit this permission to only a few select user groups. For example, you might only give permission to the executive and sales user groups.</p> <p>NOTE If this parameter is enabled, you can manage trunk-to-trunk transfers from the Call Control Options edit page.</p>
Allow Overhead and Group Paging	This check box lets users dial any site paging extension and make an announcement using the overhead paging system or group paging.

Allow Make Hunt Group Busy	<p>If granted, this permission allows the user to busy out a hunt group or return it to service by keying *18 on the telephone keypad. In addition, the Quick Look maintenance page can be used to busy out or return a hunt group to service. Calls will be forwarded to the Busy Destination set in the Hunt Groups page.</p> <p>Should a hunt group be busied out while on a holiday or off-hours schedule, the schedule takes precedence.</p>
Allow Extension Reassignment	This check box lets users reassign their extension to another telephone.
Allow PSTN Failover	This check box indicates that site-to-site calls that fail over proprietary routes will be automatically made over a PSTN number. The PSTN number to use in case of failure must be entered on the User edit page.
Show Caller ID Name and Number on Monitored Extensions	Select this check box if you would like the monitoring party to see information about the incoming calls on the monitored party's line. Leave this check box clear if you do not want the monitoring party to know who the monitored party is talking to. If unchecked, the incoming call will still be shown with an icon and LED, but not textually in the announcement area.
Allow Customization of IP Phone Buttons	This check box lets users configure the programmable buttons on their IP100 and IP212k/230/530/560/560g phones or BB24 device.
Show Extensions with Different Prefixes in Directory	Select this check box to display extensions that have different prefixes. The On-Net Dialing feature often results in a remote site having a different prefix from a headquarters site. Enabling this check box will cause all extensions (even those at the remote sites) to appear in the directory.
Allow Collaboration Features	Checking this box allows document sharing. See also “Configuring Conference Bridges” on page 5-1.
Allow Recording of Own Calls	Checking this box grants permission to record one's own calls. This will also be impacted by the Enable Monitor/Record Warning Tone parameter in Chapter 9.
Directed Intercom/Paging	The Allow initiation check box and Accept radio buttons can be used to configure the intercom/paging calls function. See “Intercom/Paging, Barge In, Record, and Monitor Telephony CoS Configuration” on page 14-5 for details on configuring this option.

Barge In	<p>Barge In permits one party to join an existing call as a fully conferenced participant. When barge in is initiated, a brief intrusion tone is played to the other participants and (if present) the monitor/record warning tone is discontinued. Checking Allow initiation allows users with this CoS to barge in on users with Accept barge in enabled.</p> <p>See “Intercom/Paging, Barge In, Record, and Monitor Telephony CoS Configuration” on page 14-5 for details on configuring this option.</p>
Record Other’s Calls	<p>These check boxes allow the user to record calls. The monitor/record warning tone is played, if enabled in Call Control.</p> <p>See “Intercom/Paging, Barge In, Record, and Monitor Telephony CoS Configuration” on page 14-5 for details on configuring this option.</p>
Monitor Other’s Calls	<p>These check boxes allow the user to monitor calls. The monitor/record warning tone is played, if enabled in Call Control.</p> <p>See “Intercom/Paging, Barge In, Record, and Monitor Telephony CoS Configuration” on page 14-5 for details on configuring this option.</p>
Allow Call Handling Changes	<p>These check boxes allows users to make changes to their call handling settings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Current Mode—Checking this box allows users to change their current call handling mode from ShorePhone IP phones and Personal Call Manager. • Detailed Settings—Checking this box allows users to change all call handling settings, such as call forward destinations, from Personal Call Manager.
Allow External Call-forwarding and FindMe Destinations	<p>This check box lets users forward incoming calls to an external number, as restricted by the Scope, Restrictions, and Exceptions parameters.</p> <p>This must not be confused with Allow Call Transfer Trunk to Trunk.</p>
Allow External Extension Reassignment	<p>This check box allows users in this CoS to assign their extension to a PSTN phone for use with the Office Anywhere feature. By selecting this check box, the user will be able to treat his cell phone or home phone as an extension on the ShoreTel system.</p>

Scope

Scope allows you to set a general permission level. Levels are presented from the most restrictive to the most permissive. The Restrictions and Permissions listed are applied *in addition to* the general scope setting.

- **Local Only** allows forwarding or extension reassignment only to local or additional local area codes, as defined on the **Site** edit page.
- **National Long Distance** also allows forwarding or extension reassignment to long-distance numbers within the country, as defined on the **Site** edit page.
- **International Long Distance** also allows forwarding or extension reassignment to international numbers, as defined on the **Site** edit page.
- **All Calls** allows forwarding or extension reassignment to any number, including 900, Operator Assisted, and Carrier Select numbers. This is the default.

Restrictions

The Restrictions and Permissions listed are applied in addition to the Scope setting. The comma-separated restriction expressions are limited to a total of 50 characters.

Follow these guidelines for entering restrictions:

- Numbers must be entered in canonical format, including the international designation “+” and country code. For example, to restrict forwarding to the 408 area code in the U.S., use +1408.
- Non-routable calls (311, 411, etc.) for a country must be designated by the country code plus the “/” character. For example, to restrict forwarding to 311 in the U.S., use 1/311.
- Each field can contain multiple entries as long as they are separated by commas or semicolons.
- Each entry must consist of numbers only.
- Access codes, such as 9, must not be included.
- The wildcard of “x” can be used.

When a call is both restricted and permitted, it is permitted. For example, restricting +1 408 and permitting +1 408 331 restricts all calls to the 408 area code except those to 408 331-xxxx.

Permissions

The Restrictions and Permissions listed are applied in addition to the Scope setting. The comma-separated restriction expressions are limited to a total of 50 characters.

Follow these guidelines for entering permissions:

- Numbers must be entered in canonical format including the international designation “+” and country code. For example, to permit forwarding to the 408331 area code and prefix in the U.S., use +1408331.
- Non-routable calls (311, 411, etc.) for a country must be designated by the country code plus the “/” character. For example, to permit forwarding to 311 in the U.S., use 1/311.
- Each field can contain multiple entries as long as they are separated by commas or semicolons.
- Each entry must consist of numbers only.
- Access codes, such as 9, must not be included.
- The wildcard of “x” can be used.

When a call is both restricted and permitted, it is permitted. For example, restricting +1 408 and permitting +1 408 331 restricts all calls to the 408 area code except those to 408 331-xxxx.

NOTE The Silent Monitor field has been removed from this page. For an equivalent parameter, see the Enable Monitor/Record Warning Tone field on page 9-13.

Whisper Page

The Whisper Page feature allows an operator to break into an active call in order to speak with an internal user. This occurs without the remote caller hearing the interruption and without the operator hearing the remote caller.

Here's a real-world example: You are in the office on a call with a client when another client arrives in the lobby to meet you for an appointment. The administrative assistant knows that you are on a call, but she uses the Whisper Page feature to interrupt the call to let you know someone is waiting for you in the lobby. You hear the voice of your administrative assistant and the client at the same time, but neither of them can hear one another.

Implementation details:

- The Whisper Page feature can be invoked from:
 - Personal Call Manager (PCM)
 - Any phone (analog or IP) by pressing the code *19
 - One of the soft keys on an IP 212k/230/530/560/560g phone
- While on a Whisper Page call, the internal user can mute the audio channel to the original caller. This allows him to respond to the operator without the original caller hearing him. This can be accomplished from:
 - One of the soft keys - not the standard mute button - on an IP 212k/230/530/560/560g phone
 - PCM, if you do not have an IP phone
- Both the operator and the internal user hear a tone when the Whisper Page call is connected. The tone is the same as the one used for the intercom feature.

- To receive a Whisper Page call, the internal user must be on an IP210, IP212k, IP230, IP530, IP560 or IP560g handset. If a Whisper Page call is sent to any other phone (e.g., IP100, SoftPhone, or analog phone) the call will be treated as an intercom call.
- If a Whisper Page call is sent to a phone that is not on an active call, the feature behaves the same as an intercom call.
- Permissions to use this feature are the same as for intercom, and the feature is enabled or disabled (via Director) along with the intercom feature.
- The Whisper Page feature will not work if the internal party is on a 3-way conference call.
- No call control operations may be performed on the Whisper Page call, except to hang up. For example, the Whisper Page call cannot be put on hold, transferred, parked, etc.

Configuring Whisper Page

To configure the Whisper Page feature, do the following:

- Step 1** Launch ShoreWare Director and enter the user ID and password.
- Step 2** Click on the Administration link to expand the list (if it has not already been expanded).
- Step 3** Click on the Users link and then the Class of Service link. The Class of Service window appears.
- Step 4** Select the name of the one of the profiles in the Telephony Features Permissions section by clicking on it. (You can either create a new profile or modify one of the existing profiles.)

Step 5 The Class of Service window appears, as shown below.

Class of Service
Edit Telephony Features Permissions

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

Edit this record [Refresh this page](#)

Name:

Max. Call Stack Depth:

Max. Parties in Make Me Conference:

☐ Allow Call Pickup

☒ Allow Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer

☐ Allow Overhead and Group Paging

☐ Allow Make Hunt Group Busy

☐ Allow Extension Reassignment

☐ Allow PSTN Failover

☐ Allow Collaboration Features

☐ Allow Recording of Own Calls

Directed Intercom / Paging: ☐ Allow Initiation ☐ Accept

Barge In: ☐ Allow Initiation ☐ Accept

Record Other's Calls: ☐ Allow Initiation ☐ Accept

Monitor Other's Calls: ☐ Allow Initiation ☐ Accept

Allow Call Handling Changes: ☒ Current Mode ☒ Detailed Settings

☐ Allow External Call Forwarding and Find Me Destinations

Scope:

☒ Local Only

☐ National Long Distance

☐ International Long Distance

☐ All Calls

Restrictions:

Permissions:

Figure 10-4 Enable Whisper Page

NOTE There is no separate check box specifically for the Whisper Page feature. The functionality has been coupled with the intercom functionality.

Step 6 In the Directed Intercom/Paging field, enable the Allow Initiation check box to allow this user to place a Whisper Page call. (This user would most likely be an operator or administrator.) You can also enable the Accept check box if the user is likely to be on the receiving end of a Whisper call.

Step 7 Click the Save button to store your changes.

NOTE The topic of applying a Class of Service to a User Group is covered in the System Administration Guide. However, as a reminder, keep in mind that once you have enabled the Whisper Page feature in a Class of Service profile, you must make sure that this Class of Service profile is applied to the appropriate User Group to which you target user belongs. In other words, the user that will be using the Whisper Page feature must belong to a User Group that has the COS - Telephony value set to the name of the profile that you just finished modifying.

Call Permissions

This section describes the classes of service that configured in the **Call Permissions** edit page, shown in Figure 10-5. Call permissions are assigned to user groups, providing users with specific telephone calling permissions.

Figure 10-5 Call Permissions Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters on the **Call Permissions** edit page are as follows:

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| Name | This is a descriptive name of the Class of Service record that you are adding or editing. |
| Scope | <p>Scope allows you to set a general permission level and is presented from the most restrictive to the most permissive. The Restrictions and Permissions listed are applied <i>in addition to</i> the general scope setting for the Class of Service.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal Only allows calls only to internal extensions and to the configured emergency number. • Local Only allows calls only to local or additional local area codes, as defined on the Site edit page. • National Long Distance also allows calls to long-distance numbers within the country, as defined on the Site edit page. • International Long Distance also allows calls to international numbers, as defined on the Site edit page. • All Calls allows calls to any number, including 900, Operator Assisted, and Carrier Select numbers, as well as use of Vertical Service Codes. This is the default. |

Restrictions The Restrictions and Permissions listed are applied in addition to the Scope setting. The comma-separated restriction expressions are limited to a total of 50 characters.

Follow these guidelines for entering restrictions:

- Numbers must be entered in canonical format including the international designation “+” and country code. For example, to restrict calls to the 408 area code in the U.S., use +1408.
- Non-routable calls (311, 411, etc.) for a country must be designated by the country code plus the “/” character. For example, to restrict 311 in the U.S., use 1/311.
- Each field can contain multiple entries as long as they are separated by commas or semicolons.
- Each entry must consist of numbers only.
- Access codes, such as 9, must not be included.
- The wildcard of “x” can be used.

When a call is both restricted and permitted, it is permitted. For example, restricting +1 408 and permitting +1 408 331 restricts all calls to the 408 area code except those to 408 331-xxxx.

Permissions The Restrictions and Permissions listed are applied in addition to the Scope setting. The comma-separated restriction expressions are limited to a total of 250 characters.

Use the following guidelines for entering permissions:

- In general, numbers must be entered in canonical format including the international designation “+” and country code. For example, to permit calls to the 408331 area code and prefix in the U.S., use +1408331.
- Non-routable calls (311, 411, etc.) for a country must be designated by the country code plus the “/” character. For example, to permit 311 in the U.S., use 1/311.
- Each field can contain multiple entries as long as they are separated by commas or semicolons.
- Each entry must consist of numbers only.
- Access codes, such as 9, must not be included.
- The wildcard of “x” can be used.

When a call is both restricted and permitted, it is permitted. For example, restricting +1 408 and permitting +1 408 331 restricts all calls to the 408 area code except those to 408 331-xxxx.

Voice Mail Permissions

This section describes the classes of service that you configure from the **Voice Mail Permissions** edit page, shown in Figure 10-6. Voice mail permissions are assigned to user groups, providing users with specific usage of the ShoreTel voice mail system.

Class of Service
Edit Voice Mail Permissions

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

Name:

Incoming Message Length: seconds

Incoming Max. Messages:

Outgoing Message Length: seconds

☒ Allow Access to Broadcast Distribution List

☒ Allow Access to System Distribution Lists

☒ Allow Message Notification

☒ Allow Message Notification to External Number

Figure 10-6 Voice Mail Permissions Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters on the **Voice Mail Permissions** edit page are as follows:

Name	This is a descriptive name of the CoS record that you are creating or editing.
Incoming Message Length	<p>This is the maximum length of an incoming voice mail message.</p> <p>Valid values are from 1 to 3600 seconds. The default is 300 seconds.</p>
Incoming Max. Messages	<p>This is the maximum number of messages that can be queued in a mailbox, including new, saved, and deleted messages.</p> <p>Valid values are from 1 to 500 messages.</p>
Outgoing Message Length	<p>This is the maximum message length that a user can record before sending a message to another extension. This parameter controls both the composed message and the greeting.</p> <p>NOTE Do not confuse this with the user's personal voice mail greeting.</p> <p>Valid values are from 1 to 3600 seconds.</p>
Allow Access to Broadcast Distribution List	This gives users access to the company-wide distribution list. A user with this permission is able to broadcast voice mail messages to all users throughout the company.
Allow Access to System Distribution Lists	This gives users access to system distribution lists.

Allow Message Notification This enables message notification. It might be further qualified by **Allow Message Notification to External Number**.

This is enabled as a system default.

Allow Message Notification to External Number This permits message notification to an external number. It cannot be set unless **Allow Message Notification** is enabled.

This is enabled as a system default.

User Groups

Configuring user groups is the second step in configuring users. The **User Groups** page, shown in Figure 10-7, lets you create user groups and edit existing user group configurations. To access the **User Groups** list page, click **User Groups** from the navigation frame.

User Groups Help						
Add new						
Permissions						
Name	Telephony Features	Call	Voice Mail	SMDI	Account Codes	DID As CESID
Account Code Service	Minimally Featured	No Restrictions	No Mail Box	None	Disabled	Yes
Anonymous Telephones	Minimally Featured	Internal Only	No Mail Box	None	Disabled	Yes
Executives	Fully Featured	No Restrictions	Large Mail Box	None	Disabled	Yes
House Telephones	Minimally Featured	Internal Only	No Mail Box	None	Disabled	Yes
IP Telephones	Minimally Featured	Internal Only	No Mail Box	None	Disabled	Yes
Managers	Partially Featured	No Restrictions	Medium Mail Box	None	Disabled	Yes
Staff	Partially Featured	Long Distance Calling	Medium Mail Box	None	Disabled	Yes
Voice Mail Notification	Voice Mail Featured	No Restrictions	No Mail Box	None	Disabled	Yes

Figure 10-7 User Groups List Page

NOTE If you have not created classes of service for your user groups, refer to “Classes of Service” on page 10-2 and configure them.

User Group List Page Column Definitions

The columns in the **User Groups** table are as follows:

Name	This is the name of the user group.
Telephony Features	This is the telephony features permissions CoS associated with the user group.
Call	This is the call permissions CoS associated with the user group.
Voice Mail	This is the voice mail CoS associated with the user group.
SMDI	This is the Simplified Message Desk Interface mode set for the user group. Also see “Legacy Voice Mail Integration” on page 4-3.
Account Codes	This is the account code collection mode set for the user group. Also see “Account Codes” on page 9-3.

DID As CESID Indicates whether a DID number should be sent as the Caller's Emergency Service ID number for a 911 emergency call.

When you click **Add new** or click the name of an existing user group from the **User Groups** page, the **User Group** edit page, shown in Figure 10-8, appears.

Figure 10-8 User Group Edit Page

User Group Parameters

The parameters on the **User Group** edit page are as follows:

Name	This is a descriptive name of the group you are adding or editing.
COS – Telephony	This is the telephony features permissions CoS associated with the user group.
COS – Call Permissions	This is the call permissions CoS associated with the user group.
COS – Voice Mail	This is the voice mail permissions CoS record associated with the user group.

Simplified Message Desk Interface Mode	<p>Select from None, External Voice Mail, or ShoreTel Voice Mail. Select External Voice Mail if an application server is functioning as a PBX for a legacy voice mail system. Select ShoreTel Voice Mail if an application server is functioning as a voice mail server for a legacy PBX. Also see “Legacy Voice Mail Integration” on page 4-3.</p>
Account Code Collection	<p>Select from Disabled, Optional, or Forced account code collection for the selected user group.</p> <p>Disabled—Account collection is not active for this group.</p> <p>Optional—Users are prompted to enter an account code. If no account code is entered, the call is completed without account code records.</p> <p>Forced—Users must enter an account code for all calls outside the bounds of the call permissions set for the user.</p> <p>For more information about account codes, see “Account Codes” on page 9-3.</p>
Show Call Manager users a list of account codes when dialing	<p>Enabling this option allows Call Manager users to select an account code from the complete list of account codes when prompted for an account code. Disable this feature if you want to restricts the user’s knowledge of account codes.</p>
Send Caller ID as Caller’s Emergency Service Identification (CESID)	<p>The caller ID configured on the User’s page is the telephone number sent to the service provider when a user dials an emergency services number (e.g., 911 in the U.S.). Default setting is checked on. If this option is not selected, the outbound caller ID will be either the user’s DID or the site’s CESID.</p> <p>For more information on emergency and 911 calls, see Appendix B, “Emergency 911 Operations” for more information.</p>
Send DID as Caller’s Emergency Service Identification (CESID)	<p>This is the telephone number sent to the service provider when a user dials an emergency services number (e.g., 911 in the U.S.) from their home phone. If this option is not selected and Send Caller ID as Caller’s Emergency Service Identification (CESID) is also not selected, the outbound caller ID will be the site’s CESID.</p> <p>For more information on emergency and 911 calls, see Appendix B, “Emergency 911 Operations” for more information.</p>
Outgoing Trunk Groups (Access Code)	<p>These are the trunk groups to which this user group has access for outgoing calls.</p> <p>For more information about trunk groups, see Chapter 7, “Configuring Trunks.”</p> <p>NOTE You can assign multiple trunk groups with the same access code to the user group.</p>

Individual Users

Configuring individual users is the final step in setting up user parameters. From the **Individual Users** list page, shown in Figure 10-9, you can invoke the **Edit User** page by selecting a site and clicking **Go**. The resulting **Edit User** page lets you specify the user's general information, configure personal options, and edit distribution lists.

Individual Users Help																																																																																																																																																																									
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<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>First Name</th><th>Last Name</th><th>Site</th><th>User Group</th><th>Client Type</th><th>Extension</th><th>Mailbox</th><th>Switch</th><th>Port</th><th>Status</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Adam</td><td>Ant</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Operator</td><td>4509</td><td>4509</td><td>Doc-24</td><td>ShoreDoc IP Phone</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Betty</td><td>Boop</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Operator</td><td>4510</td><td>4510</td><td>Doc-24</td><td>10</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Carl</td><td>Castle</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Operator</td><td>4511</td><td>4511</td><td>Doc-24</td><td>11</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Donald</td><td>Duck</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Operator</td><td>4512</td><td>4512</td><td>ShoreDoc-HQ</td><td>Any IP Phone</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Ernie</td><td>Els</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Personal</td><td>4513</td><td>4513</td><td>Doc-24</td><td>13</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Fred</td><td>Flintstone</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Personal</td><td>4514</td><td>4514</td><td>Doc-24</td><td>14</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Greta</td><td>Garbo</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Personal</td><td>4515</td><td>4515</td><td>Doc-24</td><td>15</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Howard</td><td>Hughes</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Personal</td><td>4516</td><td>4516</td><td>Doc-24</td><td>16</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Johnathan</td><td>Seagull</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Personal</td><td>4805</td><td>4805</td><td>Doc-24</td><td>1</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Tim</td><td>Toolman</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Personal</td><td>4904</td><td>4904</td><td>Bedrock</td><td>10</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Ursula</td><td>Urp</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Personal</td><td>4907</td><td>4907</td><td>Bedrock</td><td>13</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Vince</td><td>Vinceble</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Personal</td><td>4906</td><td>4906</td><td>Bedrock</td><td>12</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Wanda</td><td>Wenderly</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Personal</td><td>4908</td><td>4908</td><td>Bedrock</td><td>14</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Wendy</td><td>Williams</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Personal</td><td>4905</td><td>4905</td><td>Bedrock</td><td>11</td><td>Home</td></tr> <tr><td>Yourst</td><td>Yumbal</td><td>Headquarters</td><td>Executives</td><td>Personal</td><td>4903</td><td>4903</td><td>Bedrock</td><td>9</td><td>Home</td></tr> </tbody> </table>										First Name	Last Name	Site	User Group	Client Type	Extension	Mailbox	Switch	Port	Status	Adam	Ant	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4509	4509	Doc-24	ShoreDoc IP Phone	Home	Betty	Boop	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4510	4510	Doc-24	10	Home	Carl	Castle	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4511	4511	Doc-24	11	Home	Donald	Duck	Headquarters	Executives	Operator	4512	4512	ShoreDoc-HQ	Any IP Phone	Home	Ernie	Els	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4513	4513	Doc-24	13	Home	Fred	Flintstone	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4514	4514	Doc-24	14	Home	Greta	Garbo	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4515	4515	Doc-24	15	Home	Howard	Hughes	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4516	4516	Doc-24	16	Home	Johnathan	Seagull	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4805	4805	Doc-24	1	Home	Tim	Toolman	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4904	4904	Bedrock	10	Home	Ursula	Urp	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4907	4907	Bedrock	13	Home	Vince	Vinceble	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4906	4906	Bedrock	12	Home	Wanda	Wenderly	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4908	4908	Bedrock	14	Home	Wendy	Williams	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4905	4905	Bedrock	11	Home	Yourst	Yumbal	Headquarters	Executives	Personal	4903	4903	Bedrock	9	Home
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Figure 10-9 Users List Page

NOTE If you have not configured user groups for your users, refer to the “User Groups” on page 10-14” and configure them first.

NOTE The User Type parameter has been removed. More complex permissions can be entered by using the administrator permissions. For more information, see “Administrative Permissions” on page 2-20.

If there are more users than can be displayed on one page, you can use forward and backward arrows to page through the names and specify the number of records to display per page.

Individual Users List Page Column Headings

The columns in the **Individual Users** list page are defined as follows:

First Name	The first name of the user.
Last Name	The last name of the user.
Site	The site associated with the user.
User Group	The user group that is associated with the user.
Client Type	The client type that is assigned to the user.
Extension	The user's extension.
Mailbox	The user's voice mailbox.
Switch	The switch associated with the user.
Port	The port associated with the user or the MAC address of an IP phone.
Status	This shows the user's telephone port status. Home indicates that the user is at his or her home telephone port; Assigned indicates otherwise.

To add or edit a user's profile from the **Edit User** page, shown in Figure 10-10, fill out the four tabs—**General** information, **Personal Options** for user options, **Distribution Lists**, and **Workgroups**—as described in the following sections.

Users

Edit User

New

Copy

Save

Delete

Reset

Help

General

Personal Options

Distribution Lists

Workgroups

Refresh this page

First Name:

Adam

Last Name:

Ant

Number:

4609

License Type:

Extension and Mailbox

Caller ID:

(e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

☒ DID:

+1213333

0001

(DID Range: +12133330000 - 0099)

PSTN Failover:

None

User Group:

Executives

Go to this User Group

Site:

Headquarters

Language:

English

Home Port:

☒ IP Phones

ShoreDoc IP Phone

☐ Ports

Bedrock - 8

☐ SoftSwitch

Contact Center

Current Port:

ShoreDoc IP Phone

Go Home

Jack #:

Mailbox on Server:

ShoreDoc-HQ

Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications

☒ Accept Broadcast Messages

☒ Include in System Dial By Name Directory

☐ Make Number Private

☒ Enable Fax Redirection

☐ Enable Fax Server Integration

☒ Allow Use of Soft Phone

Client Type:

Operator

Client User ID:

AAnt

Client Password:

Voice Mail Password:

Email Address:

AAnt@yourcompany.com

Conference Bridge:

Server:

Collab

User ID:

aaant

Password:

[Edit System Directory Record](#)

Figure 10-10 Edit User Page (General Tab)

Private Numbers

Users can have private numbers that are not listed in the System Directory or in Call Manager Quick Dialer and thus have Caller ID information suppressed. This is enabled through the check box on the **Edit User** page called **Make Number Private**. When checked, the user's extension becomes a Private Number.

The following conditions apply to private numbers:

- The user's Private Number extension no longer appears in the QuickDialer for dial-by-name operations or in the ShoreTel Directory Viewer.
- Calls placed by a Private Number user show the caller's name but not their number to the dialed party for internal calls. This applies to analog phones, IP phones, and associated instances of the Call Manager. The ring style is a double-ring, indicating an internal call.
- Calls placed from a private number to an external party do not deliver a Direct-Inward-Dial (DID) number as Caller ID when PRI trunks are used for the outbound call. The site CESID (Caller's Emergency Service ID) number is used for the outbound Caller ID.
- Calls placed from a private number to an off-system extension on PRI trunks with NI2 signaling deliver calling name information but not calling number information.
- Routing slips and the Call Manager and History viewer show the Private Number user's name but not their extension number.
- The Private Number users are listed with name and number in the Extension Monitor extension selection dialog box.
- The user can be dialed directly via the telephone or the Call Manager if their extension is known.
- Contacts imported from Microsoft Outlook or Exchange that reference a Private Number user's extension are not blocked and are fully visible in the Call Manager Quick Dialer.
- CDR database records show both number and name for Private Number users. The Caller-ID Flags field will indicate that only the name is valid however.
- CDR legacy log files show the number of Private Number user calls that are inbound or outbound calls.
- The ShoreWare Director shows number information for Private Number users as with other users, as for example on the User List page.

General Information

General information about new and existing users is provided under the **General** tab on the **Edit User** page, as shown in Figure 10-10.

NOTE Note that with this software release, the parameter called **User Type** has been removed. Expanded user permissions have been added. Refer to "Administrative Permissions" on page 2-20.

Parameters

The parameters under the **General** tab of the **Edit User** page are as follows:

First Name	This is the first name of a user, fax machine, conference room, or other "virtual user."
Last Name	This is the last name of the user.

Number	This is the work number for the user. The number defaults based upon a cookie that is locally stored since the last time you saved a user.
License Type	<p>Set the user's license type from the following values: Extension and Mailbox, Extension-Only, and Mailbox-Only.</p> <p>Extension and Mailbox—The user will have both a phone extension and an internal ShoreTel mailbox for voice mail.</p> <p>Extension-Only—The user will have an extension but no mailbox. Use Extension-Only if, for example, the user has a mailbox for voice mail on a legacy switch or PBX. Selecting Extension-Only results in the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The voice mail server drop-down menu and associated check boxes are disabled. • User groups with SMDI ShoreTel voice mail are not available. <p>Mailbox-Only—The user will have a mailbox on the ShoreTel switch but will not have a phone extension. Selecting Mailbox-Only results in the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User groups with SMDI External voice mail are not available • Ports cannot be assigned to Mailbox-Only users. • Office Anywhere is not available to the Mailbox-Only users, regardless of CoS settings. <p>NOTE ShoreTel 6.1 capacity is licensed by user license type. Make sure you have licenses for all users and required types.</p>
Caller ID	<p>This number is used for caller ID on outbound calls. A caller ID entered here will take precedence over the user's DID and the site's CESID number (both for normal outbound and 911 calls). If no number is entered, the user's DID or the site's CESID will be used for outbound caller ID.</p> <p>NOTE This feature is available only on outbound calls using a T1 PRI trunk.</p>
DID	<p>This provides the user with a Direct Inward Dial (DID) number. The number defaults based upon a cookie that is locally stored since the last time you saved a user. This requires that DID services are properly configured against the desired trunk group.</p> <p>This is enabled by default if a DID trunk group is configured.</p>

PSTN Failover Select from None, DID, or a specific phone number. When a specific phone number is to be entered, a text box opens. This field supplies the PSTN number to be dialed to complete a failed site-to-site call. When DID is selected and a call fails, the call is routed via the PSTN network to a local PSTN DID number for the user. When an external number is supplied and a call fails to go directly to its intended extension, the call is routed to the number indicated, for example, an auto-attendant.

The user must have a Class of Service that has “Allow PSTN Failover” enabled. See “Classes of Service” on page 10-2.

NOTE If there is no available bandwidth or if a WAN is down for a site to site call and if the call destination has no PSTN failover, the call is directed to voice mail.

User Group This displays all of your user groups. Associate one group with the user. The default is **Executives**.

Clicking **Go to this User Group** invokes the associated user group page.

NOTE If you have not configured your site’s user groups, refer to “User Groups” on page 10-14 and configure them before proceeding further.

Site This is the site for the user. This filters the list of switch ports that you must select from as well as provide a different default DID number if available.

Language Select the language this user will hear for voice mail prompts from the drop-down list of available languages.

Home Port This displays a list of available switch ports and IP phones. Select the switch port or IP phone to be associated with this user.

If you are assigning an analog port and do not make a selection, ShoreTel will select the next available port.

If you select **IP Phone**, the drop-down list displays **Any IP Phone** as the default. For more information about the Any IP Phone feature, see Appendix A, “Using Office Anywhere.

If you select **Port**, the drop-down list displays available ports configured for phone use.

If you want to create a user without a port (a virtual user), select the SoftSwitch as the home switch port.

NOTE Assigning users to an analog port or SoftSwitch for their home port can cause the loss of phone service if the user selects the Go Home option in Personal Call Manager. ShoreTel recommends that Office Anywhere users be assigned Any IP phone as their home port.

Current Port	<p>This field indicates the user's current switch port. This shows you which switch port the user has assigned himself or herself. You can change the current port setting to the home port by clicking Go Home.</p> <p>If you click Go Home, the system forces the user back to his or her home telephone. This option is useful when a temporary user is no longer using that phone.</p>
Jack #	This is the patch-panel jack number that is associated with the user's switch port.
Mailbox on Server	<p>This enables the user's voice mailbox. The drop-down list allows you to select the server to host this mailbox.</p> <p>This is enabled by default.</p> <p>NOTE When you change a user's server, the user must exit and re-launch the client to establish a connection to the new server.</p>
Accept Broadcast Messages	<p>When enabled, this lets individual users receive broadcast messages. Disable this feature for users who do not want to receive broadcast messages.</p> <p>This is enabled by default.</p>
Include in System Dial By Name Directory	<p>When enabled, this causes the user's name to be included in the auto-attendant's dial-by-name directory.</p> <p>This is enabled by default.</p>
Make Number Private	Checking this check box removes this number from the system directory and call handling destination lists.
Enable Fax Redirection	<p>When enabled, this redirects fax calls to the site's fax redirect extension once the call is answered. The user briefly hears the fax tone before the call is redirected.</p> <p>This is enabled by default.</p> <p>NOTE When call handling forwards a call to a number at a different site, the call is redirected to the fax redirection number for that site. Setting the fax number is described in "Configuring Sites" on page 3-2.</p> <p>NOTE This option should be unchecked for fax machines.</p> <p>NOTE The fax redirect feature will not work with calls that come in on SIP trunks.</p>
Enable Fax Server Integration	Check this box if you are creating this user for integration with a fax server.
Allow Use of SoftPhone	Check this box if you want this user to have access to the SoftPhone option in Call Manager.

Client Type	<p>The client types enable assignment of various levels of permissions for users using the ShoreTel Call Manager application. Select from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personal (default)—This client is available to all users and delivers desktop call control, visual voice mail, call history, and directory services, as well as options to control call handling and message notification. Since this is the default client configuration, it does not require a special license. • Advanced – This Client provides all the features and abilities users have come to know and love in Personal Call Manager. The following additional features are included in Advanced Call Manager: Integrated presence, document sharing and Personal call recording. • Workgroup Agent—This level is typically assigned to members of a workgroup and provides access to workgroup features, including login, logout, and wrap-up, as well as access to the queue monitor and shared workgroup mailbox. This configuration requires a special software license. • Workgroup Supervisor—This level is typically assigned to the supervisor of a workgroup and provides access to the agent monitor. This configuration requires a special software license. • Operator—This client level is typically assigned to operators, secretaries, and executive assistants. It provides access to detailed information about destination extensions, including access to an extension monitor. This configuration requires a special software license. <p>See “Languages” on page 2-13, also.</p>
Client User ID	<p>This is the login name that a user uses when logging into the ShoreWare Call Manager or ShoreWare Director. By default, it is the first initial of the user’s first name followed by the user’s entire last name. This can be changed at your discretion.</p> <p>NOTE This field is automatically filled in when you enter the user’s first and last names in the First Name and Last Name fields.</p>
Client Password	<p>This is the password that a user will use when logging in to the system from the ShoreWare Call Manager or ShoreWare Director. Characters that are entered in this field appear as asterisks.</p> <p>The default password is <code>changeme</code>. Users are asked to change this password the first time they log in to the system.</p> <p>NOTE It is recommended that you do not change this password because it is used by users who are configuring their Call Manager for the first time.</p>

Voice Mail Password	<p>This is the password that a user uses when logging in to his or her voice mailbox from the telephone. Characters that are entered in this field appear as asterisks.</p> <p>The default password is 1234. Users are asked to change this password the first time they log into the system.</p> <p>NOTE It is recommended that you do not change this password because it is used by users who are configuring their telephone for the first time.</p>
Email Address	<p>This is the user's e-mail address. By default, it is automatically entered when you enter the user's first and last names in the First Name and Last Name fields. It consists of the first initial of the user's first name followed by the user's entire last name—for instance, sdemont. In addition, the @companyname.com domain is saved in a cookie on your workstation each time you save a user. This information is then presented as a default, which can be changed at your discretion.</p> <p>NOTE Be sure to delete this field if the user does not have or use e-mail.</p>
Conference Bridge	<p>From the drop-down list, choose the conference bridge server to be used for conference calls. The user must also have a class of service that permits conference calls.</p> <p>Server—Select the conference bridge server to be used by this user.</p> <p>User ID—Set up a conference call User ID.</p> <p>Password—Set up a password for this User ID.</p>
Edit System Directory Record	<p>This link takes you to the System Directory Entry edit page, where you can edit the user's system directory information.</p> <p>NOTE For editing instructions, refer to "System Directory Record" on page 10-45.</p>

Personal Options

To configure new and existing users' personal options, click the **Personal Options** tab (shown in Figure 10-11) on the **Edit User** page. After making entries, click the link at the bottom of the page to return to the user's edit page.

Users
Edit User

New Copy Save Delete Reset

► General ▼ **Personal Options** ► Distribution Lists ► Workgroups

User Name: Adam Ant

Extension: 313-5701

Current Call Stack Size:

Ring Type:

Automatic Off-Hook Preference (IP530/560): ☐ Speakerphone ☒ Headset

☒ Call Waiting Tone Enabled

☐ Handsfree Mode

Voice Mailbox for Recorded Calls: Search

Trunk Group Access Code:

Current Call Handling Mode: [Delegation](#)

☐ Outlook Automated Call Handling

Edit Call Handling Modes:
[Standard](#)
[In a Meeting](#)
[Out of Office](#)
[Extended Absence](#)
[Custom](#)

[Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications](#)

[External Call Destinations](#)

[Customize IP Phone Buttons](#)

Figure 10-11 Edit User Page (Personal Options for New Users)

Parameters

The parameters under the **Personal Options** tab on the **Edit User** page are as follows:

Current call stack size

This is the number of calls that can be stacked on a user's extension. When this number is exceeded, calls are either given a busy tone or forwarded, depending on the call handling mode that is currently in effect.

Valid values are 1 through 16 with the limitation that the value specified in the call stack size of the user's CoS becomes the upper limit.

Ring Type	Select from the drop-down list of ring types.
Automatic Off-Hook Preference	<p>Select the speakerphone or headset radio button to automatically route incoming or outgoing calls to the desired audio pathway. This option is intended for IP212k/230/530/560/560g users who rely primarily on their headset. This option eliminates the requirement to manually press the Headset button on the IP phone to activate the headset.</p> <p>The default is speakerphone.</p>
Call Waiting Tone Enabled	<p>This enables the user's call waiting tone. When enabled, the user hears the tone from the telephone handset when a second call is waiting.</p> <p>The default is enabled.</p>
Handsfree Mode	<p>This enables the user's handsfree mode. When enabled, dial tone is disabled so that the user can use a headset or speakerphone to answer and make calls from the desktop client.</p> <p>Handsfree mode is useful for both headset and speakerphone users.</p> <p>The default is disabled.</p>
Voice Mailbox for Recorded Calls	Call can be monitored or recorded by people with appropriate permissions. Indicate the mailbox to be used for recordings. The maximum length of recording is determined by the voice mail class of service for the destination mailbox.
Trunk Group Access Code	<p>This lets you assign the default trunk access code for this user. Although this actually lists trunk groups, the <i>only parameter leveraged</i> is the access code. If the user has access to multiple trunk groups with the same access code, these trunks are seized based upon the Network Call Routing feature operation described in the <i>ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide</i>.</p> <p>This eliminates forcing every user to configure his or her desktop client with the proper access code for dialing.</p>
Current Call Handling Mode	<p>This lets you set the current call handling mode for the user. Users can select and edit each call handling mode from their desktop client.</p> <p>The default is Standard.</p> <p>For more information, see "Call Handling Mode Defaults" on page 10-54.</p>

Delegation	<p>You have the option of delegating the call handling management to one or more other users. This feature is helpful for users who may want their personal assistants to change their call handling mode for them.</p> <p>For more information, see “Call Handling Mode Defaults” on page 10-54.</p>
Outlook Automated Call Handling	<p>This lets a user’s Microsoft Outlook Calendar control his or her call handling mode. Check this check box to enable this feature.</p>
Edit Call Handling Modes	<p>The links under this section bring you to the call handling mode configuration pages. Call handling modes specify how, when, and where calls are forwarded, and whether the user requires message notification when voice mail is received.</p> <p>For configuration instructions, refer to “Call Handling Mode Defaults” on page 10-54.</p>
Voice Mail Delivery and Notification	<p>This link takes you to the Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications page where you configure the user’s message notification service. This tells the system what to do if notification is enabled for any call handling mode.</p> <p>For configuration instructions, refer to “Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications” on page 10-28.</p>
External Call Destinations	<p>This link takes you to the External Call Destinations page where you can set two FindMe numbers as forwarding destinations, or where you can enter an external PSTN phone number for use with the Office Anywhere feature.</p> <p>For configuration instructions, refer to “FindMe Destinations” on page 10-31 or refer to Appendix A, “Using Office Anywhere” .</p>
Customize IP Phone Buttons	<p>This link takes you to the Customize IP Phone Buttons page where you can assign functions to the programmable buttons on an IP212k/230/530/560/560g phone or ShorePhone-BB24 device.</p> <p>For configuration instructions, refer to “Programmable Buttons” on page 10-33.</p>

Call Handling Mode Delegation

Figure 10-12 Call Handling Mode Delegation Edit Page

You can permit call handling changes to be made by other users, such as a personal assistant or receptionist. The users with permission to modify the call handling mode of other users must be using the Operator Call Manager client or the Web Access client.

To delegate call handling:

Step 1 From the **Personal Options** page (see Figure 10-11), click **Delegation**.

The **Call Handling Mode Delegation** page appears, as shown in Figure 10-12.

Step 2 From the left column, select the user(s) to whom call handling will be delegated and click **Add**.

Step 3 To remove a user from call handling delegation, from the right column, select the user you want to remove and click **Remove**.

You can filter the users who are displayed on the page. If you have many users in your organization, it may be easier to enter the first letter of the last name, for example, to narrow your search.

Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications

The user's voice mail notification options are edited from the **Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications** page, shown in Figure 10-13. Voice mail notification parameters specify what the user should do if notification is enabled at the time a message arrives. These options include the user's message notification telephone number, pager ID number, and try options.

Voice mail may be **auto-forwarded**. That is, a mailbox may be configured to send any message it receives to another mailbox. The message sent to the original mailbox can be

automatically deleted, as an option. The target mailbox for forwarded messages may be any user, a workgroup, a route point, AMIS address, or a system distribution list (other than a broadcast distribution list). A message is pre-pended to the forwarded message, along with a time-stamp, announcing that the message has been auto-forwarded. As an example, the recipient of an auto-forwarded message might hear, “Auto-forwarded message received at 9:10 AM from Customer Support Mailbox”.

An example of use might be the handling of off-hours calls when few support staff are available. Off-hours calls may be routed to a back-up extension. If no one is available to answer the back-up extension, calls may wind up in a voice mailbox that will not be checked for hours. The back-up extension can be set to auto-forward any calls that are received in its mailbox. Calls can be forwarded to a mailbox that is checked on a regular basis.

Auto-forwarding is available between distributed voice mail servers. The message is handled as any other message would be, including any message waiting indicator, any calling notification, return receipt requests, or urgent markings. Auto-forwarded messages can be forwarded and replied to. If the target mailbox is full, the is left in the sending mailbox. If a message is being auto-forwarded to a list of mailboxes and one is full, that target is skipped.

You can get to this edit page by clicking the **Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications** link under the **Personal Options** tab on the **Edit User** page.

Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications

Save

Reset

[Help](#)

Adam Ant

Edit this record

Refresh this page

Email Delivery:

Disabled

Email Address:

AAnt@yourcompany.com

☐ Mark Delivered Voice Mail as Heard

Automatic Message Forwarding:

Destination:

☒ None
 ☐ Extension:

Search

☐ AMIS:

Legacy Voice Mail (9555)

☐ Delete Message after Forwarding

Notification by Phone:

Voice Mail Notification Condition:

☐ All
 ☐ Urgent Only
 ☒ None

Voice Mail Notification Method:

☒ Pager
 ☒ Phone

Notification Number:

☒ Extension:

Search

☒ External: (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

Pager ID:

Pager Data:

Try Count:

1

Try Interval:

1 minutes

[Return to this user](#)

Figure 10-13 User's Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications Page

Parameters

The parameters on the **Voice Mail Delivery and Notifications** page are as follows:

Email Delivery	Select one of three e-mail delivery options: Disabled , Email Notification , or Email Copy of VM . The Email Notification option notifies the user of the time, duration, and Caller ID of the message that was recorded. The Email Copy of VM options attaches the voice message to the notification email as a WAV file.
Email Address	The email notification can be configured to be delivered to any SMTP address.
Marked Delivered Voice Mail as Heard	The notification can be configured to mark the original message as heard to prevent other forms of notification taking place and turns off the message waiting indicator (MWI).
Automatic Message Forwarding Destination	<p>Messages may be auto-forwarded to a user, a workgroup, a route point, or a system distribution list. If the system distribution list includes AMIS destinations, they also receive the auto-forwarded message.</p> <p>The default is None, meaning, no forwarding.</p> <p>The destination may not be a broadcast distribution list.</p>
Delete Message After Forwarding	Check the checkbox to cause the automatic deletion of the message after forwarding. The default is not to delete.
Notification By Phone Voice Mail Notification Condition	<p>These options let you select the types of voice mail messages that trigger a notification. Voice mail notification is set in “Voice Mail Permissions” on page 10-13.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All notifies the user the first time a message is received. • Urgent Only notifies the user the first time an urgent message is received. • None does not notify the user.
Voice Mail Notification Method	These options let you specify how voice mail messages are received, either by pager or by phone.
Notification Number	This is the number where message notifications are directed. It must contain any applicable and long-distance dialing sequence, but must not include an access code.

Pager ID	If the notification method is Pager , this is the pager identification number (PIN) that the paging service provided.
Pager Data	This is the number that the user wants displayed by the pager to indicate that a message is waiting. NOTE It is recommended that you test pagers with your pager service to ensure proper functionality.
Try Count	This is the number of times that the user wants the system to try message notification. The ShoreTel system continues to call the user for the number of times indicated in this parameter, with the number of minutes between each try as configured in the Try Interval parameter. NOTE The user can stop the system from trying simply by logging in to the voice mail system.
Try Interval	This is the number of minutes that the voice mail system waits between attempts to notify the user.

FindMe Destinations

FindMe destinations allow users to set two phone numbers as forwarding destinations from their voice mail. FindMe destinations can be extensions or external numbers, although this is limited by call permissions. You must set the number of times the FindMe destination rings before the call is either forwarded to the second FindMe destination or returned to voice mail.

FindMe call handling can be enabled/disabled for each of the five call handling modes. The same FindMe destinations apply to all call handling modes with FindMe enabled.

Callers who reach the voice mail of a user with FindMe call handling can press “1” to activate FindMe call handling. There is no prompt alerting the caller of this option. Callers must be informed of this option in advance or in the user’s recorded greeting.

When callers presses “1”, they hear a prompt telling them that the FindMe destinations are being called. If the call is not accepted at either of the FindMe destinations, the call is sent to voice mail.

You have the option of forwarding the original caller ID to the FindMe destination.

When you click the **FindMe Destinations** link on the **Personal Options** page, the **FindMe Destinations** page appears as shown in Figure 10-14.

Find Me Destinations Adam Ant [Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

Edit this record [Refresh this page](#)

Primary Destination:

☐ None

☒ Extension: [Search](#)

☐ External: (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

Number of Rings:

Backup Destination:

☒ None

☐ Extension: [Search](#)

☐ External: (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

Number of Rings:

☒ Send Incoming Caller ID

[Return to this user's personal options](#)

Figure 10-14 FindMe Destinations Page

To configure FindMe destinations:

- Step 1** For the primary FindMe destination, select **Extension** or **External**. You can use the **Search** button to find system extensions. Enter external numbers in the **External** text box.
- Step 2** Enter the number of rings required before the call is forwarded to the primary destination.
- Step 3** For the backup FindMe destination, select **Extension** or **External**. You can use the **Search** button to find system extensions. Enter external numbers in the **External** text box.
- Step 4** Enter the number of rings required before the call is forwarded to the backup destination.
- Step 5** Check **Send Incoming Caller ID** if you want the caller ID forwarded to the FindMe destination.
- Step 6** Click **Save**.

Programmable Buttons

An administrator or user can change the functions associated with the custom buttons on the BB24, IP100¹, and IP212k, IP230, or IP530/560/560g phones. Users can create shortcuts for operations that would normally require pressing two or three buttons to accomplish the same task.

The action associated with the bottom button on an IP 530/560 could be configured to speed-dial a particular extension or external number. The button above that could be set to perform overhead paging, and so on. All of the custom buttons are configurable except for the top-most button, which is permanently set to provide call appearance information (i.e. ringing indicator and call timer information).

Users can keep track of which actions they perform on a regular basis and then associate those actions with the custom buttons. Instead of having to dial a star code (such as *14 for picking up the Night Bell) they can just press one button. See Table 10-1 for supported functions.

Details:

- After a function is assigned to a button, users can enter a label (up to five characters on the IP 212k/230/530/560/560g and up to six characters on the IP 100 and BB24). The label appears on the LED display next to the custom button, except on IP100 phones, where the label appears on the soft key.
- The system administrator can configure the custom buttons via ShoreWare Director on behalf of a user, or he can enable permissions for an individual user so that the user can modify the custom buttons on his own IP phone via the telephone interface.
- The programmable button feature is supported on the IP 100 and IP 212k/230/530/560/560g models but is not supported on the analog models or on the IP 210.
- The IP100 does not have custom buttons, but the soft keys can be configured (via ShoreWare Director) in the same way that custom buttons are configured on the other phones. IP 100 phones cannot be configured by the user. The buttons on these phones must be configured by the system administrator.

Table 10-1 Supported Programmable Button Functions:

Function	Parameter	Comments
Barge In	Extension or none	
Bridged Call Appearance	Extension or none	
Call Appearance	None	Not supported on Button Box
Centrex Flash ^a	None	
Conference Blind	Extension or external number	
Conference Consultative	Extension or external number	
Conference Intercom	Extension or none	
Dial Mailbox	Extension or none	

1. The IP100 must be configured via Director and thus must be configured by an administrator and cannot be configured by a user.

Table 10-1 Supported Programmable Button Functions:

Function	Parameter	Comments
Dial Number (Speed Dial)	Extension or external number	
Intercom	Extension or none	
Monitor Extension	Extension or none	
Page	None	
Park	Extension or none	
Park and Page	Extension or none	
Pickup	Extension or none	
Pickup Night Bell	None	
Pickup/Unpark	Extension or none	Uses internal presence to determine which operation to perform
Record Call	None	Operates on selected call in connected; Pressing a second time stops the recording
Record Extension	Extension	
Send Digits Over Call	Extension	
Silent Monitor	Extension or none	
Transfer Blind	Extension or external number	
Transfer Consultative	Extension or external number	
Transfer Intercom	Extension or none	
Transfer to Mailbox	Extension or none	
Transfer Whisper	Extension or none	
Unpark	Extension or none	
Whisper Page	Extension or none	
Whisper Page Mute	None	

- a. For more information on Centrex Flash, see “Centrex Flash” on page 7-17.

Configuration

To configure programmable buttons via ShoreWare Director, follow the procedure below:

- Step 1** Launch **ShoreWare Director** and enter the user ID and password. Then click the **Login** button.
- Step 2** Click on the **Administration** link to expand the list (if it has not already been expanded).

- Step 3** Click on the **Users** link and then the **Individual Users** link to display the list of users on this system.
- Step 4** Click on the name of the user whose phone you want to modify and then click on the **Personal Options** tab.
- Step 5** Scroll to the bottom of the window and click on the **Program Buttons** link to display a window similar to the one shown below:

Customize IP Phone Buttons [Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

Adam Ant * modified

Edit Custom Keys [Refresh this page](#)

IP Phone Type: IP530/560

Button	Function	Label	Target
1	Call Appearance		
2	Transfer Blind	Blind	<input type="radio"/> None <input checked="" type="radio"/> Extension: 818-5302 : HQ IP2 Search <input type="radio"/> External: (e.g. 9+1 (408) 331-3300)
3	Intercom	Intercom	Extension: Search
4	Page		
5	Unpark		Extension: Search
6	Page		

[Return to](#)

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Page
 Park
 Park and Page
 Pickup
 Pickup Night Bell
 Pickup/Unpark
 Record Call
 Record Extension
 Send Digits Over Call
 Silent Monitor
 Transfer Blind

Figure 10-15 Programming Custom Keys on IP 530 Phone

- Step 6** Click on the **Function** drop-down menu and select the action you would like to associate with a particular button.
- Step 7** In the **Label** field to the right of the drop-down menu, enter a descriptive word to remind the user which function is associated with that button. This label will appear on the LED display adjacent to the button. Note that this label can be up to five characters long for the IP 212k/230/530/560/560g phones and up to six characters long for the IP 100 and BB24.
- Step 8** After you have selected a function and entered a label for a particular button, you may optionally enter destination information in the **Target** field. Certain functions do not require entering a destination, but other functions such as speed-dial or blind transfer can optionally take a destination. Some functions take only extensions and some take any type of phone number.
- Step 9** When you have finished entering functions and labels for all of the buttons, click the **Save** button at the top of the window to store your changes.

To enable a user to configure the programmable buttons on his or her IP212k/230/530/560/560g phone, follow the procedure below:

- Step 1** Launch **ShoreWare Director** and enter the user ID and password.
- Step 2** Click on the **Administration** link to expand the list (if it has not already been expanded).
- Step 3** Click on the **Users** link and then the **Individual Users** link to display the list of users on this system.
- Step 4** Click on the name of the user whose profile you would like to modify (enabling him to customize the buttons on his IP phone). A window similar to the one shown below appears.

Users
Edit User

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#)

▼ **General** ► Personal Options ► Distribution Lists ► Workgroups

First Name:

Last Name:

Number:

License Type:

Caller ID: (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

☒ DID: (DID Range: +14083313921 - 3940)

PSTN Failover:

User Group: [Go to this User Group](#)

Figure 10-16 Accessing the User Group via the Edit User window

- Step 5** Click on the **Go to this User Group** link and on the next window that appears, click on the **Go to this Class of Service** link located to the right of the **COS - Telephony** field. The Class of Service window appears, similar to the one shown below.

Class of Service
Edit Telephony Features Permissions

New Copy Save Delete Reset Help

Refresh this page * modified

Edit this record

Name: Fully Featured

Max. Call Stack Depth: 8

Max. Parties in Make Me Conference: 6

☒ Allow Call Pickup

☒ Allow Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer

☒ Allow Overhead and Group Paging

☒ Allow Make Hunt Group Busy

☒ Allow Extension Reassignment

☒ Allow PSTN Failover

☒ Show Caller ID Name and Number on Monitored Extensions

☒ Allow Customization of IP Phone Buttons

☒ Show Extensions with Different Prefixes in Directory

☒ Allow Collaboration Features

☒ Allow Recording of Own Calls

Directed Intercom / Paging: ☒ Allow Initiation

Figure 10-17 Enabling customization of IP phone buttons

Step 6 Enter a name for the Class of Service profile in the **Name** field (unless you are modifying an existing Class of Service profile for which you would like to preserve the existing name).

Step 7 Select the **Allow Customization of IP Phone Buttons** check box.

Step 8 Click the **Save** button to store your changes.

Details:

- The default for new Class of Service (Telephony) profiles is to have this feature disabled, thus preventing users from modifying their own custom buttons.
- Once this Class of Service (Telephony) profile has been created, you can apply it to every person in the system that you would like to allow to change his or her custom buttons.

To change the custom buttons on your IP 212k/230/530/560/560g phone or BB24 via the telephone interface, follow the procedure below:

- Step 1** Press the **Options** button on your IP phone and enter your password, followed by the # key.
- Step 2** Scroll through the list to **option 4. Program Buttons**.
- Step 3** Press the **Edit** soft key.
- Step 4** Press the custom button that you would like to modify. (If you are using the 212k/230/530/560/560g phone interface to modify the buttons on a BB24 device, press the button on the BB24 that you would like to configure.)
- Step 5** Scroll through the list of functions until you find the function that you would like to apply to this button.
- Step 6** When you have highlighted the appropriate function, press the **Next** soft key.
- Step 7** Enter an extension, external number, or leave it blank. Then, press the **Next** soft key.
- Step 8** Press the **1 -> Aa** soft key to shift the key pad to alphabet mode.
- Step 9** Use the key pad to enter a short descriptive word that will remind you of the new function of the custom button.
- Step 10** Press the **Done** soft key.
- Step 11** Press the **Done** soft key again to store your changes.

Monitor Extensions from IP Phone

Extension monitoring is one of the available functions you can assign to the custom buttons on your IP100/212k/230/530/560/560g or BB24 device. However, due to its complexity the feature will be discussed separately from the other functions.

The extension monitoring function allows a user to monitor the extension of another user and to answer that person's calls if necessary. For example, consider a hypothetical scenario in which there are two secretaries working on different floors of the same building. They are both responsible for answering calls from the main phone line but they cannot see one another. If one of them is already on a call and another call arrives on the main line, with extension monitoring enabled, the second assistant will see that the first assistant is busy and will know to pick up the incoming call.

To configure extension monitoring, follow the directions below:

- Step 1** Launch **ShoreWare Director** and enter the user ID and password. Then click the **Login** button.
- Step 2** Click on the **Administration** link to expand the list (if it has not already been expanded).

- Step 3** Click on the **Users** link and then the **Individual Users** link to display the list of users on this system.
- Step 4** Click on the name of the user whose phone you would like to modify and then click on the **Personal Options** tab.
- Step 5** Scroll to the bottom of the window and click on the **Customize IP Phone Buttons** link.
- Step 6** Click on the **Function** drop-down menu for one of the programmable buttons and select **Monitor Extension** to display a window similar to the one in Figure 10-18.

Customize IP Phone Buttons Save Reset

Adam Ant

Edit Custom Keys [Refresh this page](#)

IP Phone Type: IP530/560

Button	Function	Label	Target
1	Call Appearance		
2	Monitor Extension		Extension: 82-110 : 110 Search Ring Delay Before Alert: 4 Caller ID on Monitored Extensions: <input type="radio"/> Do Not Show <input checked="" type="radio"/> Show Only When Ringing <input type="radio"/> Show Always No Connected Call Action: Dial Number (Speed Dial) With Connected Call Action: Transfer Blind
3	Call Appearance		
4	Call Appearance		
5	Call Appearance		
6	Call Appearance		

[Return to this user's personal options](#)

Figure 10-18 Monitor Extension from IP Phone

- Step 7** Enter a label for the button in the **Label** field.
- Step 8** Enter the extension of the monitored party in the **Extension** field, or click the **Search** button to locate the desired extension.
- Step 9** Click on the **Ring Delay Before Alert** drop-down menu and select the number of rings that should elapse on the monitored party's phone before the monitoring party will receive an alert. (This delay gives the monitored party a chance to answer and prevents the monitoring party's phone from ringing incessantly.)
- Step 10** Select the appropriate radio button in the **Caller ID on Monitored Extensions**. For an IP212k/230/530/560/560g phone, choices are:
- **Do Not Show** – The Caller ID information does not appear, but an indicator will show that the monitored phone is busy. This option offers the monitored party the most privacy and should be selected

if you do not want the monitoring party to know who the monitored party is talking to.¹

- **Show Only When Ringing** – The Caller ID information appears while the phone is ringing, but disappears once the call has been answered.
- **Show Always**² – The Caller ID information appears while the monitored phone is ringing, and continues to appear even after the call has been answered.

Step 11 The custom buttons can be configured to perform different actions based on whether or not the person being monitored is on a call. To associate a secondary function with the custom button that will apply when the phone is inactive, click the drop-down menu and select another action from the **No Connected Call Action** menu. The action you select here will apply when the custom button is pressed AND while the monitoring party's phone is inactive.

Step 12 To associate a third function with the custom button, click the drop-down menu and select another action from the **With Connected Call Action** menu. This action will apply when the custom button is pressed while the monitoring party does not have a call that can be picked up or unparked, and the user's own extension has a connected call.

Note: The idea behind these last two steps is that the custom button can be configured to do whatever makes sense given the situation. The button can be configured to pick up incoming calls, or park/unpark calls when the person being monitored is on a call. And if the person being monitored is not on a call, the custom button then becomes a one-touch button allowing the operator to transfer a call to the monitored extension. And if the person being monitored is not on a call and if there are no calls to transfer, then the custom button becomes a speed-dial button, allowing the operator to dial that person's extension at the touch of a button.

Step 13 Click **Save** to store your changes.

Details:

- The custom button will illuminate red (on the monitoring-person's phone) when the person being monitored is on a call. If that call is put on hold and a second call is accepted on the monitored extension, the LED will turn green and will flash twice. Similarly, the LED will flash three times if a third call is accepted. For more information about LED flash patterns, see Table 10-2.
- The custom button (to which extension monitoring has been assigned) can serve dual purposes based on whether the monitoring party is in a call or not. The button can be set to speed dial, intercom, or transfer calls to the monitored extension.
- When the "Show Caller ID Name and Number on Monitored Extensions" Class of Service (Telephony) setting is not enabled, PCM Extension Monitor (and Agent

1. The IP560 and BB24 have an LED to indicate that the monitored phone is busy, while the IP530 uses a phone icon to communicate this information. The IP100 displays a # symbol to indicate that the monitored phone is busy.
2. Note that the Show Always radio button is not available on the BB24 and IP100.

Monitor) show the number of calls on a user's stack but do not show who the user is talking to. "Properties" is also disabled.

Table 10-2 Programmable Buttons LED Flash Patterns

State	Pattern
CALL APPEARANCE STATES	
Idle	Off
Idle and DND	Orange, Steady On
Idle and Message Waiting	Off
Idle, Message Waiting and DND	Orange, Steady On
Off Hook	Green, Steady On
Active Call	Green, Steady On
Active Conference Call	Green, Steady On
Remote Hold	Green, Steady On
Offering Call	Green, 1000/1000 ms
Held or Parked Call (3)	Green, 500/500 ms
Whisper Page Call	Red, Steady On
Active Call Whisper Muted	Red, Steady On
EXTENSION MONITOR STATES	
Idle	Off
Idle and DND	Orange, Steady On
Idle and Message Waiting	Off
Idle, Message Waiting and DND	Orange, Steady On
Offering Call	Green, 1000/1000 ms
Active Call Picked Up	Green, Steady On
Held or Parked Call [3]	Green, 500/500 ms
Monitored Ext. on Active Call	Red, Steady On
Monitored Ext. on Conference Call	Red, Steady On
Monitored Ext. Call + Offering Call	Green, 200/100/700/1000 ms
Monitored Ext. Call + Owner Call	Green 800/Orange 200 ms
Owner Call + Held/Parked Call [3]	Green, 200/100/200/500 ms
EXTENSION APPEARANCE STATES	
Idle	Off
Offering Call	Green, 1000/1000 ms
Active Call Picked Up	Green, Steady On
Line In-Use	Red, Steady On
Held or Parked Call [3]	Green, 500/500 ms

Table 10-2 Programmable Buttons LED Flash Patterns

State	Pattern
FEATURE KEY WITH EXTENSION TARGET STATES	
Idle or Offering Call	Off
Connected or Held Call	Red, Steady On
DND	Orange, Steady On
(Dial/Transfer Mailbox Only) MWI	Red, Steady On
(Pickup, Pick/Unpark, Pickup NightBell Only) Offering	Green, 1000/1000 ms
(Unpark, Pick/Unpark Only) Held/Parked	Green, 500/500 ms
TOGGLE FUNCTIONS (RECORD, WHISPER MUTE)	
Function Off	Off
Function Available	Steady On
Record Active	Orange, 500/500 ms
Whisper Mute Active	Orange, 500/500 ms
OTHER FUNCTIONS	
Static display	Off

Bridged Call Appearances (BCA)

The Bridged Call Appearances (BCA) feature provides "bridged" information between many separate IP phones, offering the benefit of faster call handling between users. The feature is intended for key system environments (a small office or branch office), such as an auto dealership or small bank with 4 trunks and 8 IP phones.

A custom button on each IP phone is configured for BCA so that when an *inbound* call arrives, that custom button blinks green on all of the phones. If someone answers the call, the LED on that person's phone becomes solid green while the custom button on all of the other IP phones that have been programmed with that BCA extension turns red. In this way, the call appearance information is shared (or bridged) across the many different phones in an organization.

You can place an outbound call using a bridged call appearance so others users can view the call activity. To place an outbound call, press the bridged call appearance, dial the trunk access code and then dial the number. When an outbound call is placed, the LED on the outbound caller's phone becomes solid green, and the associated button on all of the other phones become solid red. If the call is placed on hold, the associated LEDs on all phones blink green. A button can be programmed for each position in the call stack.

NOTE Pressing the top-most BCA custom button for outbound calls does not necessarily access trunk 1. There is no one-to-one correlation between the custom buttons programmed for BCA extensions and a particular trunk. Trunks can be associated with BCA extensions in any random manner desired by the system administrator.

Another benefit of the new BCA feature is that an outbound caller-id can be associated with that button (configured by the system administrator). The following rules determine which caller-id is displayed when an outgoing call is made using BCA:

- Outbound to an internal extension – the name and number of the user that initiated the BCA call will be used, and if that user is a "private" user, then the caller-id is blank.
- Outbound to an external number – the caller-id will be used in following order, based on availability:
 - Outbound caller-id configured for that BCA
 - DID number configured for that BCA
 - External identification or caller-id number of the user that initiated the BCA call
- Outbound to an external emergency number (such as 911) – the emergency identification or a CESID number of that user will be sent.

For more information about Bridged Call Appearances, see your system administrator. The system administrator can configure your bridged call appearances to deliver Caller ID on inbound call, display Caller ID on active calls, as well as turn on, turn off or delay the ringing on inbound calls.

To configure the Bridged Call Appearances feature via ShoreWare Director, follow the procedure below:

- Step 1** Launch ShoreWare Director and enter the user ID and password. Then click the **Login** button.
- Step 2** Click on the **Administration** link to expand the list (if it has not already been expanded).
- Step 3** Click on the **Call Control** link.
- Step 4** Click on the **Bridged Call Appearances** link to display a window similar to the one shown below:

Bridged Call Appearances			Help
Bridged Call Appearance List		0 records checked.	
Delete	New...		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Extension	Switch
<input type="checkbox"/>	New Bridged Call Appearance	4130	24-SG
<input type="checkbox"/>	New Multiple Extension Appearance	4500	24-SG
<input type="checkbox"/>	test MEA	4499	Fuji24

Figure 10-19 Setting up a new BCA

- Step 5** Click on one of the existing BCA links to modify, or click the **New** button to add a new BCA.

A window similar to the one shown below appears:

Bridged Call Appearances
Edit Bridged Call Appearance

New Copy Save Delete Reset Help

Edit this record Refresh this page

Name: New Bridged Call Appe

Extension: 4131

Backup Extension: Search

DID: +1408331 (DID Range: +14083313916 - 3939)

DNIS: Edit DNIS Map

Outbound Caller ID: (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

☒ Include in System Dial By Name Directory

☐ Make Number Private

Switch: 24-SG

Call Stack Depth (1 - 24): 8

No Answer Number of Rings: 4

Call Forward Destinations:

Call Stack Full: Search
If no destination is specified, busy tone is played

No Answer: Search
If no destination is specified, ringing continues forever

Figure 10-20 Configuring details associated with new BCA

- Step 6** Enter a name for the new BCA in the **Name** field.
- Step 7** Enter an extension in the **Backup Extension** field, or click the **Search** button to locate a backup ex-tension.
- Step 8** Click on the **Switch** drop-down menu and select the type of switch that will control this BCA.
- Step 9** Enter an extension in the **Call Stack Full** field, or click the **Search** button to locate an extension.
- Step 10** Enter an extension in the **No Answer** field, or click the **Search** button to locate an extension.
- Step 11** Click **Save** to store your changes.

System Directory Record

When you add a new user to the system, a user entry is automatically made to the system directory. You can edit a user's system directory record by going to the **System Directory Entry** edit page, shown in Figure 10-21.

NOTE You can edit some or all of the fields on the **System Directory Entry** edit page at your discretion. The **First Name**, **Last Name**, and **E-mail Address** fields are automatically entered when you add a new user. If you modify these fields on either page, they are automatically updated on the other page.

System Directory
Edit User 4509

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

Edit this record [Refresh this page](#)

First Name:

Last Name:

Home Phone:

Work Phone:

Fax Phone:

Cell Phone:

Pager:

E-mail Address:

[Go to this user](#)

Figure 10-21 System Directory Edit Entry Page

Distribution Lists

A distribution list lets a user easily send a voice mail message to multiple users at one time. Each distribution list has a descriptive name and distribution list number associated with it.

NOTE Distribution lists are added to the system from the “System Distribution Lists” section in Chapter 11, “Configuring Voice Mail.”

Users can be associated with the distribution lists from either the **Distribution Lists** options on the **Edit User** page (Figure 10-22) or the **System Distribution List** edit page (see the “System Distribution Lists” section in Chapter 11, “Configuring Voice Mail.”). When a user is associated with a distribution list, that user receives messages sent to that list.

If the user clicks the **Distribution Lists** tab on the **Edit User** page, the **System Distribution List** page appears.

The **Distribution List Memberships** box shows the distribution lists that are currently available. Clicking their check boxes adds or removes the user from the indicated list.

NOTE Users can be associated with more than one distribution list.

Users
Edit User

New Copy Save Delete Reset Help

* modified
Refresh this page

► General ► Personal Options ▼ Distribution Lists ► Workgroups

User Name: Adam Ant
Extension: 4509

Distribution List Memberships:

- ☐ Executives
- ☐ Managers
- ☒ Staff

Figure 10-22 Edit User Page (Distribution Lists Tab)

Workgroups

The **Workgroups** tab on the **Edit User** page lets you edit a user's workgroup membership, as shown in Figure 10-23. Users can belong to multiple workgroups; however, a user's login status is the same for all workgroups of which he is a member.

Users
Edit User

New Copy Save Delete Reset Help

* modified
Refresh this page

► General ► Personal Options ► Distribution Lists ▼ Workgroups

User Name: Adam Ant
Extension: 4509

Make this user an agent of the following workgroup:

- ☒ Support Center
- ☒ Sales
- ☒ Special Promotions

Agent state: ☐ Logged out ☒ Logged in ☐ In wrap up

Figure 10-23 Edit User Page (Workgroups Tab)

The **Workgroups** box shows the workgroup lists that are currently available. Clicking the check boxes adds or removes the user from the indicated list. Click the **Logged In** check box to activate membership.

Notify Users

The **Notify Users** page, shown in Figure 10-24, enables you to notify users that their ShoreTel client has been installed or upgraded. Once the user receives notification that the desktop client has been installed, the user can begin configuring personal options and use the client. To invoke the **Notify Users** page, click the **Notify Users** link in the navigation frame.

Figure 10-24 Notify Users Page

The options on the **Notify Users** page are as follows:

All users	Select this option to notify all users throughout the ShoreTel system.
All users on this server	Select this option to notify all users on the local server.
All users not yet notified	Select this option to notify all users who have not been notified.
This one user	Select this option to notify this one user on the system.
Send Email	Click this button to send the notification e-mail.

Anonymous Telephones

Anonymous telephones provide flexibility to the ShoreTel system by making additional ports or IP phones available without assigning them to any particular user extension. When configured as anonymous telephones, these ports and IP phones cannot receive calls but do have access to dial tone. If they have the proper Class of Service (CoS) permissions, users can assign their extensions to these phones via the telephone user interface. Once the port or IP phone is assigned an extension, it will receive calls to that extension until the user unassigns it. For more information on how to use the Office Anywhere feature, see Appendix A, “Using Office Anywhere”.

The **Anonymous Telephones** page (Figure 10-25) lets you configure anonymous telephone ports and IP phones. Click the **Anonymous Telephones** edit page from under the expanded Users link in the navigation frame.

Figure 10-25 Anonymous Telephones Edit Page

The **Anonymous Telephones** page first lists any **Vacated Telephones**. A vacated telephone is a telephone that is configured as the home port or IP phone of a user on the system, but that user is currently assigned to another telephone and no other user is assigned to the vacated home phone.

Click **Add This Record** to add a new anonymous telephone port. Click the **Delete** link next to a record to delete an anonymous telephone port from the ShoreWare system. This also disconnects any calls that are in progress on the port.

NOTE You can make multiple changes on the **Anonymous Telephones** page. You must click **Save** to save the changes.

Assigned User Group	This lets you select a user group that you assign to an anonymous telephone port.
Jack #	This is the name of the telephone jack associated with the vacated port. This is typically the physical telephone jack that the telephone plugs into. See “General Information” on page 10-19.
Switch	This is the switch that the vacated telephone port is associated with. It can be either an analog port or an IP phone.
Port	This is the physical switch port number or IP phone MAC address that identifies the vacated telephone.
Current User	This is the name of the user currently using the anonymous telephone port.
Current Ext	This is the extension of the user currently using the anonymous telephone port or IP phone.

Extension Lists

The **Extension Lists** list page is shown in Figure 10-26. Extension lists are lists of users that can be used by group paging and departmental auto-attendant. Any user in the system may be added. An extension list cannot be deleted if it is in use.

Administrative permission is required for a user to be allowed to configure extension lists.

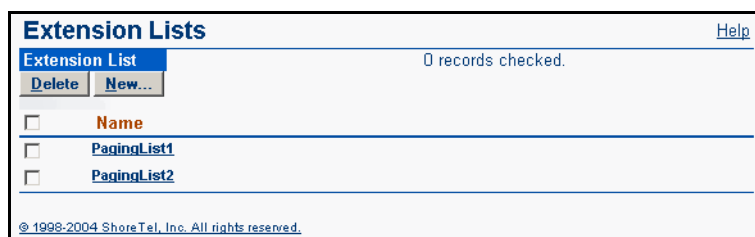


Figure 10-26 Extension Lists

Click an existing extension list to add users or click **New** to create a new list. The **Edit Extension Lists** page is shown in Figure 10-27.

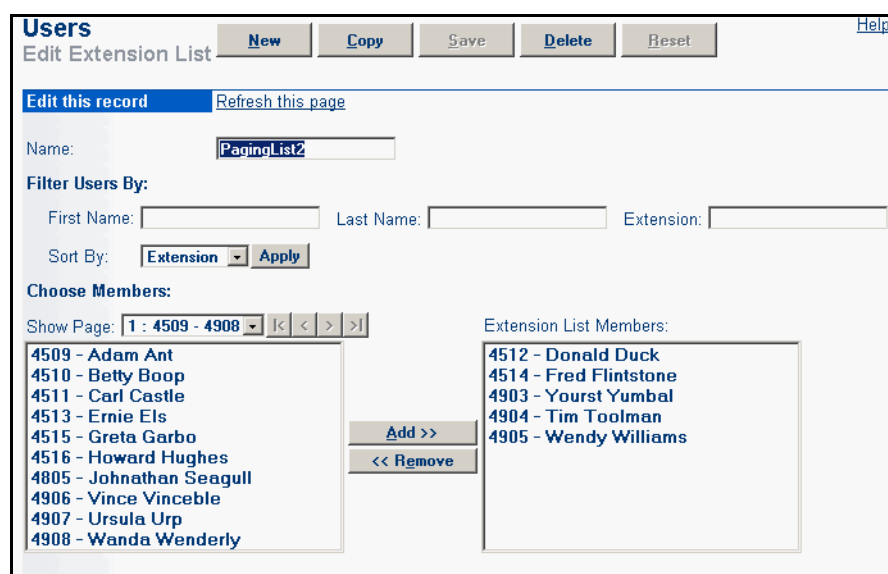


Figure 10-27 Edit an Extension List

Existing users are displayed and are available for selection. Highlight a user who is to be added to the extension list and click **Add**. The user moves to the Distribution List Members area of the page. A list member may be removed by highlighting a user in the Distribution List Members list and click **Remove**.

NOTE Users in an extension list intended for Paging Groups must belong to a user group that has enabled the Allow Overhead and Group Paging option.

Name The extension list must have a unique name.

Filter Users By

Filter Users By is used to determine the order in which users appear in the Choose Members list. Users may be displayed in alphabetical order either by First Name or Last Name. The third alternative is to display users by extension number.

In the Sort By drop down, select First Name, Last Name, or Extension. For more precise sorting, enter a character or number, as appropriate, in the First Name, Last Name, or Extension data boxes.

For example, to see extension numbers beginning with “3”, enter “3” in the Extension field.

To see all last names beginning with “Ban” enter those letters in the Last Name field.

To see all Smiths whose first names begin with “A”, enter “Smith” in the Last Name field and “A” in the First Name field.

Choose Members

Click **Add** or **Remove** to move users into and out of an Extension List.

Paging Through a List

When a list becomes too long to display entirely on one page, you can page through the list by using the left, maximum left, right, and maximum right arrows next to the **Show Page** drop-down list. 50 items are displayed per page.

You can refine how users are displayed by using the **Sort By** drop-down list. Select from **First Name**, **Last Name**, or **Extension**. To go to a specific extension number or letter of the alphabet, use the **Filter Users By** field.

Batch Update Utility

Under **System Parameters**, the **Batch Update Utility** option helps you make changes to multiple users at the same time.

You can find a set of users based on any or all of the following criteria:

- Server
- User Group
- Personal Assistant
- Home Site
- Home Switch

You can globally change one of the following parameters for the selected users:

- Server
- User Group
- E-mail Domain Name
- Personal Assistant (for all call handling modes)
- Default Trunk Access Code
- Collaboration Server

To navigate to this utility, click the **Batch Update Utility** link in the navigation frame. You will be presented with the **Batch Update Utility** page (see Figure 10-28).

Batch Update Utility [Help](#)

Status

Filter Users based on the following criteria:

☒ Assigned Server **ShoreDoc-HQ**

☐ User Group **Make Selection**

☐ Personal Assistant **Search**

☐ Home Site **Make Selection**

☐ Home Switch **Make Selection**

Find **Reset**

Figure 10-28 Batch Update Utility Page

Batch Update

The **Batch Update Utility** allows you to find a set of users and globally change certain parameters (Figure 10-29). Due to the scope of this change, you are prompted to stop all ShoreWare voice services before running the batch update.

To use the batch update feature:

Step 1 Select one or more criteria to find the users.

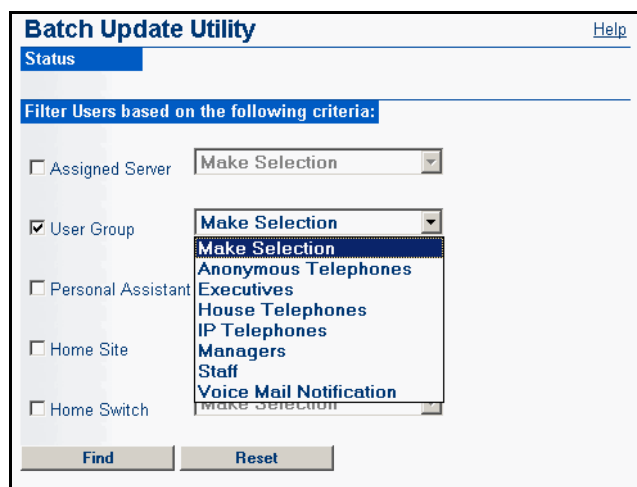


Figure 10-29 Batch Update Utility—Find Criteria

Step 2 After you make your selection, click **Find**. You are presented with the results on the **Batch Update Utility Update Criteria** page (Figure 10-30).

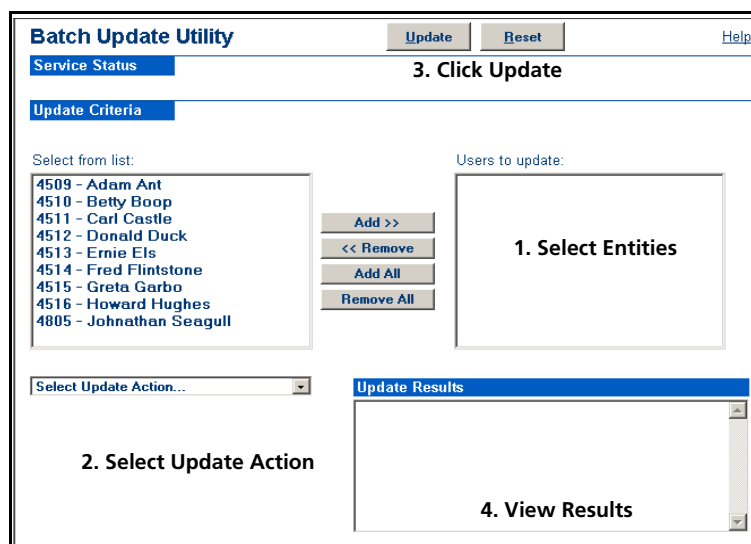


Figure 10-30 Batch Update Utility Update Criteria Page

Step 3 Select the users you want to change by adding them to the list on the right. You can add selected users from the left list, remove selected

users from the right list, add all users (move all) from the left list, and remove all users from the right list (Figure 10-31).

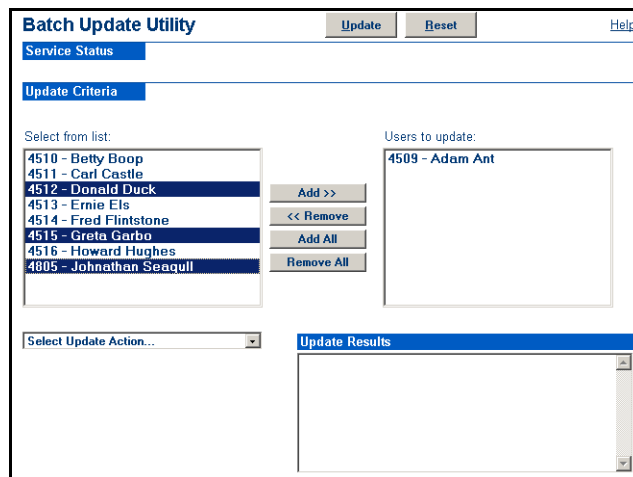


Figure 10-31 Batch Update Utility Page—Select Entities for Action

Step 4 Choose the parameter to globally change (Figure 10-32).

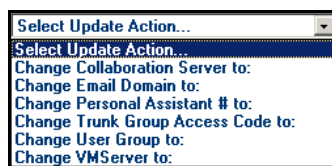


Figure 10-32 Batch Update Utility Page—Select Update Action

Step 5 Click **Update** to make the change on the system (see Figure 10-30). Feedback on the action is presented in the **Update Results** field (Figure 10-33).

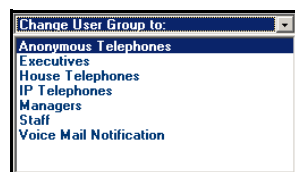


Figure 10-33 Batch Update Utility Page—Results List

When the change is complete, you can make additional batch updates.

NOTE Remember to restart the voice services when you have finished making your batch changes.

Call Handling Mode Defaults

Call Handling Mode Defaults are the set of call handling parameters assigned each time you add a new user. ShoreTel strongly recommends that you review and change these defaults before you add the bulk of your users.

Once a user is saved on the system, there is no relationship between the user's call handling modes and the default call handling modes. Changes to the default call handling modes do not affect the call handling modes of current users.

If you need to change the Personal Assistant of some or all users, you can use the Batch Update Utility discussed earlier in this chapter.

There are five default call handling modes, used for initializing each user's call handling modes. These modes provide a quick and easy way for users to change the way their inbound calls are handled.

The five default call handling modes are:

- Standard
- In a Meeting
- Out of Office
- Extended Absence
- Custom

Each of the call handling modes has the same configuration parameters.

Standard Mode
Adam Ant

[Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

Call Forward Condition: ☐ Always ☒ No Answer/Busy ☐ Never

Always Destination: ☒ Extension: [Search](#)
☐ External: (e.g. 9+1 (408) 331-3300)

Busy Destination: ☒ Extension: [Search](#)
☐ External: (e.g. 9+1 (408) 331-3300)

No Answer Destination: ☒ Extension: [Search](#)
☐ External: (e.g. 9+1 (408) 331-3300)

No Answer Number of Rings:

☒ Enable Calling Message Notification

Personal Assistant: [Search](#)

Call Handling Note:

☒ Enable Find Me

[Return to this user's personal options](#)

Figure 10-34 Call Handling Mode Default Values Edit Page

Call handling modes specify how, when, and where calls are forwarded, and whether the user requires message notification when voice mail is received. The links in the **Edit Call Handling Modes** section under the **Personal Options** tab on the **Edit User** page

bring up variants of the call handling mode pages. You can edit these copies for each user's personal options. Users can also modify these options from their desktop client applications.

NOTE Users can also change their call handling settings through a web interface on the ShoreTel server. For more information and the web interface URL, see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

Parameters

The **Call Handling Mode Default** parameters are as follows:

Call Forward Condition	<p>These buttons let you specify when calls are forwarded. The conditions are Always, No Answer/Busy, and Never.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Always condition forwards calls to the number specified in the Always Destination parameter immediately when a call is received. • The No Answer/Busy condition forwards calls to the No Answer Destination after the specified number of rings, or to the Busy Destination immediately if the user's call stack is full. • The Never condition disables call forwarding. <p>The recommended default is No Answer/Busy.</p>
Always Destination	<p>When the Always call forward condition is selected, calls are forwarded immediately to this extension.</p>
Busy Destination	<p>When the No Answer/Busy call forward condition is selected, calls are forwarded to this extension immediately if the user's call stack is full.</p> <p>The recommended default is Voice Mail.</p>
No Answer Destination	<p>When the No Answer/Busy call forward condition is selected, calls are forwarded to this extension after the specified number of rings.</p> <p>The recommended default is Voice Mail.</p>
No Answer Number of Rings	<p>When the No Answer/Busy call forward condition is selected, this parameter specifies how many times the phone rings before the call is forwarded to the No Answer Destination.</p> <p>The recommended default is three rings.</p>
Enable Calling Message Notification	<p>This check box enables message notification for this call handling mode. The manner in which the user is notified is determined by the user's message notification settings.</p> <p>The recommended default is off.</p>

Personal Assistant

Each user can specify a Personal Assistant, which is the destination to which a calling party is transferred upon dialing “0” in the user’s mailbox. For example, executives often want callers transferred to their own executive assistant rather than to the operator when a caller dials “0” in their mailbox.

If no personal assistant is defined and a caller dials “0,” the call is transferred to the site operator. If no site operator is defined, the call is transferred to the auto-attendant.

Users can also reach the Personal Assistant from the voice mail menu. By pressing 0 from the main voice mail menu, users can access the assistant. Alternatively, users can press 00 while listening to a voice mail message to reach the assistant. This can be helpful if a user is checking voice mails and wants to quickly reach the assistant to communicate something heard in a voice message.

The recommended default is an operator.

Call Handling Note

This text entry field lets you enter a note for each call handling mode. The call handling note is visible to users running the Operator Call Manager.

The recommended default is to leave this blank.

Enable FindMe

This check box enables the **FindMe** feature by default for new users. When enabled, users can configure up to two numbers where they would like to receive calls that are forwarded from their voice mail. For more information, see “FindMe Destinations” on page 10-31.

Configuring Voice Mail

This chapter provides information about configuring the voice mail system, including adding and editing system distribution lists.

Click the **Voice Mail** link in the navigation frame to expand it to show the links for:

- System Distribution Lists
- Voice Mail Options
- AMIS Voice Mail

Also refer to “Voice Mail Permissions” on page 10-13 for information about configuring your voice mail system.

System Distribution Lists

System distribution lists provide a mechanism for sending the same message to multiple users at one time. They are managed from the ShoreWare Director.

You add and edit system distribution lists from the **Voice Mail System Distribution Lists** page shown in Figure 11-1.

NOTE You can also add or remove a user from a system distribution list from the **Edit User** page (see the “Individual Users” section in Chapter 10, “Configuring Users”).

NOTE The ShoreTel system allows users with the proper class of service to send a broadcast message to all mailboxes. Unlike system distribution lists, the broadcast distribution list cannot be edited. If necessary, you can selectively remove individual mailboxes from the broadcast list on the associated **Edit Users** page, Workgroup edit page, or Route Point edit page.

System Distribution Lists Help	
Add new	
Description	Number
Broadcast	4600
Executives	4601
Managers	4602
Staff	4603

Figure 11-1 Voice Mail System Distribution Lists Page

The columns in the **System Distribution List** page are as follows:

Description This is the name of the system distribution list.

Number This is the number that is used for sending messages to members in the distribution list. Users can enter this number in either the ShoreWare client or when addressing a message from the telephone user interface.

To add or edit a system distribution list, click **Add new** or click the name of an existing list that appears in the **Voice Mail System Distribution Lists** table. When you click either of these items, the **Edit System Distribution List** page appears as shown in Figure 11-2.

Voice Mail
[New](#)
[Copy](#)
[Save](#)
[Delete](#)
[Reset](#)
[Help](#)

Edit System Distribution List

Edit this record
[Refresh this page](#)

Name:

Number:

Recorded Name:

[Record](#)
[Play](#)
[Erase](#)
[Import](#)

Language:

Filter Users By:

First Name:
Last Name:
Extension:

Sort By: [Apply](#)

Select From List:

Show Page:
[jk](#)
[<](#)
[>](#)
[>|](#)

4509 - Adam Ant
4510 - Betty Boop
4511 - Carl Castle
4821 - CC-IVR1
4822 - CC-IVR2
4823 - CC-IVR3
4824 - CC-IVR4
4825 - CC-IVR5
4513 - Ernie Els
4601 - Executives

[Add >>](#)
[<< Remove](#)

Distribution List Members:

4512 - Donald Duck

AMIS Systems:

Legacy Voice Mail (9555)

[Add](#)
[Remove](#)

Figure 11-2 System Distribution List Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters on the **System Distribution List** edit page (Figure 11-2) are described as follows:

Name	This is the name of the distribution list.
Number	<p>This is the number that is used for sending messages to members in the distribution list. Users can enter this number in either the ShoreWare client or when addressing a message from the telephone user interface.</p> <p>NOTE This number cannot go beyond the range of numbers that you defined in the First System Distribution List Number and Last System Distribution List Number fields in the section from the “Setting Up System Parameters” in Chapter 2. Also, the first system distribution list number is reserved for future use.</p>
Recorded Name	<p>The buttons that correspond to this item let you Record, Play, Erase, or Import a recorded name for the distribution list.</p> <p>Click Record to record a name for the distribution list. Click Play to play back the recording. Click Erase to erase the recording. Click Import to import a sound file.</p>
Language	Select a language from the drop-down list.
Select from List	<p>Filter Users By—If you want to search for users with certain extension numbers or names beginning with a specific letter, use the Filter Users By fields. You can sort by Last Name, First Name, or Extension.</p> <p>If more names fit the criteria than can be displayed, use the Show Page controls. Either select a page number from the drop-down list or use the arrow keys to scroll through the list.</p> <p>After selecting a name (or names) from the user list, click Add to add it (or them) to the Distribution List Members box.</p> <p>If you want to remove a user from the directory list, select the user name from this box and click Remove.</p>
AMIS Systems	<p>This lets you add users on AMIS systems to the distribution list. To add an AMIS user to the distribution list, select the AMIS system where the user you want to add is located and click Add. A dialog box prompts you for the extension number of the user. Enter the number and click OK. The AMIS System ID and extension (Mailbox ID) appears in the distribution list box.</p>

AMIS Voice Mail

The ShoreTel system sends and receives voice mail messages to and from legacy voice mail systems using AMIS protocol Version 1 — Spec February 1992. To send voice mail messages to remote AMIS sites, ShoreTel dials a phone number to access the remote system. Likewise, to receive voice messages from a remote system, the remote system must know the number to dial into the ShoreTel system. To reach the ShoreTel system, the remote system must be configured to dial a number that reaches an auto-attendant menu.

AMIS call support is enabled by default. Incoming AMIS voice mail is delivered in the same manner as other voice mail; however, replies cannot be sent. In order to send outbound AMIS voice mail, you must create AMIS systems in ShoreWare Director.

ShoreTel negotiates the setup, handshaking, and teardown of AMIS system calls. Each voice mail requires a call over the AMIS delivery and call back numbers.

You can configure your AMIS systems for two addressing methods. If your system does not use off-system extensions, a **System ID** number is required to direct the voice mail to the correct site. When a user wants to send a voice mail to a recipient on an AMIS system, they must first enter the System ID followed by the mailbox number (extension).

Examples of Addressing with a System ID

System ID	Recipient Mailbox Number
8331	1234
8408331	45657

If your system uses off-system extensions, these extensions become “off-system mailboxes.” In this case, users simply address the voice mail by mailbox number without needing to enter the System ID.

Before you create AMIS systems to remote sites:

- Enable AMIS messaging from the **Voice Mail Options** page (default is enabled).
- Set the permissions for the Voice Mail User Group to include dialing AMIS numbers. For more information, see “Voice Mail Permissions” on page 10-13.
- Review the extension plans for all the systems to which you are connecting. Make sure they all use the same extension length and that there is no overlap of extensions.

After you have made these global settings, creating AMIS systems requires the following steps:

- Name the AMIS site and enter a System ID.
- Enter the phone number the ShoreTel system calls to connect to each remote AMIS system.
- Enter the phone number that remote AMIS systems call to send AMIS messages. This number must reach an auto-attendant.
- If your system is using off-system extensions, select the extension range for each AMIS system.

AMIS Restrictions

Some restrictions are placed on AMIS voice messages. You should be aware of the following restrictions:

- ShoreTel establishes a call to an AMIS system for each voice mail. If a voice mail is addressed to multiple recipients, ShoreTel delivers as many as nine voice mails in a single call. If a voice mail has more than nine recipients, ShoreTel makes additional calls until the voice mail is delivered to all recipients. You can optimize AMIS voice mail delivery by using distribution lists at the remote AMIS sites.
- The maximum message length permitted is eight minutes.
- After ten failed attempts to complete a call to an AMIS system, ShoreTel disables the AMIS system and generates an event log.
- After ShoreTel establishes an AMIS system call, it tries three times to complete message delivery to each recipient. If ShoreTel fails to deliver a voice message after three attempts, it stops trying and returns the message to the sender. However, if the sender's voice mailbox is full, they do not receive failed messages.
- Outbound voice mail messages for disabled AMIS systems are accepted and queued. To deliver queued messages, enable the AMIS system in question from AMIS edit page (see Figure 11-3).

Enabling AMIS

You enable AMIS systems from the **Voice Mail Options** edit page (see Figure 11-3).

Voice Mail Options

To reach the **Voice Mail Options** edit page shown in Figure 11-3, click the **Options** link in the navigation frame under **Voice Mail**.

Voice Mail Options [Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

General:

Minimum Message Length Accepted: msec

From Address for Email Notifications:

AMIS:

☒ Enable AMIS

☒ Allow Incoming AMIS access to Broadcast DL

☒ Allow Incoming AMIS access to System DL

Figure 11-3 Voice Mail Options Edit Page

The following set global AMIS parameters:

Minimum Message Length Accepted	Specify minimum length a message must be to be acceptable. In milliseconds. The system default is 2000 milliseconds.
From Address for Email Notifications	Specify the e-mail address to be placed in e-mail notifications about new messages.
Enable AMIS	To enable AMIS systems support, click the check box (enabled by default). The Enable AMIS check box enables/disables all AMIS systems. Individual AMIS systems can be enabled and disabled from the AMIS edit page. For more information, see “Creating AMIS Systems” on page 11-6.
Allow Incoming AMIS access to Broadcast DL	To allow delivery of incoming AMIS messages to the Broadcast Distribution List, click the check box.
Allow Incoming AMIS access to System DL	To allow delivery of incoming AMIS messages access to the System Distribution Lists, click the check box.

NOTE The Voice Mail application will automatically remove silence from voice messages. If the resultant message after silence removal is less than this minimum message length, the message is assumed to be a hang-up and will be deleted from the system.

Creating AMIS Systems

After you enable AMIS systems from the **Voice Mail Options** page, the next step is to create and configure the individual AMIS systems. Enter the AMIS delivery and call back number for each AMIS system you want to configure.

Expand the **Voice Mail** link in the navigation frame and click **AMIS**. The **AMIS Systems** list page appears as shown in Figure 11-4.



AMIS-Systems Help					
Add new					
AMIS System	Enabled	System ID	Delivery Number	Mailbox Length	Call Back Number
Legacy Voice Mail	Yes	9555	+1 (408) 331-3300	4	+1 (408) 331-3300

Figure 11-4 AMIS Systems List Page

To add a new AMIS system, click **Add New**. To edit an existing system, click an entry in the **AMIS System** column. The **AMIS** edit page appears, as shown in Figure 11-5.

The screenshot shows the 'AMIS Edit' page. At the top, there are buttons for 'New', 'Copy', 'Save', 'Delete', and 'Reset', along with a 'Help' link. The page title is 'Edit AMIS'. Below this, there is a section 'Edit this record' with a 'Refresh this page' link. The form contains the following fields:

- Name:** Legacy Voice Mail
- System Enabled:** ☒
- System ID:** 9555
- Delivery Number:** ☒ External +1 (408) 555-1234 (e.g. +1 (408) 331 3300) ☐ Private
- Call Back Number:** ☒ External +1 (408) 555-1234 (e.g. +1 (408) 331 3300) ☐ Private
- Mailbox Length:** 4
- Off System Extensions:** ☐ 3000 - 3999

Figure 11-5 AMIS Edit Page

The following section describes the AMIS edit page parameters.

- | | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Name | In the Name text box, enter the name of this AMIS site. |
| System Enabled | <p>Click this check box to enable this AMIS system.</p> <p>Outbound voice mail for this system is queued until the system is reset by clicking the System Enabled check box.</p> |
| System ID | <p>The System ID defines the AMIS site where the voice mail for this system is delivered. The System ID plus a mailbox number identifies the site and the voice mail recipient. Plan the System ID to simplify the process of sending AMIS voice mail for your users. The System ID consists of an access code plus a site identifier.</p> <p>The System ID must begin with a digit reserved for trunk access codes, although it can be different from other trunk access codes. To make the System ID intuitive to voice mail users, choose a site identifier related to the public numbers used at the site.</p> <p>For example, if the voice mail delivery number is +1 (408) 555-1234, then System IDs like 8555 or 9408555 will be intuitive to your users. Generally, the shorter the System ID number, the easier it is to use.</p> <p>The System ID plus the mailbox length cannot exceed 15 digits.</p> <p>System IDs are required and can be single digits. Each AMIS system you create must have a unique System ID.</p> |

Delivery Number	This is the number ShoreTel calls to send AMIS voice messages to the remote system. An external number is a public PSTN number and a private number is an internal, off-system extension connecting to an intra-site PBX system.
Call Back Number	This is the number on which you receive AMIS messages. An external number is a public PSTN number and a private number is an internal, off-system extension connecting to an intra-site PBX system.
Mailbox Length	Set the mailbox length of the remote sites mailboxes (extensions). If you are using off-system extensions, the length must match the length of your extensions. The System ID plus the mailbox length cannot exceed 12 digits.
Off-System Extensions	If your system is using off-system extensions, select the extension range for each AMIS system. These extensions function as off-system mailboxes, allowing users to address voice mail to users on remote AMIS sites without entering a System ID. For more information, see “Add or Edit a Trunk Group” on page 7-4.

Disabling AMIS Systems

You can disable AMIS systems globally or by individual connections. Individual AMIS systems are automatically disabled when ShoreTel fails to complete a call to an AMIS system.

To globally disable AMIS systems, unselect the **Enable AMIS** check box in the **Voice Mail Options** page (see Figure 11-3). To disable an individual AMIS system, from the **AMIS System** list page, double-click the name of the AMIS system you want to disable. The AMIS edit page appears. See Figure 11-3. Clear the **System Enabled** check box and click **Save**.

When you disable AMIS, ShoreTel will not send or receive AMIS voice messages.

Users can address outgoing voice messages while the system is disabled. Outbound messages are queued until the individual AMIS system is re-enabled. Attempts to deliver to a disabled AMIS system fail.

Setting Voice Mail User Group Permissions

You must set the permissions for the Voice Mail User Group to allow ShoreTel calls to the AMIS system delivery numbers you have configured. For instructions on setting these permissions, see “User Groups” on page 10-14.

AMIS Test Mailbox

ShoreTel allows you to designate a mailbox that a remote AMIS system can use to test AMIS features. When you address a voice mail to the AMIS test mailbox, ShoreTel automatically replies with the same message. For instructions on creating an AMIS test mailbox, see “AMIS Test Mailbox” on page 11-8.

C H A P T E R 1 2

Configuring the Auto-Attendant

This chapter provides information about configuring the auto-attendant. It includes the following sections:

- Multiple Auto-Attendants
- Menus
- Scheduling

The auto-attendant can answer incoming calls and transfer a caller to an extension, a mailbox, another menu, a workgroup, or a route point. It also includes a dial-by-name feature that transfers callers to the system directory, where they can connect to an extension by dialing the user's name.

Multiple Auto-Attendants

Multiple auto-attendants can be configured for different user groups or departments, and each auto-attendant configuration can have multiple levels of menu options.

When the “main” auto-attendant is reached, it provides options for forwarding calls to individual user extensions. It can also provide options for forwarding calls to the sales department and customer operations department auto-attendants. From the sales or customer operations auto-attendants, callers are given options that transfer calls to the appropriate extension.

The dial-by-name operation of the auto-attendant can be limited to a department or other organizational sub-group by associating the operation with an extension list. To create extension lists, see “Extension Lists” on page 10-49. Only users that have been selected to be included in the dial-by-name list will be included. For more information, see “Individual Users” on page 10-17.

When callers are transferred back to the auto-attendant, either willingly or because of an error, they are returned to the default auto-attendant menu on the associated server.

Menus

The auto-attendant **Menus** page is where you begin the configuration to add a new auto-attendant menu or edit an existing menu.

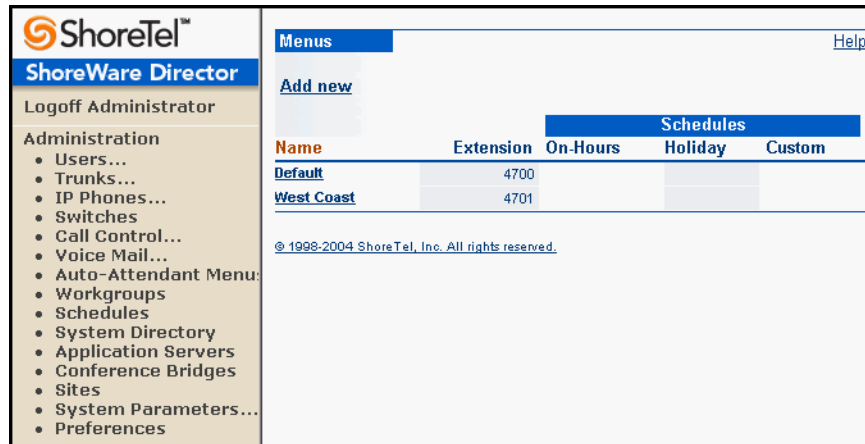


Figure 12-1 Auto-Attendant Menus List Page

Parameters

The parameters that appear on the **Menus** page are as follows:

Name	This is the name of an existing auto-attendant menu configuration. Clicking an auto-attendant invokes the Menus edit page.
Number	This is the extension that is associated with an existing auto-attendant menu.
On-Hours	This is the name of the On-Hours schedule, if any, that is associated with an existing auto-attendant menu.
Holiday	This is the name of the Holiday schedule, if any, that is associated with an existing auto-attendant menu named in the Name column.
Custom	This is the name of the Custom schedule, if any, that is associated with an existing auto-attendant menu.

Adding and Editing an Auto-Attendant Menu

To add a new or edit an existing auto-attendant menu, invoke the **Menu** page. From the **Menus** page, click **Add new**, or click an existing menu name in the **Name** column. This invokes the **Edit Menu** page, as shown in Figure 12-2.

Menus

Edit Menu

New Copy Save Delete Reset

Edit this record Refresh this page

Menu Name: West Coast

Extension: 4701

DID: ☐ +1213333 (DID Range: +12133330000 - 0099)

DNIS: Edit DNIS Map

Language: English

☐ Make Number Private

On-Hours Off-Hours Holiday Custom

☐ Disable Monitor / Record Warning Tone.

Timeout (0 - 30000 milliseconds): 8000

Prompt Text:

Prompt: Recgrd Play Erase Import

Schedule: <None> Go to this schedule

Operation	Ext	Operation	Ext
0 Dial by last name	----	8 <None>	----
1 <None>	----	9 <None>	----
2 <None>	----	* <None>	----
3 <None>	----	# <None>	----
4 <None>	----	Time out Repeat prompt	----
5 <None>	----	Too many errors Hang up	----
6 <None>	----	Invalid entry Repeat prompt	----
7 <None>	----	Multiple digits <None>	----

"Operation" Pull Down Menu

"Ext" Pop-Up Dialog

Figure 12-2 Edit Menu Page

Parameters

The parameters that appear on the **Menu** edit page are as follows:

Menu Name	This is the name of the auto-attendant menu.
Extension	This is the extension number associated with the auto-attendant menu. It must fall between the first and last menu numbers defined on the Dialing Plan edit page under System Parameters . See “Languages” on page 2-13.
DID	When the check box is selected, a DID number is used to access the associated auto-attendant menu. If you are adding a new menu or editing an existing menu and you want to access it using a DID number, check this box and enter a DID number in the accompanying text-entry field. For more information about DID, refer to “Edit DID Range” on page 7-13.

Language	Select a language from the drop-down list. This is the language that will be used by the auto-attendant menu for responses like “invalid entry.” Greetings must be recorded in this language.
DNIS	Click this link to set up one or more DNIS mappings to this menu. For more information about DNIS, refer to “Edit DNIS Digit Map” on page 7-13.
Make Number Private	Checking this box removes this number from the system directory and call handling destination lists.
On-Hours Off-Hours Holiday Custom	<p>These are the operating modes for a new or existing auto-attendant menu. You can configure them for different situations. Click the appropriate link to view the schedules. Schedules are set using the Schedules link. See “Configuring Schedules” on page 13-1.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The On-Hours mode lets you configure the auto-attendant to handle incoming calls during regular office hours. • Off-Hours mode covers all hours not scheduled in other modes. This is typically when the office is closed for the evening and weekend. • The Holiday mode lets you configure how the auto-attendant functions on holidays. • The Custom mode is used for single days that are not covered by the other modes such as a company special event.
Disable Monitor/ Recording Warning Tone	<p>This checkbox can be used to stop playing the warning tone for call recording and monitoring if the tone is turned on in the Call Control page. To see where the warning tone is first set, refer to “Setting Call Control Options” on page 9-1.</p> <p>WARNING ShoreTel, Inc. does not warrant or represent that your use of call monitoring or recording features of the Software will be in compliance with local, state, federal or international laws that you may be subject to. ShoreTel, Inc. is not responsible for ensuring your compliance with all applicable laws.</p> <p>Before disabling the warning tone, you may wish to consult with legal counsel regarding your intended use.</p>
Timeout	Set a timeout between 0-30000 milliseconds. This is the time the caller has to perform an action.
Prompt Text	<p>Before recording a prompt for a new or existing auto-attendant menu, enter the text for the prompt in this field. This also provides a convenient record of your prompt if you should ever need to re-record the prompt.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>

NOTE Prompts on the ShoreTel system can be imported into the system using μ -law, WAV file format. If you would like your prompts to match the voice of the ShoreTel system, please contact Worldly Voices at www.worldlyvoices.com and request that “Connie” record your prompts. Worldly Voices provides this service with a rapid turnaround time for a nominal fee.

Prompt The **Record**, **Play**, **Erase**, and **Import** buttons associated with this parameter are used to record your auto-attendant menu prompt.

Click **Record** to record the prompt; **Play** to play it back; **Erase** to erase the prompt; and **Import** to import a prerecorded prompt from a sound file.

Schedule This drop-down list shows the auto-attendant schedules: **On-Hours**, **Off-Hours**, **Holiday**, and **Custom**. Select a schedule from this list and click **Go to this schedule** to invoke the schedule so that you can configure a new or existing auto-attendant menu’s schedule.

NOTE See “Configuring Schedules” on page 13-1” for more information about setting up schedules.

Operation Each item in the **Operation** drop-down list lets you select the action that is associated with its dialpad number. This number is located to the left of each Operation drop-down list. When prompted by the auto-attendant, the caller is asked to enter this number.

- **Dial by first name** lets the caller spell the user’s first name from the dialpad. The auto-attendant then transfers the caller to the user’s extension.

To limit the dial list to a department or other organizational sub-group, select an extension list from the **Ext** column.

- **Dial by last name** lets the caller spell the user’s last name from the dialpad. The auto-attendant then transfers the caller to the user’s extension.

To limit the dial list to a department or other organizational sub-group, select an extension list from the **Ext** column.

- **Go to extension** lets the user enter the extension he needs. This functions the same as a transfer but without a voice prompt.
- **Go to menu** transfers the caller directly to the user’s mailbox without ringing the user’s extension. This is also used to send the caller to another menu. You must select the destination from the extension (**Ext**) **pop-up dialog box**.
- **Hang up** lets the caller disconnect the call.
- **Repeat prompt** lets the user hear the prompt again.
- **Take a message** lets the caller leave a message by selecting a user’s extension.

- **Take a message by first name** lets the caller leave a message by selecting a user's name from the menu.
- **Take a message by last name** lets the caller leave a message by selecting a user's name from the menu.
- **Transfer to extension** transfers the caller to the user's extension where he or she can speak with the user or leave a message if the user does not answer. You must select a destination from the **extension pop-up dialog box**.

NOTE Dial by last name is supported by default.

Ext	<p>This pop-up dialog box lets you select the destination that is associated with the Go to Menu or Transfer to extension operation.</p> <p>Used this field to select an extension list to be used by the Dial by First Name and Dial by last Name operations.</p>
Time Out	<p>This drop-down list lets you specify the action that the auto-attendant takes when the caller does not press a dialpad key in a system-defined period of time. Typically, the action is Repeat Prompt.</p>
Too Many Errors	<p>This drop-down list lets you specify the action that the auto-attendant takes when the caller presses an invalid key too many times in a row. You might specify a user extension, such as the operator, for this. Typically, the action is Hang Up. If no action is specified, Hang Up is invoked by default.</p>
Invalid Entry	<p>This drop-down list lets you select an action to take when a key has been pressed that the auto-attendant does not recognize. Typically, the action is Repeat Prompt.</p>
Multiple-Digit	<p>This drop-down list lets you select a multiple-digit action that the caller takes. The choices are None, Transfer to Extension, Take a Message, Go to Extension, and Go to Menu. The default is None.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None assigns no multiple-digit operation to the menu. • Transfer to Extension assigns a multiple-digit operation to the menu and prompts the caller to dial directly into a user's extension. • Go to Menu assigns a multiple-digit operation to the menu and prompts the caller to dial directly into a user's mailbox.

Configuring an Auto-Attendant Menu

To configure an auto-attendant menu from the **Menus** page:

- Step 1** Enter the name of the menu in the **Menu Name** field.
- Step 2** If this is a new menu, enter the menu's extension in the **Number** field. If you are editing an existing menu, enter a new extension in this field if necessary.

- Step 3** If the menu will be associated with a DID number, check the **DID** check box and enter the DID number in the **DID** text-entry field.
- Step 4** If the menu will be associated with a DNIS number, click **Edit DNIS Map** and set the map.
- Step 5** Make Number Private only if you want to remove the number from the system directory.
- Step 6** Click the auto-attendant mode—**On-Hours**, **Off-Hours**, **Holiday**, or **Custom**—that will be associated with the menu.
- Step 7** Set a Timeout.
- Step 8** Enter the text that you will use for recording the menu's prompt in the **Prompt Text** field. This is optional.
- Step 9** Click **Record** to record the prompt. To hear the prompt, click **Play**; to erase it, click **Erase**. If you are importing a prerecorded prompt from a WAV file, click **Import** and select the file from the appropriate directory.
- Step 10** Select a schedule for this menu from the **Schedule** drop-down list, and click **Go to this schedule**. To configure the schedule, refer to the "Configuring Schedules" on page 13-1 for instructions.
- Step 11** Select the action that the auto-attendant takes in response to each supported digit from the **Operation** drop-down list.
- Step 12** Assign an extension to the **Operation** (if applicable) from the extension (Ext) pop-up dialog box.
- Step 13** Select an action from the **Time out** drop-down list, and select an extension from its extension pop-up dialog (if applicable).

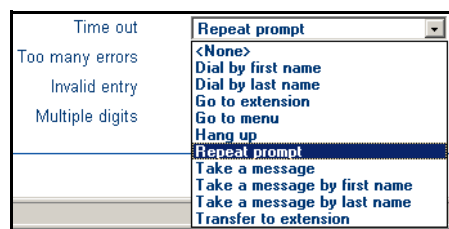


Figure 12-3 Timeout Errors Drop-Down List

- Step 14** Select an action from the **Too many errors** drop-down list (Figure 12-4), and select an extension from its extension pop-up dialog box (if applicable).

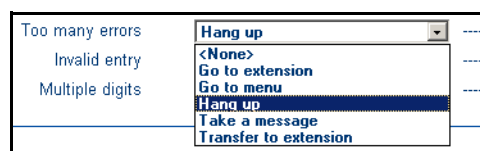


Figure 12-4 Too Many Errors Drop-Down List

Step 15 Select an action from the **Invalid Entry** drop-down list, and select an extension from its extension **pop-up dialog box** (if applicable). The options are the same as are available in the Timeout pop-up.

Step 16 Select an action from the **Multiple digits** drop-down list (Figure 12-5).

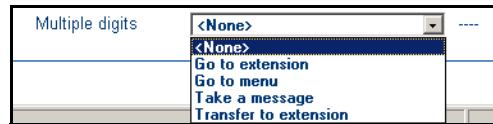


Figure 12-5 Multiple Digits drop-Down List

Step 17 Click **Save** to save the configuration.

Configuring Multiple Auto-Attendant Menus

Configuring multiple auto-attendant menus lets you add menus to your main menu so that callers can be directed to other departments in your company.

To add multiple auto-attendant menus to your main menu:

- Step 1** Go to the **Menus** page and configure the menu you are adding to the main auto-attendant menu, as described in the “Configuring an Auto-Attendant Menu” on page 12-6.
- Step 2** Go back to the main auto-attendant menu’s configuration on the **Menu** edit page.
- Step 3** Go to the **Operations** section on the **Menu** edit page and select **Go to menu**.
- Step 4** Associate the menu you are adding with a digit and the menu’s extension. For example, if the menu’s extension is 503, select this number from the **Ext.** drop-down list.
- Step 5** Click **Save** so that your changes are recorded.

You can define the auto-attendant’s schedule when configuring an auto-attendant menu from the **Menus** page or by invoking the **Schedules** link. Refer to Chapter 13 for information about establishing schedules.

The following schedule pages can be edited from the **Menus** page or from the **Schedules** link:

- **On-Hours**
- **Holiday**
- **Custom**

NOTE With the exception of the **Off-Hours** mode, each mode has a schedule configuration page. Off-hours is equal to all time not entered in the other schedules.

The following logic determines which schedule is active:

- 1 The auto-attendant first looks for the **Custom** schedule.
- 2 If the **Custom** schedule is not available, the auto-attendant looks for the **Holiday** schedule.

- 3 If the **Custom** or **Holiday** schedule is not available, the auto-attendant looks for the **On-Hours** schedule.
- 4 If the **Custom**, **Holiday**, or **On-Hours** schedule is not available, the auto-attendant looks for the **Off-Hours** schedule.

NOTE ShoreWare Director forms the Off-Hours schedule from all the hours not scheduled in the other modes. If you do not create a schedule for at least one of the other modes, the Off-Hours schedule will be all possible hours.

CHAPTER 13

Configuring Schedules

This chapter provides information about configuring scheduling. Schedules can be used by Hunt Groups and by the Auto-Attendant.

ShoreTel™ ShoreWare Director
Logoff Administrator

Administration

- Users...
- Trunks...
- IP Phones...
- Switches
- Call Control...
- Voice Mail...
- Auto-Attendant Menu
- Workgroups
- Schedules
- System Directory
- Application Servers
- Conference Bridges
- Sites
- System Parameters...
- Preferences

Maintenance

- Quick Look
- Switch Connectivity
- Conference Ports
- Event Log...
- Services
- Event Filters

Documentation

- Administration Guide

Schedules [Help](#)

On-Hours [Add new](#)

Name	Day	Start Time	End Time
Off-Hours	Monday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Tuesday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Wednesday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Thursday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Friday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Saturday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Sunday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
On-Hours	Monday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM
	Monday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM
	Tuesday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM
	Wednesday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM
	Thursday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM
	Friday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM

Holiday [Add new](#)

Name	Holiday	Date
National Holiday 1	New Year's Day	1/1/2004
National Holidays	Fourth of July	7/4/2004
	Labor Day	9/6/2004

Custom [Add new](#)

Name	Custom	Date	Start Time	End Time
Special Events	Off-site January	1/6/2004	1:00:00 PM	5:00:00 PM
	Off-site March	3/18/2004	9:00:00 AM	1:00:00 PM

Figure 13-1 Schedules Main

The following schedule pages can be invoked from the Schedules page:

- On-Hours
- Holiday
- Custom

NOTE With the exception of the Off-Hours mode, each mode has a schedule configuration page. Off-hours is equal to all time not entered in the other schedules.

Schedules

Help

On-Hours

Add new

Name	Day	Start Time	End Time
Off-Hours			
	Monday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Tuesday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Wednesday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Thursday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Friday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Saturday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
	Sunday	12:00:00 AM	6:30:00 AM
On-Hours			
	Monday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM
	Monday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM
	Tuesday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM
	Wednesday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM
	Thursday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM
	Friday	8:00:00 AM	6:30:00 PM

Holiday

Add new

Name	Holiday	Date
National Holiday 1	New Year's Day	1/1/2004
National Holidays	Fourth of July	7/4/2004
	Labor Day	9/6/2004

Custom

Add new

Name	Custom	Date	Start Time	End Time
Special Events				
	Off-site January	1/6/2004	1:00:00 PM	5:00:00 PM
	Off-site March	3/18/2004	9:00:00 AM	1:00:00 PM

Figure 13-2 Schedules List Page

The following logic determines which schedule is active:

- 1 The auto-attendant or hunt group first looks for the **Custom** schedule.
- 2 If the **Custom** schedule is not available, the auto-attendant or hunt group looks for the **Holiday** schedule.
- 3 If the **Custom** or **Holiday** schedule is not available, the auto-attendant or hunt group looks for the **On-Hours** schedule.
- 4 If the **Custom**, **Holiday**, or **On-Hours** schedule is not available, the auto-attendant or hunt group looks for the **Off-Hours** schedule.

NOTE ShoreWare Director forms the Off-Hours schedule from all the hours not scheduled in the other modes. If you do not create a schedule for at least one of the other modes, the Off-Hours schedule will be all possible hours.

Descriptions of the pages and instructions for configuring these schedules follow.

On-Hours

The On-Hours Schedule edit page is shown in Figure 13-3.

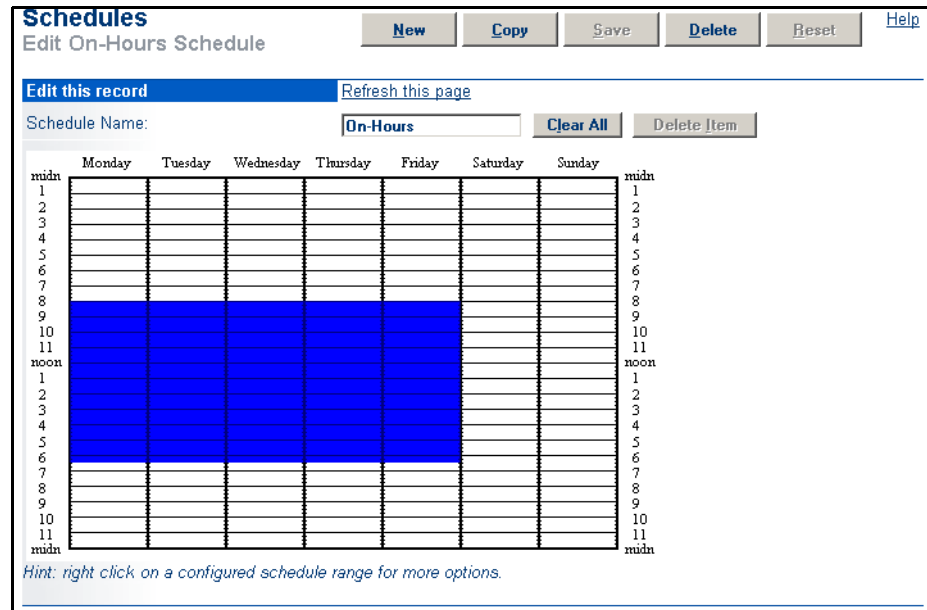


Figure 13-3 On-Hours Schedule Edit Page

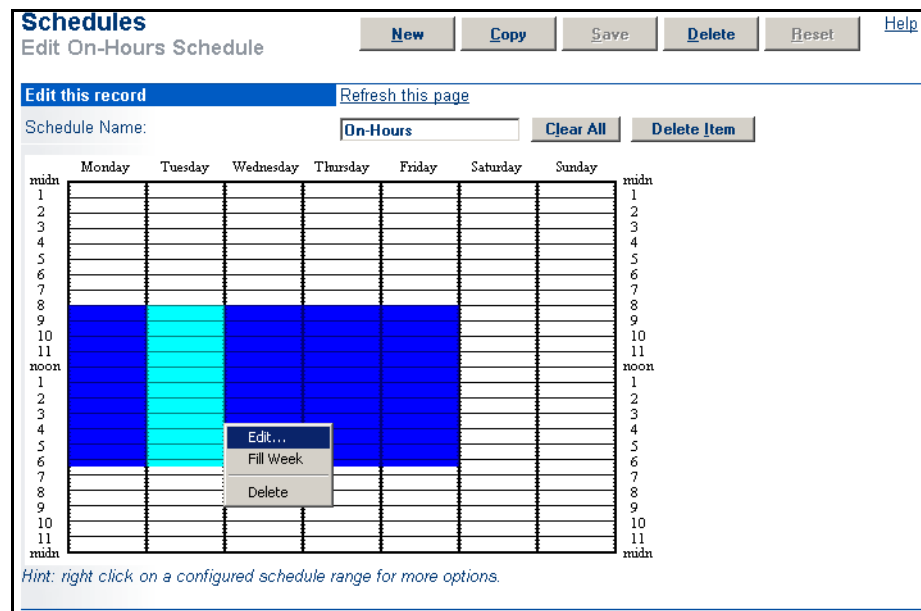
Configuring the On-Hours Schedule

To configure the On-Hours schedule:

- Step 1** Click **Add new** or click an existing schedule from the **Name** column to view the schedule page.
- Step 2** Click a start time in a column, and hold down the left mouse button.
- Step 3** Drag the mouse pointer to the time that you want the action to stop, and release the mouse button.
- Step 4** Repeat Step 2 and Step 3 until you are finished scheduling the week.
- Step 5** You can modify time frames on the fly by clicking the right mouse button to invoke the options shown in Figure 13-4.
 - To use the same time frame throughout the week, click the **Fill Week** option.
 - To edit an existing time frame, click **Edit**.
 - To delete a time, select a time frame, click the right mouse button to bring up the options window and click **Delete**.

NOTE If you want to change the entire schedule, you must delete all entries in the schedule; otherwise, duplicate entries will be made.

- Step 6** Click **Save** to save the schedule in the database.



Schedules
Edit On-Hours Schedule

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

Schedule Name: [Clear All](#) [Delete Item](#)

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
midn							
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
noon							
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
midn							

Hint: right click on a configured schedule range for more options.

Figure 13-4 Time Frame Options

NOTE You can schedule a mode to start and stop multiple times in one day. For example, on Monday, you can set the schedule to start at 4:30 am and stop at 9:00 am, and then schedule it to resume at 2:00 pm until 5:30 pm by performing Step 2 and Step 3 again.

Holiday Schedule

The Holiday Schedule edit page is shown in Figure 13-5.



Schedules
Edit Holiday Schedule

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

Schedule Name:

Holidays
[Add New](#)

Holiday Name	Date	
Fourth of July	7/4/2004	Delete Item
Labor Day	9/6/2004	Delete Item

Date format: MM/DD or MM/DD/YYYY

Figure 13-5 Holiday Schedule Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters that appear on the **Holiday Schedule** edit page are as follows:

Schedule Name Displays the name of a new or existing **Holiday** schedule. You can enter a name in this field for a new schedule or edit it for an existing **Holiday** schedule.

Holidays Add New Item Click **Add New Item** to add a new holiday to the schedule; the **Holiday Name** and **Date** text-entry fields are added to the **Holiday Schedule** edit page.

Holiday Name, Date This lets you enter a name and date for a new **Holiday** schedule. The date format is *MM/DD* or *MM/DD/YY*.

NOTE Not entering a value for the year will repeat the same month and day throughout year.

Figure 13-6 Holiday Schedule Edit Page (Add New Item)

Configuring the Holiday Schedule

To configure the Holiday schedule:

- Step 1** Select a holiday from the **Schedule Name** drop-down list or add a new one by clicking **Add New** and entering a name and date in the **Holiday Name** and **Date** text-entry fields.
- Step 2** Repeat Step 1 for all known holidays.
- Step 3** To delete a holiday from the schedule, click **Delete Item**.
- Step 4** Click **Save** to save the **Holiday** schedule to the database.

Custom Schedule

The Custom Schedule edit page is shown in Figure 13-7.

Custom Name	Date	Start Time	End Time	
Off-site January	1/6/2004	1:00:00 PM	5:00:00 PM	Delete Item
Off-site March	3/18/2004	9:00:00 AM	1:00:00 PM	Delete Item

Date format: MM/DD or MM/DD/YYYY
Time Format: HH:MM am or HH:MM pm

Figure 13-7 Custom Schedule Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters that appear on the **Custom Schedule** edit page are as follows:

Schedule Name	This displays the name of a new or existing Custom schedule. You can enter a name in this field for a new schedule or edit it for an existing Custom schedule.
Custom Ranges Add New	Click Add New to add a new Custom schedule; the Custom Name , Date , Start Time , and End Time text-entry fields are added to the Edit Custom Schedule page.
Custom Name	This displays the name of a Custom schedule. Enter the name of a new Custom schedule or edit the name of an existing schedule in this field.
Date	This displays the date when a Custom schedule is used. Enter the date a new Custom schedule or edit the date of an existing schedule in this field. The format is <i>MM/DD</i> or <i>MM/DD/YYYY</i> . NOTE Not entering a value for the year will repeat the same month and day every year.
Start Time	This displays the start time of a Custom schedule. Enter the start time of a new Custom schedule or edit the start time of an existing schedule in this field. The format is <i>hh:mm:am</i> or <i>hh:mm:pm</i> .
End Time	This displays the end time of a Custom schedule. Enter the end time of a new Custom schedule or edit the end time of an existing schedule in this field. The format is <i>hh:mm:am</i> or <i>hh:mm:pm</i> .

Schedules
Edit Custom Schedule

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

Edit this record [Refresh this page](#)

Schedule Name:

Custom Ranges
[Add New](#)

Custom Name	Date	Start Time	End Time	
Off-site January	1/6/2004	1:00:00 PM	5:00:00 PM	Delete Item
Off-site March	3/18/2004	9:00:00 AM	1:00:00 PM	Delete Item
				Delete Item

Date format: MM/DD or MM/DD/YYYY
Time Format: HH:MM am or HH:MM pm

Figure 13-8 Custom Schedule Edit Page (Add New)

Configuring a Custom Schedule

To configure a Custom schedule:

- Step 1** Select a holiday from the **Schedule Name** drop-down list or add a new one by clicking **Add New** and entering a name and date for the new holiday in the **Custom Name** and **Date** text-entry fields.
- Step 2** Enter a start time in the **Start Time** field.
- Step 3** Enter an end time in the **End Time** field.
- Step 4** To delete a custom range, click **Delete Item**.
- Step 5** Click **Save** to save the **Custom** schedule to the database

Configuring Workgroups

This chapter provides information about configuring your ShoreTel system for workgroups within your organization, such as Sales or Customer Care.

Overview

In the larger enterprise, there maybe small- to medium-sized groups working together as a contact center. The ShoreTel Contact Center Solution includes the ability for these workgroups to queue and distribute calls and provide agent and supervisor functions, as well as deliver reports about the workgroup activity.

Call Routing

The ShoreTel system has many different call routing options to allow enterprises to configure their system and telephony services to match their needs. Callers reach the contact center by calling through a dedicated trunk pointed at the contact center, calling a DID or DNIS number directed to the workgroup, or calling and then navigating to an auto-attendant menu option linked to the workgroup.

Call handling options are combined with the system's schedules to provide even greater flexibility after callers reach the workgroup. Four call handling modes are configured for the workgroup that are scheduled for different times of the day. Each of the four call handling modes starts or stops according to the schedules and can invoke different options and transfer callers to different destinations when all agents are unavailable.

Call Distribution

The ShoreTel system provides the contact center with flexibility for distributing callers to the available agents, as well as options for managing overflow. Inbound calls directed to the workgroup are managed by the ShoreTel server and distributed to agents in one of four administrator-configured patterns. When no agents are available, calls can be directed to a workgroup mailbox accessible by all agents or to a queue where calls can be held until an agent is available.

Distribution of the inbound calls is managed based on agent status. When agents are ready for calls, they log in and begin to receive calls. When they complete their day, they log out and calls are no longer delivered. In addition, the workgroup can

optionally be configured so that all agents enter a “wrap-up” mode after every call. In “wrap-up” mode, agents remain logged in but do not receive new calls until the configured wrap-up time passes. This allows agents to complete any required updates to the customer records between calls.

The following is a summary of the call distribution and call overflow options:

Call Distribution Options

- Round Robin
- Top Down
- Longest Idle
- Simultaneous Ring

Call Overflow Options

- Hold in queue until an agent is available
- Transfer to another workgroup, extension, or external number
- Transfer to the shared workgroup mailbox

Call Queuing

The queue gives the administrator of the workgroup additional flexibility in managing his or her call flow. When all agents are busy, not logged in, or do not answer, callers can be directed to a queue where they are held until an agent is available to take their call. The queue offers up to five steps, each of which can be configured for different caller interactions and to enable caller-selected routing.

The following is a summary of the call queuing options:

Queue Step Configuration Options

- Announce the caller’s estimated wait time
- Announce the configured prerecorded prompt
- Provide a menu to offer callers transfer options

Supported Menu Functions

- Customer inputs 0–9, *, #
- Transfers to menus, extensions, or mailboxes
- Repeat prompt or hang up the call

Call Queue Control Options

- Each step can be skipped for call routing flexibility
- Callers are on hold between steps for the configured “step time”
- The last step repeats until the call is delivered

Other Features

- Queue is an option only for on-hours call handling
- Callers hear the main site’s on-hold music while waiting

Workgroup Call Managers

The ShoreTel Call Manager applications for workgroup agents and supervisors provide the information the contact center representatives need in order to be effective, and also give them point-and-click control of their voice communications.

The Call Manager applications give agents and supervisors real-time call information, including available Caller ID, call duration, and call state. The call's detailed routing information is displayed so that agents know everyone the current caller spoke with in the enterprise before reaching the contact center. Additionally, the contact center's mailbox is displayed to every agent for accessing and handling the callers who chose to leave a message rather than wait for an agent.

Agents and supervisors have access to the real-time Queue Monitor. This application provides current information on what is happening in the contact center queue. It displays the number of callers, specific information about each, and how long people have been waiting.

The Agent Monitor is the supervisor's tool for managing the workgroup agents. It shows the supervisor the current login status of all the agents, whether they are on a call or not, and allows for changing the agent's status from the supervisor's position to manage contact center coverage.

The following is a summary of the workgroup Call Manager features:

Call Manager applications

- Display Caller ID, call duration, and call state.
- Display detailed routing information for calls.
- Display and access the shared contact center voice messages.
- Provide point-and-click access to the system's call handling features.
- Log in and log out of the workgroup call flow.

Real-time Queue Monitor

- Display a summary of the number of callers waiting and the longest wait time.
- Show a detailed view of the information about each waiting call.
- Display warnings when the number of calls or longest wait time exceeds the supervisor's thresholds.
- Display or control the call handling mode.

Supervisor's Agent Monitor

- Display the current login status of the agents in the workgroup.
- Show whether agents are on a call and how long they have been talking.
- Control agent's login status from the supervisor's position.

Intercom/Paging, Barge In, Record, and Monitor

Monitoring allows one party to eavesdrop on a call. It is a limited conference call where the monitoring party hears the other parties, but the monitored parties do not hear the monitoring party. Monitoring is undetectable by the parties being monitored, except by a warning tone. Monitoring is typically used in workgroups to evaluate agent performance.

A recording warning tone may be played to the customer during call recording and monitoring. The warning tone is enabled for the entire system using a Call Control option. For a specific call, it may be disabled by using an Auto-Attendant menu option. No tone is played during a Barge In call.

Barge In allows one party to join an existing call as a fully conferenced participant. When Barge In is initiated, a brief intrusion tone is played to the other participants and (if present) the monitoring warning tone is discontinued.

To simplify discussion of this feature, we will refer to three parties: the supervisor, the agent, and the customer. The supervisor initiates monitoring by selecting an agent. The agent is on a call with another party, the customer. The customer may be an external caller, but supervisors and agents must be on extensions.

In a monitored call, a supervisor hook flash is ignored. However, a hook flash by the other parties works the same as in a two-party call. In particular, an agent flash puts the call on hold and allows a consultative transfer or conference.

Because there is a limit of three parties in a conference call, if the agent or customer makes a consultative transfer or conference, the supervisor is automatically dropped. Similarly, if another party barges into a monitored extension, then the monitoring is dropped.

If a conference call is already in progress, it cannot be monitored. If monitoring is already in progress, no one else can monitor the call.

The supervisor can barge into a call he or she is monitoring. However it is not possible to revert a barge in to just a monitored call. If desired, the supervisor can hang up and restart monitoring.

After a barge in, the agent remains the controlling party of the call. A subsequent agent hook flash disconnects the supervisor, who was the last party added.

Intercom/Paging, Barge In, Record, and Monitor Telephony CoS Configuration

Each telephony class-of-service permissions has check boxes and radio buttons in ShoreWare Director for configuring Intercom/Paging, Barge In, Call Recording, and Call Monitoring. These options appear near the bottom of the window in Figure 14-1. For more information about setting permissions, refer to “Telephony Features Permissions” on page 10-3.

Class of Service
 Edit Telephony Features Permissions

New Copy Save Delete Reset Help

Edit this record

Refresh this page

Name:

Fully Featured

Max. Call Stack Depth:

8

Max. Parties in Make Me Conference:

3

☒ Allow Call Pickup

☒ Allow Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer

☒ Allow Overhead and Group Paging

☒ Allow Make Hunt Group Busy

☒ Allow Extension Reassignment

☒ Allow PSTN Failover

☒ Show Caller ID Name and Number on Monitored Extensions

☒ Allow Customization of IP Phone Buttons

☒ Show Extensions with Different Prefixes in Directory

☒ Allow Collaboration Features

☒ Allow Recording of Own Calls

Directed Intercom / Paging:

☒ Allow Initiation
 Accept: ☐ None ☐ All ☒ Only From: 313-5330 : Analog Exten Search

Barge In:

☒ Allow Initiation
 Accept: ☒ None ☐ All ☐ Only From: Search

Record Other's Calls:

☒ Allow Initiation
 Accept: ☐ None ☒ All ☐ Only From: Search

Monitor Other's Calls:

☒ Allow Initiation
 Accept: ☐ None ☐ All ☒ Only From: Mickey Raton Search

Allow Call Handling Changes:

☒ Current Mode ☒ Detailed Settings

☒ Allow External Call Forwarding and Find Me Destinations

Figure 14-1 Enhanced Class of Service Settings for Intercom, Barge, Monitoring

Allow initiation for Intercom/Paging—If this check box is selected, users within this COS may place an intercom call or page to other system users. If cleared, then no intercom/paging can be initiated.

Accept Intercom/Paging—Radio button choices are:

- **Accept None:** If selected, users within this COS may not receive intercom calls or pages.
- **Accept All:** If selected, users within this COS may receive intercom calls or pages from anyone in the COS.

- **Accept Only From:** If selected, users within this COS may only receive intercom calls or pages from the person specified in the associated field.

Allow initiation for barge in—If this check box is selected, users within this COS may barge in on the calls of other system users. If cleared, then no barge in can be initiated.

Accept barge in—Radio button choices are:

- **Accept None:** If selected, users within this COS may not receive barge-in's from anyone.
- **Accept All:** If selected, users within this COS may receive barge-in's from anyone else in this COS.
- **Accept Only From:** If selected, users within this COS may only receive barge-in's from the person specified in the field associated with this radio button.

Allow initiation for record others calls—If this check box is selected, users within this COS may record the calls of other system users. If cleared, then no call recording can be initiated.

Accept record others calls—Radio button choices are:

- **Accept None:** If selected, users within this COS may not have their calls recorded from anyone.
- **Accept All:** If selected, users within this COS may have their calls recorded from anyone else in this COS.
- **Accept Only From:** If selected, users within this COS may only have their calls recorded by the person specified in the field associated with this radio button.

Allow initiation for silent monitor—If this check box is selected, users within this COS may monitor other system users. If cleared, then no monitoring can be initiated.

Accept silent monitor—Radio button choices are:

- **Accept None:** If selected, users within this COS cannot be monitored by anyone.
- **Accept All:** If selected, users within this COS can be monitored by anyone else in this COS.
- **Accept Only From:** If selected, users within this COS can only be monitored by the person specified in the field associated with this radio button.

There are no special permissions for ShoreTel Contact Center agents or supervisors. They must have CoS with appropriate settings to enable contact center recording, monitoring, and barge in.

Reporting

As calls are received and handled by the agents of the contact center, records are kept to help supervisors manage the call flow and resources. Each call to the workgroup is logged in terms of how long it spends in the queue, how it ends, which agent handles the call, and how long the call takes.

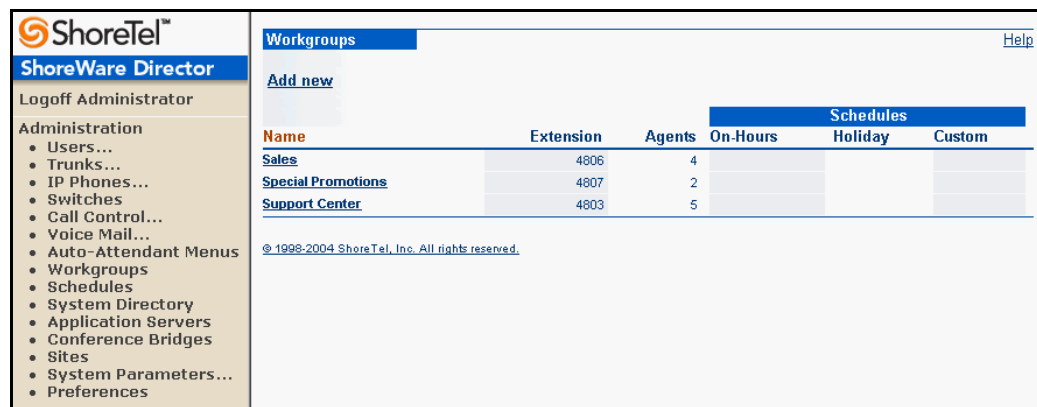
Three different views of contact center activity are reportable at the ShoreTel server using these easy-to-run, standard reporting tools:

- Queue Summary Report
- Agent Summary Report
- Agent Detail Report

Please refer to Appendix C, “Call Detail Record Reports,” for more information on the workgroup reports.

Workgroup Navigation

To invoke the Workgroups list page, click the Workgroups link in the navigation frame, shown in Figure 14-2. From this list page, you can add a new workgroup or link to an existing workgroup.



ShoreTel™		ShoreWare Director			
Logoff Administrator					
Administration					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Users... • Trunks... • IP Phones... • Switches • Call Control... • Voice Mail... • Auto-Attendant Menus • Workgroups • Schedules • System Directory • Application Servers • Conference Bridges • Sites • System Parameters... • Preferences 					
Workgroups Help					
Add new					
Name	Extension	Agents	Schedules		
			On-Hours	Holiday	Custom
Sales	4806	4			
Special Promotions	4807	2			
Support Center	4803	5			
© 1998-2004 ShoreTel, Inc. All rights reserved.					

Figure 14-2 Workgroups List Page

The columns on the **Workgroups** list page are as follows:

Name	This is the name of the workgroup.
Extension	This is the workgroup extension.
# Agents	This is the number of agents that are assigned to the workgroup. Maximum of 64 agents per workgroup or maximum of 16 when using Simultaneous Ringing. Agents can be assigned to multiple workgroups.
Schedules	This is a listing of active schedules— On-Hours , Holiday , and Custom .

Adding and Editing Workgroups

This section explains how to add and edit workgroups from the **Workgroups** edit page, shown in Figure 14-3. This page also lets you assign an extension, set user group features, and configure schedules.

Workgroups

Edit Workgroup

New

Copy

Save

Delete

Reset

Help

Edit this record

Refresh this page

Name:

Sales

Extension:

4806

Backup Extension:

4805 - Johnathan Seag

Search

DID:

☐ +1213333

(DID Range: +12133330000 - 0099)

DNIS:

Edit DNIS Map

User Group:

Executives

☒ Mailbox (server)

ShoreDoc-HQ

Voice Mail Delivery and Notification

Language:

English

☒ Accept Broadcast Messages

☒ Include in System Dial By Name Directory

☐ Make Number Private

Recorded Name:

Record

Play

Erase

Import

Voice Mail Password:

Confirm: ****

☐ Enable Automatic Agent Logout on Ring No Answer

Workgroup Membership:

Edit Agents

Workgroup Queue Handling:

Edit Queue Handling

Wrap Up Time:

0

Seconds

Current Call Handling Mode:

On-Hours

On-Hours

Off-Hours

Holiday

Custom

Schedule:

<None>

Edit this schedule

Call Handling:

Distribution Pattern:

☒ Top Down

☐ Round Robin

☐ Longest Idle

☐ Simultaneous

Call Forward:

☐ Always

☒ No Answer/Busy

Always:

☒ Extension: 4101 - Voice Mail

Search

☒ External:

(e.g. 9+1 (408) 331-3300)

Busy:

☐ Extension: 4101 - Voice Mail

Search

☐ External:

(e.g. 9+1 (408) 331-3300)

☒ Queue

No Answer:

☐ Extension: 4101 - Voice Mail

Search

☐ External:

(e.g. 9+1 (408) 331-3300)

☒ Queue

Logged Out:

☐ Extension: 4101 - Voice Mail

Search

☐ External:

(e.g. 9+1 (408) 331-3300)

☒ Queue

Rings per Agent:

2

No Answer Number of Rings:

4

Mailbox:

Workgroup Greeting:

Record

Play

Erase

Import

Workgroup Assistant:

Search

☐ Enable Calling Message Notification

Figure 14-3 Workgroups Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters on the **Workgroups** edit page are as follows:

Name	<p>This is the name of the workgroup.</p> <p>This is a required parameter.</p>
Extension	<p>This is the extension number of the workgroup.</p> <p>If you change the extension number and there is an associated mailbox, <i>messages will be retained</i>.</p> <p>This is a required parameter and must be unique. A maximum of 64 workgroup extensions can be defined.</p>
Backup Extension	<p>This is the backup extension of the workgroup. If the workgroup does not answer after the specified number of rings (for example, server unavailable or network problem), the call is routed to this extension. This allows you to configure backup call routing in case of failures.</p> <p>If the call volume is low, you can route these calls to an agent. If the call volume is high, it is recommended that you route these calls to a “must answer line” with a distinctive-sounding ring. Agents can use the call pickup feature to “pick” calls from the “must answer line” if the workgroup server is unavailable.</p> <p>This is a required parameter.</p>
DID	<p>This lets you assign a Direct Inward Dial (DID) number to the workgroup. You can assign one DID number to a workgroup.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>
DNIS	<p>The Edit DNIS Map button invokes the Select DNIS Trunk Group dialog box. This lets you select a trunk group for DNIS routing. Only trunk groups that are configured for DNIS will be presented in the dialog box. You can assign multiple DNIS numbers to a workgroup. Also refer to “Select DNIS Trunk Group Dialog Box” on page 14-13.</p> <p>DNIS is typically used to route 800-number calls to a workgroup or application.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>
User Group	<p>This lets you assign the workgroup to a user group from the accompanying drop-down list. The workgroup must inherit permission from the User Group’s CoS, since it has access to some telephony features (such as Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer and Call Forward External), as well as some voice mail features (such as Incoming Message Length and Message Notification). See “User Groups” on page 10-14 and “Telephony Features Permissions” on page 10-3.</p> <p>If you are using Barge In, Record, and/or Monitor, make sure you have created user groups with the appropriate CoS permissions.</p> <p>This is a required parameter.</p>

Mailbox (server)	<p>This provides the workgroup with a mailbox on the associated server. If you change the server, all messages are automatically moved to the new server.</p> <p>Calls to the workgroup that go to voice mail end up in the workgroup mailbox. Calls to a user that go to voice mail end up in the user's mailbox. The workgroup mailbox is shared by all workgroup members who run the Workgroup Agent or Supervisor Call Manager. In addition, you can log into the workgroup mailbox over the telephone using the mailbox number and voice mail password.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>
Language	<p>Select a language from the drop-down list. This is the language that will be used by the auto attendant for prompts played to calls in the queue, such as “your estimated wait time is...”</p>
Accept Broadcast Messages	<p>This lets the workgroup receive broadcast messages.</p> <p>In general, you will want to remove the workgroup from the broadcast message list.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>
Include in System Dial By Name Directory	<p>This includes the workgroup in the auto-attendant's dial-by-name directory.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>
Make Number Private	<p>Checking this check box removes this number from the system directory and call handling destination lists.</p>
Recorded Name	<p>The Record, Play, Enter, and Import buttons let you record a name for the workgroup. This name is used as part of the default mailbox greeting as well as in the Dial By Name directory.</p> <p>You can use your PC microphone and speakers or a telephone to play and record within ShoreWare Director. Please refer to the Auto-Attendant options for more information.</p> <p>You can also import prompts into ShoreWare Director. Prompts must be recorded as µ-law, WAV files.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>
Voice Mail Password	<p>This lets you enter and confirm the workgroup's voice mail password.</p> <p>The voice mail password is used in conjunction with the mailbox number to log in to the workgroup mailbox over the telephone.</p> <p>This is a required parameter. The initial default is “1234”. Passwords may be numeric only.</p>

Enable Automatic Agent Logout On Ring No Answer	<p>This check box lets you automatically log out agents that do not answer a workgroup call after a specified number of rings.</p> <p>This feature is useful to avoid calls repeatedly being offered to an agent who has physically left the workgroup but has forgotten to log out.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>
Workgroup Membership	<p>The Edit Agents button invokes the Workgroup Membership page, which lets you add and remove agents to and from the workgroup. You can also change the call distribution hunt order of agents via this page. See Figure 14-5.</p> <p>This is a required parameter.</p>
Workgroup Queue Handling	<p>The Edit Queue Handling button invokes the Workgroup Queue Handling edit page. This page lets you edit the Queue Step Menu as well as the Queue Thresholds. For more information, see “Editing Workgroup Queue Handling” on page 14-15.</p> <p>This is a required parameter.</p>
Wrap Up Time	<p>Wrap Up Time allows agents a fixed period of time in seconds to complete post-call tasks before being presented with another call. When the call wrap-up time is set to zero, this feature is effectively disabled.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>
Current Call Handling Mode	<p>This is a read-only display of the current call handling mode as defined by any associated schedules.</p>
Schedule	<p>You can configure schedules against the On-Hours, Holiday, and Custom modes that automatically change the call handling of the workgroup. The rules for schedules are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If it is custom time, use Custom mode; • If it is holiday time, use Holiday mode; • If it is on-hours time, use On-Hours mode; • Otherwise, use Off-Hours mode. <p>NOTE If <i>no schedules</i> are specified, On-Hours mode is used.</p> <p>The Edit this schedule link provides a quick way to navigate to the associated schedule. For tips on editing schedules, refer to “Configuring Schedules” on page 13-1.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>

Call Handling Distribution Pattern	<p>This lets you configure how calls are distributed to agents within the workgroup:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Top Down distributes calls to the first available agent. • Round Robin distributes calls to the next available agent if the last agent cannot take the call. • Longest Idle distributes calls to the agent who has been idle the longest. • Simultaneous distributes calls simultaneously to all available agents; all phones ring at once. <p>This is a required parameter.</p>
Call Forward	<p>These buttons let you specify when calls are forwarded. The conditions are Always or No Answer/Busy. The default is No Answer/Busy.</p> <p>The Always condition forwards calls to the number specified in the Always Destination parameter immediately when a call is received.</p> <p>The No Answer/Busy condition forwards calls:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • to the No Answer Destination after the specified number of rings, or • to the Busy Destination immediately if the user's call stack is full. <p>This is a required parameter.</p>
Always	When the Always call forward option is selected, calls are forwarded immediately to this Extension . You can also forward calls to an External number (access code required). If the Call Forward parameter is set to Always , enter extensions here.
Busy	When the Busy call forward option is selected, calls are forwarded to this extension immediately if all agents are busy. You can also forward calls to Queue , an External number (access code required), or Extensions here.
No Answer	When the No Answer call forward option is selected, calls are forwarded to this extension after the specified number of rings. You can also forward calls to Queue , an External number (access code required), or Extensions here.
Logged Out	When the Logged Out call forward option is selected, calls are forwarded to this extension if all agents are logged out of the workgroup. You can also forward calls to Queue or to an External number (access code required).
Rings per Agent	This is the number of rings attempted before the call is forwarded to the next available agent.
Maximum Rings	This is the maximum number of rings that a call will ring before it is forwarded to the no-answer destination.

Mailbox Workgroup Greeting	<p>The Record, Play, Enter, and Import buttons let you record a mailbox greeting for each call handling mode of the workgroup.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>
Workgroup Assistant	<p>To assign a workgroup assistant, select one from the drop-down list. When a caller is connected to the workgroup's voice mail and enters "0", the call is transferred to the workgroup assistant extension.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>
Enable Calling Message Notification	<p>This check box activates the message notification feature for the workgroup's mailbox.</p> <p>This is an optional parameter.</p>

Selecting a DNIS Trunk Group for DNIS Routing

To set DNIS routing, click **Edit DNIS Map** found on the **Workgroups** edit page. The **DNIS Trunk Group** dialog box (Figure 14-3) lets you select a trunk group for DNIS routing.

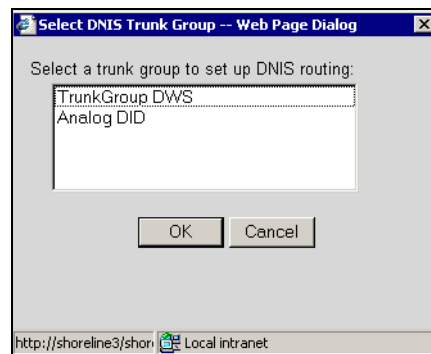


Figure 14-4 Select DNIS Trunk Group Dialog Box

Click an available trunk group from the list, and click **OK**.

Editing Workgroup Membership

To build a list of workgroup members, click **Edit Agents** found on the **Workgroups** edit page. The **Workgroup Membership** edit page (Figure 14-5) lets you add and remove agents to and from the workgroup.

Figure 14-5 Workgroup Membership Edit Page

This page lets you add and remove agents to and from the workgroup, and also change the order of agents. Note that if more members exist than can be displayed on one page, you can use the forward and back buttons to scroll through the members or enter filter criteria in the **Filter Users By** box. Also note that you can sort members by Extension, First Name, or Last Name by using the **Sort By** drop-down list.

To add members to a workgroup, select a member's name from list on the left side of the page and click **Add**. The member's name appears in the list on the right. When you add a new workgroup member, that member is in a logged out state by default.

To remove a member from the workgroup, select that member's name from the list at the right side of the page and click **Remove**. The member's name is returned to the list on the left side of the page.

To change the order of a member's hunt order in the workgroup, select the member's name in the **right-most** list and click **Move Up** or **Move Down** until the member appears in the order you want.

To change the member's login status, double-click the name from the **right-most** list and the **Edit Workgroup Member** dialog box (Figure 14-6) appears.

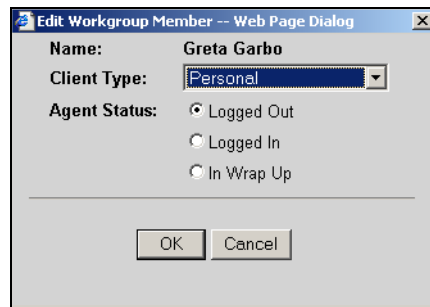


Figure 14-6 Edit Workgroup Member Dialog Box

You can change the agent's **Client Type**, **Logged In**, or **Call Wrap Up** status, and click **OK** to commit the changes. The change is reflected in the **Name** list on the **Workgroup Membership** edit page.

Editing Workgroup Queue Handling

The **Workgroup Queue Handling** edit page (Figure 14-7) lets you edit the queue threshold and the Queue Step Menu. Click **Edit Queue Handling** from the **Workgroups** edit page.

A calling party that reaches the queue will hear the following, in order:

- 1 The recorded prompt.
- 2 Silence for eight seconds during the “wait for digits” time-out.
- 3 The estimated wait time (if enabled).
- 4 Music on hold for the configured duration.

The calling party does not have access to the DTMF actions while listening to music on hold.

NOTE The ShoreTel system ignores DTMF actions if there is no message for the queue step.

Workgroup Queue Handling
Edit Workgroup Queue Handling

[Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#) * modified

Queue Thresholds: [Edit Alert Thresholds](#)

☐ Allow agents to pickup from queue

Queue Step Menu:

▼ Step 1 ▶ Step 2 ▶ Step 3 ▶ Step 4 ▶ Last Step

☒ Skip This Step

☒ Announce Estimated Wait Time

Time Until Next Step: Seconds

Prompt Text:

[Recrd](#) [Play](#) [Erase](#) [Import](#)

Operation	Ext	Operation	Ext
0 <None>	----	6 <None>	----
1 <None>	----	7 <None>	----
2 <None>	----	8 <None>	----
3 <None>	----	9 Repeat prompt	----
4 <None>	----	* Transfer to extension	----
5 <None>	----	# Take a message	----

[Return to this workgroup](#)

Figure 14-7 Workgroup Queue Handling Edit Page

The **Allow agents to pickup from queue** checkbox enables and disables the queue handling step menu.

A five-step menus can be set for each queue.

To set the Queue Step Menu:

- Step 1** To set a step, click **Step 1**, **Step 2**, **Step 3**, **Step 4**, or **Last Step**. To skip a step, select **Skip This Step**.
- Step 2** Select **Announce Estimated Wait Time** to enable this feature. This informs the caller of how much time is left in queue.

Estimated wait time is the average wait time calculated as:

$$((\text{Previous average wait time} \times 9) + \text{New wait time}) / 10$$
 for the last 10 callers in queue

Step 3 Enter the value for the **Time Until Next Step** routine in the **Seconds** field.

Step 4 Enter the text used for the prompt in the **Prompt Text** field.

Step 5 Click **Record** to record the prompt. If you have a “canned” prompt, click **Import** to import the Wave file.

Click **Play** to play back the recording or Wave file. If you want to erase the recording, click **Erase**.

NOTE Prompts on the ShoreTel system can be imported into the system using μ -law, Wave file format. If you would like your prompts to match the voice of the ShoreTel system, please contact Worldly Voices at www.worldlyvoices.com and request that “Connie” record your prompts. Worldly Voices provides this service with a rapid turnaround time for a nominal fee.

Step 6 Click an operation function from the **Operation** drop-down list and assign it an extension. The **Single Digit Actions** allow you to configure all the digits of the telephone keypad (0–9, #, *) for operations similar to an auto-attendant menu. The following actions are supported:

- None
- Repeat prompt
- Go to menu
- Transfer to extension
- Take a message
- Hang up

Workgroup Thresholds

To adjust the queue threshold, click **Edit Alert Thresholds** found on the Workgroup Queue Handling page. The **Workgroup Thresholds** page (Figure 14-8) appears.

Workgroup Thresholds

Edit Workgroup Queue Alert Thresholds [Save](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#) * modified

Calls in Queue Warning: Calls

Calls Waiting Time Warning: Seconds

[Return to this workgroup's queue handling](#)

Figure 14-8 Workgroup Thresholds Page

The threshold of **Calls in Queue Warning** specifies the number of calls in queue that triggers an alert in the Queue Monitor in the workgroup Call Manager application.

The **Calls Waiting Time Warning** specifies the number of seconds that triggers an alert in the Queue Monitor for the longest wait time of any caller in the workgroup queue.

Managing the System Directory

This chapter discusses how the system directory is used and provides instructions for adding new entries and editing existing ones.

System Directory

The system directory is a company-wide address book that lists a user or outside contact by name and provides additional information, such as home address and phone numbers. This directory is read-only by general users through the ShoreWare clients; it can be updated by system administrators through ShoreWare Director. Users can copy system directory entries to their personal directories.

Individual users are added to the system directory when you add them to the system from the **Edit User** page (refer to the “Individual Users” section in Chapter 10, “Configuring Users”). You can also add new and edit existing entries from the **System Directory** page shown in Figure 15-1. In this way you can add commonly accessed *outside* contacts to the directory as well.

NOTE ShoreWare Call Manager automatically populates each user’s Quick Dialer with entries from the system directory, the user’s personal directory, and all Microsoft Outlook Contact folders. This includes each user’s personal contacts as well as any contacts on the Microsoft Exchange Server.

To access the system directory, click **System Directory** from the navigation frame.

System Directory [Help](#)

Filter System Directory

By Sites:

System Directory List

Show Page:

30 Records per page

First Name	Last Name	Ext	Type	Site	Trunk Group	DID	Work	Home	Fax	Cell
Adam	Ant	4509	User Extension	Headquarters	Analog DID Group	+12133330001				
Betty	Boop	4510	User Extension	Headquarters						
Carl	Castle	4511	User Extension	Headquarters						
CC-IVR1		4821	Route Point	Headquarters						
CC-IVR2		4822	Route Point	Headquarters						
CC-IVR3		4823	Route Point	Headquarters						
CC-IVR4		4824	Route Point	Headquarters						
CC-IVR5		4825	Route Point	Headquarters						
Donald	Duck	4512	User Extension	Headquarters	Analog DID Group	+12133330002				
Ernie	Els	4513	User Extension	Headquarters	Analog DID Group	+12133330004				
Fred	Flintstone	4514	User Extension	Headquarters						
Greta	Garbo	4515	User Extension	Headquarters	Analog DID Group	+12133330005				
Howard	Hughes	4516	User Extension	Headquarters						
Ina	Island	4912	User Extension	Headquarters						
Johnathan	Seagull	4805	User Extension	Headquarters	Analog DID Group	+12133330003				
Kris	Kringle	4913	User Extension	Headquarters						
Les	Lesman	4914	User Extension	Headquarters						
Sales		4806	Workgroup	Headquarters						
Sales-IRN		4820	Route Point	Headquarters						
SMDI	ShoreDoc-HQ	4902	System User DN	Headquarters						
SMDI	ShoreDoc-HQ	4901	System User DN	Headquarters						
Special Promotions		4807	Workgroup	Headquarters						
Support Center		4803	Workgroup	Headquarters						
Support-IRN		4900	Route Point	Headquarters						
Tim	Toolman	4904	User Extension	Headquarters						

Figure 15-1 System Directory Page

The system directory can be filtered by site or dial number. You can also page through the directory by page, with a configurable number of records per page displayed.

The columns that appear in the table on the **System Directory** page are as follows:

First Name	This is the first name of an existing directory entry.
Last Name	This is the last name of an existing directory entry.
Ext.	This is typically a contact's telephone number or extension.
Type	This is the type of extension, such as workgroup, fax, and so on.
Site	This is the site where the extension is located.
Trunk Group	This is the trunk group associated with the extension.
DID	This is the direct inward dial number for the user.
Work	This is the work number for the user.
Home	This is the home number for the user.
Fax	This is the fax number for the user.
Cell	This is the cell number for the user.

System Directory Entry Edit Page

To add new or edit existing user entries in the system directory, click the **Add new** link or an existing user first name in the table. The **System Directory Entry** edit entry page, shown in Figure 15-1, appears.

System Directory
Edit User 4509

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

First Name:

Last Name:

Home Phone:

Work Phone:

Fax Phone:

Cell Phone:

Pager:

E-mail Address:

[Go to this user](#)

Figure 15-2 System Directory Edit Entry Page

Data-Entry Fields

Descriptions for each data-entry field on the **System Directory Edit Entry** page follow:

First Name This field displays the user's first name.

Last Name This field displays the user's last name.

NOTE If you are editing an existing Shoreline Communications System user's information, this field was automatically entered when you added the user on the Edit User page. If you modify this field on the System Directory edit entry page, it is reflected on the Edit User page and in all other lists.

Refer to the "Individual Users" section in Chapter 10, "Configuring Users" for details.

Home Phone This is the user's home telephone number.

Work Phone This is a work telephone number for the user other than his or her extension. Do not enter a user extension number in this field.

Fax Phone This is the user's fax number.

Cell Phone This is the user's cellular telephone number.

Pager This is the user's pager number.

E-mail Address This is the user's e-mail address.

NOTE If you are editing an existing user's information, this field was automatically entered when you added the user on the Edit User page. If you modify this field on the System Directory edit entry page, it is reflected on the Edit User page and in all other lists.

For more information, see "Individual Users" on page 10-17 in Chapter 10.

Go to This User Link

The **Go to this user** link appears on the **System Directory** edit entry page when you are editing an existing Shoreline Communications System user's directory entry. This link takes you to the **Edit User** page so that you can edit the user's general, personal, and distribution list options.

C H A P T E R 1 6

Maintenance

This chapter provides information about the maintenance of the ShoreTel system. The sections in this chapter are:

- Overview
- Quick Look
- Switch Maintenance
- Switch Connectivity
- Event Log
- Services
- Event Filters

Overview

The ShoreTel system provides maintenance information through ShoreWare Director, so you can check the operational status of a switch, port, server, or service. It also provides information to resolve an event or error that might occur while the system is running. Operational status and events are tracked by the system. The information is displayed on the maintenance pages that you access from the **Maintenance** link in the navigation frame, as shown in Figure 16-1.

The screenshot shows the ShoreTel Maintenance page. On the left is a navigation frame with the following menu items: ShoreWare Director, Logoff Administrator, Administration, Maintenance (with sub-items: Quick Look, Switch Connectivity, Conference Ports, Event Log..., System, Application, Services, Event Filters), and Documentation. The main content area is titled 'Quick Look on localhost' and includes a 'refresh' link. It displays two tables: 'Switches' and 'Servers'. The 'Switches' table has columns for Site, TMS Comm, Usage, and Service. The 'Servers' table has columns for Server, Status, Services, and Today's Events. Below the tables are buttons for 'Restart All Switches' and 'Restart All Switches When Idle'. At the bottom, it says '© 1999-2004 ShoreTel, Inc. All rights reserved.'

Site	TMS Comm	Usage	Service
Headquarters	3/6	Idle	Lost Communications
El Dorado	0/0		
Remote Site	0/0		
Bonn	0/1	Unknown	Lost Communications

Server	Status	Services	Today's Events
Contact Center	In Service	Running	87 5 62
ShoreDoc-HQ	In Service	Running	24 82 103

Figure 16-1 Maintenance Link in Navigation Frame

Maintenance pages include:

- Quick Look
- Switch Maintenance
- Switch Connectivity
- Event Log
- Services
- Event Filters

Quick Look

The **Quick Look** maintenance page, shown in Figure 16-2, provides a snapshot of the entire ShoreTel system. It includes information about each site and the corresponding switches and servers.










Quick Look

on localhost

Last updated: 8/13/2004 3:15:59 PM (GMT -07:00) [refresh](#)

Local time: 8/13/2004 3:16:06 PM (GMT -07:00)

[Help](#)

Switches			Servers			Today's Events		
Site	TMS Comm Usage	Service	Server	Status	Services			
 Headquarters	3/6	Idle	Lost Communications					
 El Dorado	0/0							
 Remote-Site	0/0							
 Bonn	0/1	Unknown	Lost Communications					
			 Contact Center	In Service	Running	87	5	62
			 ShoreDoc-HQ	In Service	Running	24	82	101

Servers

This area lists all of the ShoreWare servers.

- **Server**—Sites that have a server list the server in bold and a link to the **Quick Look Server Maintenance** page is provided. Sites without servers list the associated server they are served by.
- **Status**—This summarizes the status of the server.
- **Services**—This summarizes the status of the ShoreWare services on the server.
- **Today's Events**—This summarizes the events that have been recorded in the event log on the server. See “Quick Look Server Events” on page 16-18.

Maintenance Switches Summary

The **Maintenance Switches Summary** page (shown in Figure 16-3) is accessed by clicking on a site name listed on the **Quick Look** page. The switches summary lists all ShoreGear voice switches configured at the site. Switches are identified by name and IP address.

Maintenance - Switches Summary Last updated: 11/10/2005 4:43:37 PM (GMT -08:00) [refresh](#) [Help](#)
on 10.2.29.27 for site Headquarters Local time: 11/10/2005 4:43:55 PM (GMT -08:00)
[Go to Quick Look page](#)

Switches											
Switch	IP Phones	SIP Trunks	Type	IP Address	MAC Address	Comm	Conference	Hunt Groups	Usage	Service	Command
ATT PRM switch	0/0	0/0	T1	10.86.10.13	00-10-49-BB-1E-D5	0/13	0/0	0	Unknown	Lost Communication	Select...
Att T1	0/0	0/0	T1	10.86.10.11	00-10-49-00-14-B9	0/13	0/0	0	Unknown	Lost Communication	Select...
OSE T1	0/0	0/0	T1	10.86.29.17	00-10-49-00-05-18	0/13	0/0	0	Unknown	Lost Communication	Select...
husafudge	0/0	0/0	T1	10.86.10.14	00-10-49-00-1E-D5	0/13	0/0	0	Unknown	Lost Communication	Select...
e911	0/0	0/0	T1	10.86.29.19	00-10-49-00-11-77	0/13	0/0	0	Unknown	Lost Communication	Select...
103 Bottom SG24	20/25	0/0	120/24	10.2.29.25	00-10-49-00-0A-14	0/13	0/5	0	Unknown	Lost Communication	Select...
101 Fuji-24	45/45	1/10	120/24	10.2.29.20	00-10-49-00-22-A4	5/13	0/6	1	Off-Hook	IP Phone(s) Out of Service	Select...
HQ softSwitch	0/0	0/0	SW	10.2.29.27		5/13	0/0	0	Idle	In Service	Select...

Restart All Restart All When Idle

Figure 16-3 Maintenance Switches Summary Page

The **Restart All** and **Restart All When Idle** buttons restart all switches. When clicked, **Restart All** restarts all switches and discontinues any calls in progress. Clicking **Restart All When Idle** restarts each switch only after all calls have ended.

The columns on the **Switches Summary** page are as follows:

Switch

Clicking a switch name invokes the **Switch Maintenance** page for that switch. Clicking a SoftSwitch name invokes the **Server Maintenance** page. See Figure 16-14.

IP Phones	This column lists the number of IP phones served by the switch and the IP phone capacity of the switch according to the number of ports set to support IP phones. This information is presented as a ratio: IP phones/capacity.
SIP Trunks	This column lists the number of SIP trunks served by the switch and the SIP capacity of the switch according to the number of ports set to support SIP trunks. This information is presented as a ratio: SIP trunks/capacity.
Type	<p>This displays the type of this voice switch:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 120/24: ShoreGear-120/24 voice switch • 24: ShoreGear-24 voice switch • T1: ShoreGear-T1 voice switch • TW: ShoreGear-Teleworker voice switch • SW: SoftSwitch on any server • 60/12: ShoreGear-60/12 voice switch • 12: ShoreGear-12 voice switch • 40/8:ShoreGear-40/8 voice switch • 8: ShoreGear-8 voice switch • E1: ShoreGear-E1 voice switch (outside USA only)
IP Address	This is the switch's IP address.
MAC Address	This is the switch's Ethernet address.
Comm	<p>This indicates the number of voice switches with which this switch is currently communicating. This is expressed as a fraction (# switches communicating /# total switches).</p> <p>Clicking the Comm fraction takes you to the Switch Connectivity page, which provides more detail on each switch's communication status. See Figure 16-17.</p>
Conference	Indicates the number of conference ports currently in use.
Hunt Groups	Indicates the number of hunt groups on the switch.
Usage	<p>This is the usage state of the switch.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unknown—The usage state is unknown. This might be true because communication between the server and the switch might have been lost. • In Use—At least one port or IP phone has an active call. • Off Hook—At least one port or IP phone is off-hook, but no ports are in use. • Idle—There are no ports or IP phones off-hook or in-use.

Service

This is the service state of the switch.

- **Lost Communication**—The server lost communication with the voice switch. Note that the voice switch may be fully operational but the ShoreWare server cannot see the voice switch due to a networking issue. This also occurs when the voice switch is powered off.
- **Upgrade in Progress**—The voice switch is currently being upgraded with a new software version.
- **Restart Pending**—A **Restart when idle** command was issued but the restart did not occur because ports are still in use.
- **Firmware Version Mismatch**—The voice switch is running a version of software that does not match the version on the server. The voice switch continues to run call control but does not have access to any voice services on the server. This typically happens on software upgrades after the server was upgraded but before the voice switches were restarted and upgraded. Note that voice switches at the same firmware version also continue to operate together.
- **Firmware Update Available**—This means the server has a new optional version of firmware available for the voice switch. A voice switch in this state continues to run call control as well as access the voice services on the server. This state typically happens when you install a patch on the ShoreWare server. If you want, or need, the patch to propagate to the voice switches, you must restart them.
- **FTP Booted**—This means the ShoreGear voice switch did not boot from FLASH memory but booted from an FTP server, most likely on the ShoreWare server. You can correct this problem by rebooting the voice switch. If this does not correct the problem, please contact ShoreTel's Customer Response Center.
- **Port Out of Service**—This means all ports on the ShoreGear voice switch are out of service.
- **IP Phone(s) Out of Service**—This means one or more IP phones associated with the switch are out of service.
- **Port Out of Service**—This means one or more, but not all, ports or IP phones are out of service on the ShoreGear voice switch. Ports or IP phones typically go out of service because either someone manually put them out of service or the call control software automatically put them out of service due to a signaling problem (for example, the dial tone was not received from the central office).
- **In Service**—This means the configured ports or IP phones are ready for service.

Switch Maintenance

Clicking an individual switch name on the **Switches Summary** page brings you to the associated **Switch Maintenance** page. The individual **Switch Maintenance** pages are very similar but may vary to some degree. Examples of each Switch Maintenance sub-section are shown on the pages that follow. Each type of switch may show less than all of the details show.

Switch Maintenance Last updated: 4/14/2004 1:43:57 PM (GMT -07:00) refresh Local time: 4/14/2004 1:44:08 PM (GMT -07:00) Help					
ShoreGear-120/24 Doc-24					
Go to Maintenance - Switches Summary page					
Switch					
Host name	IP Address	MAC Address	Usage	Service	Command
Doc-24	10.7.0.30	00-10-49-00-0D-52	Idle	In Service	Select...
Category		Service			
Fan		OK			
Temperature		OK			
Talk Battery Voltage		OK			
Ring Voltage		OK			

Figure 16-5 Switch Section of the Switch Maintenance Page

Switch Section

The top of the **Switch Maintenance** page repeats some of the information on the **Switches Summary** page. The **Switch Maintenance** page also expose the individual ports as well as more detailed information on the switch operation.

The following is additional state information for ShoreGear-120/24, ShoreGear-60/12, ShoreGear-40/8, ShoreGear-T1, and ShoreGear-E1:

Fan

Status of the fan, with the following states:

- OK
- Slow
- Failed
- Unknown

Switches: 24, 12, 8, T1, E1

Temperature

Status of the temperature, with the following states:

- OK
- Yellow Alarm
- Red Alarm
- Unknown

Switches: 24, 12, 8, T1, E1

Talk Battery Voltage

Status of the **Talk Battery Voltage**, with the following states:

- OK
- Failed
- Unknown

Switches: 24, 12, 8

Ring Voltage

Status of the Ring Voltage, with the following states:

- OK
- Failed
- Unknown

Switches: 24, 12, 8

Link Section

The ShoreGear-T1 and ShoreGear-E1 uses T1, T1 PRI, or E1 PRI signaling and additional information is presented on the status of the link and on the status of the PRI D-Channel.

Switch Maintenance
Last updated: 5/18/2004 4:06:30 PM (GMT -07:00) [refresh](#)
[Help](#)

ShoreGear-T1 First T1
Local time: 5/18/2004 4:06:52 PM (GMT -07:00)

[Go to Maintenance - Switches Summary page](#)

Switch

Host name	IP Address	MAC Address	Usage	Service	Command
First T1	10.7.0.244	00-10-49-00-07-6C	Unknown	Lost Communication	Select...

Category	Service
Fan	Unknown
Temperature	Unknown

Link

Category	Status	Command
Line Coding	Unknown	
Framing	Unknown	
Loopback	Unknown	Select...

Performance	Past 15 Minutes	Past 24 Hours
Error Free Seconds	Unknown	Unknown
Errored Seconds	Unknown	Unknown
Severely Errored Seconds	Unknown	Unknown
Unavailable Seconds	Unknown	Unknown
Out of Frame	Unknown	Unknown

Channels

Channel	Description	Usage	Service	Command
---------	-------------	-------	---------	---------

Details

(Date Format: mm/dd/yyyy)

Last Boot Time:	Unknown
Boot Source:	Unknown
Last Connect Time:	Unknown (GMT -07:00)
Boot ROM Version:	0.0.0.0
Firmware Version:	0.0.0.0
CPU Board Version:	
CPU Board FPGA Version:	
Ethernet Negotiation:	Unknown

Figure 16-6 Link Section of the Switch Maintenance Page

The following is the link state information for the ShoreGear-T1 and ShoreGear-E1:

D-Channel (PRI only)

States: In Service, Out of Service, Unknown

Commands: Reset, Put in service, Put out of service, Put out of service when idle

Signal	States: OK, Bipolar Violations, Loss of Signal, Unknown
Framing	States: OK, Yellow Alarm, Bit Error, Out of Frame, Unknown
Line Loopback	States: Off, On, Unknown Commands: Turn On, Turn Off
Payload Loopback	States: Off, On, Unknown Commands: Turn On, Turn Off

The following is the link performance information for the ShoreGear-T1 and ShoreGear-E1:

Error Free Seconds	The number of error-free seconds that occurred in the last 15 minutes and 24 hours.
Errored Seconds	The number of errored seconds that occurred in the last 15 minutes and 24 hours.
Severely Errored Seconds	The number of severely errored seconds that occurred in the last 15 minutes and 24 hours.
Unavailable Seconds	The number of seconds the server was not available.
Bit Error Rate	Not used.
Out of Frame	The number of times the link has been out of frame in the past 15 minutes and 24 hours.

Ports Section

Each Switch Maintenance page has a **Ports** section, where the configured ports are shown. The **Ports** section shows the port number, port description (first and last name or trunk name), usage state, service state, and available commands. Refer to Figure 16-7.

The following are the port **Usage** states:

Unknown	The state is unknown, likely because communication between the server and the switch has been lost.
In Use	The port has at least one active call.
Off Hook	The port is off-hook and has no active calls.

The following are the port **Service** states:

In Service (green arrow up)	The port is in service.
---------------------------------------	-------------------------

**Out of Service
(red arrow down)**

The port is out of service.

On telephone ports, outbound calls cannot be made (no dial tone) and inbound calls will not be offered.

On trunk ports, outbound calls will not seize the trunk, and inbound calls are not answered. On loop start trunks, the trunk is seized to emulate a busy condition to the central office.

**Out of Service
(operational)
(red arrow down)**

The port is out of service due to a manual “put out of service” command.

Applies only to trunks. The trunk failed to seize. The switch automatically attempts to seize the trunk on a periodic basis. When successful, the trunk is automatically put back in service.

Switch Maintenance
ShoreGear-120/24 101 Fuji-24

Last updated: 11/10/2005 1:03:18 PM (GMT -08:00) [refresh](#)
Local time: 11/10/2005 1:03:27 PM (GMT -08:00)

[Help](#)

[Go to Maintenance - Switch Summary](#)

Switch

Host name	IP Address	MAC Address	Usage	Service	Command
101 Fuji-24	10.2.29.20	00-10-49-00-22-A4	Off-Hook	IP Phone(s) Out of Service	Select...

Category

Category	Service
Fan	OK
Temperature	OK
Voltages	OK

Ports

Port	Description	Usage	Service	Command
1	SMDI	Idle	In Service	Select...
3	SMDI	Idle	In Service	Select...
4	HQ AP100	Idle	In Service	Select...
5	HQ Fax	Idle	In Service	Select...
6	HQ Analog	Idle	In Service	Select...

Hunt Groups

Extension	Description	Usage	Service	Command
818-5999	Newest Hunt Group 5999	Idle	Normal	Select...

IP Phones

IP Phones	Phones	Usage	Service
IP Phones Maintenance	45/45	Idle	IP Phone(s) Out of Service (Operational)

SIP Trunks

SIP Trunks	Trunks	Usage	Service
SIP Trunks Maintenance	1/10	Idle	In Service

Details

(Date Format: mm/dd/yyyy)

Last Boot Time:	11/9/2005 2:06:27 PM (GMT -08:00)
Boot Source:	Flash
Connect Time:	11/9/2005 2:05:45 PM (GMT -08:00)
Boot ROM Version:	8.2.230.0
Firmware Version:	11.6.2303.0
CPU Board Version:	Feb 2 (6 DSP SG-24)
Link Status:	100M Full Duplex (Auto)
Active Interface:	LAN1

Figure 16-7 Ports, Hunt Groups, and Details Sections of Switch Maintenance Page

The following are the port **Commands**:

Reset	Resets the port (puts the port out of service then automatically back in service). Active calls are dropped.
Put in service	Puts the port back in service.
Put out of service	Puts the port out of service. Active calls are dropped.
Put out of service when idle	Puts an idle port out of service and puts an in-use port out of service when it goes idle.

Hunt Groups Section

Double-clicking on a Hunt Group on the Switch Maintenance Page shows the **Hunt Groups** edit page. You can use the **Command** drop-down to busy out a hunt group or return it to normal service from this page.

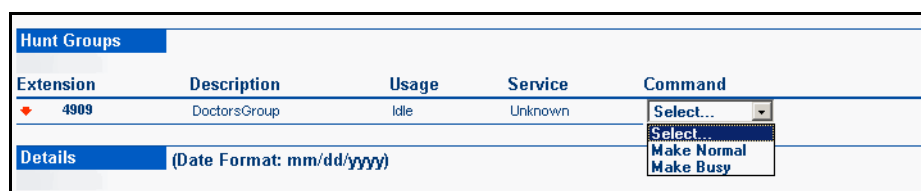


Figure 16-8 Changing State of a Hunt Group

This section shows the number of Hunt Groups configured on the Switch, The information provided in the **Hunt Groups** section includes:

Extension	The extension number of the hunt group.
Description	The text name of the hunt group.
Usage	The current usage state of the hunt group: Idle or Normal
Service	Current service state of the hunt group: In Service, Out of Service, Unknown
Command	Choose between Normal or Make Busy. Selecting Make Busy idles out the Hunt Group.

IP Phone Maintenance

The ShoreGear-120/24 Switch Maintenance screen has an additional section for IP phones. It shows how many IP phones are connected through the switch and the capacity of the switch. ShoreGear-120/24 switches can support as many as 120 IP phones, the ShoreGear 60/12 can support up to 60 IP phones, and the ShoreGear-40/8 can support up to 40 IP phones.

16	Howard Hughes	Idle	In Service	Select...
IP Phones				
IP Phones		Phones	Usage	Service
IP Phones Maintenance		1/5	Idle	In Service
Details (Date Format: mm/dd/yyyy)				

Figure 16-9 IP Phones Section of Switch Maintenance Page

Phones	Lists the number of IP phones on the switch.
Usage	The current usage state of the IP phones: Idle or Normal
Service	Current service state of the IP phones: In Service, Out of Service, Unknown

You can perform several functions on the IP phones connected to the switch by double-clicking the **IP Phones Maintenance** link. Figure 16-10 shows the **IP Phones Maintenance** page.

Switch Maintenance

Last updated: 4/14/2004 2:42:55 PM (GMT -07:00) [refresh](#)

Local time: 4/14/2004 2:43:22 PM (GMT -07:00)

[Help](#)

IP Phones

[Go to Switch Maintenance](#)

IP Phone List

Apply this command to all selected IP Phones:

Reset

Execute

User

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Site	MAC Address	IP Address	Usage	Service	Current	Home	Firmware	Boot ROM	Phone Type
<input type="checkbox"/>	ShoreDoc IP Phone	Headquarters	00-04-F2-00-8E-B9	10.7.0.40	Idle	In Service	Adam Ant	Adam Ant	MGCP v1.2.4	2.4.1	IP-100

Figure 16-10 IP Phones Maintenance Page

TIP You can view the service history of a phone by clicking on its name from the IP Phone Maintenance page.

SIP Trunks Section

The Switch Maintenance screen has an additional section for SIP trunks. This section shows how many SIP trunks are connected through the switch and the capacity of the switch.

SIP Trunks			
SIP Trunks	Trunks	Usage	Service
◆ SIP Trunks Maintenance	1/10	Idle	In Service

Figure 16-11 SIP Trunks Maintenance Page

Trunks	Lists the number of SIP trunks on the switch.
Usage	The current usage state of the trunk group: Idle or Normal
Service	Current service state of the trunk group: In Service, Out of Service, Unknown

Details Section

The following additional information is provided in the **Details** section:

Last Boot Time	The last time the switch booted.
Boot Source	Flash, FTP boot, or unknown boot source.
Connect Time	The last time the server re-established a connection with the switch.
Boot ROM Version	The boot ROM version number. Recommended 2.0.x.x or higher.
Firmware Version	The firmware version number the voice switch is running.
CPU Board Version	The version number of the switch's CPU board.
Telephony Board Version	The version number of the telephony board.
Ethernet Negotiation	The rate at which the voice switch negotiated the Ethernet interface. Ethernet states include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 10: Half-Duplex • 10: Full-Duplex • 100: Half • 100: Full

ShoreGear-T1 PRI and ShoreGear-E1 PRI Maintenance

When you click the name of a ShoreGear-T1 switch configured for PRI of the ShoreGear-E1 on the **Switches Summary** page, the **Switch Maintenance** page shown in Figure 16-12 appears.

Switch Maintenance
ShoreGear-T1
ShorelineT1PRI-1

Last updated: Mon May 14 18:42:49 [refresh](#)
 Local time: Mon May 14 18:42:53
[Click here or press F1 for help](#)

Switch

Host name	IP Address	Usage	Service	Command
ShorelineT1PRI-1	10.3.0.21	Idle	In Service	Select...

Category **Service**

Fan	OK
Temperature	OK

Link

Category	Status	Command
Line Coding	OK	
Framing	OK	
Line Loopback	Off	Select...
Payload Loopback	Off	Select...

Performance

	Past 15 Minutes	Past 24 Hours
Error Free Second	0	0
Errored Second	0	0
Severely Errored Second	0	0
Unavailable Second	0	0
Bit Error Rate	0	0
Out of Frame	0	0

Channels

Channel	Description	Usage	Service	Command
1	4085551212	Idle	In Service	Select...
2	4085551212 (2)	Idle	In Service	Select...
3	4085551212 (3)	Idle	In Service	Select...
4	4085551212 (4)	Idle	In Service	Select...
5	4085551212 (5)	Idle	In Service	Select...
6	4085551212 (6)	Idle	In Service	Select...
7	4085551212 (7)	Idle	In Service	Select...
8	4085551212 (8)	Idle	In Service	Select...
9	4085551212 (9)	Idle	In Service	Select...
10	4085551212 (10)	Idle	In Service	Select...

Details

Last Boot Time:	5/14/2001 8:42:53 PM
Boot Source:	Flash
Connect Time:	5/14/2001 8:42:59 PM
Boot ROM Version:	2.0.8.5
Firmware Version:	2.3.42.0 (Service Pack 1)
CPU Board Version:	Fab 2 (6 DSP IPBX-T1)
CPU Board FPGA Version:	14
Ethernet Negotiation:	100M Full Duplex (Auto)

Figure 16-12 ShoreGear-T1 PRI or ShoreGear-E1 PRI Switch Maintenance Page

ShoreGear-12 and -Teleworker Maintenance

When you click the name of a ShoreGear-12 or ShoreGear-Teleworker switch on the **Switches Summary** page, you go to the respective **Switch Maintenance** page, as shown in Figure 16-13.

Switch Maintenance
Last updated: 4/14/2004 2:52:04 PM (GMT -07:00) [refresh](#)
[Help](#)

ShoreGear-Teleworker Teleworker
Local time: 4/14/2004 2:52:12 PM (GMT -07:00)

[Go to Maintenance - Switches Summary page](#)

Switch					
Host name	IP Address	MAC Address	Usage	Service	Command
♦ Teleworker	132.3.3.3	001049123456	Unknown	Lost Communication	Select...

Ports				
Port	Description	Usage	Service	Command

Details (Date Format: mm/dd/yyyy)	
Last Boot Time:	Unknown
Boot Source:	Unknown
Last Connect Time:	Unknown (GMT -07:00)
Boot ROM Version:	0.0.0.0
Firmware Version:	0.0.0.0
CPU Board Version:	
Telephony Board Version:	
Ethernet Negotiation:	Unknown

Figure 16-13 ShoreGear-12 and -Teleworker Switch Maintenance Page

Quick Look Server Maintenance—Main Server

Click a server from the list on the **Quick Look Server Maintenance** page. The main server is shown in Figure 16-14. It is divided into three sections: **Status**, **Services**, and **Events**.

Main Server Maintenance
 on localhost

Last updated: 4/14/2004 3:16:13 PM (GMT -07:00) [refresh](#)
 Local time: 4/14/2004 3:16:50 PM (GMT -07:00)

[Help](#)
[Go to Maintenance - Switches Summary page](#)

Status

Name	Status
◆ TAPI	OK
◆ SMTP Send	OK

Services

[Go to All Services](#)

Service	Description	Status	Command
◆ ShoreTel-ACC	ShoreWare Account Code Collection Server	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-CDR	ShoreWare Call Accounting	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-CSISSVC	ShoreWare CSIS Server	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-DRS	ShoreWare Distributed Routing Service	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-DTASSvc	ShoreWare Distributed Telephony Application Service	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-EventWatch	ShoreWare Event Watch Server	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-IPCS	ShoreWare IP-Phone Configuration Service	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-IPDS	ShoreWare IP-Phone Display Service	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-MailServ	ShoreWare Voice Mail Message Server	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-PortMgr	ShoreWare Voice Mail Port Manager	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-SoftSwitch	ShoreWare Software Telephony Switch	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-TMS	ShoreWare Telephony Management Server	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-VMail	ShoreWare Voice Mail Application	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-WGSSvc	ShoreWare Workgroup Server	Running	Select...
◆ ShoreTel-Zin	ShoreWare Database Management Service	Running	Select...

Stop All

Start All

Events

[Go to Application Log](#)
[Go to System Log](#)

Date	Errors	Warnings	Informational
Today	21	37	153
Yesterday	-	-	5

Figure 16-14 Quick Look Main Server Maintenance

Quick Look Server Status Area

The information displayed in the **Status areas** is as follows:

TAPI

States:

- **OK**—The TSP on the main server knows that the applications on the server have logged into TAPI
- **Lost TAPI**—The TSP on the main server knows that the applications on the server are not logged into TAPI.

SMTP Send States:

- **OK**—The SMTP messages for the server are leaving.
- **Failed**—The SMTP outbound queue on the server is not sending e-mail messages. The SMTP transport is used to send voice messages between voice mail servers.

Quick Look Server Services Area

The Services area provides details about the ShoreWare services areas shown in Table 16-1.

Table 16-1 ShoreWare Service Areas

Name	Description	Details
ShoreTel-ACC	ShoreWare Account Codes Collection Server	This service collects call information by account code and reports call activity in the call detail reports.
ShoreTel-CDR	ShoreWare Call Accounting	This service records call accounting information, call queuing data, and media stream data.
ShoreTel-CSISSVC	ShoreWare CSIS Server	This service manages communications between the server and the Call Manager.
ShoreTel-DTASSvc	ShoreWare Distributed Telephony Application Service	This service provides connectivity between applications and instances of distributed TMS.
ShoreTel-DRS	ShoreWare Distributed Routing Service	This service allows the ShoreTel system to scale beyond 60 switches.
ShoreTel-EventWatch	ShoreWare EventWatch Server	This service monitors the event log and delivers e-mail notifications on certain events.
ShoreTel-IPCS	ShoreWare IP Phone Configuration Service	This service automatically configures IP phones as they are inserted into the system.
ShoreTel-IPDS	ShoreWare IP Phone Display Service	This service manages the IP phone display.
ShoreTel-JavaSrv	ShoreWare Java Server	This service handles upgrades of old clients to ShoreTel.
ShoreTel-MailServ	ShoreWare Voice Mail Message Server	This service is part of the ShoreWare Voice Mail system.
ShoreTel-PortMgr	ShoreWare Voice Mail Port Manager	This service is part of the ShoreWare Voice Mail system.
ShoreTel-SoftSwitch	ShoreWare Software Telephony Switch	This is the ShoreWare call control software running the server generally used to host virtual users.
ShoreTel-TMS	ShoreWare Telephony Management Server	This service provides the telephony platform for ShoreWare applications and services.
ShoreTel-Vmail	ShoreWare Voice Mail Application	This service is part of the ShoreWare Voice Mail system.
ShoreTel-WGSvc	ShoreWare Workgroup Server	This service manages workgroups and queues.
ShoreTel-Zin	ShoreWare Database Management Service	This service manages and updates the ShoreWare database.

Clicking the ShoreWare service name takes you to a page use for starting or stopping that service, as shown in Figure 16-15.

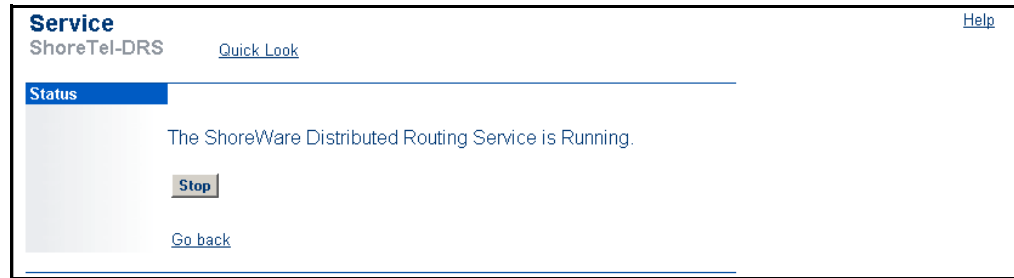


Figure 16-15 Service Maintenance Page

Quick Look Server Events

The **Quick Look Events** area provides a quick summary of event activity and lists all events that have been logged during the last two days—**Today** and **Yesterday**. Clicking the **Application Log** icon takes you to the **Application Event Log** maintenance page. See “Event Log” on page 16-22” for more information.

The information displayed in the **Quick Look Events** area includes:

Date	The day the event was reported: Today or Yesterday .
Errors	The number of errors that were reported. Errors require your immediate attention.
Warnings	The number of warning messages that were reported. Warnings alert you to potential errors.
Informational	The number of informational messages that were reported. Informational messages provide the status of a service, switch, or port.

Quick Look Server Maintenance—Distributed Servers

The Quick Look Distributed Server Maintenance page is shown in Figure 16-16. This page is hosted on a web site on the distributed server. The information provided is a subset of the main server maintenance page, since not all ShoreWare services run on the distributed server.

Distributed Server Maintenance
Last updated: 4/22/2004 12:26:36 PM (GMT -07:00) [refresh](#) [Help](#)
on 10.7.0.34
Local time: 4/22/2004 12:26:59 PM (GMT -07:00)

[Go to Quick Look Page](#)

Status

Name	Status
Communication	OK
TAPI	OK
Notification	OK
Software Version	OK
SMTP Send	OK

Services
[Go to All Services](#)

Service	Description	Status	Command
ShoreTel-CSISSVC	ShoreWare CSIS Server	Running	Select...
ShoreTel-DRS	ShoreWare Distributed Routing Service	Running	Select...
ShoreTel-DTASSvc	ShoreWare Distributed Telephony Application Service	Running	Select...
ShoreTel-EventWatch	ShoreWare Event Watch Server	Running	Select...
ShoreTel-IPDS	ShoreWare IP-Phone Display Service	Running	Select...
ShoreTel-MailServ	ShoreWare Voice Mail Message Server	Running	Select...
ShoreTel-PortMgr	ShoreWare Voice Mail Port Manager	Running	Select...
ShoreTel-SoftSwitch	ShoreWare Software Telephony Switch	Running	Select...
ShoreTel-TMS	ShoreWare Telephony Management Server	Running	Select...
ShoreTel-Vmail	ShoreWare Voice Mail Application	Running	Select...

Stop All
Start All

Events
[Go to Application Log](#)
[Go to System Log](#)

Date	Errors	Warnings	Informational
Today	-	-	-
Yesterday	-	-	2

Figure 16-16 Quick Look Server Maintenance—Distributed Server

Switch Connectivity

The **Switch Connectivity** page (Figure 16-17) lists all ShoreGear voice switches when Distributed Routing Service (DRS) is disabled. When DRS is enabled, the switch connectivity table is organized by site.

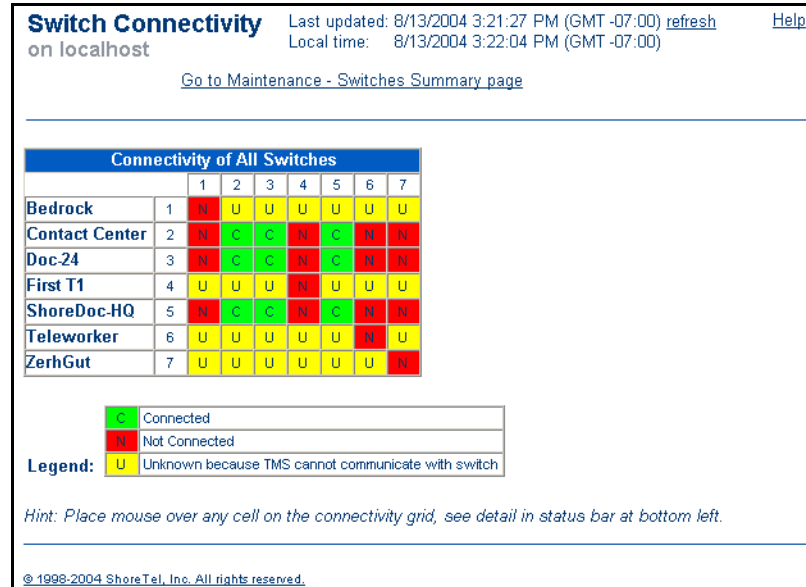


Figure 16-17 Switch Connectivity Page

The **Switch Connectivity** page includes the following:

- | | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Connectivity Grid | <p>The following indicators provide information about the listed switch:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Green (C) indicates that the switch is connected and communicating with other switches in the system. • Yellow (U) indicates that the switch connectivity is unknown because it cannot communicate with TMS. • Red (N) indicates that the switch has lost communications with the server. |
|--------------------------|--|

For more detailed information about a switch, place the mouse cursor over the connectivity cell in question and status information is displayed in the status bar at the bottom of your browser.

Conference Ports

The Conference Ports page shows the number of ports currently being used for conferencing and the number of free ports allocated for conferencing for each site in the system. The number of Make Me Conference calls active at each site is also shown. As with the Quick Look page, clicking on an entry in the Site column displays the Maintenance Switches Summary page described earlier in this chapter (refer to Figure 16-3).

Conference Ports				
Last updated: 8/13/2004 1:16:51 PM (GMT -07:00) refresh				
Local time: 8/13/2004 1:16:57 PM (GMT -07:00)				
Go to Quick Look page				
Site	In-Use		Free	
	Active Calls	Ports	Ports	Percent
Headquarters	0	0	4	100%
El Dorado	0	0	0	0%
Remote-Site	0	0	0	0%
Bonn	0	0	0	0%
Total	0	0	4	100%
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Figure 16-18 Conference Ports Page

There are two main section displayed on the Conference Ports page. The first is data about in-use ports and the second is data about free ports.

In-Use

Active Calls Lists the number of calls active on the ports at a site

Ports The number of ports that are in use at each site.

Free

Ports The number of ports that are free at each site.

Percent The percentage of total ports at a site that are currently free.

Event Log

All events are reported to and viewed from the **System Event Log** and **Application Event Log** maintenance pages (see Figure 16-19). To refresh these pages, click the refresh link. Clicking the **Quick Look** link takes you to the **Quick Look** maintenance page, described in the “Quick Look” section.

Application Event Log				
Last updated: 4/14/2004 3:06:15 PM (GMT -07:00) refresh				
on localhost				
Go to Quick Look page				
Events (Date Format: mm/dd/yyyy)				
		Previous		Next
Date	Time	Source	Category	Event
4/14/2004	1:46:50 PM	ShoreWare	Switch	1305
4/14/2004	1:17:21 PM	ShoreWare	DRS	3108
4/14/2004	1:13:40 PM	ShoreWare	System Mgmt Interface	900
4/14/2004	12:33:28 PM	ShoreWare	DRS	3109
4/14/2004	12:29:07 PM	ShoreWare	TMS	238
4/14/2004	11:04:44 AM	ShoreWare	DRS	3109
4/14/2004	11:03:58 AM	Msiinstaller	None	1015
4/14/2004	11:03:58 AM	Msiinstaller	None	1001
4/14/2004	11:03:58 AM	Msiinstaller	None	1004
4/14/2004	10:38:02 AM	ShoreWare	DRS	3108
4/14/2004	10:30:04 AM	ShoreWare	System Mgmt Interface	900
4/14/2004	10:12:51 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	238
4/14/2004	10:12:51 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	238
4/14/2004	10:09:17 AM	Active Server Pages	None	3
4/14/2004	10:01:50 AM	ShoreWare	Switch	1305
4/14/2004	10:00:50 AM	ShoreWare	CSIS	2402
4/14/2004	9:47:11 AM	ShoreWare	Switch	115
4/14/2004	9:47:11 AM	ShoreWare	Switch	163
4/14/2004	9:47:11 AM	ShoreWare	Switch	1324
4/14/2004	9:47:11 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	234
4/14/2004	9:47:10 AM	ShoreWare	DRS	3109
4/14/2004	9:46:33 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	233
4/14/2004	9:46:16 AM	ShoreWare	Switch	115
4/14/2004	9:46:16 AM	ShoreWare	Switch	163
4/14/2004	9:46:16 AM	ShoreWare	Switch	107
4/14/2004	9:46:16 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	234
4/14/2004	9:46:00 AM	ShoreWare	DRS	3108
4/14/2004	9:45:38 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	233
4/14/2004	9:45:23 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	220
4/14/2004	9:45:23 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	234
4/14/2004	9:45:23 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	212
4/14/2004	9:45:23 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	233
4/14/2004	9:45:23 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	220
4/14/2004	9:45:23 AM	ShoreWare	TMS	203
4/14/2004	9:45:23 AM	ShoreWare	Switch	178
4/14/2004	9:45:04 AM	ShoreWare	Switch	177
4/14/2004	9:45:01 AM	ShoreWare	Switch	178
4/14/2004	9:44:51 AM	ShoreWare	DRS	3109

Figure 16-19 Application Event Log Page

System Event Log

Last updated: 5/18/2004 4:13:29 PM (GMT -07:00) [refresh](#)

Help

on localhost

[Go to Quick Look page](#)



















Events	(Date Format: mm/dd/yyyy)				Previous	Next
Date	Time	Source	Category	Event		
 5/18/2004	3:17:30 PM	Schannel	None	36871		
 5/18/2004	3:17:30 PM	Schannel	None	36871		
 5/18/2004	3:16:12 PM	ShoreWare-Media	Media Driver	2100		
 5/18/2004	3:15:56 PM	EventLog	None	6005		
 5/18/2004	3:15:56 PM	EventLog	None	6009		
 5/18/2004	3:14:41 PM	EventLog	None	6006		
 5/18/2004	12:00:52 PM	Schannel	None	36871		
 5/18/2004	12:00:52 PM	Schannel	None	36871		
 5/18/2004	11:30:42 AM	ShoreWare-Media	Media Driver	2100		
 5/18/2004	11:30:33 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:30:28 AM	EventLog	None	6005		
 5/18/2004	11:30:28 AM	EventLog	None	6009		
 5/18/2004	11:29:05 AM	EventLog	None	6006		
 5/18/2004	11:28:36 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:28:05 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:27:35 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:27:05 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:26:35 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:26:05 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:25:35 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:25:05 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:24:35 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:24:05 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:23:32 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:23:02 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:22:32 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:22:02 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:21:32 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/18/2004	11:21:02 AM	DCOM	None	10002		
 5/14/2004	1:56:28 AM	Schannel	None	36871		
 5/14/2004	1:56:28 AM	Schannel	None	36871		
 5/13/2004	8:10:13 PM	ShoreWare-Media	Media Driver	2100		
 5/13/2004	8:09:57 PM	EventLog	None	6005		
 5/13/2004	8:09:57 PM	EventLog	None	6009		
5/13/2004	8:08:43 PM	EventLog	None	6006		
5/13/2004	8:08:32 PM	MRxSmb	None	3034		
5/13/2004	8:08:32 PM	MRxSmb	None	3034		
5/13/2004	8:08:32 PM	BROWSER	None	8021		

Figure 16-20 System Event Log Page

NOTE ShoreTel system events can also be viewed with the Windows 2000 Event Viewer.

Event categories for ShoreWare sources are reported to the applications log, in the following categories:

- Event Watch
- Java Client
- Java Server
- Notification
- Port Mapper
- Software Telephony Switch
- Switch
- System Management Database
- System Management Interface
- Voice Mail Application

- Voice Mail Message Server
- Voice Mail Port Mapper
- Workgroup Server

Viewing Event Reports

To view an event report, click an entry in the **Date** column on the **Services** or **Application Event Log** page. The associated **Event Info** page is invoked as shown in Figure 16-20.

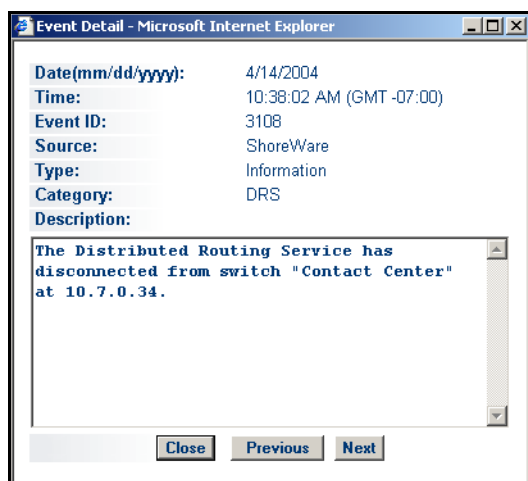


Figure 16-21 Event Info Page

The **Event Info** page provides the following information, from which you can ascertain the severity of the event:

- Source reporting the event
- Category of the event
- Event number
- Event description
- Date and time
- Event type (error, warning, or information)

Clicking the **Go back** link takes you back to the top-level event log (**System** or **Application**) page.

Services

The Services maintenance page, shown in Figure 16-22, lists all the services that reside on the server. It includes the name of the service, its description, and its operational status (running, not running, or paused).

Services on localhost Last updated: 4/14/2004 3:10:35 PM (GMT -07:00) refresh Help Local time: 4/14/2004 3:10:44 PM (GMT -07:00) Go to Quick Look page		
Services		
Name	Description	Status
Alerter	◆ Alerter	Running
AppMgmt	◆ Application Management	Not Running
BITS	◆ Background Intelligent Transfer Service	Running
Browser	◆ Computer Browser	Running
cisvc	◆ Indexing Service	Not Running
ClipSrv	◆ ClipBook	Not Running
Dfs	◆ Distributed File System	Running
Dhcp	◆ DHCP Client	Running
dmadmin	◆ Logical Disk Manager Administrative Service	Not Running
dmserver	◆ Logical Disk Manager	Running
Dnscache	◆ DNS Client	Running
Eventlog	◆ Event Log	Running
EventSystem	◆ COM+ Event System	Running
Fax	◆ Fax Service	Not Running
IISADMIN	◆ IIS Admin Service	Running
IsmServ	◆ Intersite Messaging	Not Running
kdc	◆ Kerberos Key Distribution Center	Not Running
lanmanserver	◆ Server	Running
lanmanworkstation	◆ Workstation	Running
LicenseService	◆ License Logging Service	Running
LmHosts	◆ TCP/IP NetBIOS Helper Service	Running
McAfeeFramework	◆ McAfee Framework Service	Running
McShield	◆ Network Associates McShield	Running
mcsvc	◆ Monitor Control Service	Not Running
McTaskManager	◆ Network Associates Task Manager	Running
Messenger	◆ Messenger	Running
mnmsrvc	◆ NetMeeting Remote Desktop Sharing	Not Running
MSDTC	◆ Distributed Transaction Coordinator	Running
MSFTPSVC	◆ FTP Publishing Service	Running
MSIServer	◆ Windows Installer	Not Running
NetDDE	◆ Network DDE	Not Running
NetDDEdsdm	◆ Network DDE DSDM	Not Running
Netlogon	◆ Net Logon	Not Running
Netman	◆ Network Connections	Running
NtFrs	◆ File Replication	Not Running
NtLmSsp	◆ NT LM Security Support Provider	Not Running
NtmsSvc	◆ Removable Storage	Running

Figure 16-22 Services Page

To refresh the page, click the **refresh** link. Clicking the **Quick Look** link takes you to the **Quick Look** maintenance page, described in the “Quick Look” section.

Green, upward-pointing arrows indicate that the service or application is running. Red, downward-pointing arrows indicate that the service or application is not running or paused.

Service Maintenance Page

To start a service that is not running or paused, click the service name to invoke the Service Maintenance page, shown in Figure 16-15.

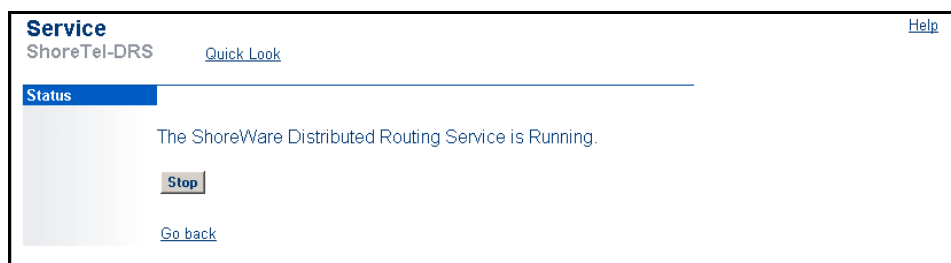


Figure 16-23 Service Maintenance Page

From this page you can start or stop the service by clicking the **Start** or **Stop** button. Clicking the **Quick Look** link takes you back to the **Quick Look** maintenance page, described in the “Quick Look” section. Clicking the **Go back** link takes you back to the Services page.

Event Filters

Event filters specify the criteria for which e-mail notifications are sent after an event has been reported. The **Event Filters** list page, shown in Figure 16-24, displays a list of event filters that you create. You invoke this page by clicking **Event Filters** from under the **Maintenance** link in the navigation frame.

Event Filters					
Add new					
Source	Category	Event ID	Type	Server	Email
ShoreWare	CSIS	Any	Error	ShoreDoc-HQ	A.Ant@yourcompany.com
ShoreWare	Director Utilities	Any	Information	Contact Center	A.Ant@yourcompany.com

Figure 16-24 Event Filters List Page

The **Event Filters** list page provides the following information:

Source	The name of the event source.
Category	The category for the source.
Event ID	The event number that is assigned to the filter.
Type	The event type that is assigned to the filter.
Server	The server that the event filter runs on.
Email	The e-mail address that the filter reports to.

To edit an existing event filter, click its name in the **Source** column. This invokes the **Event Filter** edit page. Instructions for editing an existing filter and creating a new filter are provided in the “Editing and Creating Event Filters” subsection.

Editing and Creating Event Filters

The Event Filter edit page, shown in Figure 16-25, lets you create new and edit existing event filters. To add a new event filter, click **add new** on the Event Filters list page, or click **New** or **Copy** on the Event Filter edit page.

Figure 16-25 Event Filter Edit Page

Parameters

The parameters on the **Event Filter** edit are as follows:

Server	This is the server that the event filter runs on. Click All or choose a server from the drop-down list.
Source	These options define the event source for the filter. Select from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ShoreWare—Notifies about ShoreWare events. The associated drop-down list lets you select the ShoreWare category. Selecting Any reports events about all ShoreWare categories. • Services—Notifies about any non-ShoreTel service. • Other—Notifies about any event source.
Category	This lets you select a category when the Services or Other option is selected.
Event ID	This lets you select the event identification number that is referenced in the e-mail notification.
Type	These options let you select the severity type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Error—Requires immediate attention. • Warning—Alerts to potential errors. • Information—Provides status of service, switch, or port. • All—Notifies about all three types.
Target E-mail Address	This is the e-mail address of the intended system administration or technical support entity.

To create or edit an event filter:

Step 1 If you are editing an existing filter, click the filter's name on the **Event Filters** page. To create a new filter, click **add new**.

Step 2 Click **All** or choose a server from the **Server** drop-down list.

Step 3 Select a source by clicking the **ShoreWare**, **Services**, or **Other** option.

NOTE Sources may have more than one filter associated with them, depending on how you set the criteria. For example, the ShoreTel Event Watch service might have two or more filters, each having different event types assigned to them.

Step 4 Select a source and category based on the following:

- If the **ShoreWare** option is selected, select an event category from the **Category** drop-down list or select **Any** for all.
- If **Services** is selected, select a service from the drop-down list, as well as a category.
- If **Other** is selected, enter a service name, as well as a category.

Step 5 Enter an event number from the **Event ID** drop-down list or select **Any**.

Step 6 Select an event type by clicking the **Error**, **Warning**, **Information**, or **All** option.

Step 7 Enter an e-mail address in the **Target E-mail Address** field.

Step 8 Click **Save** to save the service's filter criteria.

A P P E N D I X A

Using Office Anywhere

Office Anywhere is a feature of the ShoreTel system that lets a user's extension quickly and easily be assigned to any telephone on the system or off the system. When this is done, the user's entire communications profile is reassigned to that telephone. Calls placed to the user will be routed to that telephone and calls placed from that telephone will reflect proper caller ID information.

The Office Anywhere feature might be used by the following types of users:

- Multi-site users, such as executives or managers, who might use the system across multiple locations. Office Anywhere allows these users to pick up a telephone at any location on the enterprise network, log into voice mail, and assign their extension to that telephone. (See "Configuring On-Net Extension Assignment" on page A-9.)
- Office hotel users, such as contractors or telecommuters, who might not always be in the office or might share office space. Office Anywhere allows these users to have their own extension and mailbox yet not have a dedicated switch port. They can simply assign their extension to a telephone on the network when they are in the office. (See "Configuring On-Net Extension Assignment" on page A-9.)
- Remote or mobile users, such as employees in sales or support, who might travel frequently and would like to have all calls directed to their cell phone or home office PSTN phone. Office Anywhere allows these users to have their own extension and mailbox yet not have a dedicated switch port, optimizing system resources. (See "Configuring Off-Net External Assignment" on page A-7.)
- Legacy PBX Users, such as users with Off-System Extensions working with PCM. (See "Configuring Off-Net External Assignment" on page A-7.)

Office Anywhere also allows the system administrator to configure all telephones as anonymous telephones and all users as virtual users, eliminating administrative costs associated with frequent moves. When a move occurs, users simply assign their extension to the telephone at the new location.

The feature also allows an off network user to manage a call via PCM, so while the conversation occurs over the cell phone or home phone, the call appears via PCM and can be controlled using many of the features available via PCM. Note that this requires the user to be located near a PC that has access to a broadband connection and that PCM is running.

Other benefits to the (Off-Net) Office Anywhere user include:

- Use the existing PSTN line for voice while managing the call via PCM over an ordinary broadband Internet connection
- Emulate analog extension hook switch actions via star-star (**) for FLASH and pound-pound (##) for on-hook/off-hook
- Access the user's directory numbers at the office
- The user appears to be calling from the office
- Keep communication costs minimized with flexible IP & trunking requirements
- Retain call management features of the ShoreTel system over a broadband connection while maintaining audio quality over PSTN.

Special Considerations

The following considerations apply when using Office Anywhere:

- When an Office Anywhere call is completed and the carrier has not reported back to the ShoreTel system that the far side has disconnected, instead of the call remaining active for a very long period of time it will now remain active for approximately 5 seconds, after which it will disconnect. To initiate a new call during the 5-second window, you can press “##”.
- To use the Office Anywhere feature, the user must be in a user group that has a Telephony Class of Service of **Allow Extension Reassignment**. See “Configuring Permission Settings” on page A-5.
- SIP is not supported as the external number to which the user is reassigned.
- ShoreTel supports up to 1,000 virtual users.
- Office Anywhere cannot be involved in a MakeMe call, regardless of whether it's the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 4th party.
- Incoming calls to the user's extension assigned to an off-net location will ring on their cell phone or Off-System Extension. If the call is not answered, normal call handling allows the caller to leave a message in the user's ShoreTel mailbox.
- Office Anywhere, when assigned to an off-net location, is fully controllable using PCM, except for answering a call, which must be done manually. The feature will also have limited TUI functionality.
- Calls placed or answered using Office Anywhere, when assigned to an off-net location, will continue to show in the PCM call stack. Normal call control functions such as hold, unhold, conference, transfer, and park will continue to work. Park to the Office Anywhere extension, when assigned to an off-net location, is not supported.
- Office Anywhere, when assigned to an off-net location, will function somewhat like an automated "Find Me" feature, except the caller will not have to "press 1 to find me" because the PSTN phone number will be called immediately. The call can be answered by lifting the handset and pressing the DTMF digit 1 in response to the repeated prompt.
- Prompts (like those used for FindMe) may be used to confirm answering. Answer style can be configured to one of two possibilities:
 - Wait for DTMF - The call is not put through until the user presses DTMF '1' (This is the default setting.)
 - Wait for Answer - The call is put through as soon as far-end answer is detected. (Note that far-end answer detection is not supported by the central office for

some trunk types, in which case the user must press '1'). (DTMF will be audible to the caller.)

Terminology

The terms used to describe Office Anywhere are as follows:

Anonymous telephone	A telephone not currently assigned a user. You can make a call from an anonymous telephone, but you cannot call an anonymous telephone.
Any IP Phone	The feature that lets users assign their extension to any IP phone on the enterprise network.
Assign	The command that assigns an extension to a telephone.
Assigned	The status of a user who is currently assigned to a telephone that is not their home phone.
Current telephone	The telephone to which the user is currently assigned (also known as the current switch port).
Go Home	The command to assign a user's extension back to his or her home telephone.
Home	The status of a user who is assigned to his or her home telephone.
Home telephone	The telephone to which the user is normally assigned (also known as the home switch port). This is the telephone to which the user returns when using the Go Home command.
Office Anywhere	The feature that lets users assign their extension to any telephone, on-system or off-system extension.
Unassign	The command that unassigns an extension from a telephone.
Vacated telephone	A home telephone that currently does not have a user assigned. These are listed on the Anonymous Telephones edit page under Vacated Telephones .
Virtual user	A user who does not have a physical telephone port and is currently assigned to the SoftSwitch.

Configuring Permission Settings

To configure the Office Anywhere feature, follow the procedure below:

- Step 1** Launch **ShoreWare Director** and enter the user ID and password.
- Step 2** Click on the **Administration** link to expand the list (if it has not already been expanded).
- Step 3** Click on the **User Groups** link.
- Step 4** Create a new user group for the Office Anywhere users, or click on the name of an existing user group (in which all members will have access to Office Anywhere).
- Step 5** For the COS - Telephony field, click on the **Go to this Class of Service** link to display the window in :

Class of ServiceEdit Telephony Features
Permissions

New

Copy

Save

Delete

Reset

[Help](#)**Edit this record**[Refresh this page](#)Name: Max. Call Stack Depth: Max. Parties in Make Me Conference: ☒ Allow Call Pickup☒ Allow Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer☒ Allow Overhead and Group Paging☒ Allow Make Hunt Group Busy☒ Allow Extension Reassignment☒ Allow PSTN Failover☒ Show Caller ID Name and Number on Monitored Extensions☒ Allow Customization of IP Phone Buttons☒ Show Extensions with Different Prefixes in Directory☒ Allow Collaboration Features☒ Allow Recording of Own Calls

Directed Intercom / Paging:

☒ Allow InitiationAccept: ☐ None ☒ All ☐ Only From:

Barge In:

☒ Allow InitiationAccept: ☐ None ☒ All ☐ Only From:

Record Other's Calls:

☒ Allow InitiationAccept: ☐ None ☐ All ☒ Only From:

Monitor Other's Calls:

☒ Allow InitiationAccept: ☐ None ☒ All ☐ Only From:

Allow Call Handling Changes:

☒ Current Mode☒ Detailed Settings☒ Allow External Call Forwarding and Find Me Destinations☒ Allow External Extension Reassignment

Scope:

☐ Local Only☐ National Long Distance☐ International Long Distance☒ All Calls

Restrictions:

 (e.g. +1900,+1xxx976)

Permissions:

 (e.g. 1/311)**Figure A-1** Configuring the Edit Telephony COS window for Office Anywhere**Step 6** Select the **Allow Extension Reassignment** check box.**Step 7** Select the **Allow External Call Forwarding and FindMe Destinations** check box and the appropriate **Scope** radio button.**Step 8** Click **Save** to store your changes.

Configuring Off-Net External Assignment

To assign your extension to an off net location, follow the procedure below:

Step 1 Launch **Personal Call Manager (PCM)** on the client machine.

Step 2 Click on the **File** menu to display and select **External Assignment**, as shown below.

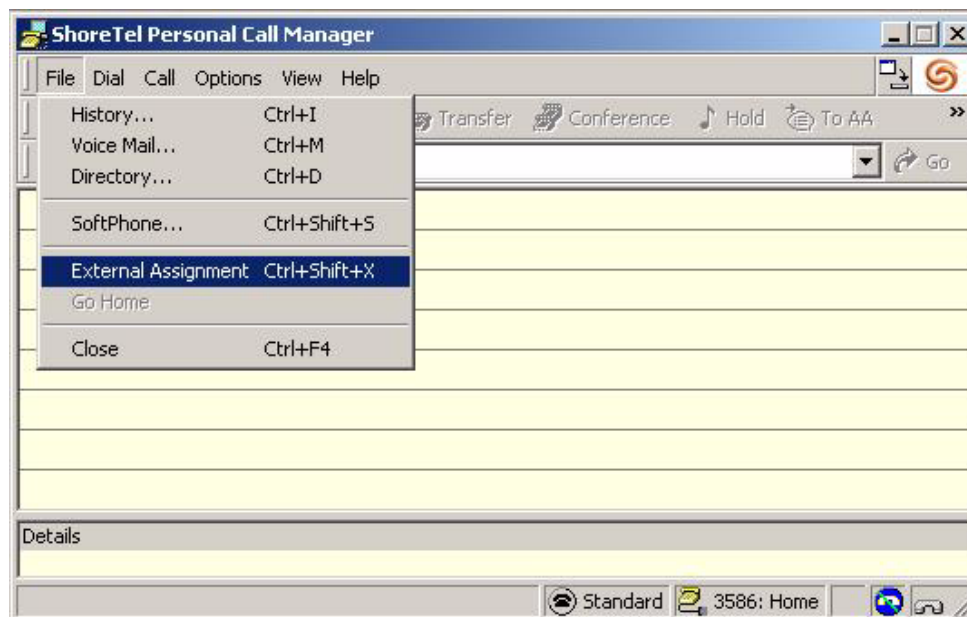


Figure A-2 Using PCM to configure the client machine for Office Anywhere

Step 3 When you select **External Assignment**, a pop-up window similar to the one shown below appears.

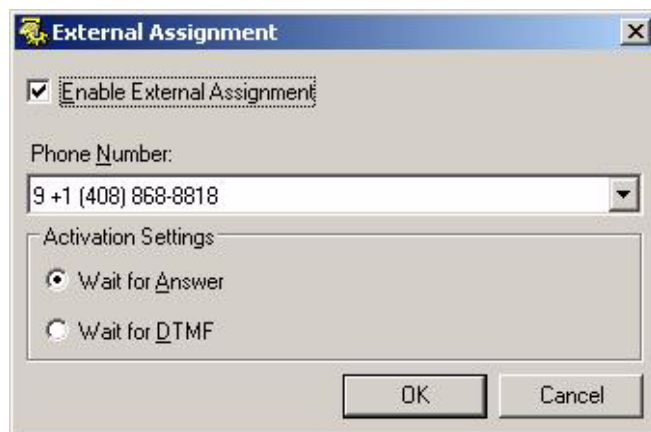


Figure A-3 Select the Enable External Assignment check box

Step 4 Select the **Enable External Assignment** check box

Step 5 Click on the **Phone Number** drop-down menu and select the external phone number where calls will be routed. (This can be your cell, home

or other PSTN number that is not within the ShoreTel system.) If the external number has not already been entered, you can do so now.

NOTE You cannot configure a PSTN number that would require the call to go out a SIP trunk.

- Step 6** Select the desired **Activation Settings** radio button. Office Anywhere initiates a dialog at the external number prompting the user to press their keypad "1" to accept the call.
- Wait for Answer - The calling party will be connected to the Office Anywhere user as soon as he answers his cell or home phone.
 - Wait for DTMF - The calling party will be connected to the Office Anywhere user after the Office Anywhere users hits the appropriate DTMF key.
- Step 7** Click the OK button to store your changes.
- Step 8** Click the **Options** menu and select **Configure Call Handling**.
- Step 9** In the *Call Forwarding Condition* area of the window, select the **When No Answer or Busy** radio button (if it has not already been selected).
- Step 10** Under the *Call Forwarding Destination* area of the window, click the **Edit Destination** button to display a window similar to the one shown below:

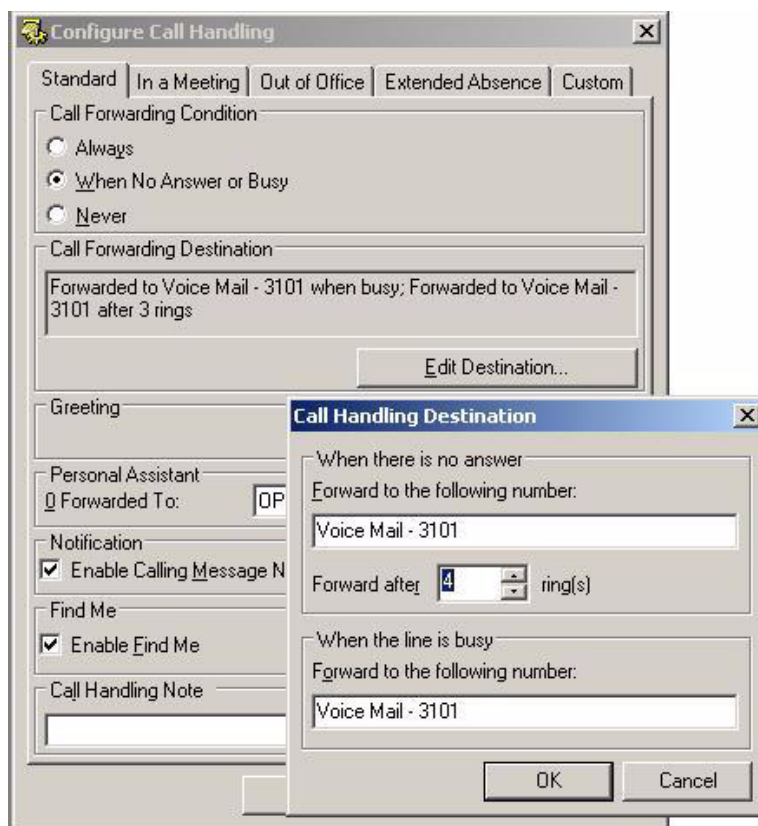


Figure A-4 No Answer Number of Rings

Step 11 In the **Forward after x rings**, select 4 or more rings. (The default, 3 rings, makes it difficult to answer calls before they go to voice mail.)

Step 12 Click OK.

When finished, you can verify that Office Anywhere is enabled on your client machine by looking for the cell phone icon at the bottom right corner of the PCM window (as shown in Error! Reference source not found.). By hovering over the cell phone icon, a pop-up window should display the phone number that you entered above, indicating that this phone number has been mapped to your office extension.

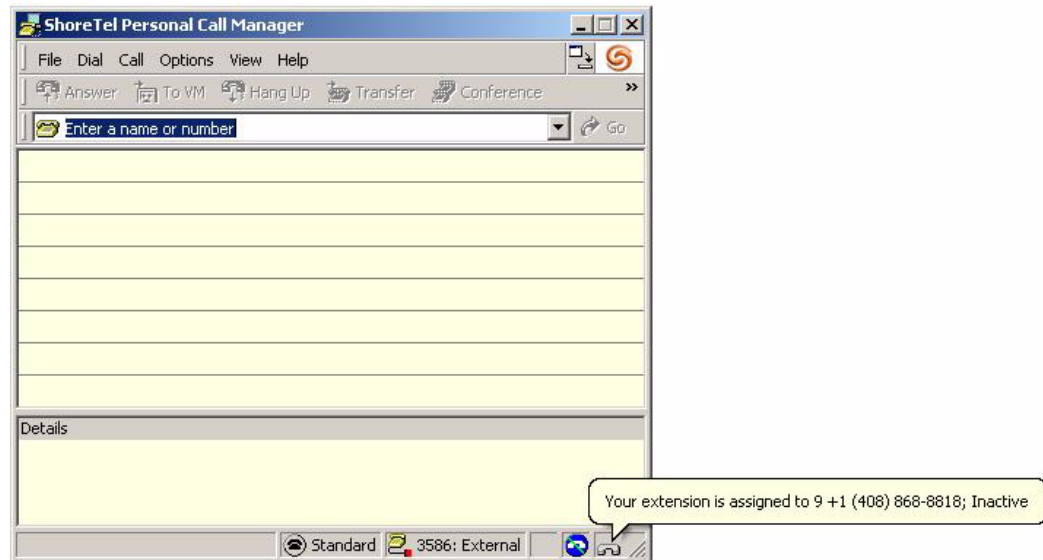


Figure A-5 Verifying proper PCM configuration

Configuring On-Net Extension Assignment

To assign or unassign an extension to any on-net telephone using the Voice Mail telephone user interface or PCM, follow the procedure below:

Using the Telephone User Interface

To assign an extension to a telephone:

- Step 1** Log in to voice mail.
- Step 2** Press 7 to select **Change Mailbox Options**.
- Step 3** Press 3 to select **Re-assign Extension**.
- Step 4** Press 1 to select **Assign**.

Step 5 Wait for a dial tone, then hang up.

NOTE This option is available only from telephone ports, not trunk.

To unassign an extension from a telephone:

Step 1 Log in to voice mail.

Step 2 Press 7 to select **Change Mailbox Options**.

Step 3 Press 3 to select **Re-assign Extension**.

Step 4 Press 2 to select **Unassign**.

Step 5 Wait for a dial tone, then hang up.

NOTE If no other user is assigned to the home telephone port, the extension automatically reverts back to the home telephone. If another user is assigned to the home telephone port, the extension will be assigned to the SoftSwitch until the home telephone port becomes available. A user can “kick out” the other user from the home telephone port by assigning the extension from their home telephone using the procedure above.

Using the ShoreTel Call Manager

The ShoreTel Call Manager login is integrated into Microsoft Windows. If you want to run the ShoreTel Call Manager from another workstation, you must exit Windows, and log in using your profile. You must have a valid profile on the workstation, as well as a properly installed ShoreTel Call Manager.

To return to a home telephone port:

Step 1 Verify the user status that is displayed in the lower-right corner of the PCM application ().

Step 2 Click the **Go Home** icon on the status bar as shown in , or select **Go Home** from the **File** menu.



Figure A-6 Office Anywhere Status and Go Home Function from the Status Bar of PCM

Emergency 911 Operations

The following sections are included in the chapter:

- Overview
- Feature Operation
- Selecting Caller ID Type for 911 Calls
- Configuring Your System
- International Emergency Numbers
- Verifying Your 911 Configuration
- Additional Recommendations

Overview

This chapter explains the chain of events in the call flow when a 911 call is placed. This chapter provides instructions for configuring your ShoreTel system to ensure that emergency services are dispatched to the correct location. And finally, the chapter tells you how to select which of the various pieces of caller ID information will be used to identify callers when a 911 call is placed.

WARNING We do not recommend placing Emergency 911 calls from SIP device. ShoreTel supports SIP trunks, but does not support SIP extensions with this release, thus users should not place 911 calls from any device that they believe is a SIP extension.

How 911 Calls Work

shows a simple 911 call-flow scenario.

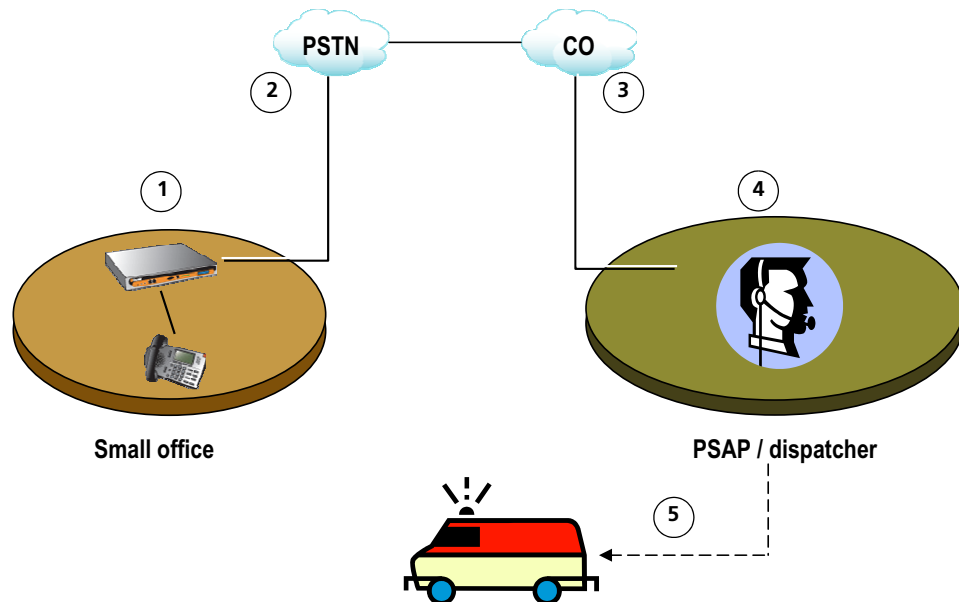


Figure B-1 Simplified 911 call flow scenario

- 1 A 911 call is placed from an office and is routed through the ShoreTel equipment to an outbound trunk. Although it is not shown in the diagram, be aware that the caller ID information is provided either by the PBX (for PRI trunks) or by the service provider (for non-PRI trunks).
- 2 The Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) forwards the call to the service provider's Central Office (CO).
- 3 The CO then passes the call to a Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP). This is the location of the emergency services dispatcher.
- 4 The dispatcher at the PSAP gets a "screen pop" which displays information contained in a 911 database. The database contains a mapping between the caller ID number and the geographic location of the caller.
- 5 The dispatcher sends emergency response personnel to the calling party's location.

For 911 calls placed from residential or a single-site businesses, determining the location of the calling party is fairly simple and straightforward. However, when dealing with large offices and campus environments, your 911 configuration can get complex. If you are maintaining a configuration that has many remote sites, it is imperative that you do the following:

- keep your 911 information current with your PSAP
- work with your service provider to find out what kinds of caller ID information they will accept
- work with the local PSAP to ensure that any changes in your 911 configuration (i.e. names, phone numbers, locations of the members) are mirrored in the PSAP's database

Roles and Responsibilities

Each participant in a 911 call has a different role to fill and a different set of responsibilities to handle.

The role of the PBX is to:

- route the call out the proper trunk
- pass the correct caller ID number to the CO (PRI only)

The role of the CO is to:

- work with you, the customer, to ensure that the correct caller ID number is passed to the PSAP
- pass the “billing number” of the trunk to the PSAP if no other caller ID number has been specified

The role of the PSAP is to:

- host a database that maps the caller ID numbers to the physical location of the users
- receive 911 calls
- display information about the calling party to a dispatcher
- send the proper emergency response personnel to the caller's location

The role of the customer (i.e. you) is to:

- decide which type of caller ID information best fits your needs for 911 calls
- work with the service provider to verify that they will accept your preferred type of caller ID information
- communicate any changes to your 911 configuration to ensure the PSAP is current

Feature Operation

Digit Collection for 911 Calls

A ShoreTel user who dials 911 or <access_code> + 911 will be routed to a 911-capable trunk.

- If the user dials an access code followed by 911, digit collection terminates immediately and the call is routed to a 911-capable trunk.
- If the user forgets to dial an access code before dialing 911, the system waits five seconds before routing the call to a 911-capable trunk. This pause has been introduced to eliminate accidental calls to 911. Most systems use an access code of 9 for outbound calls, making it easy for a user to mistakenly dial 911 on a long-distance call by adding an extra 1 before the area code (for example, if he or she dialed the following number 9-1-1-408-555-1212). If additional digits are entered after 9-1-1 during the five-second timeout period, the system will consider it a dialing error and the calling party will hear a reorder tone.

Ensuring Proper Routing of 911 Calls

Call permissions are ignored when a 911 call is placed to ensure that a user can dial 911 from any extension on the system, regardless of the permissions associated with that user or the extension from which he or she is calling.

Once the user dials 911, the call leaves the extension, arrives at the switch, and is routed to any available 911-capable trunk at the originating site. If the user belongs to a user group that does not have access to any 911-capable trunks, then the call will not be placed.

WARNING When adding users to the ShoreTel system, make sure each user is placed in a user group that has access to a 911-capable trunk group. If a user is placed in a user group that does not have access to a 911-capable trunk (e.g. a user group with long-distance trunks only), members of that user group will not be able to dial 911, and they will get reorder tone when attempting to do so.

To better understand this, you must realize that users are placed into user groups when added to the ShoreTel system. The user groups are assigned to trunk groups, and these trunk groups have different capabilities, one of which is the ability to place 911 calls. If a user belongs to only one user group, that group must have access to a 911-capable trunk. It is crucial that each site have at least one 911-capable trunk.

For details on adding users to a user group that has access to a 911-capable trunk, see “User Groups” on page 10-14.

Always confirm with your service provider that a trunk supports 911 calls. In some instances, this may not be the case (for example, with long-distance trunks). If the trunk does not support 911, be sure to un-check 911 as an available service in the associated trunk group in Director.

If you have mistakenly set up a site that has no available 911-capable trunks, 911 calls will be routed to the 911-capable trunk at the proxy site if one has been designated. By routing the call to a proxy site, the ShoreTel system is making a “last ditch” attempt to place the 911 call. This failover behavior can be unreliable and should not be relied upon to ensure that users on your system can dial 911. If you use the “parent as proxy” configuration, make sure the boundary between the two sites never traverses geographic locations that would send a 911 call to the incorrect 911 service provider. For example, if improperly configured, a caller in Houston could pick up a phone, dial 911, and reach a 911 service in Boston because the system was configured to have the Boston site as the parent of the Houston site with “parent as proxy” checked.

Each site should have at least one 911-capable trunk. If there will only be one trunk at a particular site, that trunk should be capable of placing a 911 call. You should also be aware that if there is only one trunk at a site, only one 911 call can be placed at a time. Therefore, you should make sure you have enough 911 trunks at each site to accommodate the (realistic) potential 911 traffic for that site.

Trunk Signaling for 911 Calls

When a 911 call is routed out an analog or digital loop-start or a digital wink start trunk, the service provider is responsible for passing caller ID information to the PSAP.

When a 911 call is routed through a T1 PRI trunk, the ShoreTel System sends the proper caller ID information to the service provider, and the service provider must forward the information to the PSAP.

NOTE Contact your local telecommunications service provider to communicate your 911 implementation plans and have them approved. It is important to ensure that the service provider will accept, and subsequently pass to the PSAP, the caller ID information configured within the ShoreTel system. In some cases, without proper planning, a provider will reject the caller ID information as configured in the ShoreTel system and will simply pass the caller ID information associated with the trunk to the PSAP. If this happens, the dispatcher may get a number telling them to go to the wrong location.

NOTE Users have a “home port” defined in ShoreWare Director. If a user is not at his home port, it could change the caller ID number delivered to the service provider on 911 calls.

For mobile workers who travel between sites, the user must have access to a 911-capable trunk at every site. In remote locations, the user should use the 911 trunk associated with that remote location.

Selecting Caller ID Type for 911 Calls

There are a number of different caller ID choices available within ShoreWare that can be used by the PSAP to identify callers when they place a 911 call. The list below summarizes the available choices for sending the caller ID to the service provider for 911 calls. Options are listed in the order of precedence, meaning that if the first item on this list is not configured within the ShoreTel system, then the next piece of information on the list will be sent. Additional details about each of these caller ID options appears after the list.

- 1 User's Caller ID number
- 2 User's Direct Inward Dialing (DID) number
- 3 Caller's Emergency Service Identification ID (CESID) for an IP address range
- 4 CESID of the controlling switch
- 5 CESID of the site
- 6 Nothing sent by ShoreTel system (the service provider sends the caller ID number associated with the trunk)

For details on selecting the best choice for your situation, refer to "Available Caller ID Options" on page B-7.

Available Caller ID Options

User's Caller ID number – Each user can be assigned a caller ID number that will identify him during outbound calls. This caller ID number is typically used for outbound calls from the ShoreTel system when you do not want the receiving party to know the calling party's DID number. For example, an ACD agent may use caller ID to ensure that returned calls will go to a queue of sales agents, rather than directly to his desk. Similarly, this caller ID number can be sent to the service provider to identify the user when he places an outbound 911 call. The user's caller ID number is a very specific way of identifying the location of an individual user and is therefore likely to become less accurate over time as the PSAP's 911 database becomes out of date. Sending the CESID for outbound 911 calls is best for smaller organizations (see) and is defined on the User Edit page. You must select the "Send Caller ID as Caller's Emergency Service Identification" check box on the user group page.

NOTE In the scenarios described above and below, the user's caller ID number will only be sent when the user is at his home port. If the user is not at his home port, then the next available caller ID type is sent (refer to the list on page B-6).

User's DID number – The DID number (Direct Inward Dialing) is the number someone dials from outside the ShoreTel system to reach a user at her desk. The DID is what most people would consider to be a "normal" telephone number. This DID number can be sent to the service provider to identify the user when she places an outbound 911 call. Although this is the most granular way of identifying users, it is also the most likely to become out of date in the PSAP's 911 database as people come and go. Sending the DID number for outbound 911 calls is most appropriate for smaller organizations (see) and is defined on the User Edit page. You must select the "Send DID as Caller's Emergency Service Identification" check box on the user group page.

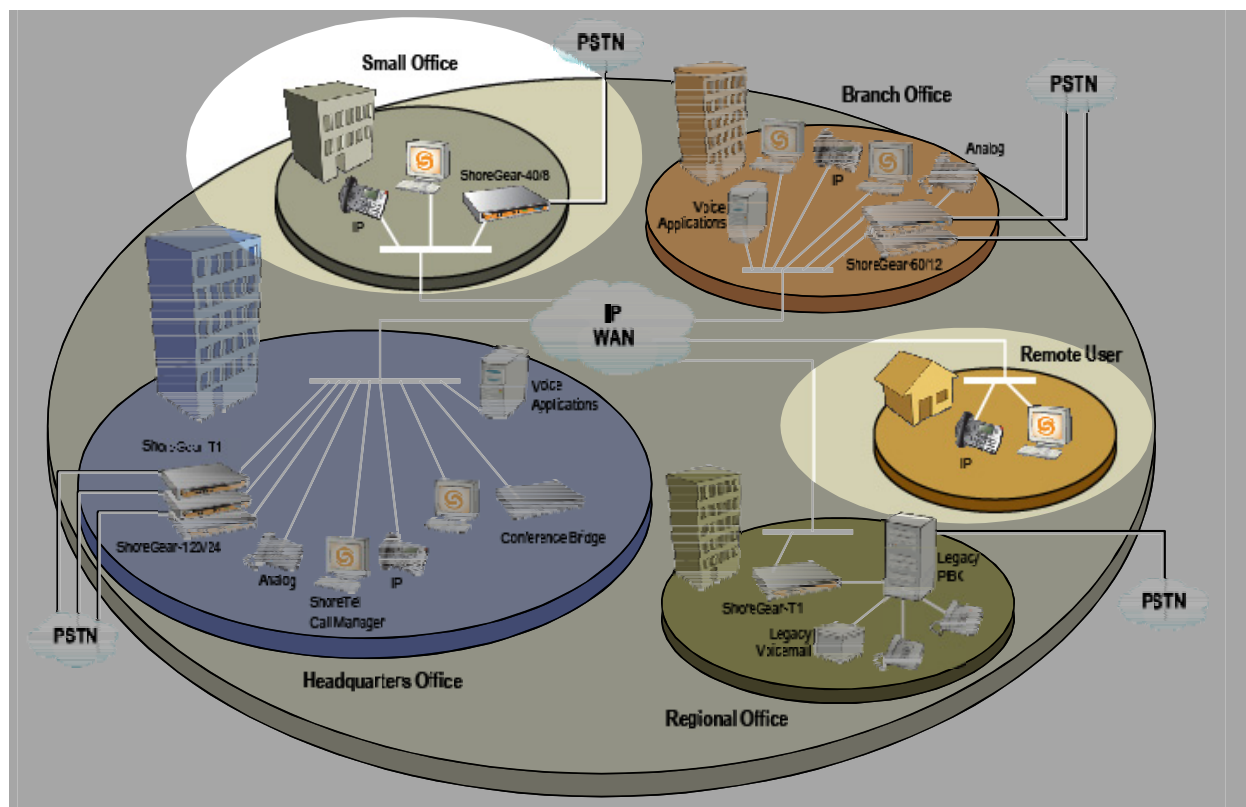


Figure B-2 Caller ID Options for Small Offices

CESID of the Specified IP Address Range – The CESID of an IP address range can also be delivered to the service provider during outbound 911 calls. A single CESID number is assigned to a range of IP addresses such that any IP phone that has an IP address that falls within the specified range will have this CESID sent for outbound 911 calls. This option works best for identifying a phone in an office that has many floors and many extensions. Typically, a specific IP address range is configured for each floor of a building so that all users on that floor use the same CESID for 911 calls.

If a DHCP server is present, an IP phone will automatically receive an IP address within the specified range when it is connected to the network.

Sending the CESID for a specified IP address range for outbound 911 calls works best for larger organizations where simply identifying the site's street address would not provide enough information for an emergency response team to locate the caller (see). Furthermore, this option offers the best flexibility, the highest accuracy, and is the least likely to become out of date in the PSAP's 911 database. This option is defined on the IP Phone Address Map page.

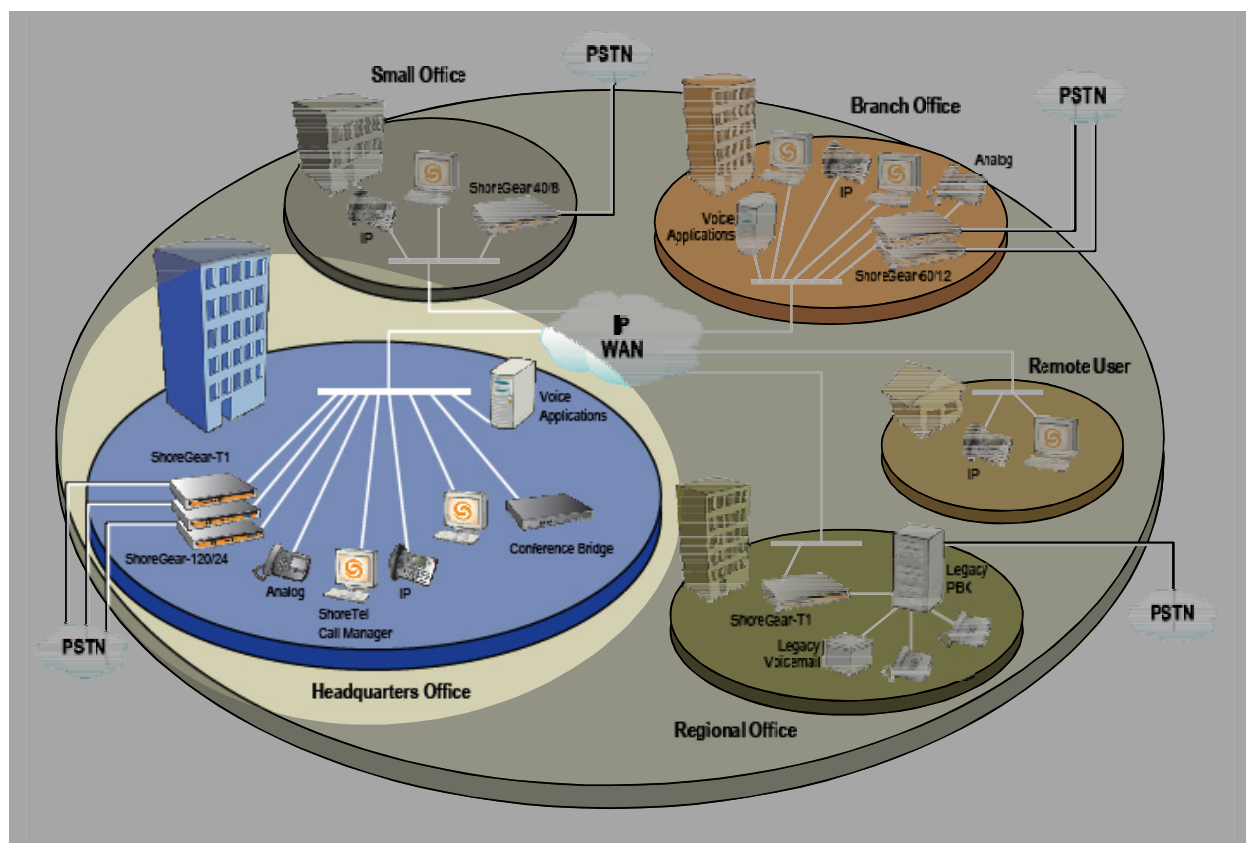


Figure B-3 IP Address Mapping – Best for Larger Offices

CESID of the controlling switch – Similar to the previous option, the Caller's Emergency Service Identification ID (CESID) of the controlling switch can also be sent to the service provider during outbound 911 calls. With this option, a CESID number is assigned to a phone switch and for any phone plugged into this switch, the switch's CESID is sent for outbound 911 calls. This option is best for larger organizations in which users are calling from analog phones (see). Using the IP Phone Address Map method will not work with analog phones. This approach ensures that the emergency response team is sent to the approximate vicinity of the calling party. This option is defined on the Switch Edit page.

Site (Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID)) – This option delivers the CESID associated with the site to the service provider during 911 calls. This approach might not be granular enough for larger enterprises, but it could work well for single-site organizations or for situations in which it would be adequate to provide the emergency response personnel with a building address. This option is defined on the Site Edit page. (See).

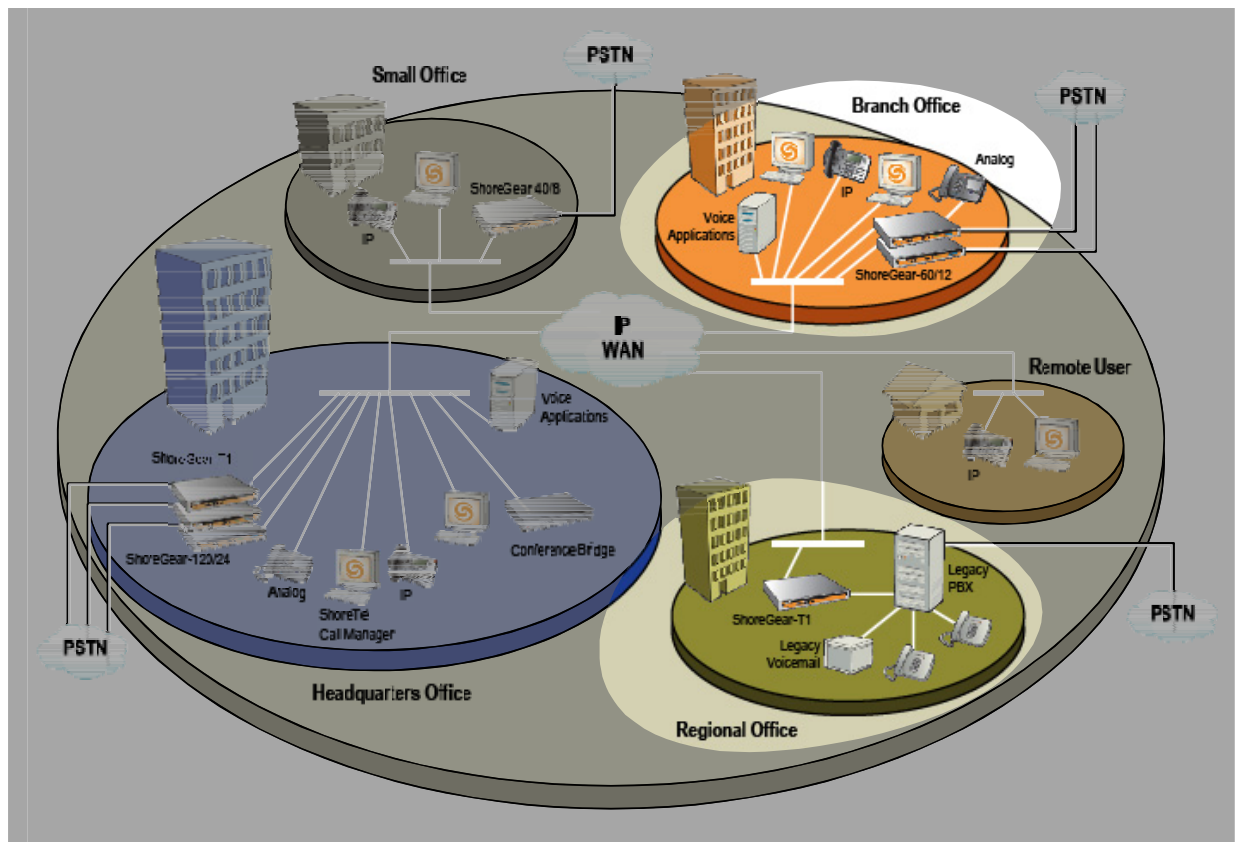


Figure B-4 Send the Site CESID for Medium-Sized Offices

Table 2-1 shows several common customer scenarios and provides recommendations for how E911 should be configured, along with reasons why that is the preferred configuration.

Rules and regulations for E911 vary from one region to the next. Check with the local public safety agency to ensure you configure the system to meet the necessary requirements.

Table 2-1 E911 configuration options

Scenario	Note
Small site with analog trunks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No 911 configuration necessary
College dormitory rooms (with PRI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emergency response personnel must be dispatched to a specific room Consider sending Caller ID or DID (we recommend turning off extension assignment for this application)
Classroom (with PRI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emergency response personnel must be dispatched to a specific room Send DID or Caller ID (Consider turning off extension assignment)
Multi-building campus or office complex (with centralized PRI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Caller ID or DID may be too granular with too much management overhead Consider using IP phone address mapping and/or the switch CESID
Large building with multiple floors (with PRI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Caller ID or DID may be too complex Consider using IP phone address mapping and/or the switch CESID
SoftPhones or travelling user	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use home phone or hotel phone for 911 calls
Remote IP phones (with PRI at headquarters)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dial 911 with home phone Use the IP phone address map (home CESID) as a backup

Configuring Your System

The following subsections provide information for configuring your ShoreTel system for proper Emergency 911 operation.

Trunk Groups

Make sure you have an outbound trunk group with outbound access that also supports the 911 trunk service. If there is no 911-capable trunk group configured, you should create one on the appropriate **Trunk Group** edit page (). See Chapter 7, “Configuring Trunks,” for trunk group configuration information.

Trunk Groups
Edit T1 PRI Trunk Group

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

Name:

Site:

Language:

Inbound:

Number of Digits from CO:

☒ DNIS [Edit DNIS Map](#)

☒ DID [Edit DID Range](#)

☐ Extension

☒ Tandem Trunking

User Group:

Dial In Prefix:

Destination: [Search](#)

☒ **Outbound:**

Network Call Routing:

Access Code:

Local Area Code:

Additional Local Area Codes: [Edit](#)

Nearby Area Codes: [Edit](#)

Trunk Services:

☒ Local

☒ Long Distance

☒ International

☒ n11 (e.g. 411, 611, except 911 which is specified below)

☒ 911

☒ Easy Recognizable Codes (ERC) (e.g. 800, 888, 900)

☒ Explicit Carrier Selection (e.g. 1010xxx)

☒ Operator Assisted (e.g. 0+)

☒ Caller ID not blocked by default

Figure B-5 Trunk Group Edit Page (T1 PRI Trunk Group)

As a precaution, you should review all other trunk groups to make sure that the 911 check box is not inadvertently enabled on a trunk that is not 911-capable.

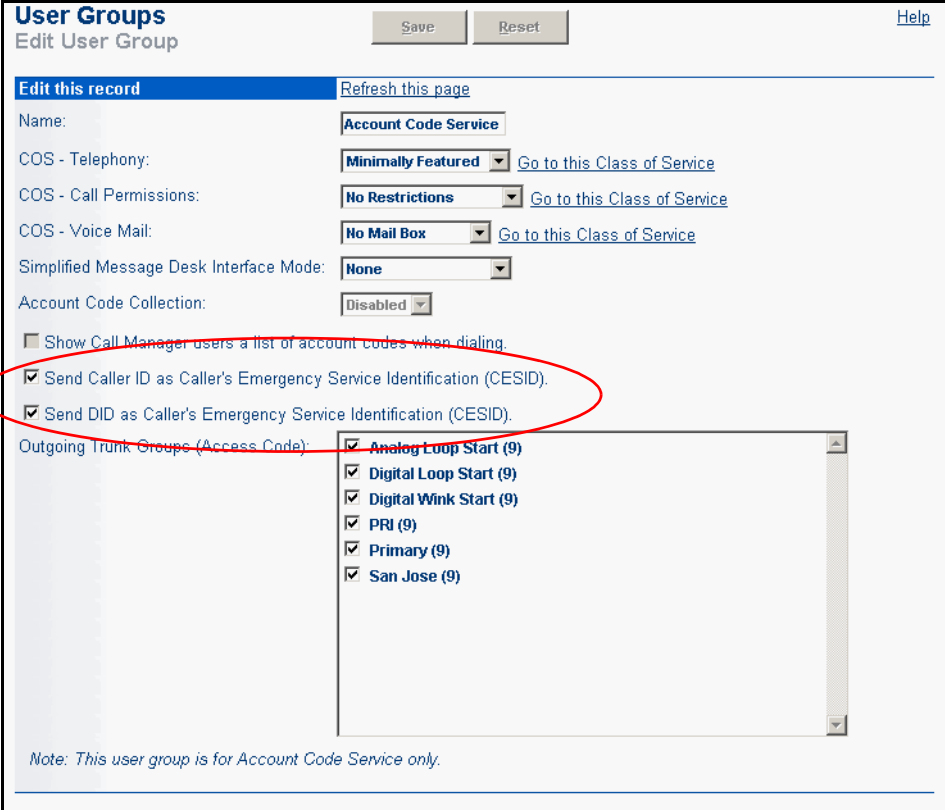
User Groups

Make sure each user group has access to a 911-capable trunk group. You can select the desired 911 Caller ID choice on the **User Group** edit page ().

- If you would like to send the Caller ID as the CESID number, then make sure the **Send Caller ID as Caller's Emergency** check box is selected.
- If you would like to send the DID as the CESID number, then make sure the **Send DID as Caller's Emergency** check box is selected.

See “User Groups” on page 10-14 for more information about configuring user groups.

NOTE Make sure you give access to trunk groups at other sites in case users in the group use the Office Anywhere feature from another site.



User Groups
Edit User Group

Save Reset Help

Edit this record Refresh this page

Name: Account Code Service

COS - Telephony: Minimally Featured [Go to this Class of Service](#)

COS - Call Permissions: No Restrictions [Go to this Class of Service](#)

COS - Voice Mail: No Mail Box [Go to this Class of Service](#)

Simplified Message Desk Interface Mode: None

Account Code Collection: Disabled

☐ Show Call Manager users a list of account codes when dialing.

☒ Send Caller ID as Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID).

☒ Send DID as Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID).

Outgoing Trunk Groups (Access Code):

- ☒ Analog Loop Start (9)
- ☒ Digital Loop Start (9)
- ☒ Digital Wink Start (9)
- ☒ PRI (9)
- ☒ Primary (9)
- ☒ San Jose (9)

Note: This user group is for Account Code Service only.

Figure B-6 User Group Edit Page

Users

Make sure the **Caller ID** field is configured if you are sending Caller ID as CESID for this user. Similarly, make sure the **DID** check box is selected (and contains a valid number in the **DID** field) if you are sending DID as CESID for this user.

Make sure each user belongs to the correct user group. Use the **Edit User** page () to associate users with the appropriate user group. See “Individual Users” on page 10-17” for more configuration information.

NOTE You cannot configure any user (including workgroups or route points) with a 911, 911x, or 911xx extension. These extension ranges are reserved for the 911 feature operation.

Users
Edit User

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

General ▶ **Personal Options** ▶ **Distribution Lists** ▶ **Workgroups** [Refresh this page](#)

First Name:

Last Name:

Number:

License Type:

Caller ID: (e.g., +1 (408) 331-3300)

☒ DID: (DID Range: +12133330000 - 0099)

PSTN Failover:

User Group: [Go to this User Group](#)

Site:

Language:

Home Port: ☒ IP Phones
☐ Ports
☐ SoftSwitch

Current Port: [Go Home](#)

Jack #:

Figure B-7 Edit User Page

IP Phone Address Map

Use the IP Phone Address Map () to assign a CESID to a range of IP addresses. See the section entitled “Edit IP Phone Address Map” on page 3-5 for more configuration information.

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "http://10.2.28.12 - IP Phone Address Map Info - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The page contains a form with the following fields and controls:

- Site:** A dropdown menu with "Remote" selected.
- Low IP Address:** A text box containing "10.2.28.18".
- High IP Address:** A text box containing "10.2.28.18".
- Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID):** A text box containing "14083313030". To the right of this field is a note: "(e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)".
- Teleworkers:** A checkbox that is currently unchecked.
- Buttons:** "Save", "Close", "Previous", and "Next".
- Footer:** "© 1998-2005 ShoreTel, Inc. All rights reserved."

A red oval is drawn around the "Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID)" field and its associated example text.

Figure B-8 IP Phone Address Map

Switch

Use the **Switch** edit page () to configure a CESID number for a switch for outbound 911 calls. See “ShoreGear-120/24, 60/12, 40/8 Configuration” on page 6-26 for more configuration information.

Switches
Edit ShoreGear-120/24 Switch

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

Name:

Description:

Site:

IP Address: [Find Switches](#)

Ethernet Address:

Server to Manage Switch:

Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID): (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

☒ Music On Hold Source

Figure B-9 Switch Edit Page

Sites

Use the **Site** edit page () to configure a site's CESID number. See Chapter 3, “ShoreTel Sites,” for additional configuration information.

NOTE In the United States and Canada, make sure the **Emergency Number** field is set to 911. The emergency number is configurable by site since it can vary by country.

Sites
Edit Site

[New](#) [Copy](#) [Save](#) [Delete](#) [Reset](#) [Help](#)

[Edit this record](#) [Refresh this page](#)

Name:

Country:

Language:

Parent:

☐ Use Parent As Proxy

Local Area Code:

Additional Local Area Codes: [Edit](#)

Caller's Emergency Service Identification (CESID): (e.g. +1 (408) 331-3300)

Time Zone:

NightBell Extension:

Night Bell Switch: [Edit Night Bell Call Handling](#)

Paging Extension:

Paging Switch:

Operator Extension: [Search](#)

FAX Redirect Extension: [Search](#)

Emergency Number:

Admission Control Bandwidth: kbps

[Edit IP Phone Address Map](#)

Figure B-10 Site Edit Page

Planning Your Emergency Response

When a 911 call is made, the system automatically generates an event in the Windows event log at the beginning of the call. With the use of an event filter, you can automatically send an e-mail message to the appropriate people in your organization to help coordinate your local response (i.e. at the organizational level) whenever 911 is dialed.

NOTE We recommend training the personnel at all sites on the emergency operations of your ShoreTel IP voice system. All users should know how to access 911 emergency services during normal and power outage situations.

Call Notification

You can set up an event filter to generate an e-mail message to help coordinate your emergency response. Use the **Event Filter** edit page () to configure the event filter for the following parameters:

Source	ShoreWare
Category	Switch
Event ID	1319
Type	All
Target Email	Email address(es) of the appropriate people in your organization or an email distribution list

See “Event Filters” on page 16-26 for more configuration information.

Event Filters
Edit Event Filter

Buttons: New, Copy, Save, Delete, Reset, Help

* modified

Edit this record Refresh this page

Server: ☒ Headquarters ☐ All

Source: ☒ ShoreWare: **Switch** ☐ Services: **Alerter** ☐ Other:

Category: ☐ ☒ Any

Event ID: ☒ **1319** ☐ Any

Type: ☒ All ☐ Error ☐ Warning ☐ Information

Target E-mail Address:

Figure B-11 Event Filter Edit Page

shows a typical logging message that would result after a 911 call was placed – assuming notifications had been properly configured.

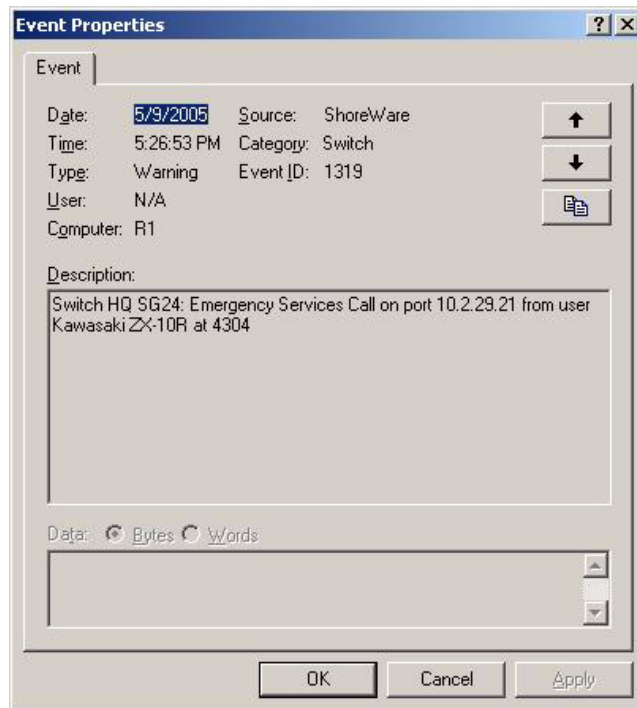


Figure B-12 911 Event Log

NOTE We suggest naming your switches with location information such that you can understand which site the call was made from.

International Emergency Numbers

The Shoreline4 allows dialing of emergency numbers with and without trunk access codes. For this reason, you should reserve the dialing plan space for this feature. For example:

- “112” is used in Europe and other countries.
- “000” is used in Australia.
- “999” is used in Asia.

Thus, to make use of this feature, extensions should not begin with “112”, “911,” or “999”. Note that extensions should never begin with “0”.

For more information on international installations, see the *ShoreTel 6 Planning and Installation Guide*.

Verifying Your 911 Configuration

After you have finished configuring your system for 911 operation, we recommend working with your local 911 dispatch center to test your configuration in order to verify that it has been correctly configured, is sending out the desired caller ID information, and is dispatching emergency response personnel to the proper location.

We recommend calling your local law enforcement agency's non-emergency number to understand how to go about the test and to arrange a call time during non-peak hours. Do not place your 911 test call without making prior arrangements! (Note that depending on where you are located, it may be necessary to have an officer on-site when the test call is being made.)

Table 2-2 is intended to help you plan your test call to the local dispatch center.

Table 2-2 911 Test Call Matrix

[illegible]

Additional Recommendations

- All sites should be configured with a designated power failure emergency phone configured appropriately. Each designated power failure emergency phone should be configured on the following ports, based on type of switch, to take advantage of ShoreTel's emergency line power failure feature:
 - SG40/8 – Port 5
 - SG60/12 – Port 9
 - SG120/24 – Port 9

Call Detail Record Reports

Call detail record (CDR) reports are used to review the ongoing call activity on the ShoreTel system. Sections in this appendix include:

- Overview
- CDR database
- Generating a CDR Report
- Interpreting CDR Reports

Overview

The ShoreTel system tracks all call activity and generates call detail records into a database as well as into a text file on the ShoreWare server. The call detail records are used to generate CDR reports. The system comes bundled with twelve CDR reports based on data from the CDR database. In addition, the text files provide third-party call accounting systems with a simple and standard way to access the call data.

If the ShoreWare server is not up and running, call detail records will not be generated, and the associated calls cannot be presented in the CDR reports.

In the event of a WAN outage, CDR data is stored for up to two hours on the distributed server. When WAN connectivity is restored, the stored data is forwarded to the Headquarters database. After two hours, the distributed server deletes the data and logs an error to the NT event log.

Call Accounting Service

The ShoreTel system has a call accounting service running on the main server that generates call detail records into a database, as well as into a space-delimited text file for use by third-party call accounting applications. The call accounting service is also responsible for archiving all the CDR data.

The CDR files are located on the ShoreWare server in the following folders:

- ShoreTel Data / Call Records 1—This contains call records for releases prior to Shoreline3 Release 3.1k.
- ShoreTel Data / Call Records 2—This contains call records for Shoreline3 Release 3.1k and later releases.

Active CDR Database (CDR.mdb)

The call accounting service generates call detail records into the active CDR database named `CDR.mdb`. This file includes all call activity for the past 35 days. A nightly routine automatically moves the call detail records for the current day into a monthly archive database and deletes call detail records older than 35 days.

The CDR reports access the active CDR database (last 35 days of activity). If you want to run CDR reports on older data, copy all the files onto a separate server, load Crystal Reports, and change the name of the desired archive file.

Archive CDR Databases (CDR-mm-yyyy.mdb)

The call accounting service automatically archives call detail records into monthly archive databases for the purpose of long-term storage. The names of these databases have the form `CDR-mm-yyyy.mdb`. In the interest of conserving disk space, only the last three months are maintained. When a new month begins, the call accounting service deletes the oldest monthly archive CDR database.

Legacy CDR Text Files

The call accounting service automatically generates a daily legacy CDR text file for use by third-party call accounting applications. These packages typically provide numerous reports, including:

- Call accounting, cost allocation
- Most frequently dialed numbers
- Most costly dialed numbers
- Most costly users
- Trunk utilization
- Toll fraud

The `CDR*.log` files are text files created daily at midnight. It contains call records from midnight to midnight. Any call records that span the midnight hour will be recorded on the day that calls are completed.

Format

The filename format for the daily legacy CDR log file is “`CDR-MMDDYY.log`” where “MM,” “DD,” and “YY” are two-character, zero-padded month, day, and year numbers respectively.

Call records are entered in the log file in the order of when the call was completed and not when it began.

It is the responsibility of the third-party reporting application to delete the daily log files.

The format of the record is column based, must be justified correctly, and end with a carriage return and line feed. A single blank character is inserted between each data field for readability.

The following are the field definitions:

Field	Column	Length	Comment
Call ID	1	10 right justified	A unique ID that represents the call. The Call ID is meant to be unique for the duration while it's active.
Date	12	10	Date of the call given in month, day, and year: mm/dd/yyyy
Time	23	8	Start of the call given in hours, minutes, and seconds: hh:mm:ss
Extension	32	7 left justified	Inbound or outbound extension ID. Last valid party on the call. Valid parties include user extension and operator but not voice mail or auto-attendant.
Duration	40	8	Call duration given in hours, minutes, and seconds. hh:mm:ss
Call Direction	49	1	Incoming/outgoing flag. 0=Inbound, 1=Outbound to represent the call direction.
Dialed Number	51	16 left justified	Contains the number dialed but does not include any access code, such as 9, to seize the trunk. Valid only for outbound calls.
Caller ID	68	16 left justified	Blocked or unavailable information will be reported as blocked or unavailable in text. Valid only for incoming calls.
Trunk Member	85	4 right justified	The Port ID of the trunk.
Trunk Group	90	3 right justified	The Trunk group ID.
Account Code	94	20	The account code entered by the caller.
CR /LF	115		Carriage return.

CDR Reports

The ShoreTel system comes bundled with 12 CDR reports generated using data from the active CDR database on the ShoreWare server. CDR reports present information about users, trunks, WAN links, workgroup queues, account codes, and workgroup agents. Reports are grouped into two categories: summary and detail.

Summary reports provide a high-level view of activity that occurred in a particular area, while detail reports provide a detailed view of activity beyond that of the summary report. Typically, you use the summary report to identify any discrepancies or problems, and the detail report to uncover more specific information. The workgroup queue report only has a summary report.

User Activity Summary	Summarizes all calls for each user.
User Activity Detail	Lists every call for each user.
Trunk Activity Summary	Summarizes all calls for each trunk.
Trunk Activity Detail	Lists every call for each trunk.
Workgroup Agent Summary	Summarizes all inbound workgroup calls for each agent.
Workgroup Agent Detail	Lists every inbound workgroup call for each agent and optionally, outbound calls. Non-workgroup calls for the agent are also reported.
Workgroup Queue Summary	Summarizes queue activity for every workgroup, including calls that went directly to agents.
Workgroup Service Level Summary	Summarizes data on call processing by the workgroup server.
WAN Media Stream Summary	Summarizes media stream traffic and call quality for calls made over the WAN in multi-site deployments.
WAN Media Stream Detail	Lists media stream made over the WAN in multi-site deployments.
Account Code Summary	Summarizes call information for each account; counts of calls each day, along with their total and average duration. There are also totals for the reporting period.
Account Code Detail	Provides a detailed list of calls that occurred for each account. For each call the date/time of the call, number dialed, the extension making the call and the duration of the call is included. For each account, a summary is provided of the number of calls, along with their total and average duration.

Generating a CDR Report

The instructions in this section are for generating any of the CDR reports supported by the ShoreTel system. CDR reports are generated from the ShoreWare server. You can access the server remotely via a third-party communications application, such as pcAnywhere™, or by using Terminal Services Client from Microsoft.

NOTE The CDR reports are preconfigured to print in landscape mode; however, the print setup on the server computer will override this setting. To ensure that your reports print in landscape mode, use **Print Setup** to select **Landscape Orientation**.

To generate a CDR report:

Step 1 Click **Start**, select **ShoreTel Communications** from the **Programs** menu, and select the desired CDR report from the list ().

NOTE The shortcuts in the **Start** menu have been set up to run the reports at a low CPU priority. If you launch these reports from a different shortcut, you should launch them using the same format, since failure to do so could have a severe impact on system performance.

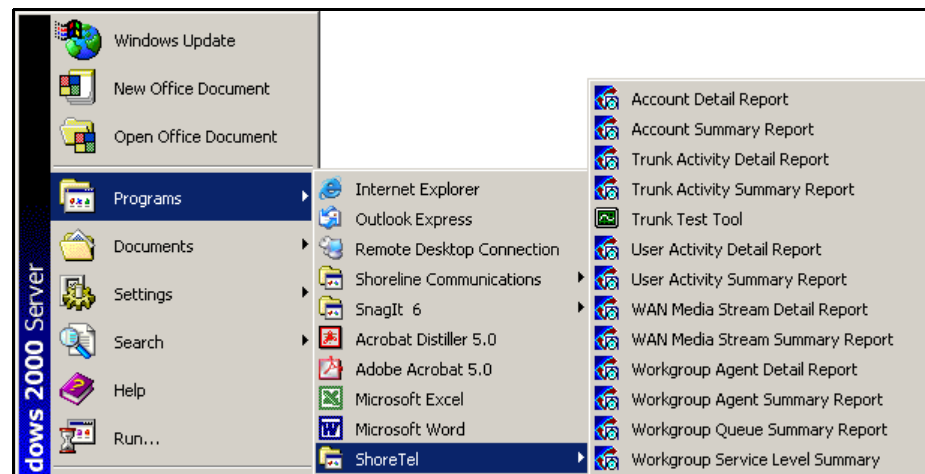


Figure C-1 Start Menu

Step 2 The appropriate **Report** dialog () appears.

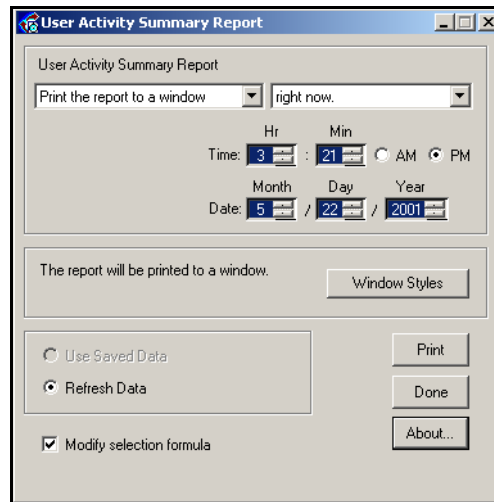


Figure C-2 Report Dialog (User Activity Summary)

Step 3 Select **Print the report to a window** from the drop-down list on the left to display the report in a window on the screen.

Step 4 Select **right now** from the drop-down list on the right to display the report immediately.

NOTE Other options in the **Report** drop-down lists include the option to print to a printer or file as well as the option to schedule the report to run at a time in the future.

Step 5 Review the options by clicking the **Window Styles** button. The recommended options are shown in .

NOTE The options **Has Print Button** and **Has Print Setup Button** must be selected to print.

If you select the **Has Drill Down** option and you use the drill-down feature, page headers and footers will not be printed.

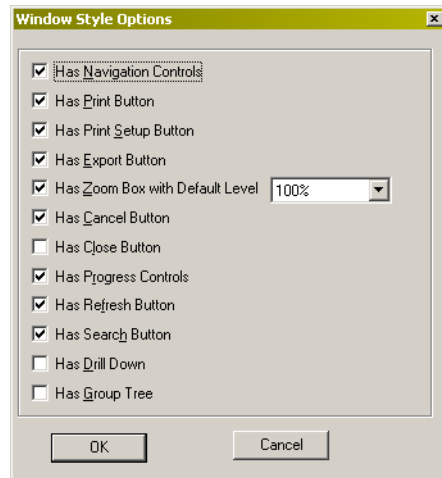


Figure C-3 Window Style Options Dialog

Step 6 Make sure the **Refresh Data** option is selected in the **Report** dialog so that the most current data from the CDR database is used.

Step 7 Uncheck the **Modify selection formula** check box.

Step 8 Click **Print**. The **Enter Parameter Values** dialog () appears.

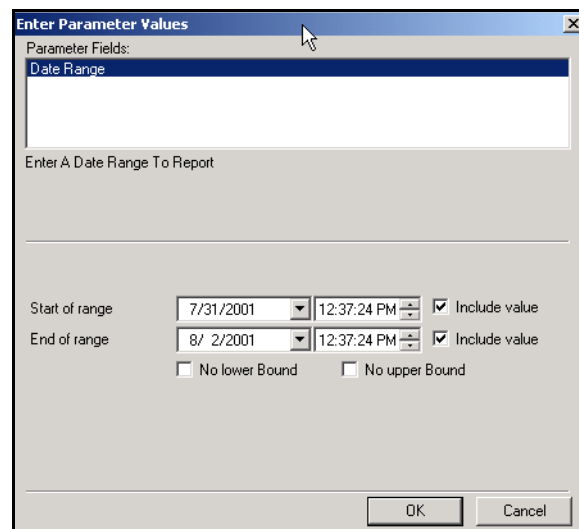


Figure C-4 Enter Parameter Values Dialog

Step 9 Select the desired start range from the **Start of range** drop-down list.

Step 10 Select the desired end range from the **End of range** drop-down list.

Step 11 Make sure the **Include value** check boxes are checked to generate a report inclusive of the calls for the specified dates.

NOTE The **No lower Bound** and **No upper Bound** check boxes are additional options that are not typically used.

NOTE The **Enter Parameter Values** dialog varies slightly for the Workgroup Agent Summary Report and the WAN Media Stream Summary Report. This is shown in . For these reports:

- Set the start time by selecting **Start of Range** in the **Parameter Fields** list and using the **Discrete Value** user interface controls.
- Set the end time by selecting **End of Range** in the **Parameter Fields** list and using the **Discrete Value** user interface controls.

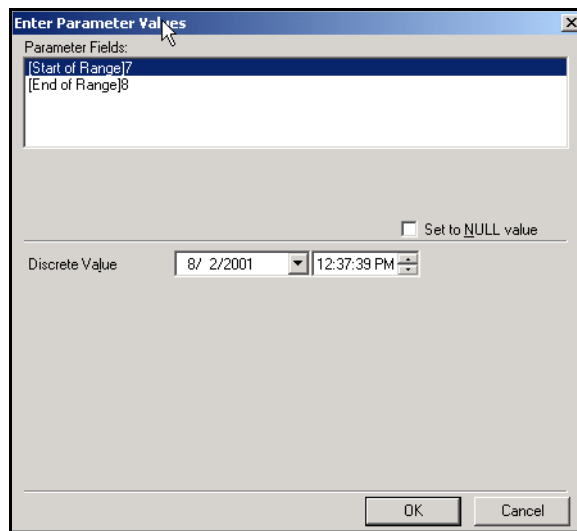


Figure C-5 Enter Parameter Values Dialog (Agent and WAN Summary Reports)

Step 12 Click OK. The CDR report () is displayed.

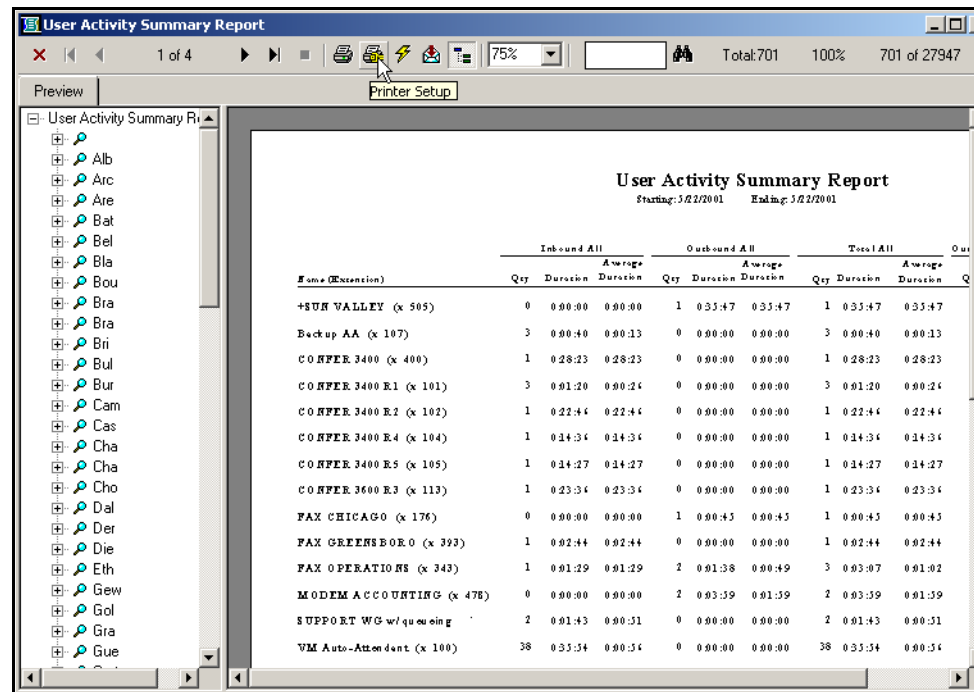


Figure C-6 Sample CDR Report

NOTE Use the preview pane on the left side of the screen (shown if the Has Drill-Down option is selected in Window Style dialog) to view and print the report for an individual user, trunk, or agent. Note that if you drill down, page headers and footers will not print when you use the drill-down option.

Step 13 Make sure the report is displayed in landscape mode. Click the **Printer Setup** icon on the toolbar. The **Print Setup** dialog () appears.

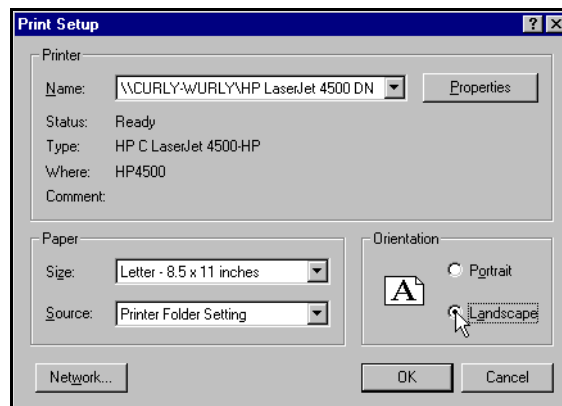


Figure C-7 Print Setup Dialog

Step 14 Click the **Landscape** option in the **Orientation** area.

Step 15 Click **OK**. The report is displayed in landscape mode.

Interpreting CDR Reports

This section provides information on interpreting each of the 12 CDR reports.

User Activity Summary Report

The User Activity Summary Report () shows a summary of all inbound and outbound calls for each user. This includes the type of calls made, as well as the total duration for all calls. This report can be run as an interval report in which user activity is sub-totaled by the selected interval. Additionally, the summary can be run for selected extensions.

User Activity Summary Report															
Start: 4/10/2003								End: 4/18/2003							
Start: 8:58:55AM								End: 10:58:55PM							
Name (Extension)	Inbound All			Outbound All			Total All			Outbound Non-Local Trunk			Outbound WAN		
	Qty	Duration	Average	Qty	Duration	Average	Qty	Duration	Average	Qty	Duration	Average	Qty	Duration	Average
Sales (x125)															
Sub Total	3	0:01:38	0:00:32	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	3	0:01:38	0:00:32	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	0	0:00:00	0:00:00
Support (x124)															
Sub Total	2	0:00:14	0:00:07	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	2	0:00:14	0:00:07	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	0	0:00:00	0:00:00
Support (x800)															
Sub Total	1	0:00:19	0:00:19	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	1	0:00:19	0:00:19	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	0	0:00:00	0:00:00
Auto-Attendant (x104)															
Sub Total	36	0:08:14	0:00:13	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	36	0:08:14	0:00:13	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	0	0:00:00	0:00:00
VM Login (x106)															
Sub Total	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	3	0:01:08	0:00:22	3	0:01:08	0:00:22	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	0	0:00:00	0:00:00
VM Login (x109)															
Sub Total	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	2	0:00:48	0:00:24	2	0:00:48	0:00:24	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	0	0:00:00	0:00:00
1, RM (x302)															
Sub Total	7	0:02:22	0:00:20	5	0:00:58	0:00:11	12	0:03:20	0:00:16	1	0:00:19	0:00:19	5	0:00:58	0:00:11
1a, RIP (x311)															
Sub Total	3	0:00:29	0:00:09	3	0:01:26	0:00:28	6	0:01:55	0:00:19	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	0	0:00:00	0:00:00
2, HQ (x303)															
Sub Total	22	0:07:24	0:00:20	7	0:05:21	0:00:45	29	0:12:45	0:00:26	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	0	0:00:00	0:00:00
2, O'HQ (x303)															
Sub Total	4	0:00:44	0:00:11	10	0:03:56	0:00:23	14	0:04:40	0:00:20	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	0	0:00:00	0:00:00
Away, RRemote (x303)															

Figure C-8 User Activity Summary Report

Calls Included

Only external calls are shown in the User Activity Summary Report. External calls are those calls where the record in the Call table has a CallType of 2 (Inbound) or 3 (Outbound).

Name (Extension Field)

For outbound calls, the Name (Extension) field of the Call record always reports the party that initiated the call.

Inbound calls are reported according to the last party involved in the call (excluding voice mail and the auto-attendant). For example, if a call to extension 320 is not answered and the user's Call Handling Mode (CHM) forwards the call to the assistant at extension 452—who answers the call—the Extension field in the Call record contains 452.

When an inbound call is forwarded to voice mail, the Name (Extension) field records the party involved in the call before it was forwarded to voice mail. For example, if a user with extension 320 doesn't answer a call and his or her Call Handling Mode (CHM) forwards the call to voice mail, the extension field is set to 320.

The User Activity Summary Report is described as follows:

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Name (Extension)	Once for each extension reported.	<p>The name of the user, last name first. Users without a last name are presented first.</p> <p>Non-users such as Workgroups, Voice Mail, Voice Mail Login, and Auto-attendant are included in the report. The names for these extensions are reported for calls that only interact with these extensions (not a user extension).</p>
Inbound All - Qty, Duration, Average Duration	Once for each period reported.	<p>The quantity, total duration, and average duration for inbound calls during the reporting period are presented. A call is considered inbound if the CallType field of the Call table record is set to 2 (Inbound).</p> <p>If the report is run with intervals, the call is only reported for the interval in which it started, even if it ends in a different interval. The StartTime field in the Call table is used to determine when the call started.</p> <p>Duration represents that extensions time on the call. This is found in the Connect table record's Duration field for this connection (where the Connect.CallTableID matches the Call.ID and Connect.PartyID matches Call.Extension). Since a call is reported during the period in which it starts, but may end during another interval, the duration can be longer than the 30-minute interval period—the total call duration time is reported during the interval in which the call begins.</p> <p>Total Duration during any period is the sum of the duration for the Inbound calls during the period. Average duration is found by dividing this total by the number of calls during the period.</p>

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Outbound All - Qty, Duration, Average Duration	Once for each period reported.	<p>The quantity, total duration, and average duration for Outbound calls during the reporting period are presented. A call is considered outbound if the CallType field of the Call table record is set to 3 (Outbound).</p> <p>Duration is calculated here in the same manner as for Inbound calls. Please see that description for details.</p>
Total All - Qty	Once for each period reported.	<p>The quantity, total duration, and average duration of all calls during this period. This simply represents both the Inbound and Outbound columns. Inbound and Outbound quantity and total duration are added together and then averaged.</p>
Outbound Non-Local Trunk - Qty	Once for each period reported.	<p>The quantity, total duration, and average duration for Outbound non-local calls during the reporting period are presented. A call is considered outbound if the CallType field of the Call table record is set to 3 (Outbound). A call is considered Non-Local if the LongDistance field in the Call table is set to true. This flag indicates whether or not the call was long distance from the perspective of the trunk that was used for the call.</p> <p>The calls reported here, are a subset of the calls reported under Outbound all.</p> <p>Duration is calculated in the same manner as for Inbound calls. Please see that description for details.</p>
Outbound WAN - Qty	Once for each period reported.	<p>The quantity, total duration, and average duration for Outbound non-local calls during the reporting period are presented. A call is considered outbound if the CallType field of the Call table record is set to 3 (Outbound). A call is considered a WAN call if a media stream was established between 2 sites. This is determined by looking in the MediaStream table for any records of media stream for this call (the MediaStream CallID will equal the CallID in the Call table record for the call).</p> <p>The calls reported here, are a subset of the calls reported under Outbound all.</p> <p>Duration is calculated here in the same manner as for Inbound calls. Please see that description for details.</p>
Grand Total		The totals for all the users in the system.

User Activity Detail Report

The User Activity Detail Report () shows a list of every call for each user by user. This includes the time a call was received or made, the number dialed, and the trunk used. This report can be run as an interval report in which user activity is sub-totaled by the selected interval.

User Activity Detail Report											
Start: 4/10/2003					End: 4/18/2003						
Start: 8:01:05AM					End: 11:01:05PM						
Sales (x125)											
Date	Time	In/Out	Workgroup	WAN	Dialed #	Calling #	Trunk	Duration			
04/11/2003	10:08:16AM	In	Yes	No	14083313914	+14089621757	s5ch19	0:00:04			
04/14/2003	3:44:02PM	In	Yes	No	14083313913	Unknown	s5ch19	0:00:05			
04/14/2003	3:45:16PM	In	Yes	No	14083313913	Unknown	s5ch19	0:01:29			
Total							3 Call(s)	0:01:38	Total	0:00:32	Average
Support (x124)											
Date	Time	In/Out	Workgroup	WAN	Dialed #	Calling #	Trunk	Duration			
04/11/2003	9:57:50AM	In	Yes	No	14083313914	+14089621757	s5ch19	0:00:14			
04/11/2003	10:04:32AM	In	Yes	No	14083313914	Unknown	s5ch20	0:00:00			
Total							2 Call(s)	0:00:14	Total	0:00:07	Average
Support (x800)											
Date	Time	In/Out	Workgroup	WAN	Dialed #	Calling #	Trunk	Duration			
04/10/2003	9:39:33AM	In	Yes	No	14083313913	Unknown	s5ch20	0:00:19			
Total							1 Call(s)	0:00:19	Total	0:00:19	Average

Figure C-9 User Activity Detail Report

Calls Included

Only external calls are shown in the User Activity Summary report. External calls are those calls where the record in the Call table has a CallType of 2 (Inbound) or 3 (Outbound).

Name (Extension Field)

For outbound calls, the Name (Extension) field of the Call record always reports the party that initiated the call.

Inbound calls are reported according to the last party involved in the call (excluding voice mail and the auto-attendant). For example, if a call to extension 320 is not answered, and the user's Call Handling Mode (CHM) forwards the call to his or her assistant at extension 452, who answers the call, the Extension field in the Call record contains 452.

When an inbound call is forwarded to voice mail, the Name (Extension) field records the party involved in the call before it was forwarded to voice mail. For example, if a user with extension 320 doesn't answer a call and his or her Call Handling Mode (CHM) forwards the call to voice mail, the extension field is set to 320.

The User Activity Detail Report is described as follows:

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Name (Extension)	Once for each extension reported.	<p>The Last Name, First Name, and Extension being reported upon. These come from the PartyIDLastName, PartyIDName, and PartyID for the Connect record that matches the extension in the Call table.</p> <p>Non-users such as Workgroups, Voice Mail, Voice Mail Login, and Auto-attendant are included in the report. The names for these extensions are reported for calls that only interact with these extensions (not a user extension).</p>
Date/Time	Once for each call reported.	The date and time when the call being reported started. These fields come from the StartTime field in the Call table record for the call being reported. When interval reports are generated, the actual time the call started is reported even if the call continues into another interval.
In/Out	Once for each call reported.	If the CallType field of the Call record for the call is 2 (Inbound), "In" is shown. If the CallType is 3 (Outbound), "Out" is shown.
Workgroup	Once for each call reported.	The Workgroup field of the Call record for the call is examined. "Yes" or "No" is displayed depending upon whether or not the field indicates a workgroup call.
WAN	Once for each call reported.	<p>A call is considered a WAN call if a media stream was established between 2 sites. This is determined by looking in the MediaStream table for any media stream records for this call. The MediaStream CallID will equal the CallID in the Call table record for the call.</p> <p>"Yes" or "No" is displayed as appropriate based upon the CDR data.</p>
Dialed #	Once for each call reported.	<p>For outbound calls, this is the number the user dialed and is reported in full, canonical format (including country code).</p> <p>For inbound calls, this is the destination of the call. If the call was a DID or DNIS call, this is the DID or DNIS information for the number dialed. For other types of calls, this is the extension where the call first terminates.</p> <p>The dialed number is retrieved from the Dialed Number field of the Call table record for the call.</p>

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Calling #	Once for each call reported.	<p>For inbound calls, this is the calling number—ANI or Caller ID—received by the ShoreTel system and is reported as delivered by the PSTN (may or may not include the 1 in front of the area code). The dialed number is retrieved from the CallerID field of the Call table record.</p> <p>For outbound calls, this is the extension of the user that placed the call. In the case of Outbound calls, this data is retrieved from the PartyID field of the Connect record for the party that initiated the call.</p>
Trunk	Once for each call reported.	This is the first trunk that was used for the call. This data is retrieved from the PortName field of the Connect record for the trunk's involvement in the call.
Duration		<p>The duration of the call at the indicated extension.</p> <p>For an inbound call, the duration of the call begins when the telephone rings. The duration ends when the user hangs up or when the external party hangs up and disconnect supervision is received by the ShoreTel system.</p> <p>For an outbound call, the duration of the call begins when the user completes dialing. The duration ends when the user hangs up or when the external party hangs up and disconnect supervision is received by the ShoreTel system.</p> <p>This data is retrieved from the Duration field of the Connect table's record for this connection (where the Connect.CallTableID matches the Call.ID and Connect.PartyID matches Call.Extension).</p>
Total		The total number of calls, total duration, and average duration for the user.
Grand Total		The total number of calls, total duration, and average duration for all users.

Trunk Activity Summary Report

The Trunk Activity Summary Report () shows a summary of all calls for each trunk by trunk group. This includes the type of calls, durations, and average durations made on each trunk.

Trunk Activity Summary Report									
Starting: 4/10/2003 8:02:31 AM				Ending: 4/18/2003 11:02:31 PM					
DID 2Way 1	Inbound			Outbound			Total		
	Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Qty	Duration	Average Duration
Most Used	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	10	0:01:51	0:00:11	10	0:01:51	0:00:11
s5chl3	3	0:00:20	0:00:06	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	3	0:00:20	0:00:06
s5chl4	12	0:00:05	0:00:00	19	0:05:40	0:00:17	31	0:05:45	0:00:11
s5chl5	3	0:00:59	0:00:19	84	0:57:18	0:00:40	87	0:58:17	0:00:40
Total	18	0:01:24	0:00:04	113	1:04:49	0:00:34	131	1:06:13	0:00:30
DID 2Way 1	Inbound			Outbound			Total		
	Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Qty	Duration	Average Duration
s9chl3	1	16:41:52	16:41:52	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	1	16:41:52	16:41:52
s9chl5	2	0:00:16	0:00:08	14	16:52:56	1:12:21	16	16:53:12	1:03:19
Total	3	16:42:08	5:34:02	14	16:52:56	1:12:21	17	33:35:04	1:58:32
DID 2Way 2	Inbound			Outbound			Total		
	Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Qty	Duration	Average Duration
s5chl6	8	0:02:55	0:00:21	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	8	0:02:55	0:00:21
Total	8	0:02:55	0:00:21	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	8	0:02:55	0:00:21
DID 2Way 3	Inbound			Outbound			Total		
	Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Qty	Duration	Average Duration
s9chl9	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	1	0:00:04	0:00:04	1	0:00:04	0:00:04
Total	0	0:00:00	0:00:00	1	0:00:04	0:00:04	1	0:00:04	0:00:04

Figure C-10 Trunk Activity Summary Report

Calls Included

Any trunk activity is reported in the Trunk Activity Summary Report. These calls always have Call records with CallType of 2 (Inbound), 3 (Outbound), or 4 (Tandem). However, with ShoreTel, Release 2.0 and greater, the report is based on the TrunkDirection field in the Connect records representing trunk usage, not the CallType record. There is a 30-day change-over period for upgrades, during which the report reflects both methods of collecting this data.

The Trunk Activity Summary Report is described as follows:

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Trunk Group Name	Once for each TrunkGroup being reported upon.	This is the name of the TrunkGroup being reported upon. It's retrieved from the GroupName field of the Connect record representing a trunk's involvement in a call.
Trunk Name	Once for each trunk being reported upon.	The name of the specific trunk used for a call. This is retrieved from the PortName field of the Connect record representing a trunk's involvement in a call.

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Inbound Qty, Duration, and Average Duration	Once for each trunk being reported upon.	<p>The quantity, total duration, and average duration for all inbound trunk activity for this trunk during the reporting period are presented.</p> <p>Trunk activity is considered inbound if the TrunkDirection field in the Connect record is set to 2 (Inbound).</p> <p>The quantity is simply a count of the Connect table records during the reporting period for this trunk that indicate inbound trunk usage.</p> <p>Duration is the sum of all the Duration fields for the Connect table records during the reporting period for this trunk that indicate inbound trunk usage.</p> <p>The average duration is found by dividing this total by the quantity reported here.</p>
Outbound Qty, Duration, and Average Duration	Once for each trunk being reported upon.	<p>The quantity, total duration, and average duration for all outbound trunk activity for this trunk during the reporting period are presented.</p> <p>Trunk activity is considered outbound if the TrunkDirection field in the Connect record is set to 3 (Outbound).</p> <p>The quantity is simply a count of the Connect table records during the reporting period for this trunk that indicate outbound trunk usage.</p> <p>Duration is the sum of all the Duration fields for the Connect table records during the reporting period for this trunk that indicate outbound trunk usage.</p> <p>Average duration is found by dividing this total by the quantity reported here.</p>
Total Qty	Once for each trunk being reported upon.	The total calls for the trunk.
Duration	Once for each trunk being reported upon.	The total duration of calls, in hours, minutes, and seconds.
Average Duration	Once for each trunk being reported upon.	The average duration of calls, in hours, minutes, and seconds.
Total		The totals for all trunks in the trunk group.

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
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Grand Total

The totals for all trunks in the system.

Trunk Activity Detail Report

The Trunk Activity Detail Report () shows a list of every call for each trunk by trunk group. This includes the date and time, the number dialed, and the user's name.

Trunk Activity Detail Report							
Starting: 4/10/2003 8:03:46AM				Ending: 4/18/2003 11:03:46PM			
DID 2way 1	Date	Time	In/Out	Dialed #	Calling #	User	Duration
Most Used	04/16/2003	9:43:02AM	Out	+14087671234	303	O'HQ 2	0:00:04
	04/16/2003	10:01:46AM	Out	+14087671234	303	O'HQ 2	0:00:45
	04/16/2003	11:47:32AM	Out	+14083313861	303	O'HQ 2	0:00:07
	04/16/2003	11:52:58AM	Out	+14087671234	303	O'HQ 2	0:00:04
	04/16/2003	11:53:14AM	Out	+14083313861	303	O'HQ 2	0:00:07
	04/16/2003	12:25:37PM	Out	+14087671234	202	RM IP1	0:00:09
	04/16/2003	12:25:56PM	Out	+14087671234	302	RM 1	0:00:10
	04/16/2003	12:26:44PM	Out	+14087671234	321	Joan Rivers	0:00:11
	04/16/2003	12:28:06PM	Out	+14087671234	330	Dun No	0:00:09
	04/16/2003	1:12:31PM	Out	+14087671234	331	Hanz Blitz	0:00:05
Sub-Total				10 Call(s)		0:00:11 Average	0:01:51 Total
sSchl3	04/12/2003	4:49:53PM	In	14083313914	+15106564784	Auto-Attendant	0:00:05
	04/12/2003	6:23:54PM	In	14083313914	+15108937617	Auto-Attendant	0:00:07
	04/14/2003	3:30:11PM	In	14083313913	+14087301683	Auto-Attendant	0:00:08
Sub-Total				3 Call(s)		0:00:06 Average	0:00:20 Total
sSchl4	04/10/2003	9:39:29AM	Out	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:27
	04/10/2003	9:40:44AM	Out	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:14
	04/10/2003	9:40:59AM	In	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:00
	04/10/2003	9:42:05AM	Out	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:24
	04/10/2003	9:42:29AM	In	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:01
	04/10/2003	9:43:51AM	Out	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:27
	04/10/2003	9:44:19AM	In	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:01
	04/10/2003	11:41:55AM	Out	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:16
	04/10/2003	11:42:12AM	In	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:00
	04/10/2003	11:42:52AM	Out	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:13
	04/10/2003	11:43:06AM	In	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:01
	04/10/2003	11:44:11AM	Out	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:21
	04/10/2003	11:44:33AM	In	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:00
	04/10/2003	11:45:25AM	Out	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:15
	04/10/2003	11:45:41AM	In	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:00
	04/10/2003	11:46:33AM	Out	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:40
	04/10/2003	11:47:13AM	In	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:00
	04/10/2003	11:47:59AM	Out	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:15
	04/10/2003	11:48:14AM	In	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:01
	04/10/2003	11:50:25AM	Out	+14083313913	312	Test User	0:00:16

Figure C-11 Trunk Activity Detail Report

Calls Included

Any trunk activity is reported in the Trunk Activity Detail Report. These calls always have Call records with CallType of 2 (Inbound), 3 (Outbound), or 4 (Tandem). However, with ShoreTel Release 2.0 and greater, the report is based on the TrunkDirection field in the Connect records representing trunk usage, not the CallType record. There is a 30-day crossover period for upgrades during which the report will reflect both methods of collecting this data.

The Trunk Activity Detail Report is described as follows:

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Trunk Group Name	Once for each TrunkGroup being reported upon. If the trunk activity for a TrunkGroup requires more than one page to report, then the name is repeated at the top of each additional page.	This is the name of the TrunkGroup being reported upon. This data is retrieved from the GroupName field of the Connect record representing a trunk's involvement in a call.
Trunk Name	Once for each TrunkGroup being reported upon. If the trunk activity for a TrunkGroup requires more than one page to report, then the name is repeated at the top of each additional page.	The name of the specific trunk used. This data is retrieved from the PortName field of the Connect record representing a trunk's involvement in a call.
Date	Once for each trunk activity in the report.	The date is extracted from the ConnectTime field in the Connect record representing the trunk's involvement in the call. This is the date the trunk was added to the call.
Time	Once for each trunk activity in the report.	The time is extracted from the ConnectTime field in the Connect record representing the trunk's involvement in the call. This is the time the trunk was added to the call.
In/Out	Once for each trunk activity in the report.	Trunk activity is considered "In" if the TrunkDirection field in the Connect record is set to 2 (Inbound), otherwise it is considered "Out."

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Dialed #	Once for each trunk activity in the report.	<p>For outbound calls, this is the number the user dialed and is reported in full, canonical format (including country code, etc.). For an inbound call this is the destination of the call. If the call was a DID or DNIS call, this is the DID or DNIS information for the number dialed. For other types of calls, this is the extension where the call first terminates.</p> <p>For inbound calls (CallType = 2 in Call record) this data is retrieved from the DialedNumber field in the Call record. For other calls, it is retrieved from the PartyId field of the Connect record for the trunk activity.</p> <p>NOTE Inbound and outbound are relative to the call, not trunk usage.</p>
Calling #	Once for each trunk activity in the report.	<p>For inbound calls, this is the calling number—ANI or Caller ID—received by the ShoreTel system and is reported as delivered by the PSTN (may or may not include the 1 in front of the area code).</p> <p>For outbound calls, this is the extension of the user that placed the call.</p> <p>For outbound calls (CallType = 3 in Call record) this data is retrieved from the Extension field in the Call record. For other types of calls, it is retrieved from the CallerID field in the Call table.</p> <p>NOTE Inbound and outbound are relative to the call, not trunk usage.</p>

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
User	Once for each trunk activity in the report.	<p>The name associated with the extension that was the initial target of the call. For outbound calls (CallType = 3 in Call record), the user is the extension that first initiated the call. For inbound calls (CallType = 2 in Call record), the user is the extension that was the initial target of the call. In the case of Tandem calls (CallType = 4 in the Call record), nothing is shown.</p> <p>This data is retrieved from the PartyIDName and PartyIDLastName fields of the Connect record for the party that initiated the call (ConnectReason = 19, "Originate" for an outbound call) or was the target of the call (ConnectReason = 17, "Called" for inbound call).</p> <p>NOTE Inbound and outbound are relative to the call, not trunk usage.</p>
Duration	Once for each trunk activity in the report.	<p>The duration of the trunk activity. This data is retrieved from the Duration field of the Connect record for the trunk's involvement in the call.</p> <p>For an inbound call, the duration of the call begins when the trunk is seized and includes the ring time, talk time, and hold time. The duration ends when the user hangs up or when the external party hangs up and disconnect supervision is received by the ShoreTel system.</p> <p>For an outbound call, the duration of the call begins when the trunk is seized. The duration ends when the user hangs up, or when the external party hangs up and disconnect supervision is received by the ShoreTel system.</p>
Subtotal		The total of calls for the trunk.
Total		The total of calls for the trunk group.
Grand Total		The total of calls for all trunks in the system.

Workgroup Agent Summary Report

The Workgroup Agent Summary Report () shows a summary of inbound workgroup calls and agent activity by the workgroup.

Workgroup Agent Summary Report															
Start: 4/10/2003 Start: 8:50:57AM								End: 4/18/2003 End: 10:50:57PM							
Inbound Workgroup Calls				Inbound User Calls				Outbound Calls				Duration Format: hh:mm:ss			
Inbound Workgroup Calls			Inbound User Calls			Outbound Calls			Total Calls			Agent Activity			
Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Qty	Duration	Average Duration	Total Wrapup	Average Wrapup	Total Login	
Mix HQ Remote (x400)															
1, HQ (x301)															
4/14/2003 (Mon)	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	1	00:00:08	00:00:08	1	00:00:08	00:00:08	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00
4/16/2003 (Wed)	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	2	16:41:54	08:20:57	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	2	16:41:54	08:20:57	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00
4/17/2003 (Thu)	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	5	00:03:06	00:00:37	5	00:03:06	00:00:37	00:00:00	00:00:00	12:47:27
User Sub Total	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	2	16:41:54	08:20:57	6	00:03:14	00:00:32	8	16:45:08	02:05:38	00:00:00	00:00:00	12:47:27
1, RM (x302)															
4/10/2003 (Thu)	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	1	00:00:04	00:00:04	9	00:01:08	00:00:07	10	00:01:12	00:00:07	00:00:00	00:00:00	14:00:00
4/11/2003 (Fri)	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	2	00:00:20	00:00:10	2	00:00:20	00:00:10	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:54:16
User Sub Total	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	1	00:00:04	00:00:04	11	00:01:28	00:00:08	12	00:01:32	00:00:07	00:00:00	00:00:00	14:54:16
Workgroup Sub total	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	3	16:41:58	05:33:59	17	00:04:42	00:00:16	20	16:46:40	00:50:20	00:00:00	00:00:00	27:41:43

Figure C-12 Workgroup Agent Summary Report

Calls Included

This report includes calls routed to workgroup agents by the workgroup server, and non-workgroup calls (both inbound and outbound). The report assigns non-workgroup calls to an agent's membership within a workgroup by examining the workgroup the agent was logged into during or before the call. No calls are reported when an agent is logged out. You can find Agent logins by examining the AgentActivity table for records with State = 5 (LogInOut).

Workgroup agents can be a member of more than one workgroup. When they log in, their login time is reported for all workgroups of which they are a member.

Non-workgroup calls are reported against the workgroup with the lowest dial number that the agent is a member of when the call is made. For example, if the agent is a member of workgroups with dial numbers of 1100, 1200, and 1250, non-workgroup calls are reported against 1100.

The StartTimeStamp field in these Agent Activity records represents the time that an agent logged into a specific workgroup (identified by the WorkgroupDN and WorkgroupName fields). The EndTimeStamp field records the time the agent logged out (this can be null when the agent is still logged into the workgroup).

This report is call centric. While it does report agent activity, which consists of agent wrap-up and login time, the report will only show this information for periods during which there was a call for the agent (workgroup or non-workgroup).

The Workgroup Agent Summary Report is described as follows:

Field	Presence/ Frequency	Description
Name		The name of the workgroup agent.
Inbound Workgroup Calls - Qty, Duration, and Average Duration	Once for each period reported.	<p>The total number of inbound workgroup calls the agent received.</p> <p>Quantity of calls, along with total duration and average duration of these calls is included.</p> <p>A call is categorized as an inbound workgroup call if the user joined the call as a workgroup agent. This is determined by examining the Connect record for the user's time on the call. The PartyType in the Connect record must be 12 (Workgroup Agent), and the workgroup must have been the party that handed the call over to the agent (the Connect record's CtrlPartyID must be the workgroup DN).</p> <p>Internal calls (with CallType = 1 in the Call table) are only reported if the option is taken when running the report to include internal calls.</p> <p>Since a call is reported during the period in which it starts (as identified by the StartTime in the Call table record for the call), but may end during another interval, the duration can be longer than the 30- or 60-minute interval period. The total duration is reported during the interval in which the call begins.</p> <p>Duration reports the time of the agent's involvement in the call. It's reported by summing the TalkTime, RingTime, and HoldTime fields in the Connect record representing involvement in the call.</p> <p>Total Duration during any period is the sum of the duration for the individual calls being reported upon. Average duration is found by dividing this total by the number of calls during the period.</p>

Field	Presence/ Frequency	Description
Inbound User Calls	Once for each period reported.	<p>Quantity of calls, along with total duration and average duration of these calls, is included.</p> <p>A call is categorized as an inbound user call if the user's Connect record has PartyType = 1 (station), and the user was not the originator of the call (ConnectReason in the Connect table not equal to 19—originate).</p> <p>Internal calls (with CallType = 1 in the Call table) will only be reported if the option is taken when running the report to include internal calls).</p> <p>Since a call is reported during the period in which it starts (as identified by the StartTime in the Call table record for the call), but may end during another interval, the duration can be longer than the 30- or 60-minute interval period. The total duration is reported during the interval in which the call begins.</p> <p>Duration reports the time of the user's involvement in the call. It's reported by summing the TalkTime, RingTime, and HoldTime fields in the Connect record representing involvement in the call.</p> <p>Total Duration during any period is the sum of the duration for the individual calls being reported upon. Average duration is found by dividing this total by the number of calls during the period.</p>

Field	Presence/ Frequency	Description
Outbound User Calls	Once for each period reported.	<p>Quantity of calls, along with total duration and average duration, of these calls is included. However, these columns are reported only if the option is taken when running the report to include outbound calls.</p> <p>A call is categorized as outbound if the user originated the call (as shown by the Connect record having ConnectReason = 19). These calls have CallType = 1 or 3 (internal or outbound) in the call record, but the internal calls are only included in the report if the option is taken when running the report to include internal calls.</p> <p>Since a call is reported during the period in which it starts (as identified by the StartTime in the Call table record for the call), but may end during another interval, the duration can be longer than the 30- or 60-minute interval period. The total duration is reported during the interval in which the call begins.</p> <p>Duration reports the time of the user's involvement in the call. It's reported by summing the TalkTime, RingTime, and HoldTime fields in the Connect record representing involvement in the call.</p> <p>Total Duration during any period is the sum of the duration for the individual calls being reported upon. Average duration is found by dividing this total by the number of calls during the period.</p>

Field	Presence/ Frequency	Description
Agent Activity - Total Wrap-Up	Once for each period reported.	<p>This is the total wrap-up during the reporting period. This includes both end of call wrap-up and manual wrap-up. As noted earlier, since this report is call centric, agent wrap-up and login only appears in the report when it overlaps with periods when calls are being reported.</p> <p>Total wrap-up is calculated by finding AgentActivity records with State = 3 (wrap-up), which have time during the period being reported (some or all of the time from StartTimeStamp to EndTimeStamp is within the period being reported). Total wrap-up is the sum of the time within the reporting period for these records.</p> <p>Unlike calls, where the entire duration is reported in the period when the call starts, wrap-up and login are reported specifically for the period being shown in the report. In other words, if wrap-up or login starts in one reporting period being reported and ends in another, the time is appropriately divided between the two periods. If you want to know the end of call wrap-up for a specific call, you can use the workgroup detail report.</p>
Average Wrap-Up	Once for each period reported.	This is calculated by dividing the total wrap-up time reported by the number of wrap-up records that included data used in the calculation of total wrap-up time. Note that manual wrap-up records are included.
Total Login	Once for each period reported.	<p>This is total login time during the reporting period. As noted earlier, since this report is call centric, agent wrap-up and login only appears in the report when it overlaps with periods when calls are being reported.</p> <p>Total login is calculated by finding AgentActivity records with State = 5 (LogInOut) which have time during the period being reported (some or all of the time from StartTimeStamp to EndTimeStamp is within the period being reported). Total login is the sum of the time within the reporting period for these records.</p>
Total		The totals for all agents in the workgroup.
Grand Total		The totals for all workgroups in the system.

Workgroup Agent Detail Report

The Workgroup Agent Detail Report () shows a list of every call for each agent by workgroup.

Workgroup Agent Detail Report									
Start: 4/10/2003		8:53:31AM		End: 4/18/2003		10:53:31PM			
Date/Time	Dialed #	Calling #	Call Type	Trunk	Call Duration	Wrap up Duration	Queue Duration	Total Duration	
April 10, 2003									
Mix HQ Remote x(400)									
1, RM (x302)									
4/10/2003 10:46:58AM	312	302	Out		00:00:05	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:05	
4/10/2003 1:58:47PM	202	302	Out		00:00:07	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:07	
4/10/2003 2:47:47PM	+14083313300	302	Out	s5ch15	00:00:05	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:05	
4/10/2003 3:02:57PM	202	302	Out		00:00:07	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:07	
4/10/2003 3:03:14PM	202	302	Out		00:00:11	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:11	
4/10/2003 3:04:33PM	+14083313300	302	Out	s5ch15	00:00:05	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:05	
4/10/2003 3:04:55PM	202	302	Out		00:00:02	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:02	
4/10/2003 3:04:52PM	202	303	In		00:00:04	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:04	
4/10/2003 3:16:32PM	+16504837757	302	Out	s5ch15	00:00:19	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:19	
4/10/2003 5:08:37PM	+14087671212	302	Out	s5ch15	00:00:07	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:07	
Sub Total			10 Call(s)	00:00:07	Average	00:01:12	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:01:12
Sub Total			10 Call(s)	00:00:07	Average	00:01:12	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:01:12
Sales x(801)									
IPI, HQ (x201)									
4/10/2003 1:56:19PM	201	312	In		00:00:13	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:13	
4/10/2003 1:58:19PM	201	202	In		00:00:18	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:18	
Sub Total			2 Call(s)	00:00:15	Average	00:00:31	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:31
Sub Total			2 Call(s)	00:00:15	Average	00:00:31	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:31
Support x(800)									
2, HQ (x303)									
4/10/2003 9:40:30AM	14083313913	Unknown	InWG	s5ch19	00:00:21	00:00:30	00:00:02	00:00:53	
4/10/2003 9:41:48AM	14083313913	Unknown	InWG	s5ch19	00:00:34	00:00:30	00:00:02	00:01:06	
4/10/2003 9:43:29AM	14083313913	Unknown	InWG	s5ch19	00:00:38	00:00:30	00:00:07	00:01:15	
4/10/2003 9:46:18AM	14083313913	Unknown	InWG	s5ch19	00:00:02	00:00:30	00:00:08	00:00:40	
4/10/2003 11:41:39AM	14083313913	Unknown	InWG	s5ch19	00:00:25	00:00:30	00:00:02	00:00:57	
4/10/2003 11:42:56AM	14083313913	Unknown	InWG	s5ch20	00:00:04	00:00:30	00:00:02	00:00:36	
4/10/2003 11:43:55AM	14083313913	Unknown	InWG	s5ch19	00:00:30	00:00:30	00:00:01	00:01:01	
4/10/2003 11:44:43AM	14083313913	Unknown	InWG	s5ch19	00:00:26	00:00:30	00:00:27	00:01:23	
4/10/2003 11:46:36AM	14083313913	Unknown	InWG	s5ch20	00:00:11	00:00:30	00:00:20	00:01:01	

Figure C-13 Workgroup Agent Detail Report

NOTE An agent appears in the Workgroup Agent Detail Report if the agent had any workgroup *call activity* during the reporting period.

Calls Included

This report includes calls routed to workgroup agents by the workgroup server, and non-workgroup calls (both inbound and outbound). The report assigns non-workgroup calls to an agent's membership within a workgroup by examining the workgroup the agent was logged into during or before the call. Non-workgroup calls made while an agent is logged out are not reported.

Workgroup agents can be a member of more than one workgroup. When they log in, their login time is reported for all workgroups of which they are a member.

Non-workgroup calls are reported against the workgroup with the lowest dial number that the agent is a member of when the call is made. For example, if the agent is a member of workgroups with dial numbers of 1100, 1200, and 1250, non-workgroup calls are reported against 1100.

You can find agent logins by examining the AgentActivity table for records with State = 5 (LogIn/Out). The StartTimeStamp field in these AgentActivity records represents the time that an agent logged into a specific workgroup (identified by the WorkgroupDN

and WorkgroupName fields). The EndTimeStamp field records the time the agents logged out (this can be null when the agent is still logged into the workgroup).

The Workgroup Agent Detail Report is described as follows:

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Workgroup Name	Once for each workgroup being reported upon.	The name of the workgroup agent.
Agent Name	Once for each agent reported upon (within an interval if intervals are selected when running the report).	<p>The name of the agent and his or her extension.</p> <p>These come from the AgentActivity table's AgentLastName, AgentFirstName, and AgentDN fields.</p>
Date/Time	Once for each call reported.	<p>The date and time for the call being reported. These fields come from the StartTime field in the Call table record for the reported call. When interval reports are generated, the call is reported for the time when it starts even if it continues into another interval.</p>
Dialed #	Once for each call reported.	<p>For inbound calls, this is the destination of the call. If the call was a DID or DNIS call, this is the DID or DNIS information for the number dialed. For other types of calls, this is the extension where the call first terminates.</p> <p>The number dialed to initiate the call. This comes from the Call record's DialedNumber field.</p>
Calling #	Once for each call reported.	<p>The caller that initiated the call. For inbound calls, this is the calling number—ANI or Caller ID—received by the ShoreTel system and is reported as delivered by the PSTN (may or may not include the “1” in front of the area code).</p> <p>This comes from the Call table's CallerID field.</p>

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Call Type	Once for each call reported.	<p>Indicates whether this is an incoming workgroup call ("InWG"), an inbound non-workgroup call ("In"), or an outbound call ("Out").</p> <p>A call is categorized as an inbound workgroup call if the user joined the call as a workgroup agent. This is determined by examining the Connect record for the user's time on the call. The PartyType in the Connect record must be 12 (Workgroup Agent).</p> <p>A call is categorized as an inbound non-workgroup call if the Call record's CallType = 1 or 2 (internal or inbound), and the user's Connect record has PartyType = 1 (station), and the user was not the originator of the call (ConnectReason in the Connect table not equal to 19-- originate).</p> <p>A call is categorized as outbound if the user originated the call (as shown by the Connect record having ConnectReason = 19). These calls have CallType = 1 or 3 (internal or outbound) in the call record.</p> <p>Note that for all calls, those calls with CallType = 1 (internal) are included only if the option to include internal calls is chosen.</p> <p>Calls that involve multiple legs are also reported as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transfer—Call was transferred. • Conference—Call was conferenced • Monitor—Call was monitored • Barge-In—Call was barged
Other Calls	Once for each call reported.	<p>Indicates calls that do not belong to Call Type (i.e. those that are no In, InWG, or Out). This includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transfer—Call was transferred. • Conference—Call was conferenced • Monitor—Call was monitored • Barge-In—Call was barged
Trunk	Once for each call reported.	<p>This is the first trunk that was used for the call. This data is retrieved from the PortName field of the Connect record for the trunk's involvement in the call. In the case of calls not involving a trunk, it will be blank (this can occur with internal calls).</p>

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Call Duration	Once for each call reported.	<p>The duration of the call. Duration reports the time of the user's involvement in the call. It's reported by summing the TalkTime, RingTime, and HoldTime fields in the Connect record representing involvement in the call.</p> <p>Since a call is reported during the period in which it starts (as identified by the StartTime in the Call table record for the call) but may end during another interval, the duration can be longer than the 30- or 60-minute interval period. The total duration is reported during the interval in which the call begins.</p>
Wrap-Up Duration	Once for each call reported.	<p>Only applicable to inbound workgroup calls. This is the amount of time, if any, the agent spent in wrap-up after completing the call.</p> <p>The Wrap-up Duration is the difference between the StartTimeStamp and EndTimeStamp in the wrap-up record in the AgentActivity table for that agent.</p>
Queue Duration	Once for each call reported.	Only applicable to inbound workgroup calls, the amount of time that the call was in the workgroup queue before it was assigned to the agent. This data is retrieved from the Duration field of the QueueCall table record for the call.
Total Duration	Once for each call reported.	<p>The Total Duration includes the Queue Duration, Call Duration, and Wrap-up Duration. It is generally less than the total time the call spends within the ShoreTel system. The time between when the trunk was seized and the call was accepted by the workgroup, or any time the call spends with a menu or other extension, is not reflected.</p>
Sub-total		The total calls for the workgroup agent.
Total		The total calls for all agents in the workgroup.
Grand Total		The total calls for all agents in the system.

Workgroup Service Level Summary Report

The Workgroup Service Level Summary Report provides information related to the workgroup server call processing. Every time the workgroup server processes a call, a record about its disposition is added to the QueueCall table. Generally, this occurs once when the call gets processed by the server. However, in the case of call forwarding, the same call can pass through the workgroup server more than once.

For example, a call made to the workgroup server is transferred to an extension. If that extension's call handling mode forwards the call to the same or a different workgroup, the call passes through the workgroup server more than once. The rule in these cases is

simple—for each time the workgroup server disposes of a call, a record is added to the QueueCall table.

External calls to a workgroup are always included in the report. Internal workgroup calls are only included in the report if the option is taken to include them (the default is not included). The CallType field in the Call table is examined to determine if the call is internal or external. If the CallType is 1 (extension to extension), it is an internal call; otherwise it is an external call. The QueueCall record for a call processed by the workgroup server has a ConnectTableID that identifies the Connect table entry for the workgroup server being added to the call. The Connect table entry has a CallTableID field that is examined to determine the Call table record for the call, whether the call is internal or external.

If the workgroup service is not operational, the call is not processed by the workgroup server (it simply goes to the backup extension). Calls directed to the workgroup but not processed by the service because it is down, are not included in this report. When this occurs, there is no record of the call in the QueueCall table, since records are only added to the table when the workgroup server processes the call.

Workgroup Service Level Summary Report						
Start : 4/10/2003			End : 4/18/2003			
Start: 8:45:20AM			End: 10:45:20PM			
			Max. Wait Time: 180 seconds			
	Wait Time (sec.)	Abandoned	Handled By Agent	Handled By Voicemail	Handled By Others	Total Calls
April 10, 2003						
Support (800)						
	0 - 29	1	35	0	0	36
	30 - 59	0	2	0	0	2
Sub Total	Avg. 00:00:11	1	37	0	0	38
Sub Total	00:00:11	1	37	0	0	38
April 11, 2003						
Sales (125)						
	0 - 29	1	1	0	0	2
	90 - 119	0	1	0	0	1
Sub Total	Avg. 00:00:33	1	2	0	0	3
Support (124)						
	0 - 29	2	7	0	0	9
Sub Total	Avg. 00:00:06	2	7	0	0	9
Sub Total	00:00:13	3	9	0	0	12
April 14, 2003						
Sales (125)						
	0 - 29	3	12	0	0	15
	30 - 59	0	1	0	0	1
	60 - 89	1	0	0	0	1
Sub Total	Avg. 00:00:11	4	13	0	0	17
Support (124)						

Figure C-14 Workgroup Service Level Summary Report

The Workgroup Service Level Summary Report is described below.

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Wait Time (sec.)	Shown once for each 30-second period in workgroup/internal where there are calls to be reported.	<p>Range of wait-for-service times, The wait time is divided into 30-second intervals. Information for the calls is reported for the interval in which it falls, according to when the call moved off the workgroup.</p> <p>The actual wait or service time for each workgroup call is found in the Duration field of the QueueCall table. This duration is the time from when the call is offered to the workgroup server until it leaves the call queue.</p>
Abandoned	Once for each period reported.	<p>Number of callers who abandoned the call (hung up) during the period. Those QueueCall records with the ExitReason set to 7 (Abandoned) are counted as abandoned.</p>
Handled by Agent	Once for each period reported.	<p>Number of calls handled by agents during the period.</p> <p>Those QueueCall records with the ExitReason set to 1 (TransferToAgent) are counted as handled by an agent. A call that is picked up or unparked by an agent that is a member of the same workgroup is also counted as Handled by Agent.</p>
Handled by Voice Mail	Once for each period reported.	<p>Number of calls that went to the workgroup's voice mail (either as a result of call handling, or when the caller chose the transfer to voice mail option).</p> <p>Those QueueCall reports with the TargetType set to 3 (mailbox) and ExitReason set to 2, 3, 4, or 5 (ForwardAlways, ForwardBusy, ForwardNoAnswer, or ForwardNoLoginAgent), or 9 (TransferVM) with the TargetDN field equal to the workgroup DN itself are counted as Handled by Voice Mail.</p>

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Handled by Others	Once for each period reported.	Number of calls handled by others (not workgroup agents or voice mail). Any call for the workgroup that isn't reported as Abandoned, Handled by Agent, or Handled by Voice Mail is counted as Handled by Others. Calls that are picked up by non-agents, or agents that do not belong to the group are counted as Handled by Others.
Total Calls	Once for each period reported.	Sum of Abandoned, Handled by Agent, Handled by Voice Mail, Picked Up from the Queue, Unparked from the Queue, and Handled by Others for the period.

Workgroup Queue Summary Report

The Workgroup Queue Summary Report () shows a summary of queue activity and how the calls interact with the queue. You can run the report with fixed interval sub-totals.

Workgroup Queue Summary Report									
Start: 4/10/2003 Start: 8:48:21AM					End: 4/18/2003 End: 10:48:21PM				
	Abandoned	Handled by Agent	Handled by WG Voicemail	Handled by Others	Maximum Abandon Time	Average Abandon Time	Maximum Handled Time	Average Handled Time	Total Calls
Mix H Q Remote (400)									
4/15/2003 (Tue)	0	0	0	6	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:01	00:00:00	6
Sub Total	0	0	0	6	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:01	00:00:00	6
Quality (400)									
4/17/2003 (Thu)	1	0	2	0	00:00:06	00:00:06	00:00:17	00:00:08	3
Sub Total	1	0	2	0	00:00:06	00:00:06	00:00:17	00:00:08	3
Sales (125)									
4/11/2003 (Fri)	1	2	0	0	00:00:04	00:00:04	00:01:30	00:00:48	3
4/14/2003 (Mon)	4	13	0	0	00:01:29	00:00:27	00:00:44	00:00:07	17
Sub Total	5	15	0	0	00:01:29	00:00:22	00:01:30	00:00:12	20
Support (124)									
4/11/2003 (Fri)	2	7	0	0	00:00:14	00:00:07	00:00:20	00:00:05	9
4/14/2003 (Mon)	2	5	0	0	00:00:03	00:00:02	00:01:08	00:00:18	7
4/15/2003 (Tue)	0	6	0	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:05	00:00:02	6
Sub Total	4	18	0	0	00:00:14	00:00:04	00:01:08	00:00:08	22
Support (800)									
4/10/2003 (Thu)	1	37	0	0	00:00:20	00:00:20	00:00:31	00:00:11	38

Figure C-15 Workgroup Queue Summary Report

Calls Included

The key determinant in this report is which workgroup server processes the call. Each time the workgroup server processes a call, a record about the call's disposition is added to the QueueCall table. In most cases the call is recorded just once, but if forwarded, a call can be recorded twice. Normally the call comes in and is processed by the server where it is routed to an agent. The caller then chooses to go to voice mail or another destination, or hangs up (abandons the call) before it is routed beyond the workgroup. Since the report shows how the call was disposed of by the workgroup server, the call is reported once in the report. However, if the call is forwarded, the same call can pass through the workgroup server more than once.

For example, a call is made to the workgroup server. While on the call, the user chooses to transfer to an extension. That extension's call handling mode then forwards the call to the same or a different workgroup. In this case, the call passes through the workgroup server more than once and is reported on once each time the workgroup server disposes of it. For each time the workgroup server disposes of a call there is a record added to the QueueCall table.

External calls to a workgroup are always included in the report. Internal workgroup calls are only included in the report if the option is taken to include them (by default they are not). The CallType field in the Call table is examined to determine if the call is internal or external. If the CallType is 1 (extension to extension), it is an internal call; otherwise it is an external call. The QueueCall record for a call processed by the workgroup server has a ConnectTableID that identifies the Connect table entry for the workgroup server being added to the call. The Connect table entry has a CallTableID field that is then examined to determine the Call table record for the call. It is this record's CallType that is examined to determine whether the call is internal or external.

If the workgroup service is not operational, the call is not processed by the workgroup server (it simply goes to the backup extension). These calls are not included in the report. When this occurs, there is no record of the call in the QueueCall table, since records are only added to that table when the workgroup server processes the call.

The Workgroup Queue Summary Report is described as follows:

Field	Presence/ Frequency	Description
Workgroup Name		The name of the workgroup.
Maximum Wait Time		The longest time any caller spent waiting in queue.
Average Wait Time		The average time for callers to be held in queue.
Calls Abandoned	Once for each period reported.	The number of callers who hung up or otherwise disconnected while waiting in queue. Those QueueCall records with the ExitReason set to 7 (abandoned) are counted as Abandoned.
Calls Handled by Agent	Once for each period reported.	The number of calls that were answered by agents in the workgroup. Those QueueCall records with the ExitReason set to 1 (TransferToAgent) are counted as Handled by Agent.

Field	Presence/ Frequency	Description
Calls Handled by Voice Mail	Once for each period reported.	<p>Number of calls that went to the workgroup's voice mail (either as a result of call handling or when the caller chose to transfer to voice mail).</p> <p>Those QueueCall records with the TargetType set to 3 (Mailbox), and ExitReason set to 2, 3, 4, or 5 (ForwardAlways, ForwardBusy, ForwardNoAnswer, or ForwardNoLoginAgent) or 9 (TransferVM) with the TargetDN field equal to the workgroup DN itself are counted as Handled by Voice Mail.</p>
Calls Handled by Others	Once for each period reported.	<p>Number of calls handled by others (not workgroup's agents or voice mail).</p> <p>Any call for the workgroup that isn't reported as Abandoned, Handled by Agent, Picked Up from the Queue, Unparked from the Queue, or Handled by Voice Mail is counted as Handled by Others.</p>
Maximum Abandoned Time	Once for each period reported.	<p>The maximum time during the period that a caller who abandoned the call stayed on the line.</p> <p>The QueueCall records are examined for calls reported as abandoned during this period. The DurationSeconds field with the largest value for abandoned calls is reported.</p>
Average Abandoned Time	Once for each period reported.	<p>The average time during the period that those callers who abandoned the call stayed on the line.</p> <p>The sum of the DurationSeconds field in all of the QueueCall records for abandoned calls during the period divided by the number of such calls to report the average time abandoned.</p>
Maximum Handled Time	Once for each period reported.	<p>The maximum time during the period that a caller stayed on the line before the call was handled (by agent, voice mail, or others). Note that the maximum time could be zero even though there were handled calls in the case of the call being forwarded immediately to voice mail.</p> <p>The QueueCall records are examined for calls reported as handled during this period. The DurationSeconds field with the largest value for abandoned calls is reported.</p>

Field	Presence/ Frequency	Description
Average Handled Time	Once for each period reported.	<p>The average time during the period that a caller was on the line before the call was handled (by an agent, voice mail, or others). Note that the average time could be zero even though there were handled calls in the case of the call being forwarded immediately to voice mail.</p> <p>The sum of the DurationSeconds field in all of the QueueCall records for handled calls during the period divided by the number of such calls to report the average time abandoned.</p>
Total Calls	Once for each period reported.	<p>All calls passed through the workgroup. This includes calls that go straight to agents without waiting in queue.</p> <p>Sum of Abandoned, Handled by Agent, Handled by Voice Mail, and Handled by Others for the period.</p>

WAN Media Stream Summary Report

The WAN Media Stream Summary Report () shows the summary of call quality and call traffic for calls made over the WAN in multi-site deployments. By understanding the amount of time the WAN is used for calls, you can estimate the amount of toll charges your organization is saving. In addition, by understanding the jitter and packet loss, you can get an approximation of the quality of the WAN link and use this to influence your service provider if required.

The WAN Media Stream Report lists a matrix of all sites and the links to other sites on the system. Media streams are reported rather than calls, since this report focuses on the exact amount of bandwidth used. Calls can be quite complex involving multiple parties, including users, voice mail, and auto-attendant. Each media stream that is reported includes the associated Call ID (Call Identification) that can be correlated to the parties on the call for troubleshooting purposes using the CDR database.

WAN Media Stream Summary Report								
Starting:			Ending: 9/10/2003 2:45:09PM					
Site A	Site B	Quality				Traffic Volume		
		Avg Jitter (ms)	Max Jitter (ms)	% Packets Lost	Blocked Calls	Total	Duration	Avg Duration
Greensboro					1	0		
Greensboro	Charlotte	1.29	12.00	0.00	0	17	00:46:42	00:02:44
MMaroccio@Attleboro	New York	8.29	18.00	1.58	0	7	00:20:05	00:02:52
Sunnyvale					3	0		
Sunnyvale	Charlotte	0.18	2.00	0.06	0	28	01:43:39	00:03:42
Sunnyvale	Dallas	0.53	8.00	0.00	0	19	00:33:42	00:01:46
Sunnyvale	Greensboro	0.23	3.00	0.23	0	52	06:36:56	00:07:38
Sunnyvale	MMaroccio@Attleboro	4.97	11.00	0.35	0	34	02:46:48	00:04:54
Sunnyvale	New York	7.46	39.00	1.60	0	57	04:44:24	00:04:59
Sunnyvale	NextiraOne	0.64	64.00	1.65	0	483	74:35:12	00:09:15

Figure C-16 WAN Media Stream Summary Report

Calls Included

This report summarizes media streams (not calls) between the two sites. Media streams can be for extensions or trunks. Only media streams that cross sites are logged in the CDR database and reported.

NOTE IP phone media streams are not included in this report.

The WAN Media Stream Summary Report is described as follows:

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Site A	Once for each pair of sites being reported.	The name of the site. This data is retrieved from the ASiteName field in the MediaStream table.
Site B	Once for each pair of sites being reported.	The name of the site that communicates to Site A. This data is retrieved from the BSiteName field in the MediaStream table.
Quality - Avg Jitter	Once for each pair of sites being reported.	The average jitter is the average of the per-media stream maximum jitter between the sites given in milliseconds. This data is retrieved from the A MaxJitter and B MaxJitter fields in the MediaStream table.

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Quality - Max Jitter	Once for each pair of sites being reported.	The maximum jitter is the worst jitter encountered on any media stream between the sites given in milliseconds. This data is retrieved from the A MaxJitter and B MaxJitter fields in the MediaStream table. The jitter buffer should be larger than this value for proper operation.
Quality - % Packet Loss	Once for each pair of sites being reported.	This is the number of packets that were expected to arrive but did not arrive at the destination. Lost packets were mostly likely dropped on their way through the network.
Quality - Blocked Calls	Once for each pair of sites being reported.	<p>The number of media that were not routed across the WAN due to insufficient WAN bandwidth (admission control reached). This could indicate that more WAN bandwidth is required.</p> <p>This is a count of the number of records in the MediaStream table between the two sites with FailureCode = 1 (Admission Control Inhibited Call).</p>
Traffic Volume - Total	Once for each pair of sites being reported.	The number of media streams used between the two sites as recorded in the MediaStream table.
Traffic Volume - Duration	Once for each pair of sites being reported.	The duration of all the media streams used between the two sites. The value is the sum of duration for all records between the two sites in the MediaStream table.
Traffic Volume - Avg Duration	Once for each pair of sites being reported.	The average duration of all the media streams used between the two sites. The average is total duration of the media streams between the two sites divided by the number of such media streams.

WAN Media Stream Detail Report

The WAN Media Stream Detail Report () shows details of each media stream placed over the WAN.

WAN Media Stream Detail Report							
Starting:			Ending: 9/10/2003 2:52:38PM				
Site A	Site B	Start Time	CallID	Encoding	Max Jitter (ms)	% Packets Lost	Duration
Sunnyvale	Dallas	7/30/2003 12:04:33PM	72E6203E	MULAW	0	0.00	00:00:26
		7/30/2003 1:30:12PM	4186B463	G729A	0	0.00	00:01:03
		7/30/2003 2:06:43PM	FAAE0D31	G729A	0	0.00	00:03:22
		7/31/2003 7:50:06AM	A2E6BCFC	MULAW	8	0.00	00:02:40
		7/31/2003 9:13:41AM	C0CF3EC0	G729A	0	0.00	00:00:48
		7/31/2003 12:27:51PM	E8EE0938	G729A	0	0.00	00:00:37
		8/4/2003 3:25:05PM	A53CE755	G729A	0	0.00	00:01:58
		8/6/2003 9:22:02AM	B15DB8F1	G729A	0	0.00	00:01:33
		8/6/2003 9:33:25AM	A2522D04	G729A	0	0.00	00:01:25
		8/7/2003 1:50:58PM	BFD83872	G729A	0	0.00	00:00:15
		8/7/2003 1:52:29PM	1015CD62	G729A	0	0.00	00:00:18
		8/7/2003 1:54:54PM	0B11F413	G729A	0	0.00	00:01:04
		8/7/2003 2:28:22PM	F7028ED7	G729A	1	0.00	00:14:03
		8/8/2003 1:03:36PM	F9A28C42	G729A	0	0.00	00:00:36
Sunnyvale - Dallas Total				19 Call(s) - Average Duration 00:01:46 - Total Duration 00:33:42			
Sunnyvale	Greensboro	7/28/2003 8:33:16AM	358B3528	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:21:22
		7/28/2003 2:37:51PM	1C77F69D	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:01:06
		8/11/2003 6:31:19AM	11116DD2	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:01:23
		8/11/2003 9:29:35AM	0C0D9483	ADPCM	1	0.00	00:00:54
		8/11/2003 11:27:55AM	5C2D119E	ADPCM	1	0.09	00:01:19
		8/11/2003 2:10:31PM	2A6061A0	ADPCM	3	0.00	00:04:20
		8/12/2003 7:57:16AM	668E9154	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:01:19
		8/12/2003 1:00:30PM	4877797A	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:45:41
		8/12/2003 1:52:19PM	6BCE1FE6	ADPCM	1	0.00	00:00:02
		8/12/2003 1:52:21PM	70D1F935	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:02:50
		8/12/2003 1:59:48PM	61C66D48	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:05:35
		8/12/2003 2:00:12PM	61C66D48	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:01:50
		8/12/2003 2:08:22PM	A7FC4F9A	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:00:48
		8/15/2003 8:42:37AM	27DB773E	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:23:27
		8/15/2003 10:58:24AM	5035F6F9	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:49:30
		8/16/2003 5:21:33AM	8C6426AD	MULAW	0	0.00	00:00:36
		8/18/2003 6:59:17AM	7D589AC0	ADPCM	0	0.00	01:19:52
		8/18/2003 8:40:48AM	69493584	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:01:51
		8/18/2003 8:42:53AM	64455C35	ADPCM	0	0.00	00:01:04

Figure C-17 WAN Media Stream Detail Report

Call Included

See the WAN Media Stream Summary Report for information about selection. This report calls out each media stream established between two sites.

NOTE IP phone media streams are not included in this report.

The WAN Media Stream Detail Report is described as follows:

Field	Presence/ Frequency	Description
Site A	Once for each media stream.	The name of the site. This data is retrieved from the ASiteName field in the MediaStream table.
Site B	Once for each media stream.	The name of the site that communicates to Site A. This data is retrieved from the BSiteName field in the MediaStream table.

Field	Presence/ Frequency	Description
Start Time	Once for each media stream.	The time the media stream began. This data is retrieved from the StartTime field in the MediaStream table.
CallID	Once for each media stream.	<p>The Call Identification number for the media stream listed on the detail report. By matching the CallID in the report to the CallID of a WAN call with voice quality issues, you can understand the cause of the problems.</p> <p>This data is retrieved from the CallID field in the MediaStream table.</p>
Encoding	Once for each media stream.	The method of voice encoding used for the media stream. This data is retrieved from the EncodingType field in the MediaStream table. The EncodingType field can have the following values for encoding methods: 1=ALAW, 2=MULAW, 3=LINEAR, 4=ADPCM, 5=G729A, or 6=G729B.
Max Jitter	Once for each media stream.	<p>The maximum jitter encountered. This value is the maximum of the A MaxJitter or B MaxJitter for the record in the MediaStream table for the media stream.</p> <p>If a significant number of calls are reported with a Max Jitter value close or equal to the Maximum Jitter Buffer value, you may want to increase the Maximum Jitter Buffer or investigate the cause of excess jitter in the network.</p>
% Packet Loss	Once for each media stream.	This is the number of packets that were expected to arrive but did not arrive at the destination. Lost packets were mostly likely dropped on their way through the network.
Duration	Once for each media stream.	<p>The duration of time the media stream was used across the WAN connection.</p> <p>This data is retrieve from the DurationSeconds field of the MediaStream table record for this call.</p>

Account Code Summary Report

Summarizes call information for each account, including number of calls each day, along with their total and average duration. There are also totals for the reporting period. This report allows the administrator to indicate whether there should be summary information for each account. If this is desired, each extension's use of the account is summarized. If not, there's a simple total for the entire account code.

Account Codes are only applicable to outgoing calls. Outgoing calls are identified in the Call table of the CDR database with the CallType field set to 3 (Outbound). The only outgoing calls that appear in the report are those calls for which an Account Code was collected (the account code is recorded in the BillingCode field of the Call table). If the user does not provide an account code on an outgoing call (because it isn't required, or it is optional and they choose not to provide it), that call does not show up on the report.

Account Summary Report				
Start: 4/10/2003		End: 4/18/2003		
Start: 8:06:12AM		End: 11:06:12PM		
		Total Calls	Total Duration	Average Duration
1234(test)				
	04/15/2003	4	00:01:55	00:00:28
	04/16/2003	6	00:01:40	00:00:16
	04/17/2003	5	00:06:53	00:01:22
	04/18/2003	2	00:01:57	00:00:58
	Total	17	00:12:25	00:00:43
1234(Test & CCT)				
	04/11/2003	1	00:03:57	00:03:57
	04/14/2003	6	00:01:24	00:00:14
	Total	7	00:05:21	00:00:45
Grand Total		24	00:17:46	00:00:44

Figure C-18 Account Code Summary Report

The Account Code Summary Report fields are described below.

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Account	Shown once for each account being reported on.	The account code that users enter to identify the account that a call is logged against. The name of the account code as configured in Director is also shown. For example, “300 (Marketing),” where “300” is the account code and “Marketing” is the name. For each call where account code information is collected, the account code is stored in the BillingCode field of the Call table. The name of the account code is stored in the FriendlyBillingCode field.
User	Only shown if the report option is selected to “Enable User Breakdown.” Shown once for each user who made calls for the account being reported upon.	The user, along with his or her extension number, who originated calls being summarized in the report. For example, “John Smith (x3415).” The Extension field in the Call table identifies the party who originated the account code call. The extension field is where the report gets the extension number information. The name of the user comes from the PartyID (the first name) and PartyIDLastName (the last name) fields of the Connect record for the party that originated the call. The Connect record is tied to the Call table record, by the CallTableID field in the Connect table. All the Connect records for a particular call have the same CallTableID setting.
Total Calls	Repeated for each row.	The total number of calls for a particular day for the account. The total is broken down by user within each account if the “Enable User Breakdown” option is selected. A call is reported for the day on which the call started. That is, if a call starts on one day but ends on the next day, it is only reported for the day on which it started. The start of the call comes from the StartTime field in the Call table record for each call.

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Total Duration	Repeated for each row.	<p>The total duration of the calls being reported on the row. The duration is the total call duration, even if the call was transferred to parties such that the originator of the call was not on the call for the entire period. Duration is reported in the day the call started, but includes the entire call duration. For example, a call starts on 1/17 (with 20 minutes on 1/17) and ends on 1/18 (with 30 minutes on 1/18). The call is reported on 1/17 with duration of 50 minutes. This is then included in the total duration for all calls on 1/17.</p> <p>The duration of each call in this report comes from the Duration field in the call table.</p>
Average Duration	Repeated for each row.	Calculated by dividing the total duration for a row by total calls.

Account Code Detail Report

Provides a detailed list of calls that occurred for each account. For each call the date and time of the call, number dialed, the extension making the call, and the duration of the call is included. For each account, a summary is provided of the number of calls, along with their total and average duration.

Account codes are only applicable to outgoing calls. Outgoing calls are identified in the Call table of the CDR database with the CallType field set to 3 (Outbound). The only outgoing calls that appear in the report are those calls for which an account code was collected (the account code is recorded in the BillingCode field of the Call table). If the user does not provide an account code on an outgoing call (because it isn't required, or it is optional and they choose not to provide it) that call does not show up on the report.

Account Detail Report					
Start: 4/10/2003			End: 4/18/2003		
Start: 8:07:32AM			End: 11:07:32PM		
	Date	Time	Dialed Number	Calling Extension	Duration
1234(test)					
	4/15/2003	3:49:41PM	+14087671234	303	00:00:10
	4/15/2003	4:17:46PM	+14083313910	303	00:00:54
	4/15/2003	4:19:14PM	+14083313910	303	00:00:30
	4/15/2003	4:20:29PM	+14083313910	303	00:00:21
	4/17/2003	4:20:14PM	+14086159912	302	00:03:04
	4/18/2003	9:38:43AM	+14082183184	302	00:00:37
	4/18/2003	9:52:11AM	+18312471647	302	00:01:20
	4/16/2003	9:42:55AM	+14087671234	303	00:00:12
	4/16/2003	10:01:43AM	+14087671234	303	00:00:48
	4/16/2003	11:47:29AM	+14083313861	303	00:00:10
	4/16/2003	11:52:55AM	+14087671234	303	00:00:07
	4/16/2003	11:53:10AM	+14083313861	303	00:00:11
	4/16/2003	12:25:33PM	+14087671234	202	00:00:12
	4/17/2003	9:38:32AM	914087671212	301	00:00:35
	4/17/2003	9:39:34AM	+14087671234	301	00:00:16
	4/17/2003	9:43:25AM	914087671212	301	00:00:06
	4/17/2003	11:42:25AM	+14082183184	302	00:02:52
Total	17 Call(s)	Total Duration: 00:12:25	Average Duration: 00:00:43		
1234(Test A CCT)					
	4/11/2003	11:48:29AM	+14083065559	303	00:03:57
	4/14/2003	2:34:45PM	+14087671234	303	00:00:08
	4/14/2003	2:35:27PM	+14087671234	303	00:00:07
	4/14/2003	2:36:04PM	+14087671234	303	00:00:08
	4/14/2003	2:36:22PM	+14083313913	303	00:00:09
	4/14/2003	2:37:08PM	+14087671234	303	00:00:28
	4/14/2003	3:40:25PM	+14083313913	303	00:00:24
Total	7 Call(s)	Total Duration: 00:05:21	Average Duration: 00:00:45		
Grand Total					
			24 Call(s)	00:17:46 Total	00:00:44 Average

Figure C-19 Account Code Detail Report

The Account Code Detail Report fields are described below.

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Account	Shown once for each account being reported on	<p>The account code that users enter to identify the account that a call is logged against. The name of the account code as configured in Director is also shown. For example, "300 (Marketing)," where "300" is the account code and "Marketing" is the name.</p> <p>For each call where account code information is collected, the account code is stored in the BillingCode field of the Call table. The name of the account code is stored in the FriendlyBillingCode field.</p>

Field	Presence/Frequency	Description
Date	Repeated for each call.	<p>The date on which the call started. A call is reported for the day on which the call started. That is, if a call starts on one day, but ends on the next day, it is only reported for the day that it started on.</p> <p>The Date is extracted from the StartTime field in the Call record for each call in the report.</p>
Time	Repeated for each call.	<p>The time at which the call started.</p> <p>Time comes from the StartTime field in the Call table record for each call in the report.</p>
Dialed Number	Repeated for each call.	<p>The number that was dialed to begin the call.</p> <p>Dialed Number comes from the DialedNumber field in the Call table record for each call in the report.</p>
Calling Extension	Repeated for each call.	<p>The number of the user that originated the call.</p> <p>Calling Extension comes from the Extension field in the Call table record for each call in the report.</p>
Duration	Repeated for each call.	<p>The total duration of the calls being reported on the row. The duration is the call duration, even if the call was transferred to parties such that the originator of the call was not on the call for the entire period.</p> <p>The duration of each call in this report comes from the Duration field in the Call table.</p>

CDR Database

This appendix specifies how data is stored in the CDR database tables. The CDR database records call data in the following tables:

- **Call Table:** An entry is made in the Call table for each call in the ShoreTel system. Other tables often reference the entries to the Call table.
- **Connect Table:** An entry is made in the Connect table for each connection to a call. When used with the Call table, a complete call history is provided.
- **MediaStream Table:** An entry is made in the MediaStream table each time there is a media stream between two switches that are at different sites. In some cases, such as for conference calls, there may be multiple media streams per call.
- **AgentActivity Table:** An entry is made in the AgentActivity table each time a workgroup agent logs into a workgroup and when he or she completes wrap-up.
- **QueueCall Table:** An entry is made in the QueueCall table for each call that is handled by a workgroup server. The entry identifies how the call leaves the workgroup—either by abandonment or for handling.
- **QueueStep Table:** An entry is made in the QueueStep table for each step where the workgroup server either hunts for agents or walks through workgroup queue

steps. This provides more detailed information about how the call was disposed of by the workgroup server.

- **QueueDepth Table:** An entry is made in the QueueDepth table each time the depth of a workgroup server's call queue changes.

In addition to the tables listed above, the database contains a number of enumeration tables, which are documented below when discussing the tables that reference these enumeration/lookup tables.

NOTE Logged data is reflective of the time of the logging. For example, certain records contain the name of a trunk group from the configuration database. The name of the trunk group may be changed in the configuration database. New log entries reflect the changed name, but existing logs continue to have the old name.

Call Table

The CDR database reflects all calls within the system with a few exceptions which are listed below. These exceptions reflect the ShoreWare Telephony Management Server (TMS) that allows calls to continue even when portions of the system or network are not available. As the TAPI service provider for the ShoreWare Server, TMS manages the call control communications between all other ShoreWare services.

The exceptions are:

- If TMS is not connected to any of the call endpoints, the call is not recorded in the Call table. Because of network outages, TMS may not be connected to call endpoints, yet the call endpoints may have the connectivity necessary to complete the call (for example, the switches are able to communicate with each other but not to TMS).
- If TMS is not connected to some of the call endpoints (for example, a switch involved in the call), the information about the call can be incomplete (for example, the information in the Connect table as explained in the next section would only reflect some of the parties involved in the call).
- If TMS is restarted, any call entries that were incomplete, along with their associated Connect entries are destroyed. Incomplete calls do not show "Yes" in the locked field.
- Also at TMS restart time, TMS logs any calls in progress.

The following flow chart illustrates how new entries are added to the Call table whenever there is a call in the ShoreTel system. Note that an entry is added to the Call table when the call begins (or when TMS starts up, for any calls in progress) and is updated when the call ends.

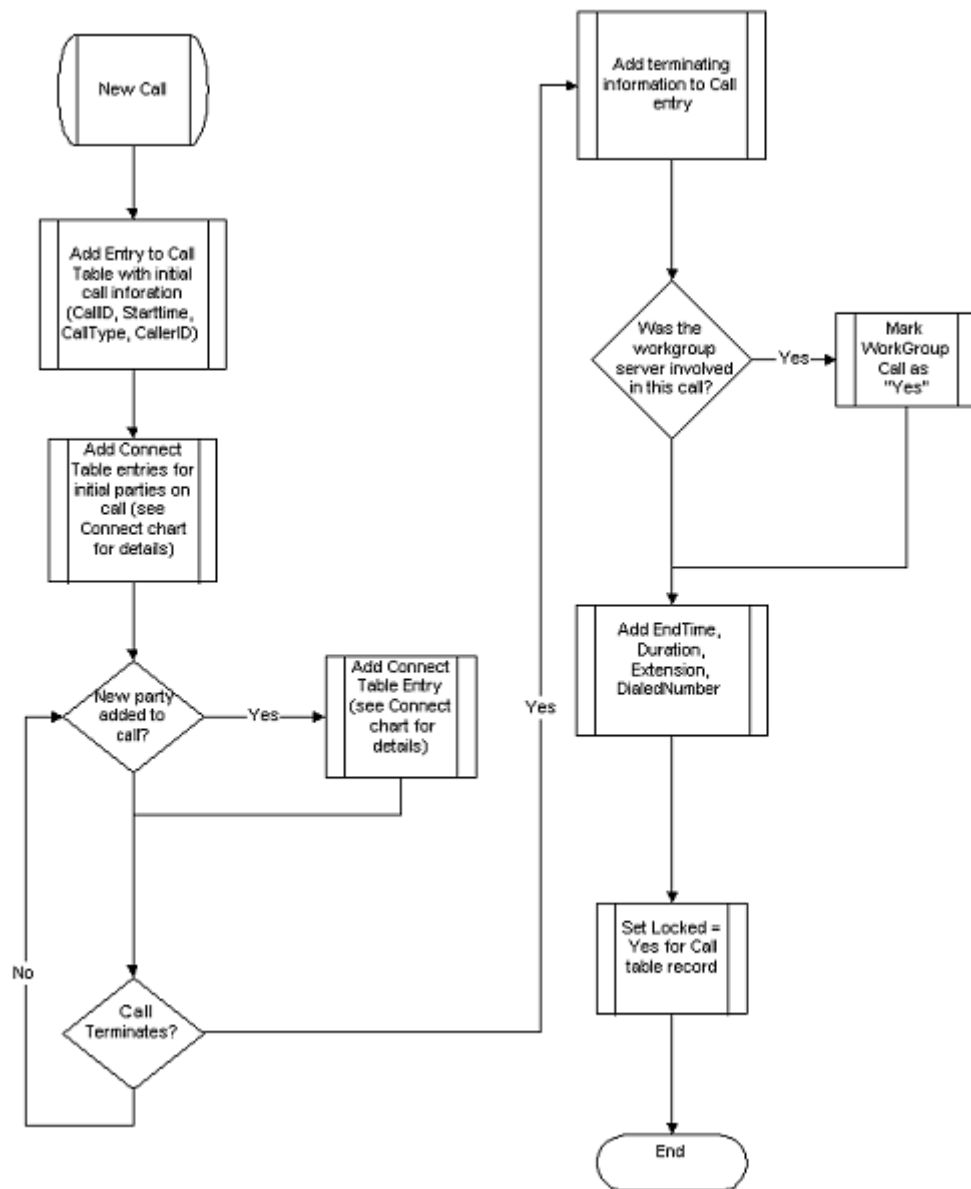


Figure C-20 New Entries in the Call Table

The Call table is reference by other tables, most important among them being the Connect table. You can analyze the Call and Connect tables to understand the complete disposition of a call as attempts are made to add parties, transfers occur, and so on. Other tables can index the Call table, through the primary key "ID," which is unique for each record.

NOTE There is a CallID field that is used internally by the ShoreTel system to identify calls. This, however, should not be used as the index into the table).

Close examination of the Call table shows that there are more calls recorded than you may initially expect. For example, if a call is made to a workgroup, you will see an initial call, generally from an incoming trunk. As agents are hunted, calls are made by the workgroup server to agents. If multiple agents are hunted, there will be multiple

calls. Once one of the agents is successfully hunted, if you looked at the Connect table you see the agent being attached to the original call.

Field Name	Data Type	Description
ID	AutoNumber	Unique identifier. (4-byte integer, required)
CallID	Number	Unique number for the existence of the call. (4-byte integer)
StartTime	Date/Time	For an inbound call, this is when the trunk has been seized. For an outbound call, this is when the user has completed dialing. (8-byte date/time, required)
StartTimeMS	Number	Append this information to the StartTime to reduce the absolute start time to the millisecond when the call began. (2-byte integer, required)
EndTime	Date/Time	Time when the call terminates (either by the near end hanging up or when the end external to the system hangs up) and the ShoreTel switch receives the notification of the disconnect. (8-byte date/time)
EndTimeMS	Number	Append this information to the StartTime to reduce the absolute start time to the milliseconds of when the call began (milliseconds). (2-byte integer, required)
CallNote	Text	User entered Call Note. This can be added from the ShoreTel desktop client. (64 characters, zero-length)
BillingCode	Text	Account code assigned to the call. (32 characters, zero-length)
Locked	Yes/No	Read-only status for this call (set once call has ended). Not locked means the call is still in progress. (boolean)
Extension	Text	For an outbound or extension-to-extension call, the extension has the dialed number of the originator of the call. This field is blank for an outbound call from an anonymous phone with no currently assigned DN. For an inbound call, the extension field contains the DN of the last party involved in the call (excluding voice mail or auto-attendant). For instance, an incoming call to an extension that transferred the call to extension 300 has "300" in the extension field (the complete history of parties connecting to the call can be found on the Connect table). All calls to an extension that forwarded to voice mail have the extension of the called party and not the voice mail number. (15 characters, zero-length)
Duration	Date/Time	Elapsed time of the call from beginning to end. Calculated by subtracting StartTime from EndTime. Start time begins when the first party is added to a call. End time is when the last party leaves resulting in the end of the call. (8-byte date/time).
CallType	Number	See enumeration in CallType table. (1-byte integer, required)
WorkGroupCall	Yes/No	Is this a workgroup call? Yes indicates that the workgroup server was involved in processing the call. If the call was directed toward a workgroup server, but that server was unavailable, then this field is set to "No" because the workgroup server never becomes involved in the call. (boolean)
LongDistance	Yes/No	From the perspective of the trunk for the call, did this call involve a long distance connection? The first connect record of the call is used to determine whether a call is long distance. If the first leg is an extension call, the value is always No. Note A trunk call can be transferred or conferenced, so the total long distance time can only be determined by examining all Connect records. (boolean)
DialedNumber	Text	Extension-to-extension and outbound: Number dialed plus trunk access code if any. (15 characters, zero-length)

Field Name	Data Type	Description
CallerID	Text	For CallType=Inbound only: Caller-ID number if present. If blocked or unavailable text is provided by the PSTN to indicate caller ID as unavailable it is included here; for example, the text may be "blocked" or "unavailable" (15 characters, zero-length)
Archived	Yes/No	Has this call been archived? (boolean)

Enumeration Tables: Use for the Call Table

Call Type

Call Type	Name	Description
0	Null	
1	ExtToExt	Extension-to-extension call.
2	Inbound	A trunk is the originating party.
3	Outbound	An extension is originating and a trunk is called.

Connect Table

The Connect table contains a record for each party in a call. There are many different types of parties that can be reflected in the table including individual user extensions, workgroups, workgroup agents, and trunks.

The following flow chart illustrates how new entries are added to the Connect table each time a party is added to a call within the ShoreTel system.

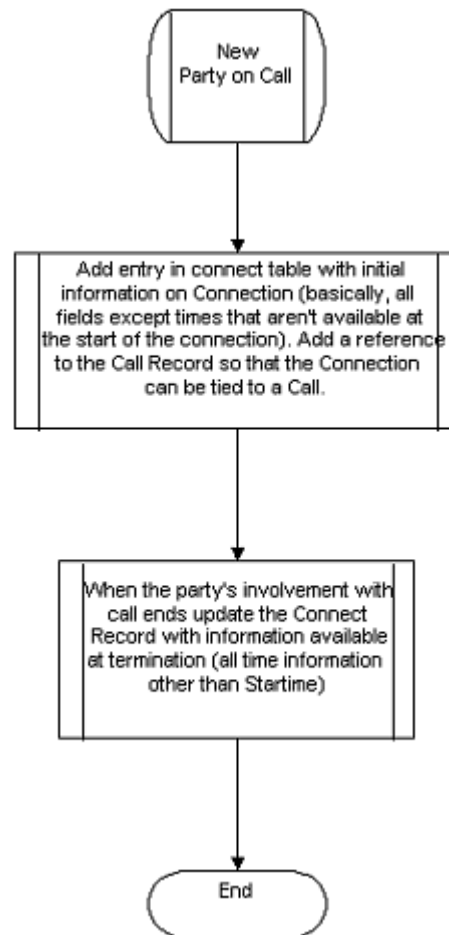


Figure C-21 New Entries in the Connect Table

Field Name	Data Type	Description
ID	AutoNumber	Unique identifier. (4-byte integer, required)
PartyType	Number	See Party Type enumeration below. (1-byte integer, required)
CallTableID	Number	Link to Call Table ID Key. (4-byte integer, required)
LineID	Number	TAPI permanent line ID for this party. (4-byte integer, required)
SwitchID	Number	Switch ID for this party. A unique ID assigned to the ShoreGear switch by the configuration database. This information is only visible in the database and not available through ShoreWare Director. (4-byte integer, required). The number is 0 if the party is a workgroup, voice mail, or an unassigned user (in all these cases, such DNs are not assigned to a specific switch/port).

Field Name	Data Type	Description
PortNumber	Number	Port number for this party. It is the physical port or channel number on the ShoreTel switch. The number is 0 if the party is a workgroup, voice mail or an unassigned user. (2-byte integer, required)
PortID	Number	Port ID for this party (if any). A unique ID assigned to the ShoreTel switch port by the configuration database. This information is only visible in the database and not available through Director. The number is 0 if the party is a workgroup, voice mail, or an unassigned user. (4-byte integer, required)
PortName	Text	Name of the port (Trunk or Extension) defined by the user in Director. (50 characters, zero-length)
GroupID	Number	Unique ID assigned by the configuration database. For PartyType=Trunk a TrunkGroupID and for PartyType=Station it is a UserGroupID. The ID will be 0 if it is not applicable. (4-byte integer, required)
GroupName	Text	Name of the User-Group for PartyType=Station, or Trunk-Group for PartyType=Trunk. This information is defined by the user in Director. (50 characters, zero-length)
ConnectTime	Date/Time	The time when the party was added to the call. For the initial parties on an inbound call, this is when the trunk has been seized. For the initial parties on an outbound call, this is when the user has completed dialing. (8-byte date/time)
ConnectTimeMS	Number	This information should be appended to the ConnectTime to get the absolute start time down to the milliseconds of when the call began (milliseconds). (2-byte integer)
DisconnectTime	Date/Time	Time when this party disconnected from the call. (8-byte date/time)
DisconnectTimeMS	Number	This information should be appended to the DisconnectTime to get the absolute end time down to the milliseconds of when this party disconnected from the call (milliseconds). (2-byte integer)
ConnectReason	Number	Reason for the connect. See ConnectReason definition below. (1-byte integer, required)
DisconnectReason	Number	Reason for the disconnect. See Disconnect Reason table below. (1-byte integer, required)
PartyIDFlags	Text	Caller ID flags that describe what information is available in the ID and Name fields. For an internal party it shows the number, name, and last name from the System address book. For an external party the information corresponds to the caller ID field provided by the PSTN. For details on Flag types for external calls, see PartyIDFlags description below. (1-byte integer, required)
PartyID	Text	Party ID (Number). (50 characters, zero-length)
PartyIDName	Text	Party ID (Name). (50 characters, zero-length)
PartyIDLastName	Text	Party ID (Last Name) This will always be blank for an external party. PartyIDName contains both the first and last name of the external party provided by the PSTN Caller ID service. (50 characters, zero-length)
CtrlPartyIDFlags	Number	Controlling caller ID flags for the ID and Name fields. Refer to the PartyIDFlags for further detail. Control-Party is the party that caused this event to occur. For example, if an entry contains a call where the partyID is extension 300 and it was a call that was transferred from extension 400, extension 400 would be the controlling party. The original call will not have a control party. (1-byte integer, required)
CtrlPartyIDName	Text	Controlling Party ID (Name). (50 characters, zero-length)
CtrlPartyIDLastName	Text	Controlling Party ID (Last Name). (50 characters, zero-length)

Field Name	Data Type	Description
MailboxID	Text	Mailbox ID (if the Party is voice mail as indicated by PartyType=VMForward or VMLogin). For VMForward, this is the voice mail mailbox to which the call was forwarded. For VMLogin, it is the mailbox being logged into. (15 characters, zero-length)
RelatedCallTableID	Number	Link to a related "ID" field in the Call Table. This field is only relevant for transfer, conference, and hunt calls where there is a separate call entry in the call table that is related to this call. (4-byte integer)
TalkTime	Date/Time	Total connect time (not on hold by the ShoreTel system). A call with the talk time lasting longer than 24 hours includes the date. For example, a 25 hour call will contain 1 day and 1 hour as the duration of talk time. 1 hour call will not include the date. (8-byte date/time)
TalkTimeSeconds	Number	An integer expressing the TalkTime in number of seconds. (4-byte integer).
HoldTime	Date/Time	Total time spent on hold (near or far). A call with the hold time lasting longer than 24 hours will include the date. For example, a 25 hour hold time contains 1 day and 1 hour as the duration of hold time. 1 hour hold time will not include the date. (8-byte date/time)
RingTime	Date/Time	Total time spent in offering (inbound calls) or ringback (outbound calls) A call with the ring time lasting longer than 24 hours will include the date. For example, a 25 hour ring time contains 1 day and 1 hour as the duration of hold time. 1 hour ring time will not include the date. (8-byte date/time)
Duration	Date/Time	Sum of Talk, Hold, and Ring times. (8-byte date/time) Duration does not equal sum when there is reorder.
LongDistance	Yes/No	For PartyType=Trunk, for outgoing and incoming calls is the trunk connected long distance? (boolean)

Enumeration Tables Used for Connect Table

PartyType

PartyType	Name	Description
0	Null	
1	Station	User extension which is currently assigned a home port sometimes referred to as a “logged in user”).
2	Trunk	Trunk (of any kind).
3	Virtual	A user extension which does not currently have an assigned home port (some times referred to as a “logged out user”).
4	Workgroup	Workgroup extension.
5	AutoAttendant	Auto-Attendant extension.
6	VMForward	Voice mail forward extension (take a message).
7	VMLogin	Voice mail login extension.
8	BackupAA	Backup auto-attendant (built into switch).
9	AnonPhone	Anonymous telephone.
10	Nightbell	Nightbell extension.
11	Paging	Paging extension.
12	WorkdgroupAgent	Workgroup agent. An record is marked with WorkgroupAgent type only when a call is transferred from a Workgroup to an Agent. Direct inbound calls to an agent have Station party type.
13	Unknown	Unknown type.
14	RoutePoint	Route point.

PartyIDFlag

PartyIDFlag	Name	Description
0	Null	
1	Blocked	Blocked
2	OutOfArea	Out-Of-Area
4	Name	Name
8	Address	Address
12	NameAddress	Name & Address
16	Partial	Partial
32	Unknown	Unknown
64	Unavailable	Unavailable

ConnectReason

ConnectReason	Name	Description
0	Null	
1	Direct	The party was connected to the call when TMS was not available. Information is logged about the connection, but there is no more specific ConnectReason information.
2	ForwardBusy	The party was connected because the previous party's call handling mode indicated that the call should be forwarded if the previous party was busy--that condition was met.
3	ForwardNoAnswer	The party was connected because previous party's call handling mode indicated that the call should be forwarded if the previous party didn't answer--that condition was met.
4	ForwardAll	The party was connected because previous party's call handling mode indicated that the call should be forwarded under all circumstances.
5	Pickup	The party was connected to the called party because the called party did "Pickup" the call.
6	Unpark	Unpark
7	Redirect	Redirect
8	Completion	Completion
9	Transfer	The party was connected to the call because the call was transferred to the party.
10	Reminder	Reminder
11	Unknown	Unknown
12	Unavailable	Unavailable
13	Intrude	Intrude
14	Parked	Parked
15	CampedOn	CampedOn
16	RouteRequest	RouteRequest
17	Called	The party was added to the call because it was the initial target of the call.
18	Forward	Forward
19	Originate	The party initiated this call.
20	Conference	The party was added to the call because the party was conferenced into the call.

Disconnect Reasons

Disconnect Reason	Name	Description
0	Null	
1	Normal	Normal termination
2	Unknown	Unknown reason
3	Reject Call	Call was rejected
4	Pickup Call	Call picked up by other destination
5	Forwarded Call	Call forwarded to another destination
6	Busy	Busy destination
7	NoAnswer	No answer by destination
8	BadAddress	Bad address
9	Unreachable	Destination cannot be reached
10	Congestion	Inadequate bandwidth
11	Incompatible	Destination is incompatible
12	Unavailable	Destination is unavailable
13	NoDialTone	No dial tone from the trunk
14	NumberChanged	Destination number changed
15	OutOfOrder	Destination out of order
16	TempFailure	Temporary failure
17	QoSUnavailable	QoS not available
18	Blocked	Destination blocked
19	DoNotDisturb	Do not disturb
20	Cancelled	Call cancelled
21	Unpark	Call unparked to different destination

MediaStream Table

The MediaStream table logs media information about InterSite Calls. At a high level, there is one such entry for each InterSite call. Information about both parties involved in the call is recorded.

Table 3-1 Media Stream

Field Name	Data Type	Description
ID	AutoNumber	Unique identifier. (4-byte integer, required)
CallID	Number	Unique number for the existence of the call. (4-byte integer)
EncodingType	Number	Encoding type used for media stream. (1-byte integer)
PayloadSize	Number	Media payload size in bytes for each media packet. (4-byte integer)
StartTime	Date/Time	Date and time the call started.
Duration	Date/Time	Elapsed time of call from begin to end. (8-byte date/time)
DurationSeconds	Number	Elapsed seconds time of call from begin to end. (4-byte integer)
FailureCode	Number	Enumeration of error code. See MediaFailureCode table below for enumerations (1-byte integer)
A PartyType	Number	Party A's type enumeration. See the PartyType table. (1-byte integer)
A SiteID	Number	Party A's Site ID. (4-byte integer)
A SiteName	Text	Party A's Site Name. (50 characters, zero-length)
A LineID	Number	TAPI permanent line ID for party A. (4-byte integer)
A Name	Text	Call type name for party A. (50 characters, zero-length)
A IP Address	Text	Local IP Address for party A. (15 characters, zero-length)
A TotalPackets	Number	Total packets received by party A. (4-byte integer)
A LostPackets	Number	Total packets lost by party A. (4-byte integer)
A MaxJitter	Number	Maximum jitter (ms) for party A. (4-byte integer)
A Underruns	Number	Number of receive underruns for party A. (4-byte integer)
A Overruns	Number	Number of receive underruns for party A. (4-byte integer)
B PartyType	Number	Party B's type enumeration. (1-byte integer)
B SiteID	Number	Party B's Site ID. (4-byte integer)
B SiteName	Text	Party B's Site Name. (50 characters, zero-length)
B LineID	Number	TAPI permanent line ID for party B. (4-byte integer)
B Name	Text	Call type name for party B. (50 characters, zero-length)
B IP Address	Text	Local IP Address for party B. (15 characters, zero-length)
B TotalPackets	Number	Total packets received by party B. (4-byte integer)
B LostPackets	Number	Total packets lost by party B. (4-byte integer)
B MaxJitter	Number	Maximum jitter (ms) for party B. (4-byte integer)
B Underruns	Number	Number of receive underruns for party B. (4-byte integer)
B Overruns	Number	Number of receive overruns for party B. (4-byte integer)
InterSite	Yes/No	Boolean to indicate whether the call logged is InterSite. Currently only Intersite calls are logged. (boolean)
Archived	Yes/No	Has this entry been archived? (boolean)

AgentActivity Table

The AgentActivity Table records information about workgroup agent's availability. Entries are made to record agents' Login/Logout from the workgroup and to reflect their time in Wrapup mode.

The following flow chart illustrates how new entries are added to the AgentActivity table. The left flow shows how each time a workgroup agent logs in, a LogInOut entry is added, which is then updated at logout time. The right flow shows how the AgentActivity table is also updated as agents complete their handling of workgroup calls.

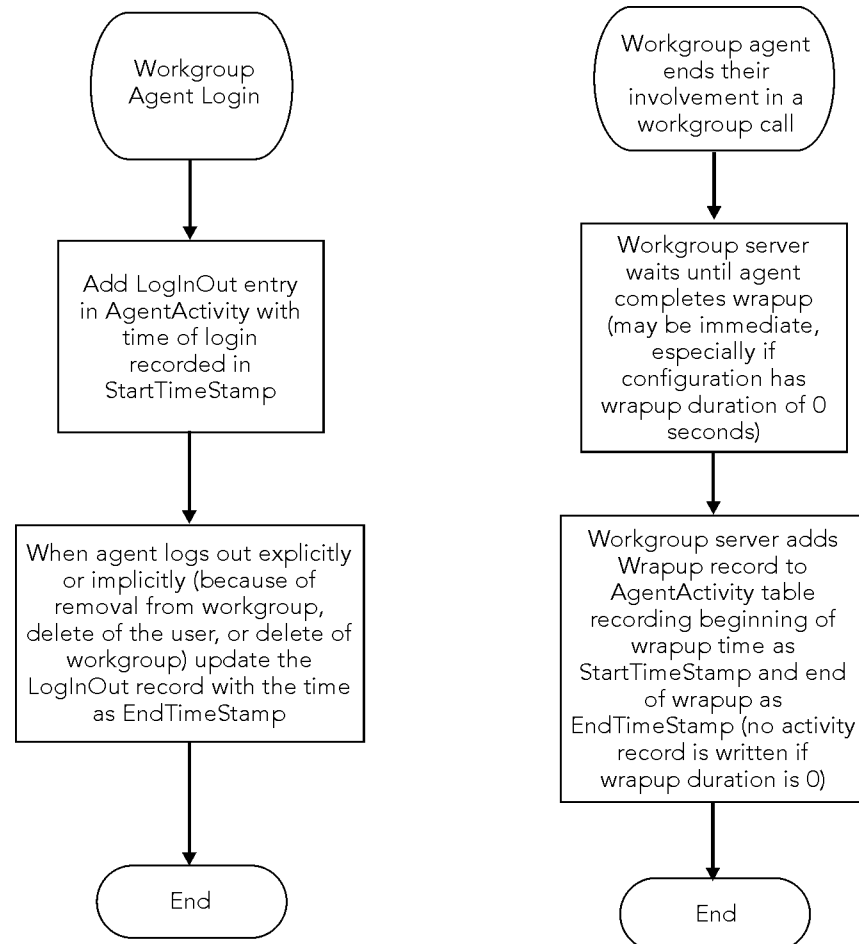


Figure C-22 Entries to the AgentActivity Table

Field Name	Data Type	Description
ID	AutoNumber	Unique identifier. (4-byte integer, required)
CallID	Number	Unique number for the existence of the call. Provided in wrapup records only. (4-byte integer)
AgentDN	Text	WorkGroup Agent's dialed number (extension). (15 characters, zero-length)
AgentFirstName	Text	WorkGroup Agent's First Name (50 Characters, zero-length).
AgentLastName	Text	WorkGroup Agent's Last Name (50 Characters, zero-length) (may be blank if the agent doesn't have a last name in the configuration database)
State	Number	Enumerated Agent State—set AgentStateLUT for possible values.
WorkGroupDN	Text	WorkGroup dialed number (extension) for which this agent activity is for (15 characters, zero-length)
WorkGroupName	Text	Workgroup's name. (50 Characters, zero-length)
StartTimeStamp	Date/Time	Start time stamp. For LogInOut records, StartTimeStamp indicates the time when the agent logged into the workgroup. For wrapup records, the StartTimeStamp indicates the time when the agent entered wrapup time. See notes below. (8-byte date/time).
EndTimeStamp	Date/Time	End time stamp (8-byte date/time).
Archived	Yes/No	Has this entry been archived? (boolean)

Notes

- Two types of records are placed in the AgentActivity table. The State field identifies the type of record.
- LogInOut Records record the time that an agent is logged into the workgroup.
- Wrapup records record the time that an agent is in wrapup state.
- All records in the table should have ID, AgentDN, AgentFirstName, AgentLastName (unless blank), State, WorkGroupDN, WorkGroupName, StartTimeStamp, and Archived.
- LogInOut Records may exist for agents that have Logged into the workgroup but have not yet logged out. For these records the StartTimeStamp indicates the time when the agent logged into the workgroup. The EndTimeStamp is updated when the agent logs out of the workgroup with the time of the logout.
- For wrapup records the StartTimeStamp indicates the time when the agent entered wrapup time and EndTimeStamp indicates when they exit wrapup state.
- Wrapup records can contain a CallID to identify the Call that the agent was wrapping up from for the Wrapup record. This will not be provided in cases where the agent is manually placed in wrapup state when not on a call.
- There is always a wrapup record when an agent wraps up a call, even for the case where wrapup time is set to zero.

Enumeration Tables Used for AgentActivity

AgentState	Name	Description
0	Null	
1	Reserved	(Used in the past for Login)
2	Reserved	(Used in the past for Logout)
3	Wrap_Up	Agent performing post-call wrap-up
4	Reserved	(Used temporarily for Outcalls)
5	LogInOut	Agent Login later updated with Logout time.
6	SecLogInOut	Secondary login activity. This occurs if an agent belongs to more than one Workgroup.

Notes

- Login and Logout are no longer used.

QueueCall Table

Each time a call is processed by the workgroup server, an entry is made in the QueueCall table. A workgroup is a call queuing mechanism, thus the name “QueueCall” in the CDR database.

Each time a call is made to a workgroup when the workgroup server is operational, an entry is made in the QueueCall table; moreover, there is only one entry for each call. In other words, one and only one entry appears for each call. A call can be made to the workgroup dialed number, but if the workgroup server does not process the call, an entry is not made in the QueueCall table for the call. Moreover, the call will not be marked as a workgroup call in the call table.

The following flows chart illustrates how updates are made to the QueueCall table.

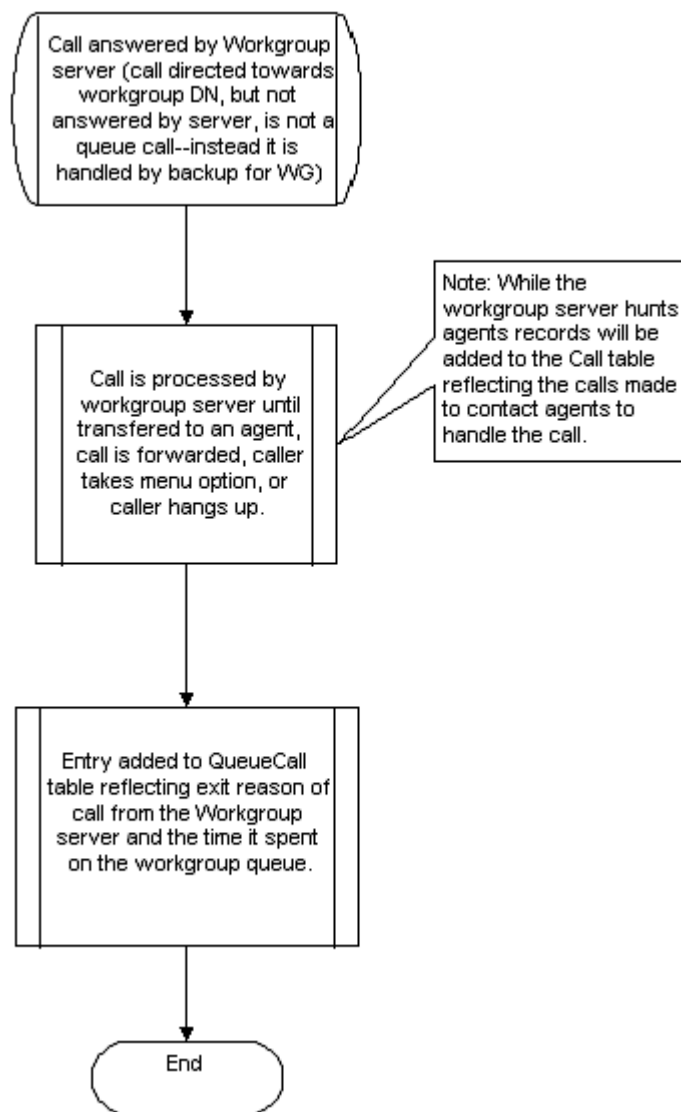


Figure C-23 New Entries to the CallQueue Table

Each entry in the QueueCall table contains the following fields:

Field Name	Data Type	Description
ID	AutoNumber	Unique identifier. (4-byte integer, required)
CallID	Number	Unique number for the existence of the call. (4-byte integer)
ConnectTableID	Number	Link to Connect Table ID Key. You can find more information about the connection to the call in the connect table. The Connect table entry here is for the Workgroup DN's connection to the call. If you want information from the Call table entry for this call, the reference to the Call table in the Connect entry should be used to find the Call table entry. (4-byte integer)
StartTime	Date/Time	The time at which the call is answered by the workgroup server, thereby beginning its time on the call queue (workgroup) DN. (8-byte date/time)

Field Name	Data Type	Description
Duration	Date/Time	Time from when the call is offered to the workgroup DN until it leaves the call queue. The call leaves the queue when it is answered by an agent, is abandoned by the calling party, or leaves the queue for other reasons. The complete lists of reasons for leaving the queue are found in the QueueExitReasonLUT table. (8-byte date/time)
DurationSeconds	Number	Duration expressed in number of seconds. (4-byte integer)
QueueName	Text	Name of the call queue (workgroup). (50 characters, zero-length)
QueueDN	Text	Extension number of the call queue (workgroup). (15 characters, zero-length)
ExitReason	Number	Enumerated reason the call left the call queue (see the QueueExitReasonLUT for enumerations). (1-byte integer)
TargetType	Number	Enumerated type of handoff target (see TargetTypeLUT for enumerations). (1-byte integer)
TargetFirstName	Text	Name or first name of target. (50 characters, zero-length)
TargetLastName	Text	Last name of target if applicable (blank if the target agent doesn't have a last name in the configuration database). (50 characters, zero-length)
TargetDN	Text	Dialed number of target. (15 characters, zero-length)
Archived	Yes/No	Has this entry been archived? (boolean)

Notes

- Partial records are never written. A record is written only once, either when the call is abandoned, the call is connected to an agent, or leaves the queue for other reasons as enumerated in QueueExitReasonLUT.
- If a call is abandoned (QueueExitReason = Abandon) all target (TargetType, TargetFirstName, TargetLastName, TargetDN) information is meaningless and will be blank.
- If QueueExitReason is TransferToAgent, the TargetFirstName and TargetLastName are filled in with information about the agent.
- If the QueueExitReason is Forwarding (2, 3, 4, or 5 for forward always, busy, no answer, or no logged in agent) or transfer (9, 10, and 11 for transfer to a menu, extension or voice mail), the DN that the call is being forwarded or transferred to is provided in the TargetDN field. However, the TargetFirstName and TargetLastName are not provided.
- A QueueExitReason is always entered. The field will never be blank. "Unknown" will only be used in the case of failure (and maybe not at all).

Enumeration Tables Used for QueueCall

ExitReason	Name	Description
0	Null	
1	TransferToAgent	Hunt succeeded and transferred to agent.
2	ForwardAlways	Workgroup forwarding all calls.
3	ForwardBusy	All logged in agents on call.
4	ForwardNoAnswer	All available agents did not answer.
5	FwdNoLoginAgent	No logged in agents.
6	Reserved	
7	Abandon	Call dropped while in WG or Queue.
8	Reserved	
9	TransferVM	Option taken to transfer to voice mail
10	TransferExtension	Option taken to transfer to an extension.
11	TransferMenu	Option taken to transfer to a menu.
12	Pickup	Agent picked up call from queue.
13	Unpark	Agent parked call from queue.

Notes

- ForwardMaxRings is no longer used.
- Exit Reasons for Forwarding (2-5) reflects the call being forwarded from the workgroup. These are used when the call leaves the workgroup as a result of call handling and the call handling indicates to forward the call to an internal or external number. Call handling can also indicate that the call is entering the call queue for the workgroup. In that case, these exit reasons are not used because the call does not exit the queue at that point.
- Exit Reason 8, Abandon, is used when the caller drops the call either by physically hanging up or by taking an option on a Queue Step to hang up.
- Even after a call is forwarded to the queue, it remains on the queue and it may still be successfully transferred to an agent or abandoned. Exit Reason 1 or 7 is recorded if either of these occurs.
- In addition to a call being successfully hunted or abandoned while on the queue, it may exit the queue because of an option taken during a queue step. The call will exit the queue if the caller takes any of the following options:
 - Take a message
 - Transfer to extension
 - Go to menu
 - Exit reasons 9, 10, and 11 have been added to cover these cases.

TargetType	Name	Description
0	Null	
1	Agent	Workgroup agent.
2	Menu	A menu on the ShoreTel system.
3	Mailbox	A mailbox on the ShoreTel system.
4	OtherIntrnExtrn	Any other extensions to which the call is targeted.

QueueStep Table

The QueueStep table logs data about time spent in queue steps or in hunting for agents.

Field Name	Data Type	Description
ID	AutoNumber	Unique identifier. (4-byte integer, required)
QcallTableID	Number	Link to the Autonumber field in the QueueCall table. This essentially identifies the QueueCall that this step is associated with. (4-byte integer)
StartTime	Date/Time	Time at which the call first enters this step. (8-byte date/time)
Duration	Date/Time	Elapsed time spent in this step. (8-byte date/time)
DurationSeconds	Number	Elapsed seconds spent in this step. (4-byte integer)
StepNumber	Number	Step number if this is not a hunting record (as identified by the Hunting field set to Yes). The step number corresponds to the step number in the workgroup configuration.
ExitReason	Number	Enumerated reason for exit from step. (1-byte integer)
Hunting	Yes/No	If true the times correspond to hunting, or else this indicates a queue step. (boolean)

Notes

- There is a record for each period that the call spends hunting and for each period a call spends in a queue step. For example, if a call to a workgroup initially hunts for agents, then goes to the queue and exits the workgroup from that queue step, there will be two records for the call in the QueueStep table. The first record would be for hunting (the duration may be zero if, for example, no agents were logged in). The second record is for the first queue step from which the call exited.

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